

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

**Form S-4
REGISTRATION STATEMENT**
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

7990
(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

88-0494875
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

7990
(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

46-0484992
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South
Las Vegas, Nevada 89109
(702) 770-7000
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Matt Maddox
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
c/o Wynn Resorts, Limited
3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South
Las Vegas, Nevada 89109
(702) 770-7000
(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies of all communications to:
Gregg A. Noel, Esq.
Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP
300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 3400
Los Angeles, California 90071
(213) 687-5000
(213) 687-5600 (facsimile)

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this registration statement becomes effective.

If the securities being registered on this Form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "larger accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

If applicable, place an X in the box to designate the appropriate rule provision relied upon in conducting this transaction:

Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(i) (Cross Border Issuer Tender Offer)

Exchange Act Rule 14d-1(d) (Cross Border Third-Party Tender Offer)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Security	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022	\$900,000,000	100%	\$900,000,000(1)	\$103,140.00

(1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(f) promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

THE REGISTRANTS HEREBY AMEND THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANTS SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(a) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 8(a), MAY DETERMINE.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to completion, dated September 26, 2012

PROSPECTUS

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.

Offer to Exchange \$900,000,000 of their outstanding
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIPs 983130 AS4 and U98347 AH7)

for

5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIP 983130 AT2)

that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended

The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2012, unless we extend the exchange offer.

We refer to the registered notes offered in this exchange offer as the “new notes.” We refer to all outstanding \$900,000,000 aggregate principal amount of our 5.375% first mortgage notes due 2022 issued on March 12, 2012 as the “old notes.” The old notes were issued under an indenture, dated as of March 12, 2012.

The old notes are, and, upon consummation of the exchange offer, the new notes will be, pari passu with our outstanding 7.875% first mortgage notes due 2017 (the “2017 notes”), our 7^{7/8}% first mortgage notes due 2020 (the “7^{7/8}% 2020 notes”), and our 7^{3/4}% first mortgage notes due 2020 (the “7^{3/4}% 2020 notes”).

Terms of the exchange offer:

- We will exchange the new notes for all outstanding old notes that are validly tendered pursuant to the exchange offer and not properly withdrawn prior to the expiration of the exchange offer.
- You may withdraw tenders of old notes at any time prior to the expiration of the exchange offer.
- The terms of the new notes are substantially identical to those of the old notes, except that the transfer restrictions, registration rights and liquidated damages provisions relating to the old notes will not apply to the new notes.
- The exchange of old notes for new notes will not be a taxable transaction for United States federal income tax purposes, but you should see the discussion under the heading “Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations” for more information.
- We will not receive any cash proceeds from the exchange offer.
- We issued the old notes in transactions not requiring registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and as a result, transfer of the old notes is restricted. We are making the exchange offer to satisfy your registration rights as a holder of old notes.

There is no established trading market for the new notes.

Each broker-dealer that receives new notes pursuant to the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of such new notes. If the broker-dealer acquired old notes as a result of market making or other trading activities, such broker-dealer may use the prospectus for the exchange offer, as supplemented or amended, in connection with resales of the new notes. Broker-dealers who acquired old notes directly from the issuers in the initial offerings of the old notes must, in the absence of an exemption, comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with the secondary resales and cannot rely on the position of the staff enunciated in *Exxon Capital Holdings Corp.*, SEC no-action letter (publicly available May 13, 1988).

See **“Risk Factors”** beginning on page 11 for a discussion of risks you should consider prior to tendering your old notes for exchange.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Neither the Nevada Gaming Commission, the Nevada State Gaming Control Board nor any other state gaming commission or gaming authority has passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus or the investment merits of the new notes being offered by this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is unlawful.

The date of this prospectus is _____, 2012

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to exchange the new notes in any jurisdiction where it is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

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This prospectus contains summaries of the material terms of certain documents. Copies of these documents, except for certain exhibits and schedules, will be made available to you without charge upon written or oral request to us. Requests for documents or other additional information should be directed to Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, 3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada 89109, Attention: Legal Department, Telephone (702) 770-7000. **To obtain timely delivery of documents or information, we must receive your request no later than five (5) business days before the expiration date of the exchange offer.**

INDUSTRY DATA

Industry data used throughout this prospectus are based on surveys and studies conducted by third parties and industry and general publications. Although we believe these sources are reliable, we have not independently verified the information and cannot guarantee its accuracy and completeness.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains statements that are “forward-looking” statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including, but not limited to, statements relating to our business strategy and development activities as well as other capital spending, financing sources, the effects of regulation (including gaming and tax regulations), expectations concerning future operations, margins, profitability and competition.

Any statements contained in this prospectus that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “would,” “could,” “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “intend,” “plan,” “continue” or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Such forward-looking information involves important risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect anticipated results in the future and, accordingly, such results may differ from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by us. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- pending or future legal proceedings;
- approvals under applicable jurisdictional laws and regulations (including gaming laws and regulations);
- adverse tourism trends given the current domestic and international economic conditions;
- volatility and weakness in world-wide credit and financial markets and from governmental intervention in the financial markets;
- general global macroeconomic conditions;
- decreases in levels of travel, leisure and consumer spending;
- continued high unemployment;
- fluctuations in occupancy rates and average daily room rates;
- continued compliance with all provisions in our debt facilities;
- competition in the casino/hotel and resort industries and actions taken by our competitors;
- new development and construction activities of competitors;
- our dependence on Stephen A. Wynn and existing management;
- our dependence on Wynn Las Vegas for all of our cash flow;
- leverage and debt service;
- changes in federal or state tax laws or the administration of such laws;
- changes in gaming laws or regulations (including the legalization of gaming in certain jurisdictions);
- cyber security risk including misappropriation of customer information or other breaches of information security;
- the impact that an outbreak of an infectious disease or the impact that a natural disaster may have on the travel and leisure industry; and
- the consequences of the military conflicts in the Middle East and any future security alerts and/or terrorist attacks.

For a more detailed discussion of these and other risk factors, please read carefully the information under the caption “Risk Factors.” You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which are based only on information currently available to us. We undertake no obligation to publicly release any revisions to such forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this prospectus.

SUMMARY

This summary highlights certain material information contained in this prospectus and does not contain all of the information that may be important to you. We urge you to read this entire prospectus carefully, including the financial data and related notes and the “Risk Factors” section beginning on page 11 before making an investment decision. You should read this summary together with the more detailed information contained elsewhere in this prospectus and in our financial statements and accompanying notes.

The new notes will be jointly issued by Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, and its wholly owned subsidiary, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., a Nevada corporation (“Wynn Capital”). Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Capital together are hereinafter referred to as the “Issuers.” Unless the context otherwise requires, all references in this prospectus to the “Company,” “we,” “us” or “our,” or similar terms, refer to Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and its consolidated subsidiaries (other than Wynn Completion Guarantor, LLC). The 5.375% first mortgage notes due 2022 are sometimes referred to herein as the “notes,” which term, except with respect to discussions of income tax consequences and unless the context otherwise requires, includes the new notes and the old notes. The sole member of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC is Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (“Wynn Holdings”), and the sole member of Wynn Holdings is Wynn Resorts, Limited, a Nevada corporation (“Wynn Resorts”).

Overview

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC owns and operates “Wynn Las Vegas,” a destination casino resort on the “Strip” in Las Vegas, Nevada. Wynn Las Vegas was expanded with the opening of “Encore at Wynn Las Vegas,” or “Encore,” which is located adjacent to and is connected with Wynn Las Vegas. We commenced operations with the opening of Wynn Las Vegas on April 28, 2005. We opened Encore on December 22, 2008. Prior to April 28, 2005, we were solely a development stage company.

We believe that Wynn Las Vegas offers exceptional accommodations, amenities and service for our premium guests. Wynn Las Vegas features approximately 4,750 hotel rooms and suites, 220 table games, 2,430 slot machines and a poker room in approximately 186,000 square feet of casino gaming space (including a sky casino and private gaming salons), casual and fine dining in 35 food and beverage outlets, two spas and salons, lounges, meeting facilities and approximately 94,000 square feet of retail space promenade featuring boutiques from Alexander McQueen, Brioni, Cartier, Chanel, Dior, Graff, Hermès, Loro Piana, Louis Vuitton, Manolo Blahnik, Oscar de la Renta, Vertu and others. Our Las Vegas operations also offer three nightclubs, a beach club, two spas and salons, a Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership, wedding chapels, an 18-hole golf course, approximately 283,000 square feet of meeting space, a specially designed theater presenting “Le Rêve,” a water-based theatrical production, and an Encore Theater currently presenting Garth Brooks and other headliner entertainment acts. We believe that the unique experience of our resort drives the significant visitation experienced since opening. For the sixth consecutive year, The Tower Suites at Wynn Las Vegas has received both the Forbes five-star and AAA five-diamond distinctions. The Spa at Wynn Las Vegas earned five-star recognition from Forbes for the fourth year in a row. For the third consecutive year, the Encore Tower Suites has received both the Forbes five-star and AAA five-diamond distinctions. The Spa at Encore also earned five-star recognition from Forbes for the third year in a row. The Spa at Wynn Las Vegas and the Spa at Encore are two of the only four spas in Las Vegas to be recognized with the Forbes five-star award.

Our principal executive offices are located at 3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada 89109, and our telephone number is (702) 770-7000.

Business Strategy

We believe that Stephen A. Wynn is the preeminent designer, developer and operator of destination casino resorts and has developed brand name status. Mr. Wynn's involvement with our casino resorts provides a distinct advantage over other gaming enterprises. We integrate luxurious surroundings, distinctive entertainment and superior amenities, including convention facilities, fine dining and premium retail offerings, to create resorts that appeal to a variety of customers.

Our resort is designed and built to provide a premium experience. Wynn Las Vegas is positioned as a full-service luxury resort and casino in the leisure, convention and tour and travel industries. We market our resort directly to gaming customers using database marketing techniques, as well as traditional incentives, including reduced room rates and complimentary meals and suites. Our rewards system offers discounted and complimentary meals, lodging and entertainment for our guests. We also create general market awareness for our resort through various media channels, including: social media, television, radio, newspapers, magazines, the internet, direct mail and billboards.

Mr. Wynn and his team bring significant experience in designing, developing and operating casino resorts. The senior executive team has an average of over 25 years of experience in the hotel and gaming industries. We also have an approximately 90-person design, development and construction affiliate, the senior management of which has significant experience in all major construction disciplines.

Recent Developments

In September 2012, we terminated our credit facility and, in accordance with the respective indentures:

- the liens (other than the first priority pledge by Wynn Holdings of its equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC (the "Holdings pledge")) securing, and the subsidiary guarantees of, the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the old notes were released; and
- we terminated certain lease and access agreements then existing between Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Golf, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("Wynn Golf"), and distributed to Wynn Holdings (which distributed to Wynn Resorts) (i) all of the equity interests in Wynn Golf (which owns the Wynn Las Vegas golf course land, the related water rights and certain other water rights related to ancillary uses), and (ii) \$700 million in cash.

We also entered into lease agreements with Wynn Golf pursuant to which we lease the Wynn Las Vegas golf course land and water rights.

The 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the old notes are now unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge) and are not guaranteed by our subsidiaries. Under certain circumstances, as further described under "Description of the New Notes—Release and Reinstatement of Liens and Guarantees," we may be required in the future to grant liens to again secure such notes (and the new notes) or certain of our restricted subsidiaries may be required to provide guarantees of such notes (and the new notes).

The Exchange Offer

Old Notes	5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022, which we issued on March 12, 2012. The old notes were issued under the indenture, dated as of March 12, 2012. The old notes are, and, upon consummation of the exchange offer, the new notes will be, pari passu with the 2017 notes, the 7 ^{7/8} % 2020 notes and the 7 ^{3/4} % 2020 notes.
New Notes	5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022, the issuance of which has been registered under the Securities Act. The form and the terms of the new notes are substantially identical to those of the old notes, except that the transfer restrictions, registration rights and liquidated damages provisions relating to the old notes do not apply to the new notes.
Exchange Offer for Notes	We are offering to issue up to \$900,000,000 aggregate principal amount of new notes in exchange for a like principal amount of old notes to satisfy our obligations under the registration rights agreement that we entered into when the old notes were issued in transactions consummated in reliance upon the exemptions from registration provided by Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act.
Expiration Date; Tenders	<p>The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2012, unless we extend the exchange offer. By tendering your old notes, you represent to us that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• you are not our “affiliate,” as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act;• any new notes you receive in the exchange offer are being acquired by you in the ordinary course of your business;• at the time of the commencement of the exchange offer, neither you nor, to your knowledge, anyone receiving new notes from you, has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution, as defined in the Securities Act, of the new notes in violation of the Securities Act;• if you are a broker-dealer, you will receive the new notes for your own account in exchange for old notes that were acquired by you as a result of your market-making or other trading activities and that you will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the new notes you receive; for further information regarding resales of the new notes by participating broker-dealers, see the discussion under the caption “Plan of Distribution”; and• if you are not a broker-dealer, you are not engaged in, and do not intend to engage in, the distribution of the new notes, as defined in the Securities Act.
Withdrawal; Non-Acceptance	You may withdraw any old notes tendered in the exchange offer at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on _____, 2012, which date we may extend if we extend the exchange offer. If we decide for any reason not to accept any old notes tendered for exchange, the old notes will be returned to the registered holder at our

expense promptly after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer. In the case of old notes tendered by book-entry transfer into the exchange agent's account at The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), any withdrawn or unaccepted old notes will be credited to the tendering holder's account at DTC. For further information regarding the withdrawal of tendered old notes, see "The Exchange Offer—Terms of the Exchange Offer; Period for Tendering Old Notes" and "The Exchange Offer—Withdrawal Rights."

Conditions to the Exchange Offer

We are not required to accept for exchange or to issue new notes in exchange for any old notes, and we may terminate or amend the exchange offer, if any of the following events occur prior to the expiration of the exchange offer:

- the exchange offer violates any applicable law or applicable interpretation of the staff of the SEC;
- an action or proceeding shall have been instituted or threatened in any court or by any governmental agency that might materially impair our ability to proceed with the exchange offer;
- we do not receive all the governmental approvals that we believe are necessary to consummate the exchange offer; or
- there has been proposed, adopted, or enacted any law, statute, rule or regulation that, in our reasonable judgment, would materially impair our ability to consummate the exchange offer.

We may waive any of the above conditions in our reasonable discretion. See the discussion below under the caption "The Exchange Offer—Conditions to the Exchange Offer" for more information regarding the conditions to the exchange offer.

Procedures for Tendering Old Notes

Unless you comply with the procedure described below under the caption "The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures," you must do one of the following on or prior to the expiration or termination of the exchange offer to participate in the exchange offer:

- tender your old notes by sending (i) the certificates for your old notes (in proper form for transfer), (ii) a properly completed and duly executed letter of transmittal and (iii) all other documents required by the letter of transmittal to U.S. Bank National Association, as exchange agent, at one of the addresses listed below under the caption "The Exchange Offer—Exchange Agent"; or
- tender your old notes by using the book-entry transfer procedures described below and transmitting a properly completed and duly executed letter of transmittal, or an agent's message instead of the letter of transmittal, to the exchange agent. For a book-entry transfer to constitute a valid tender of your old notes in the exchange offer, U.S. Bank National Association, as exchange agent, must receive a confirmation of book-entry transfer of your old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC prior to the expiration or termination of the exchange offer. For more

	<p>information regarding the use of book-entry transfer procedures, including a description of the required agent’s message, see the discussion below under the caption “The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers.” As used in this prospectus, the term “agent’s message” means a message, transmitted by DTC to and received by the exchange agent and forming a part of a book-entry confirmation, which states that DTC has received an express acknowledgment from the tendering participant stating that such participant has received and agrees to be bound by the letter of transmittal and that we may enforce such letter of transmittal against such participant.</p>
Guaranteed Delivery Procedures	<p>If you are a registered holder of old notes and wish to tender your old notes in the exchange offer, but:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• the old notes are not immediately available;• time will not permit your old notes or other required documents to reach the exchange agent before the expiration or termination of the exchange offer; or• the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed prior to the expiration or termination of the exchange offer; <p>then you may tender old notes by following the procedures described below under the caption “The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.”</p>
Special Procedures for Beneficial Owners	<p>If you are a beneficial owner whose old notes are registered in the name of a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee and you wish to tender your old notes in the exchange offer, you should promptly contact the person in whose name the old notes are registered and instruct that person to tender them on your behalf. If you wish to tender in the exchange offer on your own behalf, prior to completing and executing the letter of transmittal and delivering your old notes, you must either make appropriate arrangements to register ownership of the old notes in your name, or obtain a properly completed bond power from the person in whose name the old notes are registered.</p>
Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations	<p>The exchange of old notes for new notes in the exchange offer will not be a taxable transaction for United States federal income tax purposes. See the discussion below under the caption “Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations” for more information regarding the United States federal income tax consequences to you of the exchange offer.</p>
Use of Proceeds	<p>We will not receive any cash proceeds from the exchange offer.</p>
Exchange Agent	<p>U.S. Bank National Association is the exchange agent for the exchange offer. You can find the address and telephone number of the exchange agent below under the caption, “The Exchange Offer—Exchange Agent.”</p>

Resales

Based on interpretations by the staff of the SEC, as set forth in no-action letters issued to third parties, we believe that the new notes issued in the exchange offer may be offered for resale, resold or otherwise transferred by you without compliance with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act as long as:

- you are acquiring the new notes in the ordinary course of your business;
- you are not participating, do not intend to participate and have no arrangement or understanding with any person to participate, in a distribution of the new notes; and
- you are not an affiliate of ours.

If you are an affiliate of ours, are engaged in or intend to engage in or have any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in, the distribution of new notes:

- you cannot rely on the applicable interpretations of the staff of the SEC;
- you will not be entitled to tender your old notes in the exchange offer; and
- you must comply with the registration requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction.

Each broker or dealer that receives new notes for its own account in exchange for old notes that were acquired as a result of market-making or other trading activities must acknowledge that it will comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any offer, resale or other transfer of the new notes issued in the exchange offer, including information with respect to any selling holder required by the Securities Act in connection with any resale of the new notes.

Furthermore, any broker-dealer that acquired any of its old notes directly from us:

- may not rely on the applicable interpretation of the staff of the SEC's position contained in Exxon Capital Holdings Corp., SEC no-action letter (publicly available May 13, 1988), Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, SEC no-action letter (publicly available June 5, 1991) and Shearman & Sterling, SEC no-action letter (publicly available July 2, 1993); and
- must also be named as a selling noteholder in connection with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act relating to any resale transaction.

Broker-Dealers

Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account pursuant to the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of such new notes. The letter of transmittal states that by so acknowledging and delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-

Registration Rights Agreement for the old notes

dealer in connection with resales of new notes received in exchange for old notes which were received by the broker-dealer as a result of market-making or other trading activities. Under the registration rights agreement, we have agreed that for a period of up to the later of (i) 180 days following the 30th business day after the registration statement containing this prospectus is declared effective, and (ii) 180 days following the 10th business day after the exchange offer expires, we will make this prospectus available to any broker-dealer for use in connection with any such resale. See “Plan of Distribution” beginning on page 169 for more information.

When we issued the old notes on March 12, 2012, we entered into a registration rights agreement with the initial purchasers of the old notes. Under the terms of the registration rights agreement, we agreed to:

- file the exchange offer registration statement with the SEC on or prior to October 8, 2012;
- use all commercially reasonable efforts to cause the exchange offer registration statement to be declared effective no later than January 6, 2013;
- use all commercially reasonable efforts to consummate the exchange offer within 30 business days after the date on which the exchange offer registration statement is declared effective, or, if later, within 10 business days after the exchange offer expires;
- use all commercially reasonable efforts to file a shelf registration statement for the resale of the old notes if we cannot effect an exchange offer within the time periods listed above and in certain other circumstances; and
- if we fail to meet our registration obligations, we will pay liquidated damages in an amount equal to \$0.05 per week per \$1,000 of the principal amount of old notes held by a holder for each day that we default on our registration obligations during the first 90-day period immediately following the occurrence of such default, increasing by an additional \$0.05 per week per \$1,000 of the principal amount of old notes for each subsequent 90-day period our registration obligations are not met, up to a maximum of liquidated damages equal to \$0.50 per week per \$1,000 of the principal amount of old notes.

Consequences of Not Exchanging Old Notes

If you do not exchange your old notes in the exchange offer, you will continue to be subject to the restrictions on transfer described in the legend on the certificate for your old notes. In general, you may offer or sell your old notes only:

- if they are registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws;
- if they are offered or sold under an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws; or
- if they are offered or sold in a transaction not subject to the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws.

We do not currently intend to register the old notes under the Securities Act. Under some circumstances, however, holders of the old notes, including holders who are not permitted to participate in the exchange offer or who may not freely sell new notes received in the exchange offer, may require us to file, and to cause to become effective, a shelf registration statement covering resales of the old notes by such holders. For more information regarding the consequences of not tendering your old notes, see “The Exchange Offer—Consequences of Exchanging or Failing to Exchange Old Notes.”

Summary Description of the New Notes

The terms of the new notes and those of the old notes are substantially identical, except that the transfer restrictions, registration rights and liquidated damages provisions relating to the old notes do not apply to the new notes. For a more complete understanding of the new notes, see “Description of the New Notes” in this prospectus.

Issuers	Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.
Securities Offered	\$900,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022.
Maturity	March 15, 2022.
Subsidiary Guarantees	None; however, under certain circumstances, as further described under “Description of the New Notes—Release and Reinstatement of Liens and Guarantees,” certain of our restricted subsidiaries may be required to provide guarantees of the new notes.
Interest Rate	5.375% per year.
Interest Payment Dates	March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on September 15, 2012.
Ranking	<p>The new notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• will be general obligations of the Issuers;• will be unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge, which pledge also secures the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the old notes);• will rank pari passu in right of payment with all other senior indebtedness of the Issuers, including the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the old notes, without giving effect to collateral arrangements;• will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness of the Issuers to the extent of the value of the Issuers’ assets securing such indebtedness;• will rank senior in right of payment to the obligations of the Issuers with respect to any indebtedness subordinated to the notes; and• will be structurally subordinated to any indebtedness and other liabilities, including preferred stock, of any of our subsidiaries. <p>As of June 30, 2012, the Issuers’ subsidiaries had approximately \$34.7 million of indebtedness and other liabilities, to which the new notes will be structurally subordinated. As of the date of this</p>

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Security	<p>prospectus, the Issuers have no secured indebtedness (other than the 2017 notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes, the 7³/₄% 2020 notes and the notes, each of which is secured only by the Holdings pledge, and capital leases).</p> <p>None (except for the Holdings pledge); however, under certain circumstances, as further described under “Description of the New Notes—Release and Reinstatement of Liens and Guarantees,” we may be required in the future to grant liens to secure the new notes.</p>
Optional Redemption after Qualified Equity Offerings	<p>At any time prior to March 15, 2015, we may, on one or more occasions, redeem up to 35% of the outstanding new notes at a redemption price of 105.375% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, with the net cash proceeds of one or more qualified equity offerings by Wynn Resorts which are contributed to us; <i>provided</i> that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of notes issued under the indenture governing the notes remains outstanding immediately after the occurrence of such redemption; and• the redemption occurs within 60 days of the closing of the qualified equity offering.
Optional Redemption	<p>Except pursuant to a qualified equity offering, we cannot redeem the new notes until March 15, 2017. On or after March 15, 2017, we may redeem some or all of the new notes at a premium declining ratably to zero, plus accrued and unpaid interest.</p>
Gaming Redemption	<p>The new notes will be subject to redemption requirements imposed by gaming laws and regulations of gaming authorities in Nevada or other jurisdictions.</p>
Change of Control Offer	<p>If a change of control occurs, we must offer to repurchase the new notes at 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest.</p>
Asset Sales and Events of Loss	<p>If we or any of our restricted subsidiaries sell certain assets or experience certain events of loss, we may be required to offer to repurchase the notes, the 2017 notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes, the 7³/₄% 2020 notes and repay indebtedness under any credit facility on a pro rata basis.</p>
Certain Indenture Provisions	<p>The indenture governing the notes contains covenants restricting our and our restricted subsidiaries’ ability to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity;• incur additional debt;• make investments;• create liens on assets to secure debt;• enter into transactions with affiliates;• issue stock of, or member’s interests in, subsidiaries;

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- enter into sale-leaseback transactions;
- engage in other businesses;
- merge or consolidate with another company;
- transfer and sell assets;
- issue disqualified stock;
- create dividend and other payment restrictions affecting subsidiaries; and
- designate restricted and unrestricted subsidiaries.

Trading

New notes issued in book-entry form will be issued to Cede & Co. as nominee of DTC.

Governing Law

The laws of the State of New York.

Risk Factors

You should refer to the section entitled “Risk Factors,” beginning on page 11, for a discussion of certain risks involved in investing in the new notes.

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the risks described below before making an investment decision. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones that we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In that case, the value of the new notes could decline substantially, and you may lose part or all of your investment.

Risks Related to our Substantial Indebtedness

We are highly leveraged and future cash flow may not be sufficient for us to meet our obligations, and we might have difficulty obtaining more financing.

We have a substantial amount of consolidated debt in relation to our equity. As of June 30, 2012, we had total outstanding debt of approximately \$3.1 billion. In addition, our indentures permit us to incur additional indebtedness in the future if certain conditions are met. Our substantial indebtedness could have important consequences. For example:

- if we fail to meet our payment obligations or otherwise default under the agreements governing our indebtedness, the lenders under those agreements will have the right to accelerate the indebtedness and exercise other rights and remedies against us. These rights and remedies include the right to petition a court to appoint a receiver for us or for substantially all of our assets;
- we are required to use a substantial portion of our cash flow from the operations of Wynn Las Vegas to service and amortize our Wynn Las Vegas indebtedness, which will reduce the amount of available cash, if any, to fund working capital, other capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes, and may give us greater exposure to the current adverse economic and industry conditions;
- we may experience decreased revenues from our operations attributable to decreases in consumer spending levels and high unemployment due to the current adverse economic and industry conditions, and could fail to generate sufficient cash to fund our liquidity needs and/or fail to satisfy the financial and other restrictive covenants to which we are subject under our existing indebtedness. We cannot provide assurance that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay our indebtedness or to fund our other liquidity needs;
- we may have a limited ability to respond to changing business and economic conditions and to withstand competitive pressures, which may affect our financial condition;
- we may not be able to obtain additional financing if needed, to satisfy working capital requirements, or pay for other capital expenditures, debt service or other obligations; and
- if we fail to pay our debts generally as they become due, unsecured creditors that we fail to pay may initiate involuntary bankruptcy proceedings against us, subject to the requirements of the United States Bankruptcy Code, as amended (the "Bankruptcy Code"), and such bankruptcy proceedings will delay or impair the repayment of the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes.

Under the terms of the indentures governing the notes, we may, subject to certain limitations, be permitted to incur additional indebtedness, including secured and unsecured senior and subordinated indebtedness. If we incur additional indebtedness, the risks described above will be exacerbated.

In addition, various rating agencies provide us or Wynn Resorts with a credit rating or ratings outlook. Any adverse rating agency actions could make it more difficult for us to obtain additional financing on acceptable terms.

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Our indentures contain certain covenants that restrict our ability to engage in certain transactions and may impair our ability to respond to changing business and economic conditions.

The indentures governing the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes require us to satisfy various covenants. Future indebtedness or other contracts, including any credit facility that we may enter into in the future, could contain covenants more restrictive than those contained in our indentures and could also contain financial maintenance covenants which require us to maintain minimum financial ratios.

Our indentures contain restrictions on our ability to engage in certain transactions and may limit our ability to respond to changing business and economic conditions. The indentures impose operating and financial restrictions on us and our restricted subsidiaries, including, among other things, limitations on the ability to:

- pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity;
- incur additional debt;
- make investments;
- create liens on assets to secure debt;
- enter into transactions with affiliates;
- issue stock of, or member's interests in, subsidiaries;
- enter into sale-leaseback transactions;
- engage in other businesses;
- merge or consolidate with another company;
- transfer and sell assets;
- issue disqualified stock;
- create dividend and other payment restrictions affecting subsidiaries; and
- designate restricted and unrestricted subsidiaries.

If there were an event of default under one of our indentures, the holders of the defaulted debt could cause all amounts outstanding with respect to that debt to be due and payable immediately. We cannot assure you that our assets or cash flow would be sufficient to fully repay borrowings under our outstanding debt instruments if accelerated upon an event of default, or that we would be able to repay, refinance or restructure the payments on those debt securities.

Risks Related to our Business

The loss of Stephen A. Wynn could significantly harm our business.

Our ability to maintain our competitive position is dependent to a large degree on the efforts and skills of Stephen A. Wynn, the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and one of the principal stockholders of Wynn Resorts. In 2008, Wynn Resorts extended the term of Mr. Wynn's employment agreement until October 2020. However, we cannot assure you that Mr. Wynn will remain with Wynn Resorts. If Wynn Resorts loses the services of Mr. Wynn, or if he is unable to devote sufficient attention to our operations for any other reason, our business may be significantly impaired.

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We are entirely dependent on Wynn Las Vegas for all of our cash flow, which subjects us to greater risks than a gaming company with more operating properties.

We do not expect to have material assets or operations other than Wynn Las Vegas. We are entirely dependent upon Wynn Las Vegas for all of our cash flow. As a result, we are subject to a greater degree of risk than a gaming company with more operating properties. The risks to which we have a greater degree of exposure include the following:

- local economic and competitive conditions;
- changes in local and state governmental laws and regulations, including gaming laws and regulations;
- natural and other disasters;
- an increase in the cost of utilities for our properties as a result of, among other things, power shortages in California or other western states with which Nevada shares a single regional power grid or a shortage of natural resources such as water;
- a decline in the number of visitors to Las Vegas;
- a decrease in gaming and non-gaming activities at Wynn Las Vegas; and
- the outbreak of an infectious disease such as H1N1 or the avian flu.

Any of the factors outlined above could negatively affect our ability to generate sufficient cash flow to make payments or maintain our covenants with respect to our debt.

Our casino, hotel, convention and other facilities face intense competition.

The casino/hotel industry is highly competitive and additional developments have recently opened or are currently underway. Resorts located on or near the Las Vegas Strip compete with other Las Vegas Strip hotels and with other hotel casinos in Las Vegas on the basis of overall atmosphere, range of amenities, level of service, price, location, entertainment, theme and size, among other factors.

Wynn Las Vegas also competes, to some extent, with other hotel/casino facilities in Nevada, throughout the United States and elsewhere in the world. In addition, the legalization of casino gaming in or near metropolitan areas from which we attract customers could have a negative effect on our business. New or renovated casinos in Asia, including our property in Macau, could draw Asian gaming customers away from Las Vegas.

Our business relies on high-end, international customers to whom we often extend credit, and we may not be able to collect gaming receivables from our credit players or credit play may decrease.

A significant portion of our table games revenue at Wynn Las Vegas is attributable to the play of a limited number of international customers. The loss or a reduction in the play of the most significant of these customers could have a substantial negative effect on our future operating results. A continued downturn in economic conditions in the countries in which these customers reside could cause a further reduction in the frequency of visits by and revenue generated from these customers.

We conduct our gaming activities on a credit as well as a cash basis. This credit is unsecured. Table games players typically are extended more credit than slot players, and high-stakes players typically are extended more credit than patrons who tend to wager lower amounts. The collectability of receivables from international customers could be negatively affected by future business or economic trends or by significant events in the countries in which these customers reside. We will extend credit to those customers whose level of play and financial resources, in the opinion of management, warrant such an extension.

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In addition, high-end gaming is more volatile than other forms of gaming, and variances in win-loss results attributable to high-end gaming may have a positive or negative impact on cash flow and earnings in a particular quarter.

While gaming debts evidenced by a credit instrument, including what is commonly referred to as a “marker,” are enforceable under the current laws of Nevada, and judgments on gaming debts are enforceable in all states under the Full Faith and Credit Clause of the United States Constitution, other jurisdictions may determine that direct or indirect enforcement of gaming debts is against public policy. Although courts of some foreign nations will enforce gaming debts directly and the assets in the United States of foreign debtors may be used to satisfy a judgment, judgments on gaming debts from U.S. courts are not binding on the courts of many foreign nations. We cannot assure you that we will be able to collect the full amount of gaming debts owed to us, even in jurisdictions that enforce them. Recent dramatic changes in the economic conditions may make it more difficult to assess creditworthiness and more difficult to collect the full amount of any gaming debt owed to us. Our inability to collect gaming debts could have a significant negative impact on our operating results.

Our business is particularly sensitive to reductions in discretionary consumer spending as a result of downturns in the economy.

Consumer demand for hotel/casino resorts, trade shows and conventions and for the type of luxury amenities that we offer is particularly sensitive to downturns in the economy which adversely impact discretionary spending on leisure activities. Changes in discretionary consumer spending or consumer preferences brought about by the factors such as perceived or actual general economic conditions, high unemployment, the current housing foreclosure crisis, the current credit crisis, bank failures and the potential for additional bank failures, perceived or actual changes in disposable consumer income and wealth, the current global economic recession and changes in consumer confidence in the economy, or fears of war and future acts of terrorism could reduce customer demand for the luxury amenities and leisure activities we offer, and may have a significant negative impact on our operating results.

We are subject to extensive state and local regulation, and licensing and gaming authorities have significant control over our operations, which could have a negative effect on our business.

The operations of Wynn Las Vegas are contingent upon maintaining all necessary regulatory licenses, permits, approvals, registrations, findings of suitability, orders and authorizations. The laws, regulations and ordinances requiring these licenses, permits and other approvals generally relate to the responsibility, financial stability and character of the owners and managers of gaming operations, as well as persons financially interested or involved in gaming operations. The scope of the approvals required to open and operate a facility is extensive. We received all approvals for the opening of Wynn Las Vegas on April 28, 2005 and Encore on December 22, 2008; however, we are subject to ongoing regulation to maintain these operations.

The Nevada Gaming Commission may, in its discretion, require the holder of any debt or securities that we or Wynn Resorts issue to file applications, be investigated and be found suitable to own our or Wynn Resorts’ securities if it has reason to believe that the security ownership would be inconsistent with the declared policies of the State of Nevada.

Nevada regulatory authorities have broad powers to request detailed financial and other information, to limit, condition, suspend or revoke a registration, gaming license or related approval and to approve changes in our operations. Substantial fines or forfeiture of assets for violations of gaming laws or regulations may be levied. The suspension or revocation of any license which may be granted to us or the levy of substantial fines or forfeiture of assets could significantly harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, compliance costs associated with gaming laws, regulations and licenses are significant. Any change in the laws, regulations or licenses applicable to our business or a violation of any current or future laws or regulations applicable to our business or gaming licenses could require us to make substantial expenditures or could otherwise negatively affect our gaming operations.

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For example, the conduct of Kazuo Okada (who is currently a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors and who was formerly the largest beneficial owner of Wynn Resorts' shares) and his affiliates could result in regulatory investigations, including investigations by Nevada regulatory authorities, which could have adverse consequences to the Company. As described elsewhere in this prospectus, on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee concluded an investigation after receiving an independent report by Freeh, Sporkin & Sullivan, LLP (the "Freeh Report") detailing a pattern of misconduct by Aruze USA, Inc., at the time a stockholder of Wynn Resorts, Universal Entertainment Corporation, Aruze USA, Inc.'s parent company, and Kazuo Okada, the majority shareholder of Universal Entertainment Corporation, who is also a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors and was at the time a director of Wynn Macau, Limited. The factual record presented in the Freeh Report included evidence that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada had provided valuable items to certain foreign gaming officials who were responsible for regulating gaming in a jurisdiction in which entities controlled by Mr. Okada were developing a gaming resort. Mr. Okada has denied the impropriety of such conduct to members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts, and has refused to acknowledge Wynn Resorts' anti-bribery policies and has refused to participate in the training all other directors have received concerning these policies. Based on the Freeh Report, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts determined that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada are "Unsuitable Persons" under Article VII of Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation. Based on Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors' finding of unsuitability, on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed and canceled Aruze USA, Inc.'s 24,549,222 shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock and issued a promissory note pursuant to the terms of Article VII of the Wynn Resorts' Articles of Incorporation in payment therefor.

A finding by regulatory authorities that Mr. Okada violated the FCPA on property of Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries and/or otherwise involved Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries in criminal or civil violations could result in actions by regulatory authorities against Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries. Relatedly, regulators could pursue separate investigations into Wynn Resorts' and its subsidiaries' compliance with applicable laws, including in response to litigation filed by Mr. Okada suggesting improprieties in connection with the donation by Wynn Resorts' subsidiary to the University of Macau and a related informal inquiry by the SEC into this donation. Any such investigations could result in actions by regulators against Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries, which could have adverse consequences to the Company. In addition, investigations by Nevada regulatory authorities relating to the Company's gaming licenses could possibly have a negative impact on such gaming licenses and on the Company's ability to bid successfully for new gaming market opportunities. For additional information on the Freeh Report, as well as the redemption of Aruze USA, Inc.'s shares, see "Management—Directors—Class III Directors (Terms expire at the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders)—Kazuo Okada," "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions—Share Redemption," the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 10, "Commitments and Contingencies," and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 16 "Subsequent Events," each included in this prospectus.

We are subject to taxation by various governments and agencies. The rate of taxation could change.

We are subject to taxation in the United States at the federal, state and local level. Specific rates of taxation can be changed by legislative action. Increases in taxation could adversely affect our results.

Terrorism and the uncertainty of military conflicts, natural disasters and contagious diseases, as well as other factors affecting discretionary consumer spending, may harm our operating results.

The strength and profitability of our business depends on consumer demand for hotel casino resorts in general and for the type of luxury amenities our resort offers. Changes in consumer preferences or discretionary consumer spending could harm our business. Terrorist activities in the United States and elsewhere, military conflicts in the Middle East, outbreaks of infectious disease and pandemics, and natural disasters such as hurricanes, tsunamis and earthquakes, among other things, have had negative impacts on travel and leisure expenditures. We cannot predict the extent to which similar events and conditions may continue to affect us in the future. An extended period of reduced discretionary spending and/or disruptions or declines in airline travel

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and business conventions could significantly harm our operations. In particular, because our business relies heavily upon premium customers, particularly international customers, factors resulting in a decreased propensity to travel internationally could have a negative impact on our operations.

In addition, other factors affecting travel and discretionary consumer spending, including general economic conditions, disposable consumer income, fears of recession and reduced consumer confidence in the economy, may negatively impact our business. Negative changes in any factors affecting discretionary spending could reduce customer demand for the products and services we offer, thus imposing practical limits on pricing and harming our operations.

Our insurance coverage may not be adequate to cover all possible losses that we could suffer, and our insurance costs may increase.

We currently have insurance coverage for terrorist acts included in our commercial property insurance policy with respect to Wynn Las Vegas, not to exceed \$1.75 billion. However, these types of acts could expose us to losses that exceed our coverage and could have a significant negative impact on our operations.

We may not have sufficient insurance coverage in the event of a catastrophic property or casualty loss. We may also suffer disruption of our business in the event of a terrorist attack or other catastrophic property or casualty loss or be subject to claims by third parties injured or harmed. While we currently carry general liability insurance and business interruption insurance, such insurance may not be adequate to cover all losses in such event. In the event that insurance premiums increase, we may not be able to maintain the insurance coverage we currently have or otherwise be able to maintain adequate insurance protection.

If a third party successfully challenges Wynn Holdings' ownership of, or right to use, the Wynn-related trademarks and/or service marks, our business or results of operations could be harmed.

We have sublicensed certain Wynn-related trademarks and service marks from Wynn Holdings. Wynn Holdings has filed applications with the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO"), to register a variety of WYNN-related trademarks and service marks in connection with a variety of goods and services. These marks include "WYNN LAS VEGAS" and "ENCORE." Some of the applications are based upon ongoing use and others are based upon a *bona fide* intent to use the marks.

A common element of most of these marks is the use of the surname, "WYNN." As a general rule, a surname (or the portion of a mark primarily constituting a surname) is not eligible for registration unless the surname has acquired "secondary meaning." To date, Wynn Holdings has been successful in demonstrating to the PTO such secondary meaning for the Wynn name in certain of the applications based upon factors including Mr. Wynn's prominence as a resort developer, but we cannot assure you that we will be successful with the other pending applications.

Even if Wynn Holdings is able to obtain registration of the WYNN-related marks, such federal registrations are not completely dispositive of the right to such marks. Third parties who claim prior rights with respect to similar marks may nonetheless challenge our right to obtain registrations or our use of the marks and seek to overcome the presumptions afforded by such registrations.

Our intellectual property assets, including the word and the logo version of "Wynn," are among our most valuable assets. Efforts we take to acquire and protect our intellectual property rights against unauthorized use throughout the world, which may include retaining counsel and commencing litigation in various jurisdictions, may be costly and may not be successful in protecting and preserving the status and value of our intellectual property assets.

If a third party asserts other forms of intellectual property claims against us, our business or results of operations could be adversely affected.

Historically, trademarks and service marks have been the principal form of intellectual property rights relevant to the gaming industry. However, due to the increased use of technology in computerized gaming machines and in business operations generally, other forms of intellectual property rights (such as patents and copyrights) are becoming of increased relevance. It is possible that, in the future, third parties might assert superior intellectual property rights or allege that their intellectual property rights cover some aspect of our operations. The defense of such allegations may result in substantial expenses, and, if such claims are successfully prosecuted, may have a material impact on our business.

Wynn Resorts' officers, directors and substantial stockholders are able to exert significant influence over our operations and future direction.

Our ultimate parent company is Wynn Resorts. Currently, Mr. Wynn and Elaine P. Wynn own 10,026,708 shares and 9,742,150 shares, respectively, or together approximately 19.7% of Wynn Resorts' outstanding common stock. As a result, Mr. Wynn and Elaine P. Wynn, to the extent they vote their shares in a similar manner, may be able to exert significant influence over all matters requiring our stockholders' approval, including the approval of significant corporate transactions. In addition, until February 2012, Aruze USA, Inc. owned 24,549,222 shares of Wynn Resorts' outstanding common stock. On February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed all of the shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock held by Aruze USA, Inc., a company controlled by Mr. Okada, who is currently a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors. However, in their Schedule 13D filings, Mr. Okada and his affiliates report continued ownership of such shares because they believe the purported redemption is contrary to law and will be determined void *ab initio* pursuant to the pending litigation between, among others, Aruze USA, Inc. and Wynn Resorts, regarding Aruze USA, Inc.'s stockholder status and rights. Wynn Resorts has received a letter from Aruze USA, Inc. purportedly notifying Wynn Resorts of Aruze USA, Inc.'s intent to nominate two individuals for election as directors at the 2012 Annual Meeting, which is scheduled for November 2, 2012, in opposition to Wynn Resorts' recommended nominees. On August 31, 2012, Aruze USA, Inc. filed a motion in state court seeking, among other things, a preliminary injunction that would prohibit Wynn Resorts from barring or preventing Aruze USA, Inc. from exercising rights as a stockholder of Wynn Resorts and an order that Aruze USA, Inc.'s purported nominees be presented to the stockholders of Wynn Resorts and voted on (including by Aruze USA, Inc. as a stockholder) at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (scheduled for November 2, 2012), which would, in effect, require Wynn Resorts to re-issue shares to Aruze USA, Inc. For additional information on the redemption, see "Management—Directors—Class III Directors (Terms expire at the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders)—Kazuo Okada," "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions—Share Redemption," the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 10, "Commitments and Contingencies," and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 16 "Subsequent Events," each included in this prospectus.

Under the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement, dated as of January 6, 2010, by and among Stephen A. Wynn, Elaine P. Wynn and Aruze USA, Inc. (the "Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement"), Mr. Wynn and Elaine P. Wynn have agreed to vote the shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock held by them subject to the terms of the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement in a manner so as to elect to the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts each of the nominees contained on each and every slate of directors endorsed by Mr. Wynn, which slate will include, subject to certain exceptions, Elaine P. Wynn. As a result of this voting arrangement, Mr. Wynn, as a practical matter, exercises significant influence over the slate of directors to be elected to Wynn Resorts' board of directors. In addition, with stated exceptions, the agreement requires the written consent of the other party prior to any party selling any shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock that it owns. In June 2012, in connection with the ongoing litigation with Kazuo Okada, Elaine P. Wynn asserted a cross claim against Mr. Wynn and Kazuo Okada with respect to the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement. If Elaine P. Wynn prevails in her claim, Mr. Wynn would not beneficially own or control Elaine P. Wynn's shares and a change in control may result under the indentures governing the 2017

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notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes. Mr. Wynn is opposing Elaine P. Wynn's cross claim. See "Description of the New Notes—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Change of Control." See also "Management—Directors—Class I Directors (Terms expire at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which is scheduled for November 2, 2012)—Elaine P. Wynn," for information regarding litigation filed by Elaine P. Wynn.

In November 2006, the Board of Wynn Resorts approved an amendment of its bylaws that exempts future acquisitions of shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock by either Mr. Wynn or Aruze USA, Inc. from Nevada's acquisition of controlling interest statutes. The Nevada acquisition of controlling interest statutes require stockholder approval in order to exercise voting rights in connection with any acquisition of a controlling interest in certain Nevada corporations unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation in effect on the 10th day following the acquisition of a controlling interest by certain acquiring persons provide that these statutes do not apply to the corporation or to the acquisition specifically by types of existing or future stockholders. These statutes define a "controlling interest" as (i) one-fifth or more but less than one-third, (ii) one-third or more but less than a majority, or (iii) a majority or more, of the voting power in the election of directors. As a result of the bylaw amendment, either Mr. Wynn or Aruze USA, Inc. or their respective affiliates may acquire ownership of outstanding voting shares of Wynn Resorts permitting them to exercise more than one-third but less than a majority, or a majority or more, of all of the voting power of the corporation in the election of directors, without requiring a resolution of the stockholders of the corporation granting voting rights in the control shares acquired.

Because we own real property, we are subject to extensive environmental regulation, which creates uncertainty regarding future environmental expenditures and liabilities.

We have incurred costs to comply with environmental requirements, such as those relating to discharges into the air, water and land, the handling and disposal of solid and hazardous waste and the cleanup of properties affected by hazardous substances. Under these and other environmental requirements we may be required to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances or chemical releases at our property. As an owner or operator, we could also be held responsible to a governmental entity or third parties for property damage, personal injury and investigation and cleanup costs incurred by them in connection with any contamination.

These laws typically impose cleanup responsibility and liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of or caused the presence of the contaminants. The liability under those laws has been interpreted to be joint and several unless the harm is divisible and there is a reasonable basis for allocation of the responsibility. The costs of investigation, remediation or removal of those substances may be substantial, and the presence of those substances, or the failure to remediate a property properly, may impair our ability to use our property.

Any violation of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act or applicable Anti-Money Laundering laws or regulations could have a negative impact on us.

We are subject to regulations imposed by the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the "FCPA") and other anti-corruption laws that generally prohibit U.S. companies and their intermediaries from offering, promising, authorizing or making improper payments to foreign government officials for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. Violations of the FCPA and other anti-corruption laws may result in severe criminal and civil sanctions as well as other penalties and the SEC and U.S. Department of Justice have increased their enforcement activities with respect to the FCPA. Internal control policies and procedures and employee training and compliance programs that we have implemented to deter prohibited practices may not be effective in prohibiting our employees, contractors or agents from violating or circumventing our policies and the law. If our employees or agents fail to comply with applicable laws or Company policies governing our international operations, the Company may face investigations, prosecutions and other legal proceedings and actions which could result in civil penalties, administrative remedies and criminal sanctions. As described elsewhere in this prospectus, on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee concluded an investigation after receiving

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the Freeh Report detailing a pattern of misconduct by Aruze USA, Inc., at the time a stockholder of Wynn Resorts, Universal Entertainment Corporation, Aruze USA, Inc.'s parent company, and Kazuo Okada, the majority shareholder of Universal Entertainment Corporation, who is also a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors and was at the time a director of Wynn Macau, Limited. The factual record presented in the Freeh Report included evidence that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada had provided valuable items to certain foreign gaming officials who were responsible for regulating gaming in a jurisdiction in which entities controlled by Mr. Okada were developing a gaming resort. Mr. Okada has denied the impropriety of such conduct to members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts, and has refused to acknowledge Wynn Resorts' anti-bribery policies and has refused to participate in the training all other directors have received concerning these policies. For additional information on the Freeh Report, as well as the redemption of Aruze USA, Inc.'s shares, see "Management—Directors—Class III Directors (Terms expire at the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders)—Kazuo Okada," "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions—Share Redemption," the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 10, "Commitments and Contingencies," and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 16 "Subsequent Events," each included in this prospectus. Any determination that we have violated the FCPA could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition. We also deal with significant amounts of cash in our operations and are subject to various reporting and anti-money laundering regulations. Any violation of anti-money laundering laws or regulations by any of our resorts could have a negative effect on our results of operations.

As previously disclosed, in May 2011, Wynn Macau, Limited, a majority owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, made a commitment to the University of Macau Development Foundation in support of the new Asia-Pacific Academy of Economics and Management. This contribution consists of a \$25 million payment made in May 2011 and a commitment for additional donations of \$10 million each year for the calendar years 2012 through 2022 inclusive. The 2012 donation has been made. The pledge was consistent with Wynn Resorts long-standing practice of providing philanthropic support for deserving institutions in the markets in which it operates. The pledge was made following an extensive analysis which concluded that the gift was made in accordance with all applicable laws. The pledge was considered by the Boards of Directors of both Wynn Resorts and Wynn Macau, Limited and approved by 15 of the 16 directors who serve on those boards. The sole dissenting vote was Mr. Kazuo Okada whose stated objection was to the length of time over which the donation would occur, not its propriety.

Also as previously disclosed, Mr. Okada commenced litigation on January 11, 2012, in Nevada seeking to compel Wynn Resorts to produce information relating to the donation to the University of Macau, among other things.

On February 8, 2012, following Mr. Okada's lawsuit, Wynn Resorts received a letter from the Salt Lake Regional Office of the SEC requesting that, in connection with an informal inquiry by the SEC, Wynn Resorts preserve information relating to the donation to the University of Macau, any donations by Wynn Resorts to any other educational charitable institutions, including the University of Macau Development Foundation, and Wynn Resorts' casino or concession gaming licenses or renewals in Macau.

On February 19, 2012, Wynn Resorts filed a complaint in Nevada state court against Mr. Okada and other entities alleging, among other things, breach of fiduciary duty in connection with alleged violations of the FCPA.

Potential violations of law by Mr. Okada (who is currently a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors and who was formerly the largest beneficial owner of Wynn Resorts' shares) and his affiliates could have adverse consequences to the Company.

As described elsewhere in this prospectus, on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee concluded an investigation after receiving the Freeh Report detailing a pattern of misconduct by Aruze USA, Inc., at the time a stockholder of Wynn Resorts, Universal Entertainment Corporation, Aruze USA, Inc.'s parent company, and Kazuo Okada, the majority shareholder of Universal Entertainment Corporation, who

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is also a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors and was at the time a director of Wynn Macau, Limited. See "Management—Directors—Class III Directors (Terms expire at the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders)—Kazuo Okada," the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 10, "Commitments and Contingencies," and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 16 "Subsequent Events," each included in this prospectus. Wynn Resorts provided the Freeh Report to appropriate regulators and law enforcement agencies and is cooperating with related investigations that such regulators and agencies have undertaken. The conduct of Mr. Okada and his affiliates and any resulting regulatory investigations could have adverse consequences to the Company. A finding by regulatory authorities that Mr. Okada violated the FCPA on property of Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries and/or otherwise involved Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries in criminal or civil violations could result in actions by regulatory authorities against Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries. Relatedly, regulators could pursue separate investigations into Wynn Resorts' and its subsidiaries' compliance with applicable laws, including in response to litigation filed by Mr. Okada suggesting improprieties in connection with the donation by Wynn Resorts' subsidiary to the University of Macau and a related informal inquiry by the SEC into this donation. While the Company believes that it is in full compliance with all applicable laws, any such investigations could result in actions by regulators against Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries.

Ongoing litigation and other disputes with Mr. Okada and certain of his affiliates could distract management and result in negative publicity and additional scrutiny of regulators.

There has been widespread publicity of the findings in the Freeh Report, Wynn Resorts' board of directors' "unsuitability" finding with respect to Mr. Okada, Aruze USA, Inc. and Universal Entertainment Corporation, the redemption of Aruze USA, Inc.'s shares and related litigation, including related federal and state derivative actions and a cross claim filed by Elaine P. Wynn. The actions, litigation, and publicity could reduce demand for shares of Wynn Resorts and thereby have a negative impact on the trading prices of its shares. The disputes may also lead to additional scrutiny from gaming regulators, which could lead to investigations relating to, and possibly a negative impact on, the Company's gaming licenses, and possibly have a negative impact on the Company's ability to bid successfully for new gaming market opportunities.

Our information technology and other systems are subject to cyber security risk including misappropriation of customer information or other breaches of information security.

We rely on information technology and other systems to maintain and transmit customer financial information, credit card settlements, credit card funds transmissions, mailing lists and reservations information. In addition, our financial and recordkeeping processes are run from one central location at a secured off site Network Operations Center. We have substantially completed the implementation of industry best practice systems that are designed to meet all requirements of the Payment Card Industry standards for data protection, however, our information and processes are exposed to the ever-changing threat of compromised security, in the form of a risk of potential breach, system failure, computer virus, or unauthorized or fraudulent use by customers, company employees, or employees of third party vendors. The steps we take to deter and mitigate these risks may not be successful, and any resulting compromise or loss of data or systems could adversely impact operations or regulatory compliance and could result in remedial expenses, fines, litigation, and loss of reputation, potentially impacting our financial results.

Risks Related to the Notes

The notes are not secured by any assets (other than the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC) and will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness to the extent of any other assets securing such indebtedness.

Our obligations under the notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). We currently do not have any secured indebtedness (other than the 2017 notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes, the 7³/₄% 2020 notes and the notes,

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each of which is secured only by the Holdings pledge, and capital leases). However, under certain circumstances, we may incur in the future secured indebtedness, including (i) capital lease obligations, mortgage financings and purchase money obligations, in an amount not to exceed \$100 million, and (ii) certain other indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$100 million, without being required to further secure the notes with our assets securing such indebtedness, and, in such event, the notes would be effectively subordinated to such secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of such assets. If we are declared bankrupt or insolvent, or if we default under any of our future secured indebtedness, the lenders under such secured indebtedness could declare all of the funds borrowed thereunder, together with accrued interest, immediately due and payable. Lenders under such secured indebtedness would be entitled to be paid in full from the assets (if other than the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC) securing that secured indebtedness before any payment may be made with respect to the notes, even if an event of default existed at such time under the indenture governing the notes. As a result, in such case, your claims with respect to the notes may not be fully satisfied.

If a default occurs with respect to the notes, the value of the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC may not be sufficient to repay the holders of the notes and other indebtedness secured by such pledge.

As of September 19, 2012, we had approximately \$3.1 billion aggregate principal amount of 2017 notes, 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes, 7³/₄% 2020 notes and notes outstanding, each of which is secured only by the Holdings pledge. In addition, we may be permitted to incur additional indebtedness that could also be secured by the equity interests held by Wynn Holdings in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. The value of the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. We cannot assure you that the proceeds from the sale of the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC would be sufficient to satisfy our obligations under the 2017 notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes, the 7³/₄% 2020 notes, the notes or any other future indebtedness secured by the Holdings pledge. To the extent that the net proceeds from any sale of the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC are insufficient to satisfy amounts due under the notes and any other indebtedness secured by the Holdings pledge, including the 2017 notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes and the 7³/₄% 2020 notes, holders of the notes will participate with holders of our unsecured indebtedness (including holders of any secured indebtedness not paid in full from the net proceeds of their collateral) in the net proceeds of any of our remaining assets. As a result, your claims with respect to the notes may not be fully satisfied.

Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific circumstances, to avoid the notes and the Holdings pledge, and to require noteholders to return payments received from us or Wynn Holdings.

Our creditors and the creditors of Wynn Holdings could challenge the issuers' issuance of the notes or Wynn Holdings' grant of the Holdings pledge, respectively, as fraudulent conveyances or on other grounds. Under the federal bankruptcy law and similar provisions of state fraudulent transfer laws, the issuance of notes and the grant of the Holdings pledge, could be avoided (that is, cancelled) as fraudulent transfers if a court determined that the issuers, at the time they issued the notes, or the pledgor, at the time it granted the Holdings pledge:

- issued the notes or granted the Holdings pledge, as the case may be, with the intent to hinder, delay or defraud its existing or future creditors; or
- received less than reasonably equivalent value or did not receive fair consideration for the issuance of the notes or the grant of the Holdings pledge, as the case may be, and if the issuers or pledgor:
 - were insolvent or rendered insolvent at the time the notes were issued or the Holdings pledge was granted, as the case may be;
 - were engaged in a business or transaction for which the issuers' or pledgor's remaining assets, as the case may be, constituted unreasonably small capital; or
 - intended to incur, or believed that they would incur, debts beyond their ability to pay such debts generally as they mature.

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If the notes or the Holdings pledge were avoided or limited under fraudulent transfer or other laws, any claim you may make against us or Wynn Holdings, as the case may be, for amounts payable on the notes would be unenforceable to the extent of such avoidance or limitation. Moreover, the court could order you to return any payments previously made by us or Wynn Holdings.

The measures of insolvency for purposes of these fraudulent transfer laws will vary depending upon the law applied in any proceeding to determine whether a fraudulent transfer has occurred. Generally, however, a party would be considered insolvent if:

- the sum of its debts, including contingent liabilities, was greater than the sum of its property, at a fair valuation;
- if the present fair saleable value of its assets was less than the amount that would be required to pay its probable liability on its existing debts, including contingent liabilities, as they become absolute and mature; or
- it could not pay its debts as they become due.

We cannot be sure what standard a court would apply in making these determinations or, regardless of the standard, that a court would not avoid the notes or the Holdings pledge.

Bankruptcy may limit your ability to collect on the notes.

If a bankruptcy case were to be commenced by or against us prior to the repayment of the notes, your ability to receive repayment of the notes is likely to be significantly impaired by applicable bankruptcy law. Under the Bankruptcy Code, the commencement of a bankruptcy case acts as an “automatic stay” of virtually all actions by creditors to collect pre-bankruptcy debts. Factors that may bear on the recovery by the holders of the notes in these circumstances, among other, would include: (i) a debtor in a bankruptcy case does not have the ability to compel performance of a “financial accommodation”; (ii) creditors with secured claims and claims providing a priority of payment under the Bankruptcy Code would have a higher priority of payment than the notes; (iii) the holders of other unsecured debt will be entitled to share ratably with the holders of the notes in any proceeds distributed in an insolvency, liquidation, reorganization, dissolution or other winding up, and; (iv) the cost and delay of a bankruptcy case could reduce our value. Moreover, in a bankruptcy proceeding, the bankruptcy court would have broad discretion to approve transactions that could disadvantage the holders of the notes. For example, under certain circumstances, a bankruptcy court could approve a motion for the sale of our assets over the objections of holders of the notes or approve the modification of the terms of the notes under a confirmed plan of reorganization. Therefore, in the event of our bankruptcy, it is impossible to predict how long payments under the notes would be delayed, whether there would be sufficient funds to pay the notes in full, or whether the terms and conditions of the notes or any rights of the holders of the notes could be altered in a bankruptcy case without the notes trustee’s or your consent.

Bankruptcy and gaming laws may significantly impair your rights to repossess and dispose of the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC securing the notes and to otherwise collect on any amounts due thereunder.

If a bankruptcy case were to be commenced by or against Wynn Holdings prior to the repossession and disposition of the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC securing the notes, the right of the notes trustee to repossess and dispose of such equity interests upon the occurrence of an event of default under the applicable indenture is likely to be significantly impaired by applicable bankruptcy law. The commencement of any such bankruptcy proceedings would expose the holders of the notes to additional risks, including, without limitation, additional restrictions on exercising rights against the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and on otherwise pursuing or obtaining repayment of the notes. For example, the “automatic stay” under applicable bankruptcy law prohibits secured creditors, such as the holders of the 2017 notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020

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notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes, from repossessing their security from a debtor in a bankruptcy case, or from disposing of collateral in their possession, without bankruptcy court approval.

Under the Bankruptcy Code, a claim is a secured claim up to the value of the collateral that secures it. In most cases, interest stops accruing on the date of commencement of the bankruptcy case, but if the collateral's value exceeds the amount of the claim, interest may continue to accrue on the claim up to the collateral's value. On the other hand, if the amount of the claim exceeds the collateral's value, the excess constitutes an unsecured claim. Generally, the Bankruptcy Code contemplates that secured creditors will be paid in full. If a bankruptcy proceeding is commenced by or against Wynn Holdings, we cannot assure you that the bankruptcy court would find that the value of the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC exceeds the amount outstanding under the notes. Indeed, under the Bankruptcy Code, distribution to our equity holders is subordinated to the claims of our creditors. Therefore, there can be no assurance that a bankruptcy court would find that the collateral had any value. Accordingly, there can be no assurances, pending or following the completion of the bankruptcy proceeding commenced by or against Wynn Holdings, with respect to the following: whether and when any payments under the notes would be made; whether or when the notes trustee could foreclose upon or sell the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC; and whether the terms and conditions of the notes or any rights of the holders of the notes could be altered in a bankruptcy case without the notes trustee's or your consent.

Furthermore, as a result of applicable gaming laws and regulations, the notes trustee must obtain prior approval from, and may be required to be licensed by, the Nevada gaming authorities before the notes trustee can foreclose on the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. In addition, in any foreclosure sale of the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, the purchaser would need to obtain prior approval from the Nevada gaming authorities and be licensed or found suitable under the Nevada gaming laws and regulations. Because potential purchasers must satisfy these gaming regulatory requirements, the number of potential purchasers in a foreclosure sale could be less than in foreclosures of other types of facilities, and this requirement may delay the sale of, and may reduce the sales price for, the pledged equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC.

We may not be able to fulfill our repurchase obligations with respect to the notes upon a change of control.

If we experience certain specific change of control events, subject to certain exceptions, we will be required to offer to repurchase all outstanding notes at 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of repurchase. We have similar offer to repurchase obligations with respect to the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes and the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes.

Should Stephen A. Wynn, together with certain related parties, in the aggregate beneficially owns a lesser percentage of the outstanding common stock of Wynn Resorts than are beneficially owned by any other person, a change of control will have occurred. In connection with the ongoing litigation with Kazuo Okada, Elaine P. Wynn has asserted a cross claim against Stephen A. Wynn and Kazuo Okada with respect to the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement. If Elaine P. Wynn prevails in her claim, Stephen A. Wynn would not beneficially own or control Elaine P. Wynn's shares and a change in control may result under the indentures governing the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes. Stephen A. Wynn is opposing Elaine P. Wynn's cross-claim.

We cannot assure you that we will have available funds sufficient to pay the change of control purchase price for any or all of the notes (or the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes and the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes) that might be delivered by holders of such notes seeking to accept the change of control offer. A failure to pay any such change of control purchase price would result in an event of default under the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and/or the notes, which could adversely effect our business or results of operations. Moreover, under the indenture governing the notes, certain important corporate events, such as leveraged recapitalizations that would increase the level of our indebtedness, would not constitute a "change of control" and thus would not give rise to any repurchase rights. See "Description of the New Notes—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—

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Change of Control.” See also “Management—Directors—Class I Directors (Terms expire at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which is scheduled for November 2, 2012)—Elaine P. Wynn,” for information regarding litigation filed by Elaine P. Wynn.

In the event that a bankruptcy court orders the substantive consolidation of us with certain affiliated parties, payments on the notes could be delayed or reduced.

We believe that we have observed and will observe certain formalities and operating procedures that are generally recognized requirements for maintaining our separate existence and that our assets and liabilities can be readily identified as distinct from those of Wynn Resorts and its other subsidiaries. However, we cannot assure you that a bankruptcy court would agree in the event that any of Wynn Resorts or any of its other subsidiaries becomes a debtor under the Bankruptcy Code. If a bankruptcy court concludes that substantive consolidation of us with any affiliated party referred to in this paragraph is warranted, holders of the notes should expect payments on the notes to be delayed and/or reduced.

Our subsidiaries likely will not be able to contribute to any payments with respect to the notes. In addition, the notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries and, as a result, the creditors of our subsidiaries could collect on their claims, ahead of the notes, from our subsidiaries' assets.

Although the assets of our subsidiaries are important to our operations, they are not expected to generate significant cash flows. As such, you should not expect any of our subsidiaries to contribute to any payments of principal, interest or other amounts required to be made on the notes. In addition, Wynn Resorts will not be required to contribute to payments of principal, interest or other amounts required to be made on the notes regardless of whether it has unrestricted funds from other sources. In addition, certain subsidiaries of Wynn Resorts, including the entities involved in the operation of “Wynn Macau,” which includes “Encore at Wynn Macau,” are parties to financing or other agreements that restrict their ability to make any payments or distributions to Wynn Resorts.

Since none of our subsidiaries guarantee the notes, the notes are not supported by the assets of such subsidiaries, except to the extent of the value of our equity interests in those subsidiaries. Meanwhile, creditors of our subsidiaries have a direct claim against those subsidiaries' assets, which would reduce or possibly eliminate the value of our interest in those subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2012, the Issuers' subsidiaries had approximately \$34.7 million of indebtedness and other liabilities, to which the notes are structurally subordinated. In addition, our subsidiaries have no obligation, contingent or otherwise, to pay amounts due under the notes or to make any funds available to pay those amounts, whether by dividend, distribution, loan or other payments, and legal and contractual limitations may further limit our ability to obtain cash from our subsidiaries. In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up of any of our subsidiaries, holders of indebtedness and trade creditors of our subsidiaries will generally be entitled to payment of their claims from the assets of our subsidiaries before any assets are made available for distribution to us. Accordingly, there may be insufficient funds to satisfy claims of noteholders.

We are permitted to create unrestricted subsidiaries, which generally will not be subject to any of the covenants in the indenture, and we may not be able to rely on the cash flow or assets of those unrestricted subsidiaries to pay our indebtedness.

Unrestricted subsidiaries will generally not be subject to the covenants under the notes indenture. Unrestricted subsidiaries may enter into financing arrangements that limit their ability to make loans, dividends or other payments to us. Accordingly, we may not be able to rely on the cash flow or assets of unrestricted subsidiaries to pay any of our indebtedness, including the notes.

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We may redeem your notes due to regulatory considerations, either as required by gaming authorities or in our discretion.

The notes indenture grants us the power to redeem the notes that you own or control if any gaming authority requires you, or a beneficial owner of the notes, to be licensed, qualified or found suitable under any applicable gaming law and:

- you or such beneficial owner fail to apply for a license, qualification or finding of suitability within 30 days after being requested to do so (or such lesser period as required by the relevant gaming authority); or
- you or such beneficial owner is determined by a gaming authority to be unsuitable to own or control the notes.

Under the foregoing circumstances, under the notes indenture, we may redeem, and if required by the applicable gaming authority, we must redeem, your notes to the extent required by the gaming authority or deemed necessary or advisable by us. The redemption price will be equal to:

- the price required by applicable law or by order of any gaming authority; or
- the lesser of (1) the principal amount of the notes, as applicable, and (2) the price that you or the beneficial owner paid for the notes, as applicable, in either case, together with accrued and unpaid interest on the notes, as applicable.

As a holder of the notes, you may be required to comply with registration, licensing, qualification or other requirements under gaming laws or dispose of your securities.

The gaming authority of any jurisdiction in which we currently or in the future conduct or propose to conduct gaming may require that a holder of the notes be registered, licensed, qualified or found suitable, or comply with other requirements under applicable gaming laws. If you purchase, acquire or otherwise accept an interest in the notes, by the terms of the indenture governing the notes, you will agree to comply with all of these requirements, including your agreement to register or apply for a license, qualification or a finding of suitability, or comply with any other requirement, within the required time period, as provided by the relevant gaming authority. If you fail to apply to be, or fail to become, registered, licensed or qualified, or are found unsuitable or fail to comply with any other requirement of a gaming authority, then we will have the right, at our option, to:

- require you to sell your notes or beneficial interest in the notes within 30 days after you receive notice of our election, or any earlier date that the relevant gaming authority may request or prescribe; or
- redeem your notes (possibly within less than 30 days following the notice of redemption if requested or prescribed by the gaming authority) at a price equal to:
 - the price required by applicable law or by order of any gaming authority; or
 - the lesser of (1) the principal amount of the notes, as applicable, and (2) the price that you or the beneficial owner paid for the notes, as applicable, in either case, together with accrued and unpaid interest on the notes, as applicable.

We will notify the notes trustee in writing of any redemption as soon as practicable. We will not be responsible for any costs or expenses you may incur in connection with your registration, application for a license, qualification or a finding of suitability, or your compliance with any other requirement of a gaming authority. The indenture governing the notes also provides that as soon as you are required to sell your notes as a result of a gaming authority action, you will, to the extent required by applicable gaming laws, have no further right:

- to exercise, directly or indirectly, any right conferred by the notes; or
- to receive from us any interest or any other distributions or payments, or any remuneration in any form, relating to the notes, except the redemption price we refer to above.

See “Description of the New Notes—Gaming Redemption.”

An active trading market may not develop for the new notes.

The new notes are a new issue of securities for which there is currently no public market. An active market may not develop for the new notes offered hereby, and there can be no assurance as to the liquidity of any market that may develop for the new notes. If an active market does not develop, the market price and liquidity of the new notes may be adversely affected. If any of the new notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price. Future trading prices of the new notes will depend on many factors, including, among other things, prevailing interest rates, our operating results and the market for similar securities. Historically, the market for high-yield debt has been subject to disruptions that have caused substantial fluctuations in the prices of these securities. In addition, securities of gaming companies historically have been more volatile than securities of other companies. The market for the new notes may be subject to such disruptions, and there can be no assurance that the new notes will not be subject to such volatility, either of which could have an adverse effect on the price and liquidity of the new notes. We do not intend to apply for listing of the new notes on any securities exchange or for quotation of the new notes in any automated dealer quotation system.

Risks Related to the Exchange Offer

Holders who fail to exchange their old notes will continue to be subject to restrictions on transfer and may have reduced liquidity after the exchange offer.

If you do not exchange your old notes in the exchange offer, you will continue to be subject to the restrictions on transfer applicable to your old notes. The restrictions on transfer of your old notes arise because we issued the old notes under exemptions from, or in transactions not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. In general, you may only offer or sell the old notes if they are registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws, or are offered and sold under an exemption from these requirements. We do not plan to register the old notes under the Securities Act.

Furthermore, we have not conditioned the exchange offer on receipt of any minimum or maximum principal amount of old notes. As old notes are tendered and accepted in the exchange offer, the principal amount of remaining outstanding old notes will decrease. This decrease could reduce the liquidity of the trading market for the old notes. We cannot assure you of the liquidity, or even the continuation, of the trading market for the outstanding old notes following the exchange offer.

For further information regarding the consequences of not tendering your old notes in the exchange offer, see the discussions below under the captions “The Exchange Offer—Consequences of Exchanging or Failing to Exchange Old Notes” and “Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.”

You must comply with the exchange offer procedures to receive new notes.

Delivery of new notes in exchange for old notes tendered and accepted for exchange pursuant to the exchange offer will be made only after timely receipt by the exchange agent of the following:

- certificates for old notes or a book-entry confirmation of a book-entry transfer of old notes into the exchange agent’s account at DTC, New York, New York as a depository, including an agent’s message, as defined in this prospectus, if the tendering holder does not deliver a letter of transmittal;
- a complete and signed letter of transmittal, or facsimile copy, with any required signature guarantees, or, in the case of a book-entry transfer, an agent’s message in place of the letter of transmittal; and
- any other documents required by the letter of transmittal.

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Therefore, holders of old notes who would like to tender old notes in exchange for new notes should be sure to allow enough time for the necessary documents to be timely received by the exchange agent. We are not required to notify you of defects or irregularities in tenders of old notes for exchange. Old notes that are not tendered or that are tendered but we do not accept for exchange will, following consummation of the exchange offer, continue to be subject to the existing transfer restrictions under the Securities Act and will no longer have the registration and other rights under the registration rights agreement. See “The Exchange Offer—Procedures for Tendering Old Notes” and “The Exchange Offer—Consequences of Exchanging or Failing to Exchange Old Notes.”

Some holders who exchange their old notes may be deemed to be underwriters, and these holders will be required to comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements in connection with any resale transaction.

If you exchange your old notes in the exchange offer for the purpose of participating in a distribution of the new notes, you may be deemed to have received restricted securities. If you are deemed to have received restricted securities, you will be required to comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any cash proceeds from the exchange offer. Any old notes that are properly tendered and exchanged pursuant to the exchange offer will be retired and cancelled.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table sets forth our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,	For the Year Ended December 31,				
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges (1)	—	—	—	—	—	1.87
Deficiency of earnings to cover fixed charges	\$ (80,617)	\$ (79,468)	\$ (331,351)	\$ (284,944)	\$ (195,762)	—

- (1) For purposes of determining the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings are defined as earnings before income from equity investments plus fixed charges. Fixed charges consist of interest, whether capitalized or expensed, amortization of issuance costs and the estimated interest component of rent expense.

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected data presented below as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements. The selected data presented below as of and for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008 and 2007 is derived from our audited consolidated financial statements.

This data should be read together with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the other information contained in this prospectus.

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Years Ended December 31,				
	2012	2011	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data:							
(in thousands)							
Net revenues(1)	\$ 708,864	\$ 786,051	\$ 1,481,895	\$ 1,296,556	\$ 1,230,120	\$ 1,099,891	\$ 1,295,851
Pre-opening costs	—	—	—	2,479	346	72,373	6,457
Operating (loss) income	23,964	97,783	101,319	(81,314)	(144,279)	(58,616)	199,825
Net (loss) income	(88,630)	(1,083)	(95,632)	(348,329)	(309,870)	(129,794)	124,219
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:							
(in thousands)							
	As of June 30,		As of December 31,				
	2012	2011	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 771,928	\$ 138,475	\$ 201,399	\$ 52,540	\$ 66,354	\$ 123,315	\$ 146,521
Construction in progress	4,228	2,180	6,368	19,281	23,973	4,579	865,130
Total assets	4,492,031	4,071,147	4,035,398	4,108,516	4,254,324	4,584,271	3,647,256
Total long-term obligations(2)	3,260,632	2,721,040	2,632,164	2,730,738	2,638,083	2,897,328	2,034,603
Member's equity	924,376	1,101,843	1,010,307	1,098,502	1,385,553	1,257,563	1,375,020

(1) Encore opened on December 22, 2008.

(2) Includes long-term debt, interest rate swap and long-term amounts due to affiliates.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Overview

We are a developer, owner and operator of destination casino resorts. We currently own and operate Wynn Las Vegas, a destination casino resort in Las Vegas, Nevada, which opened on April 28, 2005. In December 2008, we expanded Wynn Las Vegas with the opening of Encore at Wynn Las Vegas. Wynn Las Vegas, located at the intersection of the Las Vegas Strip and Sands Avenue, occupies approximately 215 acres of land (of which approximately 140 acres comprise the Wynn Las Vegas golf course, which we lease from Wynn Resorts) fronting the Las Vegas Strip and utilizes approximately 18 additional acres across Sands Avenue, a portion of which is improved with an employee parking garage, and approximately 5 acres adjacent to the Wynn Las Vegas golf course on which an office building is located.

Our Las Vegas resort complex features:

- Approximately 186,000 square feet of casino space, offering 24-hour gaming and a full range of games, including private gaming salons, a sky casino, a poker room, and a race and sports book;
- Two luxury hotel towers with a total of 4,750 spacious hotel rooms, suites and villas;
- 35 food and beverage outlets featuring signature chefs;
- A Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership;
- Approximately 94,000 square feet of high-end, brand-name retail shopping, including stores and boutiques by Alexander McQueen, Brioni, Cartier, Chanel, Dior, Graff, Hermès, Loro Piana, Louis Vuitton, Manolo Blahnik, Oscar de la Renta, Vertu and others;
- Recreation and leisure facilities, including an 18-hole golf course, swimming pools, private cabanas and two full service spas and salons;
- Two showrooms; and
- Three nightclubs and a beach club.

Construction and Future Development

In response to our evaluation of our property and the reactions of our guests, we have and expect to continue to remodel and make enhancements and refinements to our resort complex.

Current Economic and Operating Environment

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the economic environment in the Las Vegas gaming, hotel, tourism, and convention markets were stable compared to 2011. For the six months ended June 30, 2012, the average daily room rate increased 4.3%, visitation increased 2.4% to 19.9 million visitors, and Las Vegas Strip revenues decreased 0.6%, all as compared to the prior year period. For the six months ended June 30, 2012, our financial results were adversely impacted by a lower than normal table games win percentage. While we experienced a decrease in occupancy rate over the prior year period, we were able to achieve an increase in average daily rate as we adjusted rates in an effort to attract customers who would take advantage of all aspects of our resort.

During 2011, the economic environment in the gaming, hotel, tourism and convention markets in Las Vegas began to improve with increased levels of gaming revenue, visitation and hotel room demand. For the year ended

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December 31, 2011, the average daily room rate increased 10.7%, visitation increased 4.3% to 38.9 million visitors, and Las Vegas Strip gaming revenues increased 5.1%, all as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010. While these gaming and hotel statistics have increased from prior year levels, uncertainty still exists in the Las Vegas market. For the year ended December 31, 2011, we benefited from a higher than normal table games win percentage, improved ADR and increased visitation resulting in an increase in all revenue streams including entertainment, food and beverage. While we experienced a decrease in occupancy rate over the prior year, we were able to achieve an increase in average daily rate as we adjusted rates in an effort to attract a higher quality customer who would take advantage of all aspects of our resort.

Results of Operations

We offer gaming, hotel accommodations, dining, entertainment, retail shopping, convention services and other amenities at Wynn Las Vegas and Encore. We currently rely solely upon the operations of this resort complex for our operating cash flow. Concentration of our cash flow in one resort complex exposes us to certain risks that competitors, whose operations are more diversified, may be better able to control. In addition to the concentration of operations in a single resort complex, many of our customers are premium gaming customers who wager on credit, thus exposing us to credit risk. High-end gaming also increases the potential for variability in our results.

We recorded a net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2012 of \$53.2 million, compared to a net loss of \$1.5 million recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2011. This decrease was primarily a result of decreased departmental profits, especially in the casino department (\$57.3 million) where we experienced lower than normal table games win and hold, significantly lower than that achieved in the prior year quarter. We also recorded a loss on retirement of debt of \$4.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 related to an amendment of our bank credit facilities. See below for a more detailed discussion regarding our results.

We recorded a net loss for the year ended December 31, 2011 of \$95.6 million, which represents an improvement of \$252.7 million from the net loss of \$348.3 million recorded for the year ended December 31, 2010. This improvement is primarily due to an increase in departmental profits, especially in the casino department and the hotel department. See below for a more detailed discussion regarding our results.

Operating Measures

Certain key operating statistics specific to the gaming industry are included in our discussions of our operational performance for the periods in which a Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss or a Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss is presented. Below are definitions of the gaming statistics discussed:

- “Table games win” is the amount of “drop” that is retained and recorded as casino revenue.
- “Drop” is the amount of cash and net markers issued that are deposited in a gaming table’s drop box.
- “Slot win” is the amount of handle (representing the total amount wagered) that is retained and recorded as casino revenue.
- “Average Daily Rate” (“ADR”) is calculated by dividing total room revenue including the retail value of promotional allowances (less service charges, if any) by total rooms occupied including complimentary rooms.
- “Revenue per Available Room” (“REVPAR”) is calculated by dividing total room revenue including the retail value of promotional allowances (less service charges, if any) by total rooms available.
- Occupancy is calculated by dividing total occupied rooms including complimentary rooms by total rooms available.

Financial results for the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2011.*Revenues*

Net revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2012, are composed of \$98.6 million in casino revenues (28.5% of total net revenues) and \$247.1 million of net non-casino revenues (71.5% of total net revenues). Net revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2011, were comprised of \$158.3 million in casino revenues (40.5% of total net revenues) and \$232.7 million of net non-casino revenues (59.5% of total net revenues).

Casino revenues are comprised of the net win from our table games and slot machine operations. We experienced a decrease in casino revenues of \$59.7 million (37.7%) to \$98.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$158.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011, due to a significant decrease in our table games win percentage. Our table games win percentage (before discounts) for the three months ended June 30, 2012, was 15.0%, which was below the expected range of 21% to 24%; and was significantly lower than the 27.6% experienced in the prior year quarter. Drop increased \$40.9 million (7.6%) to \$575.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$534.7 million in the prior year quarter. Slot machine handle increased \$22.2 million (3.2%) to \$707.8 million compared to \$685.6 million in the prior year quarter; however slot machine win of \$40.5 million was flat compared to the prior year quarter.

For the three months ended June 30, 2012, room revenues were \$96.2 million, which represents a \$5.1 million (5.6%) increase over the \$91.1 million generated in the three months ended June 30, 2011. We experienced an increase in ADR during the three months ended June 30, 2012, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2011, and a decrease in occupancy rate of 1.6 percentage points. ADR has increased as we adjusted rates in an effort to attract customers who would take advantage of all aspects of our resort. See the table below for key operating measures related to our room revenue.

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011
Average Daily Rate	\$ 254	\$ 240
Occupancy	87.6%	89.2%
REVPAR	\$ 222	\$ 214

Other non-gaming revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2012, included food and beverage revenues of \$138.4 million, retail revenues of \$21 million, entertainment revenues of \$18.1 million, and other revenues from outlets, including the spa and salon, of \$17.2 million. Other non-casino revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2011, included: food and beverage revenues of \$126 million, retail revenues of \$22.9 million, entertainment revenues of \$19 million, and other revenues from outlets such as the spa and salon, of \$16.8 million. Food and beverage revenues increased primarily due to business in our beach club and nightclubs. Retail revenues decreased as we reconfigured the Encore retail area and are in the process of rebranding several retail outlets. Entertainment revenues decreased over the prior year quarter primarily due to a loss of revenues from the Sinatra "Dance with Me" show, which ended its run on April 23, 2011.

Departmental, Administrative and Other Expenses

For the three months ended June 30, 2012, departmental expenses included casino expenses of \$67.3 million, room expense of \$32.6 million, food and beverage expenses of \$79.7 million, and entertainment, retail and other expenses of \$34.5 million. Also included are general and administrative expenses of \$58.3 million and a \$0.3 million credit taken to provision for doubtful accounts receivable. For the three months ended June 30, 2011, departmental expenses included casino expense of \$69.7 million, room expense of \$31.2 million, food and beverage expense of \$70.4 million, and entertainment, retail and other expense of \$36.9 million. Also included are general and administrative expenses of approximately \$55.7 million and approximately \$3.8 million charged

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as a provision for doubtful accounts receivable. Food and beverage expenses increased over prior year quarter primarily due to additional nightclub promotional costs. General and administrative expenses increased over the prior year quarter primarily due to higher advertising costs. During the quarter ended June 30, 2012, we recorded an adjustment to our reserve estimates for casino accounts receivable based on the results of historical collection patterns and current collection trends. This change in estimate was the primary factor that resulted in a \$0.3 million credit to the provision for doubtful accounts for the quarter ended June 30, 2012.

Management fees

Since opening Wynn Las Vegas, management fees payable to Wynn Resorts for certain corporate management services have been charged and accrued at a rate equal to 1.5% of net revenues. These fees will be paid upon meeting certain leverage ratios and satisfying certain other criteria set forth in the first mortgage notes indentures. Management fees were \$5.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$5.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was \$62.8 million compared to \$66.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011.

Property charges and other

Property charges and other for the three months ended June 30, 2012, were \$2.2 million compared to \$2.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011. Property charges and other for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, related to miscellaneous renovations and abandonments at our resort complex.

In response to our evaluation of our resort complex and the reactions of our guests, we continue to make enhancements. The costs relating to assets retired as a result of these enhancement and remodel efforts will be expensed as property charges.

Other non-operating costs and expenses

Interest expense was \$58.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$50.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011. No interest was capitalized during either period. Interest expense increased approximately \$8.2 million primarily due to the issuance of the \$900 million 5 3/8% first mortgage notes in March 2012, offset by the reduction of \$370.9 million in term loan borrowings as described in Note 6 to our Condensed Consolidated Notes to Financial Statements.

Changes in the fair value of our interest rate swaps are recorded as an increase (decrease) in swap fair value in each period. We recorded a gain of approximately \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012, resulting from the increase in the fair value of our interest rate swap during this period. In June 2012, we terminated the interest rate swap for a payment of \$2.4 million. We recorded a gain of \$27,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2011, resulting from the increase in the fair value of our interest rate swap from March 31, 2011 to June 30, 2011.

On March 12, 2012, we entered into an eighth amendment to our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement"). In connection with this amendment we prepaid all term loans under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement, terminated all of our revolving credit commitments that were due to expire in 2013, and terminated all but \$100 million of our revolving credit commitments expiring in 2015. In connection with this transaction, we expensed deferred financing fees of \$4.8 million. In September 2012, we terminated the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement.

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Financial results for the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2011.

Revenues

Net revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2012, are composed of \$256.3 million in casino revenues (36.2% of total net revenues) and \$452.6 million of net non-casino revenues (63.8% of total net revenues). Net revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2011, were comprised of \$352.5 million in casino revenues (44.8% of total net revenues) and \$433.5 million of net non-casino revenues (55.2% of total net revenues).

Casino revenues are comprised of the net win from our table games and slot machine operations. We experienced a decrease in casino revenues of \$96.2 million (27.3%) to \$256.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$352.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, due to a decrease in our table games win percentage. Our table games win percentage (before discounts) for the six months ended June 30, 2012, was 19.2%, which was below the expected range of 21% to 24%; and was significantly lower than the 29.1% experienced in the prior year period. Drop increased \$61.4 million (5.3%) to \$1,230.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$1,168.7 million in the prior year period. Slot machine handle increased \$22.4 million (1.6%) to \$1,426.7 million compared to \$1,404.3 million in the prior year period; however slot machine win decreased \$0.5 million (0.6%) to \$83.5 million as a result of lower hold.

For the six months ended June 30, 2012, room revenues were \$183.5 million, which represents a \$4.5 million (2.5%) increase over the \$179 million generated in the six months ended June 30, 2011. We experienced an increase in ADR during the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2011, and a decrease in occupancy rate of 5 percentage points. ADR has increased as we adjusted rates in an effort to attract customers who would take advantage of all aspects of our resort. See the table below for key operating measures related to our room revenue.

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011
Average Daily Rate	\$ 254	\$ 240
Occupancy	83.5%	88.5%
REVPAR	\$ 212	\$ 212

Other non-gaming revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2012, included food and beverage revenues of \$247.3 million, retail revenues of \$41.2 million, entertainment revenues of \$39.1 million, and other revenues from outlets, including the spa and salon, of \$32.4 million. Other non-casino revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2011, included: food and beverage revenues of \$232.1 million, retail revenues of \$43 million, entertainment revenues of \$39.7 million, and other revenues from outlets such as the spa and salon, of \$31.4 million. Food and beverage revenues increased primarily due to business in our beach club and nightclubs. Entertainment revenues decreased over the prior year period primarily due to a loss of revenues from the Sinatra "Dance with Me" show, which ended its run on April 23, 2011.

Departmental, Administrative and Other Expenses

For the six months ended June 30, 2012, departmental expenses included casino expenses of \$146.3 million, room expense of \$61.8 million, food and beverage expenses of \$145 million, and entertainment, retail and other expenses of \$71.5 million. Also included are general and administrative expenses of \$113.5 million and \$4 million charged as a provision for doubtful accounts receivable. For the six months ended June 30, 2011, departmental expenses included casino expense of \$154.2 million, room expense of \$61 million, food and beverage expense of \$131.5 million, and entertainment, retail and other expense of \$74.6 million. Also included are general and administrative expenses of approximately \$110 million and approximately \$8.5 million charged as a provision for doubtful accounts receivable. Food and beverage expenses increased over the prior year period primarily due to additional nightclub promotional costs. General and administrative expenses increased over the

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prior year period primarily due to higher advertising costs. The provision for doubtful accounts decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2012 as we recorded an adjustment to our reserve estimates for casino accounts receivable based on the results of historical collection patterns and current collection trends.

Management fees

Since opening Wynn Las Vegas, management fees payable to Wynn Resorts for certain corporate management services have been charged and accrued at a rate equal to 1.5% of net revenues. These fees will be paid upon meeting certain leverage ratios and satisfying certain other criteria set forth in the first mortgage notes indentures. Management fees were \$10.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$11.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was \$126.2 million compared to \$132 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011.

Property charges and other

Property charges and other for the six months ended June 30, 2012, were \$5.9 million compared to \$4.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011. Property charges and other for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, related to miscellaneous renovations and abandonments at our resort complex.

In response to our evaluation of our resort complex and the reactions of our guests, we continue to make enhancements. The costs relating to assets retired as a result of these enhancement and remodel efforts will be expensed as property charges.

Other non-operating costs and expenses

Interest expense was \$110.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$100.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011. No interest was capitalized during either period. Interest expense increased approximately \$10 million primarily due to the issuance of the \$900 million 5 3/8% first mortgage notes in March 2012, offset by the reduction of \$370.9 million in term loan borrowings as described in Note 6 to our Condensed Consolidated Notes to Financial Statements.

Changes in the fair value of our interest rate swaps are recorded as an increase (decrease) in swap fair value in each period. We recorded a gain of approximately \$2.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012, resulting from the increase in the fair value of our interest rate swap during this period. In June 2012, we terminated the interest rate swap for a payment of \$2.4 million. We recorded a gain of approximately \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, resulting from the increase in the fair value of our interest rate swap from December 31, 2010 to June 30, 2011.

On March 12, 2012, we entered into an eighth amendment to the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement. In connection with this amendment we prepaid all term loans under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement, terminated all of our revolving credit commitments that were due to expire in 2013, and terminated all but \$100 million of our revolving credit commitments expiring in 2015. In connection with this transaction, we expensed deferred financing fees of \$4.8 million. In September 2012, we terminated the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement.

Financial results for the year ended December 31, 2011 compared to the year ended December 31, 2010.

Revenues

Net revenues for the year ended December 31, 2011 are comprised of \$625.2 million in casino revenues (42.2% of total net revenues) and \$856.7 million of net non-casino revenues (57.8% of total net revenues). Net

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revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010 were comprised of \$534.3 million in casino revenues (41.2% of total net revenues) and \$762.3 million of net non-casino revenues (58.8% of total net revenues).

Casino revenues are comprised of the net win from our table games and slot machine operations. We experienced an increase in casino revenues of \$90.9 million (17%) to \$625.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2011, compared to \$534.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. For the year ended December 31, 2011, we experienced a 9.9% increase in drop and an increase in the average table games win percentage compared to the prior year. Our average table games win percentage (before discounts) of 24.9% was above the expected range of 21% to 24% for the year ended December 31, 2011. For the year ended December 31, 2010, our average table games win percentage (before discounts) was 22.2%. Slot machine handle increased slightly compared to the prior year; however, slot machine win increased 7.0% as more play shifted to higher hold slot machines.

For the year ended December 31, 2011, room revenues were \$354 million, which represents a \$45.6 million (14.8%) increase over the \$308.4 million generated in the year ended December 31, 2010. We experienced an increase in room rates during the year ended December 31, 2011, compared to the prior year, with a 1.9 percentage point decrease in occupancy rate. We were able to achieve an increase in ADR as we adjusted rates to attract a high quality customer who would take advantage of all aspects of our resort. See the table below for key operating measures related to our room revenue.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2011	2010
Average Daily Rate	\$ 242	\$ 210
Occupancy	86.1%	88.0%
REVPAR	\$ 208	\$ 185

Other non-casino revenues for the year ended December 31, 2011, included food and beverage revenues of \$454.7 million, retail revenues of \$87.3 million, entertainment revenues of \$82.2 million, and other revenues from outlets such as the spa and salon of \$60.1 million. Other non-gaming revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010, included food and beverage revenues of \$417.2 million, retail revenues of \$83.1 million, entertainment revenues of \$72 million, and other revenues from outlets, including the spa and salon, of \$58.9 million. The increase in food and beverage revenue is due primarily to business in our nightclubs including the full year of operations of the Encore Beach Club and Surrender Nightclub which opened in May 2010, and increases in our catering and restaurant business that we experienced with the improving tourism and convention markets during 2011. Entertainment revenues increased over the prior year primarily due to revenue from Garth Brooks who performs in the Encore Theater, and the Sinatra "Dance with Me" show which ended its run on April 23, 2011.

Departmental, Administrative and Other Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2011, departmental expenses included casino expenses of \$298.2 million, room expenses of \$122.2 million, food and beverage expenses of \$264.9 million, and entertainment, retail and other expenses of \$147 million. Also included are general and administrative expenses of \$225.5 million and \$20.3 million charged as a provision for doubtful accounts receivable. For the year ended December 31, 2010, departmental expenses included casino expenses of \$288.3 million, room expenses of \$119.4 million, food and beverage expenses of \$256.2 million, and entertainment, retail and other expenses of \$145.3 million. Also included are general and administrative expenses of \$237.7 million and \$15.7 million charged as a provision for doubtful accounts receivable.

Casino expense increased as a result of increased gaming revenue. Although our room revenues increased 14.8%, room expenses increased only 2.3% as the revenue increase was driven primarily by increased ADR.

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Food and beverage expenses increased commensurate with the increase in revenues. General and administrative expenses decreased primarily as a result of lower property tax expense and reduced utility costs. The provision for doubtful accounts receivable increased for the year ended December 31, 2011, primarily due to a higher casino revenue base, compared to the prior year.

Management fees

Since opening Wynn Las Vegas, management fees payable to Wynn Resorts for certain corporate management services have been charged and accrued at a rate equal to 1.5% of net revenues. These fees will be paid upon meeting certain leverage ratios and satisfying certain other criteria set forth in the first mortgage notes indentures. Management fees were \$22.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2011, compared to \$19.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, as revenues increased.

Pre-opening costs

For the year ended December 31, 2011, we incurred no pre-opening costs. Pre-opening costs incurred for the year ended December 31, 2010 of \$2.5 million were related to the Encore Beach Club and Surrender Nightclub which opened in May 2010.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$263.6 million compared to \$274.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. This decrease is primarily due to assets with a 5-year life being fully depreciated as of April 2010 at Wynn Las Vegas, offset by depreciation of the assets of the Encore Beach Club which were placed into service in May 2010.

Property charges and other

Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2011, were \$16.6 million compared to \$19 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2011, include miscellaneous renovations and abandonments at our resort, including modifications of the Encore retail esplanade, the closure of the Blush nightclub and the write off of certain off-site golf memberships. Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2011 also includes the write off of costs related to the Sinatra "Dance with Me" show that ended its run earlier in the year.

Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2010, include a contract termination payment of \$14.9 million related to a management contract for certain of the nightclubs at Wynn Las Vegas and miscellaneous renovations and abandonments.

In response to our evaluation of our resort complex and the reactions of our guests, we continue to make enhancements. The costs relating to assets retired as a result of these enhancement and remodel efforts will be expensed as property charges.

Other non-operating costs and expenses

Interest expense was \$201.3 million, net of capitalized interest of \$0, for the year ended December 31, 2011, compared to \$193.4 million, net of capitalized interest of \$0.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. Our interest expense increased compared to the prior year primarily due to higher interest rates on the first mortgage notes and the Wynn Las Vegas term loan facilities. This increase was partially offset by reduced outstanding balances on the Wynn Las Vegas revolving credit facilities.

Changes in the fair value of our interest rate swaps are recorded as an increase (decrease) in swap fair value in each year. We recorded a gain of \$3.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2011, resulting from the

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increase in the fair value of our interest rate swap from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2011. We recorded an expense of \$4.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, resulting from the decrease in the fair value of our interest rate swap from December 31, 2009 to December 31, 2010. This swap will mature in November 2012.

In April 2010 we completed an exchange offer for a portion of our outstanding 6 ⁵/₈% First Mortgage Notes, due 2014 (the "2014 notes"). In connection with that exchange offer, the direct costs incurred with third parties of \$4.6 million were expensed. In the third quarter of 2010, we completed a tender offer for the then outstanding 2014 notes and subsequent call of all the remaining amounts once the tender was completed. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$65.4 million. This included the tender offer consideration, the call premium and the related write off of the unamortized debt issue costs and original issue discount.

Financial results for the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to the year ended December 31, 2009.

Revenues

Net revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010 are comprised of \$534.3 million in casino revenues (41.2% of total net revenues) and \$762.3 million of net non-casino revenues (58.8% of total net revenues). Net revenues for the year ended December 31, 2009 were comprised of \$505.8 million in casino revenues (41.1% of total net revenues) and \$724.3 million of net non-casino revenues (58.9% of total net revenues).

Casino revenues are comprised of the net win from our table games and slot machine operations. We experienced an increase in casino revenues of approximately \$28.5 million (5.6%) to \$534.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$505.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. For the year ended December 31, 2010, we experienced a 3.4% increase in drop and an increase in the average table games win percentage compared to the prior year. Our average table games win percentage (before discounts) of 22.2% was within the expected range of 21% to 24% for the year ended December 31, 2010. For the year ended December 31, 2009, our average table games win percentage (before discounts) was 20.2%. Slot handle decreased 18.3% for the year ended December 31, 2010 as compared to 2009; however slot win, net of free play and progressive accruals only decreased 6.9% compared to the prior year as more play shifted to higher hold machines.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, room revenues were approximately \$308.4 million, which represents a \$12.7 million (4%) decrease compared to the \$321.2 million generated in the year ended December 31, 2009. We continued to experience a decrease in room rates during the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to the year ended December 31, 2009. We believe this is due to the current economic conditions in which we operate in the U.S. and the increased capacity in the Las Vegas market including the opening of a new large scale casino hotel in Las Vegas in December 2009. Also, due to our remodel of the rooms and suites at Wynn Las Vegas beginning in July 2010, we had 3.8% fewer room nights available during the year ended December 31, 2010 which contributed to a decrease in room revenues compared to the prior year. The room remodel was completed in January 2011 and the suite remodel was completed in May 2011. See the table below for key operating measures related to our room revenue.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2010	2009
Average Daily Rate	\$ 210	\$ 217
Occupancy	88.0%	85.2%
REVPAR	\$ 185	\$ 185

Other non-casino revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010 included food and beverage revenues of approximately \$417.2 million, retail revenues of approximately \$83.1 million, entertainment revenues of approximately \$72 million, and other revenues from outlets such as the spa and salon, of approximately

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\$58.9 million. Other non-gaming revenues for the year ended December 31, 2009 included food and beverage revenues of approximately \$385.8 million, retail revenues of approximately \$85.8 million, entertainment revenues of approximately \$57.1 million, and other revenues from outlets, including the spa and salon, of approximately \$60.5 million. The increase in food and beverage revenue is due primarily to business in our nightclubs including the opening of the Encore Beach Club and Surrender Nightclub in May 2010. Entertainment revenues increased over the prior year primarily due to performances by Garth Brooks in the Encore Theater which started in December 2009, as well as increased revenue from our Le Rêve show.

Departmental, Administrative and Other Expenses

During the year ended December 31, 2010, departmental expenses included casino expenses of \$288.3 million, room expenses of \$119.4 million, food and beverage expenses of \$256.2 million, and entertainment, retail and other expenses of \$145.3 million. Also included are general and administrative expenses of approximately \$237.7 million and approximately \$15.7 million charged as a provision for doubtful accounts receivable. During the year ended December 31, 2009, departmental expenses included casino expenses of \$275.3 million, room expenses of \$109.2 million, food and beverage expenses of \$239.8 million, and entertainment, retail and other expenses of \$133.8 million. Also included are general and administrative expenses of approximately \$246.8 million and approximately \$12.4 million charged as a provision for doubtful accounts receivable. The increase in casino and room expenses was primarily attributable to additional customer acquisition and marketing costs. Food and beverage expenses increased commensurate with the increase in revenue.

Entertainment, retail and other expenses increased primarily as a result of performances by Garth Brooks in the Encore Theater at Wynn Las Vegas as noted above. General and administrative expenses decreased as a result of lower advertising expenses and our cost savings initiatives offset partially by higher repairs and replacement expenses associated with general property maintenance.

Management fees

Since opening Wynn Las Vegas, management fees payable to Wynn Resorts for certain corporate management services have been charged and accrued at a rate equal to 1.5% of net revenues. These fees will be paid upon meeting certain leverage ratios and satisfying certain other criteria set forth in the first mortgage notes indentures. Management fees were \$19.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$18.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Pre-opening costs

For the year ended December 31, 2010, we incurred \$2.5 million of pre-opening costs. We incurred \$0.3 million of preopening costs for the year ended December 31, 2009. Pre-opening costs incurred for the year ended December 31, 2010, were related the Encore Beach Club and Surrender Nightclub which opened in May 2010.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$274.3 million compared to \$313.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. This decrease is primarily due to assets with a 5-year life being fully depreciated as of April 2010 at Wynn Las Vegas, off set by depreciation of the assets of the Encore Beach Club which were placed into service in May 2010.

Property charges and other

Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2010, were \$19 million compared to \$24.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2010

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include a contract termination payment of \$14.9 million related to a management contract for certain of the nightclubs at our resorts, as well as miscellaneous renovations and abandonments at Wynn Las Vegas and Encore.

Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2009, include a charge of \$16.7 million for the abandonment of the front porte-cochere at Encore to make way for the Encore Beach Club, the write-off of \$5.3 million of aircraft purchase deposits and \$2.5 million related to miscellaneous renovations and abandonments.

In response to our evaluation of our resort complex and the reactions of our guests, we continue to make enhancements. The costs relating to assets retired as a result of these enhancement and remodel efforts will be expensed as property charges.

Other non-operating costs and expenses

Interest expense was \$193.4 million, net of capitalized interest of \$0.6 million, for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$157.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. There was no interest capitalized during the year ended December 31, 2009. Interest expense increased \$36.2 million primarily due to increased interest related to the \$500 million 7⁷/₈% First Mortgage Notes issued in October 2009, a higher rate on the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes, as discussed below, and offset partially by reductions in amounts outstanding under the Wynn Las Vegas bank credit facilities compared to the prior year.

Changes in the fair value of our interest rate swaps are recorded as an increase (or decrease) in swap fair value in each year. We recorded an expense of \$4.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, resulting from the decrease in the fair value of our interest rate swap from December 31, 2009 to December 31, 2010. We recorded an expense of approximately \$4.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, resulting from the decrease in the fair value of our interest rate swap from August 2009 (the date we entered into the agreement) to December 31, 2009.

In April 2010 we completed an exchange offer for a portion of our outstanding 2014 notes. In connection with that exchange offer, the direct costs incurred with third parties of \$4.6 million were expensed. In the third quarter of 2010, we completed a tender offer for the then outstanding 2014 notes and subsequent call of all the remaining amounts once the tender was completed. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$65.4 million. This included the tender offer consideration, the call premium and the related write off of the unamortized debt issue costs and original issue discount.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow from Operations

Our operating cash flows primarily consist of our operating income generated by our resort complex (excluding depreciation and other non-cash charges), interest paid, and changes in working capital accounts such as receivables, inventories, prepaid expenses and payables. Our table games play is a mix of cash play and credit play, while our slot machine play is conducted primarily on a cash basis. A significant portion of our table games revenue is attributable to the play of a limited number of premium international customers that gamble on credit. The ability to collect these gaming receivables may impact our operating cash flow for the period. Our rooms, food and beverage, and entertainment, retail and other revenue is conducted primarily on a cash basis or as a trade receivable. Accordingly, operating cash flows will be impacted by changes in operating income and accounts receivables.

Net cash provided by operations for the six months ended June 30, 2012, was \$73.7 million compared to \$137.6 million provided by operations for the six months ended June 30, 2011. This decrease is primarily due to

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the decrease in operating income as a result of decreased casino department profitability offset by beneficial changes in working capital.

Net cash provided by operations for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$228 million compared to \$104.6 million provided by operations for the year ended December 31, 2010. This increase is primarily due to the increase in operating income as a result of increased casino and rooms department profitability. Cash flow from operations were negatively impacted by a \$50.4 million increase in cash paid for interest as our interest payment dates changed with the debt transactions we completed last year and ordinary changes in working capital.

Capital Resources

In September 2012, we terminated the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement and, in accordance with the respective indentures, the liens (other than the Holdings pledge) securing, and the subsidiary guarantees of, the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes and the old notes were released. Also in September 2012, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC made a distribution payment to Wynn Resorts of \$700 million, thus reducing the available cash at Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. As of September 19, 2012, we had approximately \$67 million of cash and cash equivalents available for use without restriction, including for operations, debt service and retirement, new development activities, enhancements to Wynn Las Vegas and general corporate purposes. See “Summary—Recent Developments.” We require a certain amount of cash on hand for operations. We anticipate such funds, together with cash generated from operations, will satisfy our liquidity needs for the next 12 months. Except for scheduled quarterly payments on one note payable, we have no debt maturities until July 2017.

At June 30, 2012, we had \$771.9 million of cash and cash equivalents available for use without restriction, including for operations, debt service and retirement, new development activities, enhancements to Wynn Las Vegas and general corporate purposes. Our cash balance increased as a result of the issuance of the \$900 million first mortgage notes in March 2012. As of June 30, 2012, we had \$84.2 million available to draw under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement.

At December 31, 2011, we had approximately \$201.4 million of cash and cash equivalents available for use without restriction, including for operations, debt service and retirement, new development activities, enhancements to Wynn Las Vegas and general corporate purposes. As of December 31, 2011, we had \$351.1 million of availability under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement.

Investing Activities

Capital expenditures were approximately \$23.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012, and related primarily to general property maintenance. Capital expenditures were approximately \$34.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and related primarily to the room and suite remodel that began in 2010.

Capital expenditures were approximately \$65.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2011, and were primarily related to the room and suite remodel at Wynn Las Vegas, the new high limit slot salon, the new Tower Suites lobby and lounge and other property remodels. Capital expenditures were approximately \$157.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, and were related primarily to the Wynn Las Vegas room and suite remodel and the Encore Beach Club and Surrender Nightclub. Capital expenditures were approximately \$245 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 and were almost entirely related to the construction of Encore.

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Financing Activities

As of June 30, 2012, we had the following first mortgage notes outstanding:

7.875% First Mortgage Notes due 2017

In October 2009, we issued, in a private offering, \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 7.875% first mortgage notes due November 1, 2017 at a price of 97.823% of the principal amount. We pay interest on the 2017 notes on May 1st and November 1st of each year. Commencing November 1, 2013, the 2017 notes are redeemable at our option at a price equal to 103.938% of the principal amount redeemed and the premium over the principal amount declines ratably on November 1st of each year thereafter to zero on or after November 1, 2015. The 2017 notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). Our obligations under the 2017 notes rank *pari passu* in right of payment with the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes. The 2017 notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. The indenture governing the 2017 notes contains customary negative covenants and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants that restrict our ability to: pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets or create dividend and other payment restriction affecting subsidiaries.

7^{7/8}% First Mortgage Notes due 2020

In April 2010, we issued, in a private offering, \$382 million aggregate principal amount of 7^{7/8}% first mortgage notes due May 1, 2020. The 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes were issued pursuant to an exchange offer for previously issued notes that were to mature in December 2014. We pay interest on the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes on May 1st and November 1st of each year. Commencing May 1, 2015, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes are redeemable at our option at a price equal to 103.938% of the principal amount redeemed and the premium over the principal amount declines ratably on May 1st of each year thereafter to zero on or after May 1, 2018. The 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). Our obligations under the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes rank *pari passu* in right of payment with the 2017 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes. The 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. The indenture governing the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes contains customary negative covenants and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants that restrict our ability to: pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets or create dividend and other payment restriction affecting subsidiaries.

7^{3/4}% First Mortgage Notes due 2020

In August 2010, we issued \$1.32 billion aggregate principal amount of 7^{3/4}% first mortgage notes due August 15, 2020. The 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes were issued at par. The 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes refinanced our previous note issue that was to mature in December 2014. We pay interest on the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes on February 15th and August 15th of each year. Commencing August 15, 2015, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes are redeemable at our option at a price equal to 103.875% of the principal amount redeemed and the premium over the principal amount declines ratably on August 15th of each year thereafter to zero on or after August 15, 2018. The 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). Our obligations under the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes rank *pari passu* in right of payment with the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes and the notes. The 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. The indenture governing the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes contains customary negative covenants and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants that restrict our ability to: pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets or create dividend and other payment restriction affecting subsidiaries.

5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022

On March 12, 2012, we issued \$900 million aggregate principal amount of old notes. The old notes mature on March 15, 2022 and bear interest at the rate of 5.375% per year. We pay interest on the old notes on March 15

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and September 15 of each year. Commencing March 15, 2017, the old notes will become redeemable at our option at a price equal to 102.688% of the principal amount redeemed and declining ratably on March 15 of each year thereafter to 100.000% on or after March 15, 2020. The old notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). Our obligations under the old notes rank pari passu in right of payment with the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes and the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes. The old notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. The indenture governing the old notes contains covenants limiting our ability to pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; issue stock of, or member's interests in, subsidiaries; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; engage in other businesses; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets; issue disqualified stock; create dividend and other payment restrictions affecting subsidiaries; designate restricted and unrestricted subsidiaries and other specified types of transactions.

Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement

On September 17, 2012, we terminated the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement. See "Summary—Recent Developments."

Parent Company contributions

During the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, Wynn Resorts made cash capital contributions to us in the amount of \$50 million and \$413 million, respectively. The proceeds from these contributions were used to fund construction costs of Encore paid during 2009 and to fund paydowns of our outstanding debt.

Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any transactions with special purpose entities nor do we engage in any derivatives except for previously discussed interest rate swaps. We do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity. At June 30, 2012, we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$15.8 million.

The following table summarizes our scheduled contractual commitments at December 31, 2011 (amounts in millions):

	Payments Due By Period				Total
	Less Than 1 Year	1 to 3 Years	4 to 5 Years	After 5 Years	
Long-term debt obligations	\$ 89.4	\$ 33.5	\$254.6	\$2,230.7	\$2,608.2
Fixed interest payments	171.8	343.6	343.5	503.9	1,362.8
Estimated variable interest payments(1)	15.5	29.0	9.7	0.2	54.4
Operating leases	2.1	3.5	2.5	2.8	10.9
Construction contracts and commitments	6.7	—	—	—	6.7
Employment agreements	24.8	24.1	2.3	—	51.2
Other(2)	28.0	31.6	—	—	59.6
Total commitments	<u>\$338.3</u>	<u>\$465.3</u>	<u>\$612.6</u>	<u>\$2,737.6</u>	<u>\$4,153.8</u>

(1) Amounts for all periods represent our estimated future interest payments on our debt facilities based upon amounts outstanding and LIBOR rates at December 31, 2011. Actual rates will vary.

(2) Other includes open purchase orders and other contracts.

As noted above, in March 2012, we issued the old notes, repaid all amounts outstanding under the term loan facilities totaling \$370.9 million and reduced our revolving facilities to \$100 million. In June 2012, we terminated our interest rate swap agreement as described below. In September 2012, we terminated the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement. Otherwise, there have been no other material changes from the above table relating to our contractual obligations or off-balance sheet arrangements.

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Other Liquidity Matters

We are restricted under the indentures governing the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes from making certain “restricted payments” as defined in the indentures. These restricted payments include the payment of dividends or distributions to any direct or indirect holders of equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. These restricted payments may not be made until certain other financial and non-financial criteria have been satisfied.

If we experience certain specific change of control events, subject to certain exceptions, we will be required under the indentures governing the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes to offer to repurchase all outstanding notes at 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of repurchase. For example, the indenture governing the notes provide that if Stephen A. Wynn, together with certain related parties, in the aggregate beneficially owns a lesser percentage of the outstanding common stock of Wynn Resorts than are beneficially owned by any other person, a change of control will have occurred. In connection with the ongoing litigation with Kazuo Okada, Elaine P. Wynn has asserted a cross claim against Stephen A. Wynn and Kazuo Okada with respect to the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement. If Elaine P. Wynn prevails in her claim, Stephen A. Wynn would not beneficially own or control Elaine P. Wynn’s shares and a change in control may result under the indenture governing the notes. We cannot assure you that we will have available funds sufficient to pay the change of control purchase price for any or all of the notes that might be delivered by holders of the notes seeking to accept the change of control offer. See “Description of the New Notes—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Change of Control.” See also “Management—Directors—Class I Directors (Terms expire at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which is scheduled for November 2, 2012)—Elaine P. Wynn,” for information regarding litigation filed by Elaine P. Wynn.

We intend to fund our operations and capital requirements from cash on hand and operating cash flow. In September 2012, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC made a distribution payment to Wynn Resorts of \$700 million, thus reducing the available cash at Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. As of September 19, 2012, we had approximately \$67 million of cash and cash equivalents available for use without restriction, including for operations, debt service and retirement, new development activities, enhancements to Wynn Las Vegas and general corporate purposes. See “Summary—Recent Developments.” We cannot be sure that we will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings that are available to us, if any, will be sufficient to enable us to service and repay Wynn Las Vegas, LLC’s indebtedness and to fund our other liquidity needs. We cannot be sure that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness on acceptable terms or at all. Certain legal matters may also impact our liquidity. See the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 10, “Commitments and Contingencies,” included in this prospectus.

New business developments or other unforeseen events may occur, resulting in the need to raise additional funds. We continue to explore opportunities to develop additional gaming or related businesses in Las Vegas, as well as other domestic or international markets. There can be no assurances regarding the business prospects with respect to any other opportunity. Any other development would require us to obtain additional financing.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management’s discussion and analysis of our results of operations and liquidity and capital resources are based on our consolidated financial statements. Our consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Certain of our accounting policies require management to apply significant judgment in defining the appropriate assumptions integral to financial estimates. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates those estimates, including those relating to the estimated lives of depreciable assets, asset impairment, allowances for doubtful accounts, accruals for customer loyalty rewards, self-insurance, contingencies, litigation and other items. Judgments are based on historical experience, terms of existing contracts, industry trends and information available from outside sources, as appropriate. However, by their nature, judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty, and therefore actual results could differ from our estimates.

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Development, Construction and Property and Equipment Estimates

During the construction and development of a resort, pre-opening or start-up costs are expensed when incurred. In connection with the construction and development of our resort, significant start-up costs were incurred and charged to pre-opening costs prior to the opening date. Once open, expenses associated with the opening of the resort are no longer charged as pre-opening costs.

During the construction and development stage, direct costs such as those incurred for the design and construction of our properties, including applicable portions of interest, are capitalized. Accordingly, the recorded amounts of property and equipment increase significantly during construction periods. Depreciation expense related to capitalized construction costs is recognized when the related assets are placed in service. Upon the opening of our resorts, we begin recognizing depreciation expense on the fixed assets.

The remaining estimated useful lives of assets are periodically reviewed and adjusted as necessary.

Costs of repairs and maintenance are charged to expense when incurred. The cost and accumulated depreciation of property and equipment retired or otherwise disposed of are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in operating income or loss.

We also evaluate our property and equipment and other long-lived assets for impairment in accordance with accounting standards for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. For assets to be disposed of, we recognize the asset at the lower of carrying value or fair market value less costs of disposal, as estimated based on comparable asset sales, solicited offers, or a discounted cash flow model. For assets to be held and used, we review for impairment whenever indicators of impairment exist. In reviewing for impairment we compare the estimated future cash flows of the asset, on an undiscounted basis, to the carrying value of the asset. If the undiscounted cash flows exceed the carrying value, no impairment is indicated. If the undiscounted cash flows do not exceed the carrying value, then an impairment is recorded based on the fair value of the asset, typically measured using a discounted cash flow model. If an asset is still under development, future cash flows include remaining construction costs. All recognized impairment losses, whether for assets to be disposed of or assets to be held and used, are recorded as operating expenses.

Allowance for Estimated Doubtful Accounts Receivable

A substantial portion of our outstanding receivables relate to casino credit play. Credit play, through the issuance of markers, represents a significant portion of the table games volume at Wynn Las Vegas. We maintain strict controls over the issuance of markers and aggressively pursue collection from those customers who fail to pay their balances in a timely fashion. These collection efforts may include the mailing of statements and delinquency notices, personal contacts, the use of outside collection agencies, and litigation. Markers are generally legally enforceable instruments in the United States. Markers are not legally enforceable instruments in some foreign countries, but the United States assets of foreign customers may be used to satisfy judgments entered in the United States. At June 30, 2012, December 31, 2011 and 2010, approximately 70%, 75% and 75%, respectively, of our casino accounts receivable were owed by customers from foreign countries, primarily in Asia. The collectability of markers given by foreign customers is affected by a number of factors including changes in currency exchange rates and economic conditions in the customers' home countries.

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We regularly evaluate our reserve for bad debts based on a specific review of customer accounts as well as management's prior experience with collection trends in the casino industry and current economic and business conditions. The following table presents key statistics related to our casino accounts receivables (amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Casino accounts receivable	\$ 156,414	\$ 156,469	\$ 139,932
Allowance for doubtful casino accounts receivable	\$ 54,354	\$ 56,190	\$ 43,440
Allowance as a percentage of casino accounts receivable	34.8%	35.9%	31.0%
Percentage of casino accounts receivable outstanding over 180 days	32.5%	26.1%	22.0%

Our reserve for doubtful casino accounts receivable is based on our estimates of amounts collectible and depends on the risk assessments and judgments by our employees regarding realizability, the state of the economy and our credit policy.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2012, the Company recorded an adjustment to its reserve estimates for casino accounts receivable based on the results of historical collection patterns and current collection trends. This adjustment benefited operating income and net loss by \$9.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012. This change in estimate was the primary factor that resulted in a \$0.3 million credit to the provision for doubtful accounts for the quarter ended June 30, 2012.

As our customer payment experience evolves, we will continue to refine our estimated reserve for bad debts. Accordingly, the associated provision for doubtful accounts charge may fluctuate. Because individual customer account balances can be significant, the reserve and the provision can change significantly between periods, as we become aware of additional information about a customer or as changes occur in a region's economy or legal system.

Derivative Financial Instruments

We seek to manage our market risk, including interest rate risk associated with variable rate borrowings, through balancing fixed-rate and variable-rate borrowings and the use of derivative financial instruments. We account for derivative financial instruments in accordance with applicable accounting standards. Derivative financial instruments are recognized as assets or liabilities, with changes in fair value affecting net income or comprehensive income, as applicable. Changes in the fair value of this interest rate swap have and will continue to be recorded as an increase/ (decrease) in swap fair value in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations as the swap does not qualify for hedge accounting.

We measure the fair value of our interest rate swaps on a recurring basis. Accounting standards establish a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. We categorize our interest rate swap contract as Level 2. The fair value approximates the amount we would receive (pay) if these contracts were settled at the respective valuation dates. Fair value is estimated based upon current, and predictions of future, interest rate levels along a yield curve, the remaining duration of the instruments and other market conditions, and therefore is subject to significant estimation and a high degree of variability of fluctuation between periods. We adjust this amount by applying a non-performance valuation, considering our creditworthiness or the creditworthiness of our counterparties at each settlement date, as applicable.

Wynn Resorts' Equity Instruments Issued to Employees—Stock-Based Compensation

Accounting standards for stock-based payments establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods and services or incurs a liability in exchange for goods and services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. It requires an entity to measure the costs of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award and recognize that cost over the service period. We use the Black-Scholes valuation model to value the equity instruments we issue. The Black-Scholes valuation model uses assumptions of expected volatility, risk-free interest rates, the expected term of options granted, and expected rates of dividends. Management determines these assumptions by reviewing current market rates, making industry comparisons and reviewing conditions relevant to our Company.

The expected volatility and expected term assumptions can significantly impact the fair value of stock options. We believe that the valuation techniques and the approach utilized to develop our assumptions are appropriate in calculating the fair value of the options we grant. We estimate the expected stock price volatility using a combination of implied and historical factors related to our stock price in accordance with applicable accounting standards. As our stock price fluctuates, this estimate will change. Expected term represents the estimated average time between the option's grant date and its exercise date. For the year ended December 31, 2011, no stock options were granted.

Accounting standards also require the classification of stock compensation expense in the same financial statement line items as cash compensation, and therefore impacts our departmental expenses (and related operating margins), pre-opening costs and construction in progress for our development projects, and our general and administrative expenses (including corporate expenses).

For the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company recorded \$2.7 million and \$4.4 million, respectively, in share based compensation with a corresponding credit to contributed capital. For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded \$7.4 million and \$11.3 million, respectively, in stock-based compensation with a corresponding credit to contributed capital.

Self-Insurance Reserves

We are self-insured up to certain limits for costs of employee health coverage (fully insured for employee health coverage beginning January 1, 2012), workers' compensation and general liability claims. Insurance claims and reserves include accruals of estimated settlements for known claims, as well as accruals of estimates for claims incurred but not yet reported. In estimating these accruals, we consider historical loss experience and make judgments about the expected level of costs per claim. Management believes the estimates of future liability are reasonable based upon its methodology; however, changes in health care costs, accident frequency and severity could materially affect the estimate for these liabilities.

Customer Loyalty Program

We offer a slot club program whereby customers may earn points based on their level of play that may be redeemed for free credits which must be replayed in the slot machine. We accrue a liability based on the points earned times the redemption value, less an estimate for breakage, and record a related reduction in casino revenue.

Slot Machine Jackpots

We do not accrue a liability for base jackpots because we have the ability to avoid payment of such amounts as our slot machines can legally be removed from the gaming floor without payment of the base amount. When we are unable to avoid payment of the jackpot (i.e. the incremental amount on a progressive machine) due to

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legal requirements, the jackpot is accrued as the obligation becomes unavoidable. This liability is accrued over the time period in which the incremental progressive jackpot amount is generated with a related reduction in casino revenue.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued an accounting standards update that is intended to align the principles for fair value measurements and the related disclosure requirements under GAAP and IFRS. From a GAAP perspective, the updates are largely clarifications and certain additional disclosures. The effective date for this update is for years, and the interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. This update did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued an accounting standards update that will require items of net income, items of other comprehensive income (“OCI”) and total comprehensive income to be presented in one continuous statement or two separate but consecutive statements. This will make the presentation of items within OCI more prominent. Companies will no longer be allowed to present OCI in the statement of stockholders’ equity. The effective date for this update is for years, and the interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices.

Interest Rate Risks

As of June 30, 2012, our primary exposure to market risk was interest rate risk associated with our debt facilities that bear interest based on floating rates. On September 17, 2012, we terminated the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement, and are no longer exposed to interest rate risk. See “Summary—Recent Developments” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Financing Activities.” We do not use derivative financial instruments, other financial instruments or derivative commodity instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The following table provides estimated future cash flow and related weighted average interest rates by expected maturity date, as derived from our best estimates of repayments at December 31, 2011 on our expected long-term indebtedness but does not give effect to the issuance and sale of the old notes and the use of proceeds from the offering of the old notes. However, we cannot predict the LIBOR rate that will be in effect in the future. Actual rates will vary. The one-month LIBOR rate at December 31, 2011 of 0.295% was used for all variable rate calculations in the table below.

	As of December 31,						
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Thereafter	Total
	(in millions)						
Long-term debt:							
Fixed rate	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$2,202.0	\$2,202.0
Average interest rate	—	—	—	—	—	7.8%	7.8%
Variable rate	\$89.4	\$32.1	\$ 1.4	\$253.2	\$ 1.4	\$ 28.7	\$ 406.2
Average interest rate	3.15%	2.14%	1.55%	3.29%	1.55%	1.55%	3.03%

Interest Rate Swaps

In June 2012, we terminated our only outstanding interest rate swap agreement for a payment of \$2.4 million. This interest rate swap was intended to hedge a portion of the underlying interest rate risk on borrowings

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under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement, which was terminated on September 17, 2012. Under this swap agreement, we paid a fixed interest rate of 2.485% on borrowings of \$250 million incurred under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable LIBOR at the time of payment. This interest rate swap fixed the interest rate on \$250 million of borrowings under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement at approximately 5.485%. Changes in the fair value of this interest rate swap prior to termination were recorded as an increase (decrease) in swap fair value in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss as the swap did not qualify for hedge accounting.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

As of June 30, 2012, our long-term debt was essentially based on fixed rates, including the notional amount of our swap.

BUSINESS

General

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC owns and operates Wynn Las Vegas, a destination casino resort on the Strip in Las Vegas, Nevada. Wynn Las Vegas was expanded with the opening of Encore in April 2008. Wynn Capital is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, incorporated on June 3, 2002, solely for the purpose of obtaining financing for Wynn Las Vegas. Wynn Capital is authorized to issue 2,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01. At June 30, 2012, the Company owned the one share that was issued and outstanding. Wynn Capital has neither any significant net assets nor any operating activity. Its sole function is to serve as the co-issuer of the mortgage notes described below.

Wynn Las Vegas

We believe that Wynn Las Vegas offers exceptional accommodations, amenities and service for our premium guests. Wynn Las Vegas features approximately 4,750 hotel rooms and suites, 220 table games, 2,430 slot machines and a poker room in approximately 186,000 square feet of casino gaming space (including a sky casino and private gaming salons), casual and fine dining in 35 food and beverage outlets, two spas and salons, lounges, meeting facilities and approximately 94,000 square feet of retail space promenade featuring boutiques from Alexander McQueen, Brioni, Cartier, Chanel, Dior, Graff, Hermès, Loro Piana, Louis Vuitton, Manolo Blahnik, Oscar de la Renta, Vertu and others. Our Las Vegas Operations also offers three nightclubs, a beach club, two spas and salons, a Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership, wedding chapels, an 18-hole golf course, approximately 283,000 square feet of meeting space, a specially designed theater presenting “Le Rêve,” a water-based theatrical production, and an Encore Theater presenting Garth Brooks and other headliner entertainment acts. We believe that the unique experience of our resort drives the significant visitation experienced since opening.

For the sixth consecutive year, The Tower Suites at Wynn Las Vegas has received both the Forbes five-star and AAA five-diamond distinctions. The Spa at Wynn Las Vegas earned five-star recognition from Forbes for the fourth year in a row. For the third consecutive year, the Encore Tower Suites has received both the Forbes five-star and AAA five-diamond distinctions. The Spa at Encore also earned five-star recognition from Forbes for the third year in a row. The Spa at Wynn Las Vegas and the Spa at Encore are two of the only four spas in Las Vegas to be recognized with the Forbes five-star award.

Construction and Other Development

In the ordinary course of our business, in response to market developments and customer preferences, we have made and continue to make certain enhancements and refinements to our resort complex.

Our Strategy

We believe that Stephen A. Wynn is the preeminent designer, developer and operator of destination casino resorts and has developed brand name status. Mr. Wynn’s involvement with our casino resorts provides a distinct advantage over other gaming enterprises. We integrate luxurious surroundings, distinctive entertainment and superior amenities, including convention facilities, fine dining and premium retail offerings, to create resorts that appeal to a variety of customers.

Our resort is designed and built to provide a premium experience. Wynn Las Vegas is positioned as a full-service luxury resort and casino in the leisure, convention and tour and travel industries. We market our resort directly to gaming customers using database marketing techniques, as well as traditional incentives, including reduced room rates and complimentary meals and suites. Our rewards system offers discounted and complimentary meals, lodging and entertainment for our guests. We also create general market awareness for our resort through various media channels, including: social media, television, radio, newspapers, magazines, the internet, direct mail and billboards.

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Mr. Wynn and his team bring significant experience in designing, developing and operating casino resorts. The senior executive team has an average of over 25 years of experience in the hotel and gaming industries. We also have an approximately 90-person design, development and construction affiliate, the senior management of which has significant experience in all major construction disciplines.

Market and Competition

Las Vegas

Las Vegas is the largest gaming market in the United States. The casino/hotel industry in Las Vegas is highly competitive and, prior to the recent economic conditions and interruption in projects under development, had undergone a period of exceptional growth, particularly with the addition of projects targeting the premium customer. Wynn Las Vegas is located on the Las Vegas Strip and competes with other high-quality resorts and hotel casinos on the Strip, those in downtown Las Vegas, as well as a large number of hotels in and near Las Vegas. Many competing properties draw a significant number of visitors and directly compete with our operations. Resorts located on or near the Las Vegas Strip compete with other Las Vegas Strip hotels and with other hotel casinos in Las Vegas on the basis of overall atmosphere, range of amenities, level of service, price, location, entertainment, themes and size, among other factors. We seek to differentiate Wynn Las Vegas from other major Las Vegas resorts by concentrating on our fundamental elements of design, atmosphere, personal service and luxury.

Wynn Las Vegas also competes, to some extent, with other hotel/casino facilities in Nevada and throughout the United States, casino resorts throughout Asia and elsewhere in the world. In addition, the legalization of casino gaming in or near metropolitan areas from which we attract customers could have a negative effect on our business. New or renovated casinos in Asia, including our properties in Macau, could draw Asian gaming customers away from Las Vegas.

Current Economic and Operating Environment

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the economic environment in the Las Vegas gaming, hotel, tourism, and convention markets were stable compared to 2011. For the six months ended June 30, 2012, the average daily room rate increased 4.3%, visitation increased 2.4% to 19.9 million visitors, and Las Vegas Strip revenues decreased 0.6%, all as compared to the prior year period. For the six months ended June 30, 2012, our financial results were adversely impacted by a lower than normal table games win percentage. While we experienced a decrease in occupancy rate over the prior year period, we were able to achieve an increase in average daily rate as we adjusted rates in an effort to attract customers who would take advantage of all aspects of our resort.

During 2011, the economic environment in the gaming, hotel, tourism and convention markets in Las Vegas began to improve with increased levels of gaming revenue, visitation and hotel room demand. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the average daily room rate increased 10.7%, visitation increased 4.3% to 38.9 million visitors, and Las Vegas Strip gaming revenues increased 5.1%, all as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the average daily room rate increased 2%, visitation increased 2.7% to 37.3 million visitors, and Las Vegas Strip gaming revenues increased 4.5%, all as compared to the year ended December 31, 2009. While these gaming and hotel statistics have increased from prior year levels, uncertainty still exists in the Las Vegas market.

For the year ended December 31, 2011, we benefited from a higher than normal table games win percentage, improved ADR and increased visitation resulting in an increase in all revenue streams including entertainment, food and beverage. While we experienced a decrease in occupancy rate over the prior year, we were able to achieve an increase in average daily rate as we adjusted rates in an effort to attract a higher quality customer who would take advantage of all aspects of our resort.

Regulation and Licensing

Introduction. The gaming industry is highly regulated. Gaming registrations, licenses and approvals, once obtained, can be suspended or revoked for a variety of reasons. We cannot assure you that we will obtain all required registrations, licenses and approvals on a timely basis or at all, or that, once obtained, the registrations, findings of suitability, licenses and approvals will not be suspended, conditioned, limited or revoked. If we ever are prohibited from operating Wynn Las Vegas or any other property we may own and operate in the future, we would, to the extent permitted by law, seek to recover our investment by selling the property affected, but we cannot assure you that we would recover its full value.

The ownership and operation of casino gaming facilities in the State of Nevada are subject to the Nevada Gaming Control Act and the regulations made under the Act, as well as to various local ordinances. Our properties are subject to the licensing and regulatory control of the Nevada Gaming Commission, the Nevada State Gaming Control Board and the Clark County Liquor and Gaming Licensing Board, which we refer to herein collectively as the “Nevada Gaming Authorities.”

Policy Concerns of Gaming Laws. The laws, regulations and supervisory procedures of the Nevada Gaming Authorities are based upon declarations of public policy. Such public policy concerns include, among other things:

- preventing unsavory or unsuitable persons from being directly or indirectly involved with gaming at any time or in any capacity;
- establishing and maintaining responsible accounting practices and procedures;
- maintaining effective controls over the financial practices of licensees, including establishing minimum procedures for internal fiscal affairs and safeguarding assets and revenue, providing reliable recordkeeping and requiring the filing of periodic reports with the Nevada Gaming Authorities;
- preventing cheating and fraudulent practices; and
- providing a source of state and local revenue through taxation and licensing fees.

Changes in applicable laws, regulations and procedures could have significant negative effects on Wynn Las Vegas’ gaming operations and our financial condition and results of operations.

Owner and Operator Licensing Requirements. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, as the owner and operator of Wynn Las Vegas, has been approved by the Nevada Gaming Authorities as a limited liability company licensee, referred to as a company licensee, which includes approval to conduct casino gaming operations, including a race book and sports pool and pari-mutuel wagering. These gaming licenses are not transferable.

Company Registration Requirements. Wynn Resorts was found suitable by the Nevada Gaming Commission to own the equity interests in Wynn Holdings and to be registered by the Nevada Gaming Commission as a publicly traded corporation, referred to as a registered company, for the purposes of the Nevada Gaming Control Act. Wynn Holdings was found suitable by the Nevada Gaming Commission to own the equity interests in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and to be registered by the Nevada Gaming Commission as an intermediary company. In addition to being licensed, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, as an issuer of debt securities that were registered with the SEC, also qualified as a registered company. Wynn Capital, a co-issuer of the debt securities, was not required to be registered or licensed, but may be required to be found suitable as a lender or financing source.

Periodically, we are required to submit detailed financial and operating reports to the Nevada Gaming Commission and provide any other information that the Nevada Gaming Commission may require. Substantially all of our material loans, leases, sales of securities and similar financing transactions must be reported to, and/or approved by, the Nevada Gaming Commission.

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Individual Licensing Requirements. No person may become a more than 5% stockholder or member of, or receive any percentage of the profits of, an intermediary company or company licensee without first obtaining licenses and approvals from the Nevada Gaming Authorities. The Nevada Gaming Authorities may investigate any individual who has a material relationship to or material involvement with us to determine whether the individual is suitable or should be licensed as a business associate of a gaming licensee. Certain of our officers, directors and key employees have been or may be required to file applications with the Nevada Gaming Authorities and are or may be required to be licensed or found suitable by the Nevada Gaming Authorities. All applications required as of the date of this report have been filed. However, the Nevada Gaming Authorities may require additional applications and may also deny an application for licensing for any reason, which they deem appropriate. A finding of suitability is comparable to licensing, and both require submission of detailed personal and financial information followed by a thorough investigation. An applicant for licensing or an applicant for a finding of suitability must pay or must cause to be paid all the costs of the investigation. Changes in licensed positions must be reported to the Nevada Gaming Authorities and, in addition to their authority to deny an application for a finding of suitability or licensing, the Nevada Gaming Authorities have the jurisdiction to disapprove a change in a corporate position.

If the Nevada Gaming Authorities were to find an officer, director or key employee unsuitable for licensing or unsuitable to continue having a relationship with us, we would have to sever all relationships with that person. In addition, the Nevada Gaming Commission may require us to terminate the employment of any person who refuses to file appropriate applications. Determinations of suitability or questions pertaining to licensing are not subject to judicial review in Nevada.

Consequences of Violating Gaming Laws. If the Nevada Gaming Commission determines that we have violated the Nevada Gaming Control Act or any of its regulations, it could limit, condition, suspend or revoke our registrations and gaming license. In addition, we and the persons involved could be subject to substantial fines for each separate violation of the Nevada Gaming Control Act, or of the regulations of the Nevada Gaming Commission, at the discretion of the Nevada Gaming Commission. Further, the Nevada Gaming Commission could appoint a supervisor to operate Wynn Las Vegas and, under specified circumstances, earnings generated during the supervisor's appointment (except for the reasonable rental value of the premises) could be forfeited to the State of Nevada. Limitation, conditioning or suspension of any of our gaming licenses and the appointment of a supervisor could, and revocation of any gaming license would, have a significant negative effect on our gaming operations.

Requirements for Voting or Nonvoting Securities Holders. Regardless of the number of shares held, any beneficial owner of a registered company's voting or nonvoting securities may be required to file an application, be investigated and have that person's suitability as a beneficial owner of voting securities determined if the Nevada Gaming Commission has reason to believe that the ownership would be inconsistent with the declared policies of the State of Nevada. If the beneficial owner of the voting or nonvoting securities of Wynn Resorts who must be found suitable is a corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company or trust, it must submit detailed business and financial information including a list of its beneficial owners. The applicant must pay all costs of the investigation incurred by the Nevada Gaming Authorities in conducting any investigation.

The Nevada Gaming Control Act requires any person who acquires more than 5% of the voting securities of a registered company to report the acquisition to the Nevada Gaming Commission. The Nevada Gaming Control Act requires beneficial owners of more than 10% of a registered company's voting securities to apply to the Nevada Gaming Commission for a finding of suitability within 30 days after the Chairman of the Nevada State Gaming Control Board mails the written notice requiring such filing. However, an "institutional investor," as defined in the Nevada Gaming Control Act, which beneficially owns more than 10% but not more than 11% of a registered company's voting securities as a result of a stock repurchase by the registered company may not be required to file such an application. Further, an institutional investor which acquires more than 10%, but not more than 25%, of a registered company's voting securities may apply to the Nevada Gaming Commission for a waiver of a finding of suitability if the institutional investor holds the voting securities for investment purposes only. An institutional investor that has obtained a waiver may hold more than 25% but not more than 29% of a

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registered company's voting securities and maintain its waiver where the additional ownership results from a stock repurchase by the registered company. An institutional investor will not be deemed to hold voting securities for investment purposes unless the voting securities were acquired and are held in the ordinary course of business as an institutional investor and not for the purpose of causing, directly or indirectly, the election of a majority of the members of the board of directors of the registered company, a change in the corporate charter, bylaws, management, policies or operations of the registered company, or any of its gaming affiliates, or any other action which the Nevada Gaming Commission finds to be inconsistent with holding the registered company's voting securities for investment purposes only. Activities which are not deemed to be inconsistent with holding voting securities for investment purposes only include:

- voting on all matters voted on by stockholders or interest holders;
- making financial and other inquiries of management of the type normally made by securities analysts for informational purposes and not to cause a change in its management, policies or operations; and
- other activities that the Nevada Gaming Commission may determine to be consistent with such investment intent.

The articles of incorporation of Wynn Resorts include provisions intended to assist its implementation of the above restrictions.

Consequences of Being Found Unsuitable. Any person who fails or refuses to apply for a finding of suitability or a license within 30 days after being ordered to do so by the Nevada Gaming Commission or by the Chairman of the Nevada State Gaming Control Board, or who refuses or fails to pay the investigative costs incurred by the Nevada Gaming Authorities in connection with the investigation of its application, may be found unsuitable. The same restrictions apply to a record owner if the record owner, after request, fails to identify the beneficial owner. Any person found unsuitable and who holds, directly or indirectly, any beneficial ownership of any voting security or debt security of a registered company beyond the period of time as may be prescribed by the Nevada Gaming Commission may be guilty of a criminal offense. We will be subject to disciplinary action if, after we receive notice that a person is unsuitable to hold an equity interest or to have any other relationship with us, we:

- pay that person any dividend or interest upon any voting securities;
- allow that person to exercise, directly or indirectly, any voting right held by that person relating to Wynn Resorts;
- pay remuneration in any form to that person for services rendered or otherwise; or,
- fail to pursue all lawful efforts to require the unsuitable person to relinquish such person's voting securities including, if necessary, the immediate purchase of the voting securities for cash at fair market value.

Gaming Laws Relating to Debt Securities Ownership. The Nevada Gaming Commission may, in its discretion, require the owner of any debt or similar securities of a registered company, to file applications, be investigated and be found suitable to own the debt or other security of the registered company if the Nevada Gaming Commission has reason to believe that such ownership would otherwise be inconsistent with the declared policies of the State of Nevada. If the Nevada Gaming Commission decides that a person is unsuitable to own the security, then under the Nevada Gaming Control Act, the registered company can be sanctioned, including the loss of its approvals if, without the prior approval of the Nevada Gaming Commission, it:

- pays to the unsuitable person any dividend, interest or any distribution whatsoever;
- recognizes any voting right by the unsuitable person in connection with the securities;
- pays the unsuitable person remuneration in any form; or,
- makes any payment to the unsuitable person by way of principal, redemption, conversion, exchange, liquidation or similar transaction.

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Approval of Public Offerings. We may not make a public offering without the prior approval of the Nevada Gaming Commission if the proceeds from the offering are intended to be used to construct, acquire or finance gaming facilities in Nevada, or to retire or extend obligations incurred for those purposes or for similar transactions. On March 24, 2011, the Nevada Gaming Commission granted us prior approval, subject to certain conditions, to make public offerings for a period of two years (the “Shelf Approval”). The Shelf Approval also applies to any affiliated company wholly owned by us which is a publicly traded corporation or would thereby become a publicly traded corporation pursuant to a public offering. The Shelf Approval may be rescinded for good cause without prior notice upon the issuance of an interlocutory stop order by the Chairman of the Nevada State Gaming Control Board. The Shelf Approval does not constitute a finding, recommendation or approval by any of the Nevada Gaming Authorities as to the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus or the investment merits of the securities. Any representation to the contrary is unlawful.

Approval of Changes in Control. A registered company must obtain the prior approval of the Nevada Gaming Commission with respect to a change in control through merger; consolidation; stock or asset acquisitions; management or consulting agreements; or any act or conduct by a person by which the person obtains control of the registered company.

Entities seeking to acquire control of a registered company must satisfy the Nevada State Gaming Control Board and Nevada Gaming Commission with respect to a variety of stringent standards before assuming control of the registered company. The Nevada Gaming Commission may also require controlling stockholders, officers, directors and other persons having a material relationship or involvement with the entity proposing to acquire control to be investigated and licensed as part of the approval process relating to the transaction.

Approval of Defensive Tactics. The Nevada legislature has declared that some corporate acquisitions opposed by management, repurchases of voting securities and corporate defense tactics affecting Nevada corporate gaming licensees or affecting registered companies that are affiliated with the operations of Nevada gaming licensees may be harmful to stable and productive corporate gaming. The Nevada Gaming Commission has established a regulatory scheme to reduce the potential adverse effects of these business practices upon Nevada’s gaming industry and to further Nevada’s policy in order to:

- assure the financial stability of corporate gaming licensees and their affiliated companies;
- preserve the beneficial aspects of conducting business in the corporate form; and
- promote a neutral environment for the orderly governance of corporate affairs.

Approvals may be required from the Nevada Gaming Commission before a registered company can make exceptional repurchases of voting securities above its current market price and before a corporate acquisition opposed by management can be consummated. The Nevada Gaming Control Act also requires prior approval of a plan of recapitalization proposed by a registered company’s board of directors in response to a tender offer made directly to its stockholders for the purpose of acquiring control.

Fees and Taxes. License fees and taxes, computed in various ways depending on the type of gaming or activity involved, are payable to the State of Nevada and to the counties and cities in which the licensed subsidiaries’ respective operations are conducted. Depending upon the particular fee or tax involved, these fees and taxes are payable monthly, quarterly or annually and are based upon:

- a percentage of the gross revenue received;
- the number of gaming devices operated; or,
- the number of table games operated.

A live entertainment tax also is imposed on admission charges and sales of food, beverages and merchandise where live entertainment is furnished.

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Foreign Gaming Investigations. Any person who is licensed, required to be licensed, registered, required to be registered in Nevada, or is under common control with such persons (collectively, “licensees”), and who proposes to become involved in a gaming venture outside of Nevada, is required to deposit with the Nevada State Gaming Control Board, and thereafter maintain, a revolving fund in the amount of \$10,000 to pay the expenses of investigation of the Nevada State Gaming Control Board of the licensee’s or registrant’s participation in such foreign gaming. The revolving fund is subject to increase or decrease at the discretion of the Nevada Gaming Commission. Licensees and registrants are required to comply with the foreign gaming reporting requirements imposed by the Nevada Gaming Control Act. A licensee or registrant is also subject to disciplinary action by the Nevada Gaming Commission if it:

- knowingly violates any laws of the foreign jurisdiction pertaining to the foreign gaming operation;
- fails to conduct the foreign gaming operation in accordance with the standards of honesty and integrity required of Nevada gaming operations;
- engages in any activity or enters into any association that is unsuitable because it poses an unreasonable threat to the control of gaming in Nevada, reflects or tends to reflect, discredit or disrepute upon the State of Nevada or gaming in Nevada, or is contrary to the gaming policies of Nevada;
- engages in activities or enters into associations that are harmful to the State of Nevada or its ability to collect gaming taxes and fees; or,
- employs, contracts with or associates with a person in the foreign operation who has been denied a license or finding of suitability in Nevada on the ground of unsuitability.

Licenses for Conduct of Gaming and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages. The conduct of gaming activities and the service and sale of alcoholic beverages at Wynn Las Vegas are subject to licensing, control and regulation by the Clark County Liquor and Gaming Licensing Board, which has granted Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, licenses for such purposes. In addition to approving Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, the Clark County Liquor and Gaming Licensing Board has the authority to approve all persons owning or controlling the stock of any corporation controlling a gaming license. Clark County gaming and liquor licenses are not transferable. The County has full power to limit, condition, suspend or revoke any license. Any disciplinary action could, and revocation would, have a substantial negative impact upon our operations.

Determination of Unsuitability of Kazuo Okada and Affiliates and Redemption of Aruze USA, Inc. and Related Matters. For example, the conduct of Kazuo Okada (who is currently a member of Wynn Resorts’ Board of Directors and who was formerly the largest beneficial owner of Wynn Resorts’ shares) and his affiliates could result in regulatory investigations, including investigations by the Nevada Gaming Authorities, which could have adverse consequences to the Company. As described elsewhere in this prospectus, on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts’ Gaming Compliance Committee concluded an investigation after receiving the Freeh Report detailing a pattern of misconduct by Aruze USA, Inc., at the time a stockholder of Wynn Resorts, Universal Entertainment Corporation, Aruze USA, Inc.’s parent company, and Kazuo Okada, the majority shareholder of Universal Entertainment Corporation, who is also a member of Wynn Resorts’ Board of Directors and was at the time a director of Wynn Macau, Limited. The factual record presented in the Freeh Report included evidence that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada had provided valuable items to certain foreign gaming officials who were responsible for regulating gaming in a jurisdiction in which entities controlled by Mr. Okada were developing a gaming resort. Mr. Okada has denied the impropriety of such conduct to members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts, and has refused to acknowledge Wynn Resorts’ anti-bribery policies and has refused to participate in the training all other directors have received concerning these policies. Based on the Freeh Report, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts determined that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada are “Unsuitable Persons” under Article VII of Wynn Resorts’ articles of incorporation. The Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts was unanimous (other than Mr. Okada) in its determination. The Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts also requested that Mr. Okada resign as a director of Wynn Resorts (under Nevada corporation law, a board of directors does not have the power to remove a director)

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and recommended that Mr. Okada be removed as a member of the board of directors of Wynn Macau, Limited. In addition, on February 18, 2012, Mr. Okada was removed from the board of directors of Wynn Capital.

Based on Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors' finding of unsuitability, on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed and canceled Aruze USA, Inc.'s 24,549,222 shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock and issued a promissory note pursuant to the terms of Article VII of the Wynn Resorts' Articles of Incorporation in payment therefor. A finding by regulatory authorities that Mr. Okada violated the FCPA on property of Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries and/or otherwise involved Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries in criminal or civil violations could result in actions by regulatory authorities against Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries. Relatedly, regulators could pursue separate investigations into Wynn Resorts' and its subsidiaries' compliance with applicable laws, including in response to litigation filed by Mr. Okada suggesting improprieties in connection with the donation by Wynn Resorts' subsidiary to the University of Macau and a related informal inquiry by the SEC into this donation. While the Company believes that it is in full compliance with all applicable laws, any such investigations could result in actions by regulators against Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries, which could have adverse consequences to the Company. In addition, investigations by the Nevada Gaming Authorities relating to the Company's gaming licenses could possibly have a negative impact on such gaming licenses and on the Company's ability to bid successfully for new gaming market opportunities. For additional information on the Freeh Report, as well as the redemption of Aruze USA, Inc.'s shares, see "Management—Directors—Class III Directors (Terms expire at the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders)—Kazuo Okada," "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions—Share Redemption," the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 10 "Commitments and Contingencies," and the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 16 "Subsequent Events," each included in this prospectus.

Seasonality

We may experience fluctuations in revenues and cash flows from month to month, however, we do not believe that our business is materially impacted by seasonality.

Employees

As of June 30, 2012, we had a total of approximately 9,650 full-time equivalent employees.

During 2006, we entered into a ten year collective bargaining agreement with the Culinary and Bartenders Union local covering approximately 5,600 of our employees. We also entered into a ten year collective bargaining agreement with the Transportation Workers Union in November 2010, which covers the table games dealers at Wynn Las Vegas. Certain other unions may seek to organize the workers at Wynn Las Vegas. Unionization, pressure to unionize, or other forms of collective bargaining could increase our labor costs.

Intellectual Property

Among our most important marks are our trademarks and service marks that use the name "WYNN." Wynn Holdings has registered with the U.S. PTO and various foreign patent and trademark registries, a variety of the WYNN-related trademarks and service marks in connection with a variety of goods and services. These marks include "WYNN LAS VEGAS" and "ENCORE." Some of the applications are based upon ongoing use and others are based upon a *bona fide* intent to use the marks.

A common element of most of these marks is the use of the surname "WYNN." As a general rule, a surname (or the portion of a mark primarily constituting a surname) is not eligible for registration unless the surname has acquired "secondary meaning." To date, Wynn Holdings has been successful in demonstrating to the PTO such secondary meaning for the Wynn name in certain of the applications based upon factors including Mr. Wynn's prominence as a resort developer.

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Federal registrations are not completely dispositive of the right to such marks. Third parties who claim prior rights with respect to similar marks may nonetheless challenge our right to obtain registrations or our use of the marks and seek to overcome the presumptions afforded by such registrations.

We have also filed applications with various foreign patent and trademark registries, including registries in Macau, China, Singapore, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Japan, certain European countries and various other jurisdictions throughout the world, to register a variety of WYNN-related trademarks and service marks in connection with a variety of goods and services. These marks include many of the same marks filed with the United States PTO and include “WYNN LAS VEGAS” and “ENCORE.” Some of the applications are based upon ongoing use and others are based upon a *bona fide* intent to use the marks.

We recognize that our intellectual property assets, including the word and logo version of “WYNN,” are among our most valuable assets. As a result, and in connection with expansion of our resort and gaming activities outside the United States, we have undertaken a program to register our trademarks and other intellectual property rights in relevant jurisdictions. We have retained counsel and intend to take all steps necessary to not only acquire, but protect our intellectual property rights against unauthorized use throughout the world.

On August 6, 2004, Wynn Holdings entered into agreements with Mr. Wynn that confirm and clarify its rights to use the “Wynn” name and Mr. Wynn’s persona in connection with our casino resorts. Under a Surname Rights Agreement, Mr. Wynn has acknowledged Wynn Holdings’ exclusive, fully paid-up, perpetual, worldwide right to use, and to own and register trademarks and service marks incorporating, the “Wynn” name for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the right to sublicense the name and marks to our affiliates. Under a Rights of Publicity License, Mr. Wynn has granted Wynn Holdings the exclusive, royalty-free, worldwide right to use his full name, persona and related rights of publicity for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the ability to sublicense the persona and publicity rights to our affiliates, until October 24, 2017. Wynn Holdings has entered into sublicense agreements with us relating to our use of Mr. Wynn’s name and persona, as well as other intellectual property.

Properties

Las Vegas Land

We currently own approximately 93 acres of land on or near the Las Vegas Strip. This consists of approximately 75 acres at the northeast corner of the intersection of Las Vegas Boulevard and Sands Avenue on which Wynn Las Vegas is located and approximately 18 acres located across from the Wynn Las Vegas site at Koval Lane and Sands Avenue, a portion of which is improved with an employee parking garage.

We lease from Wynn Resorts, through Wynn Golf, the approximately 140 acres of land on which the Wynn Las Vegas golf course is located. See “Summary—Recent Developments.”

Las Vegas Well Water Rights

We lease from Wynn Resorts, through Wynn Golf, the water rights related to the Wynn Las Vegas golf course land and certain other water rights related to ancillary uses. As a result, we have the right to use approximately 834 acre feet of permitted and certificated water rights for the irrigation, operation and maintenance of the Wynn Las Vegas golf course, as well as the right to use approximately 151.5 acre feet of permitted and certificated water rights at Wynn Las Vegas. See “Summary—Recent Developments”

Legal Proceedings

We are occasionally party to lawsuits. As with all litigation, no assurance can be provided as to the outcome of such matters and we note that litigation inherently involves significant costs. We are not currently party to any material legal proceedings.

MANAGEMENT

Directors and Executive Officers

We are a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Holdings. Wynn Holdings is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts. The following table sets forth the directors, executive officers and certain key management personnel of Wynn Resorts and certain of its subsidiaries as of August 15, 2012. All directors hold their positions until their terms expire and until their respective successors are elected and qualified. Executive officers are appointed by the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts and serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors, subject to applicable employment agreements.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>
Stephen A. Wynn	70	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
Linda Chen	45	President, Wynn International Marketing, Ltd. and Director
Russell Goldsmith	62	Director
Ray R. Irani	77	Director
Robert J. Miller	67	Director
John A. Moran	80	Director
Kazuo Okada	69	Director
Marc D. Schorr	64	Chief Operating Officer and Director
Alvin V. Shoemaker	73	Director
D. Boone Wayson	59	Director
Elaine P. Wynn	70	Director
Allan Zeman	64	Director
John Strzemp	60	Executive Vice President-Chief Administration Officer
Matt Maddox	36	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Kim Sinatra	52	General Counsel and Secretary
Ian M. Coughlan	53	President, Wynn Macau, Limited
Marilyn Spiegel	59	President, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC
Scott Peterson	46	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC
Robert Gansmo	42	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Wynn Resorts (Macau), S.A.

At the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which is scheduled for November 2, 2012, four Class I directors are to be elected. On September 10, 2012, Mr. Moran advised Wynn Resorts' Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of his determination not to stand for re-election to the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts in favor of retirement from the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts. At the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of Wynn Resorts, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts has nominated Linda Chen, Marc D. Schorr and Elaine P. Wynn to continue as Class I directors, and J. Edward (Ted) Virtue to fill the Class I director vacancy upon Mr. Moran's retirement, in each case to serve until the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until his or her successor is elected and qualified, or until such director's earlier death, resignation or removal.

Set forth below is certain information regarding each of the current directors and the non-director executive officers and certain key management personnel of Wynn Resorts, as well as the new director nominee.

Wynn Resorts has received a letter from Aruze USA, Inc., a company controlled by Kazuo Okada, who is currently a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors, purportedly notifying Wynn Resorts of Aruze USA,

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Inc.'s intent to nominate two individuals for election as directors at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders in opposition to Wynn Resorts' recommended nominees. As discussed elsewhere in this prospectus, Wynn Resorts believes that Aruze USA, Inc. is not eligible to nominate director candidates for election at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. Furthermore, Wynn Resorts does not view these purported nominations as creating a proxy solicitation by Aruze USA, Inc., as Wynn Resorts has redeemed the common shares previously held by Aruze USA, Inc. and therefore believes that Aruze USA, Inc. is not eligible to nominate director candidates for election at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. As discussed elsewhere in this prospectus, Aruze USA, Inc. and Wynn Resorts are currently involved in litigation regarding Aruze USA, Inc.'s stockholder status and rights. On August 31, 2012, Aruze USA, Inc. filed a motion in state court seeking, among other things, a preliminary injunction that would prohibit Wynn Resorts from barring or preventing Aruze USA, Inc. from exercising rights as a stockholder and an order that its purported nominees be presented to Wynn Resorts' stockholders and voted on (including by Aruze USA, Inc. as a stockholder) at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Directors

Class I Directors (Terms expire at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which is scheduled for November 2, 2012)

Linda Chen. Ms. Chen, 45, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since October 2007. Ms. Chen has been an Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer of Wynn Macau, Limited, a majority owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, since September 2009. Ms. Chen serves as the President of Wynn International Marketing, Limited, a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, a position she has held since January 2005. In addition, Ms. Chen is the Chief Operating Officer of Wynn Resorts (Macau), S.A., a role she has served in since June 2002. Ms. Chen is responsible for the marketing and strategic development of Wynn Macau. Ms. Chen is a member of the Nanjing Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (Macau).

Ms. Chen's insight and experience as the primary marketing executive for Wynn Resorts contribute to the Board's ability to evaluate and make informed decisions that affect Wynn Resorts' global operations. Ms. Chen's experience becomes ever more important to Wynn Resorts and its stockholders as the percentage of Wynn Resorts' operational revenue and profits generated from its Macau operations increases.

John A. Moran. Mr. Moran, 80, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since October 2002. Mr. Moran is the retired Chairman of the Dyson-Kissner-Moran Corporation. Dyson-Kissner-Moran is a private holding company headquartered in New York City whose international portfolio of companies in over 20 countries has included business engaged in manufacturing, retailing, distribution, financial services, and real estate development. During his business career, Mr. Moran has served as a Director of over 30 corporations and philanthropic organizations. Mr. Moran serves as a Director of the John A. Moran Eye Center at the University of Utah; a Trustee of the George and Barbara Bush Endowment for Innovative Cancer Research at M.D. Anderson Cancer Center at the University of Texas; and an Honorary Trustee of the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York City.

With his extensive knowledge of Wynn Resorts' background, development and financing arrangements and his experience in the financial and equity markets, Mr. Moran provides the Board insight that is important to its oversight of Wynn Resorts' financial structure. His guidance in the evaluation of capital deployment and management of Wynn Resorts' balance sheet is especially valuable. In addition, he brings to the Board experience in political and public policy matters.

Marc D. Schorr. Mr. Schorr, 64, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since July 2010. He also serves as Chief Operating Officer of Wynn Resorts, a position he has held since June 2002. Mr. Schorr has served as a Non-Executive Director of Wynn Macau, Limited since September 2009 and is also an officer of several of Wynn Resorts' other subsidiaries. Mr. Schorr has over 32 years of experience in the casino gaming industry.

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When electing Mr. Schorr to the Board of Directors, the electing directors considered his extensive operating experience, particularly his marketing expertise and ability to effectively manage operating costs. These qualifications have been particularly valuable to Wynn Resorts as it has navigated the difficult economic environment of the past several years. In addition, Mr. Schorr brings first-hand operational knowledge to the Board, enhancing their ability to oversee the operations of Wynn Resorts.

Elaine P. Wynn. Ms. Wynn, 70, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since October 2002. Ms. Wynn has been a strong advocate of programs and services for children at risk of dropping out of school. Since 1995 she has co-chaired the Greater Las Vegas After-School All Stars, an organization that provides thousands of children with high quality educational, recreational and cultural after-school programs. A past member of the Executive Board of the Consortium for Policy Research in Education, Ms. Wynn has served on the State of Nevada Council to Establish Academic Standards and chaired for 8 years the UNLV Foundation (the private fundraising arm of University of Nevada, Las Vegas). She is the founding chairman of Communities in Schools of Nevada and was appointed in 2009 as Chairman of the national board of Communities in Schools, the oldest, most successful stay-in-school organization in America. In 2011, Ms. Wynn was appointed by Nevada's governor to co-chair a Blue Ribbon Education Reform Task Force that resulted in the enactment of ambitious new reform legislation.

Ms. Wynn has also been a strong supporter of the arts. She established the Elaine Wynn Studio for Arts Education at The Smith Center for the Performing Arts in Las Vegas and is a member of the Board of the Los Angeles County Museum of Art. In 2012, Ms. Wynn was re-appointed to the Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts Board of Trustees. She also serves on the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board.

Ms. Wynn's experience in the gaming and hospitality businesses during her tenure as a director of Wynn Resorts and Mirage Resorts has been valuable to the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts and important in the continued development of the Wynn brand. In addition, her philanthropic and community efforts as well as her history of assisting Wynn Resorts on such matters have been important to Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors' strategic and brand vision.

On January 6, 2010, Elaine P. Wynn, Aruze USA, Inc. and Stephen A. Wynn entered into the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement which contains covenants and provisions relating to voting agreements (including endorsement of director candidates including Ms. Wynn), preemptive rights, rights of first refusal, tag-along rights and certain other instructions. On February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed all of the shares previously owned by Aruze USA, Inc. (as more particularly described in Mr. Okada's biographical information below) and commenced litigation against Mr. Okada, Universal Entertainment Corporation and Aruze USA, Inc. On June 19, 2012, Elaine Wynn asserted a cross claim against Stephen A. Wynn and Aruze USA, Inc. in the Aruze litigation (described below) seeking a declaration that (1) any and all of Elaine P. Wynn's duties under the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement be discharged; (2) the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement is subject to rescission and is rescinded; (3) the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement is an unreasonable restraint on alienation in violation of public policy; and/or (4) the restrictions on sale of shares shall be construed as inapplicable to Elaine P. Wynn. The indentures governing the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes provide that if Stephen A. Wynn, together with certain related parties, in the aggregate beneficially owns a lesser percentage of the outstanding common stock of Wynn Resorts than are beneficially owned by any other person, a change of control will have occurred. If Elaine P. Wynn prevails in her cross claim, Stephen A. Wynn would not beneficially own or control Elaine P. Wynn's shares and a change in control may result under the debt documents of Wynn Resorts. Under the indentures governing the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the notes, the occurrence of a change of control requires that Wynn Resorts make an offer (unless such notes have been previously called for redemption) to each holder to repurchase all or any part of such holder's notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest on such notes purchased, if any, to the date of repurchase. Mr. Wynn is opposing Ms. Wynn's cross claim.

Class II Directors (Terms expire at the 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders)

Stephen A. Wynn. Mr. Wynn, 70, has served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Wynn Resorts since June 2002. Mr. Wynn has been an Executive Director, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and President of Wynn Macau, Limited, a majority owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts since September 2009. Mr. Wynn has also served as Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Wynn Resorts (Macau) since October 2001. From April 2000 to September 2002, Mr. Wynn was the managing member of Valvino Lamore, LLC, the predecessor and a current wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts. Mr. Wynn also serves as an officer and/or director of several subsidiaries of Wynn Resorts. Mr. Wynn served as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Mirage Resorts, Inc. and its predecessor, Golden Nugget Inc., between 1973 and 2000. Mr. Wynn developed and opened The Mirage, Treasure Island and Bellagio in 1989, 1993 and 1998, respectively.

Mr. Wynn is the founder and creative and organizational force of Wynn Resorts. Mr. Wynn's 40 years of experience in the industry has contributed to his brand name status as the preeminent designer, developer and operator of destination casino resorts. Mr. Wynn's involvement with Wynn Resorts' casino resorts provides a distinct advantage over other gaming enterprises. As founder, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, he has a unique perspective into the operations and vision for Wynn Resorts.

Dr. Ray R. Irani. Dr. Ray R. Irani, 77, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since October 2007. Dr. Irani became Executive Chairman of Occidental Petroleum Corporation, an international oil and gas exploration and production company as well as a major North American chemical manufacturer, in May 2011 after serving as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer from 1990 to 2011. He has been a director of Occidental since 1984 and served as President and Chief Operating Officer of Occidental from 1984 to 1990. Dr. Irani is a director of the American Petroleum Institute. He is a member of the California Business Roundtable, The Conference Board, the Council on Foreign Relations, the National Association of Manufacturers, the National Committee on United States-China Relations, the National Petroleum Council and Sigma Xi—The Scientific Research Society. He is the U.S. Chairman of the U.S.-U.A.E. Business Council. Dr. Irani is a Trustee of the University of Southern California, Co-Chair of the Board of the American University of Beirut and a member of the Lebanese American University Board of Trustees. He is a member of the Board of Governors of Town Hall Los Angeles and the Los Angeles World Affairs Council, and serves on the Advisory Board of RAND's Center for Middle East Public Policy and the Atlantic Council's International Advisory Board.

After the opening of Wynn Macau in 2006, Wynn Resorts sought additional representation on the Board by executives with experience in managing international operations and with keen insight into issues relevant to companies with global operations, which are of increasing importance to Wynn Resorts. Dr. Irani was elected to the Board of Directors in 2007 as a result of that extensive international experience gained from serving as the long time Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Occidental Petroleum Corporation, an international oil and gas exploration and production company with operations throughout the world.

Alvin V. Shoemaker. Mr. Shoemaker, 73, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since December 2002. Mr. Shoemaker was the Chairman of the Board of First Boston Inc. and First Boston Corp. from April 1983 until his retirement in January 1989, at the time of its sale to Credit Suisse Bank. Mr. Shoemaker currently serves as a member of the board of directors of Frontier Bank, Western Community Bank Shares, and Huntsman Chemical Co.

Mr. Shoemaker has served on the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts since its formation in 2002. With his extensive knowledge of Wynn Resorts' development, strategy, financing arrangements and operations since its formation and his deep experience as a financial executive serving as the Chairman of First Boston, Mr. Shoemaker contributes to the Board's oversight of Wynn Resorts' financial matters. Mr. Shoemaker's experience in this respect has been especially valuable to Wynn Resorts during the recent financial crisis, and enables him to provide strong leadership.

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D. Boone Wayson. Mr. Wayson, 59, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since August 2003. Mr. Wayson has been a principal of Wayson's Properties, Incorporated, a real estate development and holding company, since 1970. He also serves as an officer and/or director of other real estate and business ventures. From 2000 through May 2003, Mr. Wayson served as a member of the board of directors and audit committee of MGM Mirage.

Mr. Wayson's experience in the real estate and gaming businesses contributes to the Board's ability to assess and oversee these critical aspects of Wynn Resorts' business and to provide insights to Wynn Resorts' operations. Mr. Wayson has extensive operational experience in the casino finance and marketing areas beginning as casino controller and ultimately managing a resort casino property in Atlantic City, N.J. The Board is benefited by Mr. Wayson's first hand experience in operations and utilizes his knowledge of the business, especially in the finance and marketing areas, to identify, manage and monitor risk.

Class III Directors (Terms expire at the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders)

Russell Goldsmith. Mr. Goldsmith, 62, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since May 2008. Mr. Goldsmith has served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of City National Bank, a provider of a wide range of banking, investing and trust services, since October 1995. Additionally, during this time he also has served as Chief Executive Officer and since May 2005 as President of its publicly held parent company, City National Corporation, which is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (CYN) and headquartered in Los Angeles, California. He has been a director of both the bank and its parent company since 1978. From 2008 to 2011, Mr. Goldsmith was a member of the 12-member Federal Advisory Council, which advises the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, representing the Twelfth Federal Reserve District. Mr. Goldsmith chairs the Mid-Size Bank Coalition of America, which is composed of 29 mid-sized banks in 41 states and the District of Columbia. He also chairs the Los Angeles Coalition for the Economy & Jobs, an independent organization of leading economic stakeholders representing business, labor, higher education and the nonprofit sectors. Mr. Goldsmith also serves on the board of trustees of the Harvard-Westlake School and is a member of the Council on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Goldsmith brings current insight and deep financial expertise to Wynn Resorts' Board. His recent service on the Federal Reserve Board's Advisory Council has brought additional perspective on the macroeconomic and public policy issues facing Wynn Resorts.

Robert J. Miller. Governor Miller, 67, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since October 2002 and as the Chairman of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's Gaming Compliance Committee and as Wynn Resorts' Compliance Director. In that role, he recently led Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors' independent investigation of Aruze USA, Inc., which is discussed below. In June 2010, he founded Robert J. Miller Consulting, a company that provides assistance in establishing relationships with and building partnerships between private and government entities on the local, state, national and international level. Governor Miller also currently serves as a Senior Advisor to Dutko Worldwide, a multidisciplinary governmental affairs strategy and management firm. Governor Miller was a partner of the Nevada law firm of Jones Vargas from 2000 to 2005. He has been a partner in Nevada Rose, LLC, since November 2004. From January 1989 until January 1999, Governor Miller served as Governor of the State of Nevada, and, from 1987 to 1989, he served as Lieutenant Governor of the State of Nevada. Governor Miller also serves as a director of International Game Technology (IGT).

Governor Miller's extensive experience in regulatory and legal compliance matters and in Nevada and federal government and politics brings unique expertise and insight into state regulatory and public policy issues that directly impact Wynn Resorts' operations. In addition, his legal background and knowledge of Nevada gaming regulation support his service as Chair of Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee and as Compliance Director, which roles are important to maintaining the regulatory structure and probity of Wynn Resorts. In addition to serving the longest period as a Governor of the State of Nevada, Governor Miller has long

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standing experience in law enforcement including terms as an elected judge, police attorney, and elected district attorney during which term he served as the President of the National District Attorneys Association.

Kazuo Okada. Mr. Okada, 69, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since October 2002. Mr. Okada also served as a Non-Executive Director of Wynn Macau, Limited, a majority owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts from September 2009 until his removal in February of 2012. In 1969, Mr. Okada founded Universal Lease Co. Ltd., which, in 1998, became Aruze Corp., a company listed on the Japanese Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation Securities Exchange. In November 2009, Aruze Corp. changed its name to Universal Entertainment Corporation, which is a Japanese manufacturer of pachislot and pachinko machines, amusement machines, and video games for domestic sales. Mr. Okada currently serves as Director and Chairman of the Board of Universal Entertainment Corporation and as Director, President, Secretary and Treasurer of Aruze USA, Inc., which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Universal Entertainment Corporation and prior to the redemption described below owned approximately 19.7% of Wynn Resorts. In 1983, Mr. Okada also founded Universal Distributing of Nevada, Inc., which changed its name to Aruze Gaming America, Inc. in 2005. Aruze Gaming America, Inc. is a manufacturer and distributor of gaming machines and devices in the United States and is expanding its sales business in Asia, Australia and South Africa. Mr. Okada currently serves as director, President, Secretary and Treasurer of Aruze Gaming America, Inc.

On February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee concluded an investigation after receiving an independent report by Freeh, Sporkin & Sullivan, LLP detailing a pattern of misconduct by Aruze USA, Inc., at the time a stockholder of Wynn Resorts, Universal Entertainment Corporation, Aruze USA, Inc.'s parent company, and Kazuo Okada, the majority shareholder of Universal Entertainment Corporation, who is also a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors and was at the time a director of Wynn Macau, Limited. The factual record presented in the Freeh Report included evidence that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada had provided valuable items to certain foreign gaming officials who were responsible for regulating gaming in a jurisdiction in which entities controlled by Mr. Okada were developing a gaming resort. Mr. Okada has denied the impropriety of such conduct to members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts, and has refused to acknowledge Wynn Resorts' anti-bribery policies and has refused to participate in the training all other directors have received concerning these policies.

Based on the Freeh Report, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts determined that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada are "Unsuitable Persons" under Article VII of Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation. The Board of Directors was unanimous (other than Mr. Okada) in its determination. The Board of Directors also requested that Mr. Okada resign as a director of Wynn Resorts (under Nevada corporation law, a board of directors does not have the power to remove a director) and recommended that Mr. Okada be removed as a member of the board of directors of Wynn Macau, Limited. In addition, on February 18, 2012, Mr. Okada was removed from the board of directors of Wynn Capital.

Based on the Board of Directors' finding of "unsuitability," on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed and canceled Aruze USA, Inc.'s 24,549,222 shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock and issued a promissory note pursuant to the terms of Article VII of Wynn Resorts' Articles of Incorporation in payment therefor. After authorizing on February 18, 2012 the redemption of 24,549,222 shares then held by Aruze USA, Inc., the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts took certain actions to protect Wynn Resorts and its operations from any influence of an "Unsuitable Person," including placing limitations on the provision of certain operating information to "Unsuitable Persons," evaluating whether to seek the removal of Mr. Okada from the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts, and formation of an Executive Committee of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors to manage the business and affairs of Wynn Resorts during the period between each annual meeting. The Charter of the Executive Committee provides that "Unsuitable Persons" are not permitted to serve on the Executive Committee. All members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts, other than Mr. Okada, were appointed to the Executive Committee on February 18, 2012. For additional information on the share redemption, see "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions—Share Redemption."

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On February 19, 2012, Wynn Resorts filed a complaint in the District Court of Clark County, Nevada against Mr. Okada, Aruze USA, Inc. and Universal Entertainment Corporation, companies controlled by Mr. Okada (the “Okada Parties”) alleging breaches of fiduciary duty and related claims. Wynn Resorts is seeking compensatory and special damages as well as a declaration that it acted lawfully and in full compliance with its articles of incorporation, bylaws and other governing documents. On March 12, 2012, Aruze USA, Inc. and Universal Entertainment Corporation removed the action to the United States District Court for the District of Nevada. On that same date, Aruze USA, Inc. and Universal Entertainment Corporation filed an answer denying the claims and a counterclaim that purports to assert claims against Wynn Resorts, each of the members of Wynn Resorts’ Board of Directors (other than Mr. Okada) and Kim Sinatra, Wynn Resorts’ general counsel. Among other relief, the counterclaim seeks a declaration that the redemption of Aruze USA, Inc.’s shares was void, an injunction restoring Aruze USA, Inc.’s share ownership, damages in an unspecified amount and rescission of the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement. Wynn Resorts’ claim of February 19, 2012, was removed to federal court by the Okada Parties. On March 29, 2012, Wynn Resorts filed a motion to remand the action to state court and to request an extension to answer the denial of Wynn Resorts’ claims and the Okada Parties’ counterclaims. The motion to remand was granted and Wynn Resorts’ request for related attorneys’ fees was also granted. The case is now pending in the state court, which has determined that this action will be coordinated with Mr. Okada’s inspection action, which is discussed below. The Okada Parties have filed a notice of intent to commence a separate federal securities action for the securities counterclaims previously asserted. On August 31, 2012, the Okada Parties filed a Motion for Preliminary Injunction with the state court. This motion seeks a preliminary injunction that would prohibit Wynn Resorts from barring or preventing Aruze USA, Inc. from exercising rights as a stockholder and an order that its purported nominees be presented to Wynn Resorts’ stockholders and voted on (including by Aruze USA, Inc. as a stockholder) at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (scheduled for November 2, 2012), which would, in effect, require Wynn Resorts to re-issue shares to Aruze, USA Inc. Wynn Resorts and the other counter-defendants filed papers in opposition to the Okada Parties’ motion for a preliminary injunction on September 20, 2012. A hearing has been scheduled for October 2, 2012. See “—Directors—Class I Directors (Terms expire at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which is scheduled for November 2, 2012)—Elaine P. Wynn,” for information regarding a related cross claim asserted by Elaine P. Wynn.

On February 24, 2012, the board of directors of Wynn Macau, Limited removed Mr. Okada from its board of directors.

On August 28, 2012, Mr. Okada, Universal Entertainment Corporation and Okada Holdings filed a complaint in Tokyo District Court against Wynn Resorts, all members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts (other than Mr. Okada) and Kim Sinatra, the general counsel of Wynn Resorts, alleging that the press release issued by Wynn Resorts with respect to the redemption has damaged plaintiffs’ social evaluation and credibility. The plaintiffs seek damages and legal fees from the defendants.

On August 31, 2012, Wynn Resorts received a letter from Aruze USA, Inc. purportedly notifying Wynn Resorts of Aruze USA, Inc.’s intent to nominate two individuals for election as directors pursuant to Section 2.13 of Wynn Resorts’ Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws. Section 2.13 provides for nominations by stockholders. As a result of Wynn Resorts’ Board of Directors’ determination on February 18, 2012, that all of Mr. Okada, Aruze USA, Inc. and Universal Entertainment Corporation are “Unsuitable Persons” as defined in the Articles of Incorporation of Wynn Resorts, and the subsequent redemption of all shares previously owned by Aruze USA, Inc., Wynn Resorts believes that Aruze USA, Inc. is not eligible to make such nominations.

Wynn Resorts provided the Freeh Report to appropriate regulators and law enforcement agencies and is cooperating with related investigations that such regulators and agencies have undertaken. The Executive Committee of Wynn Resorts continues to monitor such investigations and may decide at some future point to call a special meeting of the stockholders of Wynn Resorts for the purpose of removing Mr. Okada as a director of Wynn Resorts, if it considers such action to be desirable and in the best interests of Wynn Resorts and its stockholders. See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 10 “Commitments and Contingencies,” included in this prospectus.

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Allan Zeman. Dr. Zeman, 64, has served as a Director of Wynn Resorts since October 2002. He is also Vice Chairman and has served as a member of the Board of Directors of Wynn Macau, Limited, a majority owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, since September 2009. Dr. Zeman founded The Colby International Group in 1975 to source and export fashion apparel to North America. In late 2000, The Colby International Group merged with Li & Fung Limited. Dr. Zeman is the Chairman of Lan Kwai Fong Holdings Limited, a company engaged in property investment and development in Hong Kong since July 1996. He is also the owner of Paradise Properties Group, a property developer in Thailand. Dr. Zeman is also Chairman of Ocean Park, a major theme park in Hong Kong. Dr. Zeman is Vice Patron of Hong Kong Community Chest and serves as a director of the “Star” Ferry Company, Limited. Dr. Zeman also serves as an independent non-executive director of Pacific Century Premium Developments Limited, Sino Land Company Limited and Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited, all of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Dr. Zeman is a member of the Food Business Task Force for Business Facilitation Advisory Committee, the Consultation Panel of the West Kowloon Cultural District Authority (“WKCD”), WKCD Development Committee, WKCD Investment Committee, and WKCD Performing Arts Committee (of which Dr. Zeman is the Chairman). In 2001, Dr. Zeman joined the Richard Ivey School of Business’ Asian Advisory Board. In 2001, Dr. Zeman was appointed a Justice of the Peace. He was awarded the Gold Bauhinia Star in 2004 and the Grand Bauhinia Medal in 2011.

Dr. Zeman, a Hong Kong citizen and successful Hong Kong entrepreneur, has been a guiding force in the development of Wynn Resorts’ Macau operations and the continued operation and strategic focus of Wynn Macau. His personal business experience in China and extensive knowledge of Wynn Resorts’ history, development and marketing strategy in Asia contribute to the Board’s oversight of these aspects of Wynn Resorts’ operations.

Class I Director Nominee

J. Edward (Ted) Virtue. Mr. Virtue, 52, is the Chief Executive Officer of MidOcean Partners, a private investment firm that specializes in middle market investments in the U.S. Prior to his current position, from 1999 to February of 2003, Mr. Virtue was Chief Executive Officer of DB Capital Partners, the captive merchant bank of Deutsche Bank and had oversight for the bank’s \$35 billion direct investment portfolio. Mr. Virtue also served on the Deutsche Bank Executive Board. Prior to Deutsche Bank’s acquisition of Bankers Trust Company (“Bankers Trust”), Mr. Virtue was President of BT Alex. Brown Incorporated and Executive Vice President and Head of Global Finance at Bankers Trust. Representative boards that Mr. Virtue has served on include Bushnell, Kinetics Group, Noveon, and Vitaquest International.

When considering the potential candidacy of Mr. Virtue, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of Wynn Resorts considered Mr. Virtue’s extensive financial experience as a fund manager and business investor, including experience in the gaming, hospitality and consumer products industries. The continuing challenges of global economic uncertainty require sophisticated and diverse experience in capital markets, which the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of Wynn Resorts determined Mr. Virtue provided. Additionally, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of Wynn Resorts relied upon Mr. Virtue’s long standing experience in the gaming and hospitality industries, as both an advisor and investor.

Executive Officers and Key Management

John Strzemp. Mr. Strzemp serves as Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer of Wynn Resorts. Prior to his promotion in March 2008, Mr. Strzemp served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Wynn Resorts, positions he held since September 2002. Mr. Strzemp served as Wynn Resorts’ Treasurer from March 2003 to March 2006.

Matt Maddox. Mr. Maddox serves as Wynn Resorts’ Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. Prior to his promotion in March 2008, Mr. Maddox served as Wynn Resorts’ Senior Vice President of Business Development and Treasurer, positions he held since January 2007 and May 2006, respectively. From September 2005 to December 31, 2006, Mr. Maddox served as the Senior Vice President of Business Development for

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Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. From March 2003 to September 2005, Mr. Maddox was the Chief Financial Officer of Wynn Resorts (Macau), S.A. From May 2002 through March 2003, Mr. Maddox was Wynn Resorts' Treasurer and Vice President—Investor Relations. Mr. Maddox also serves as an officer of several of Wynn Resorts' subsidiaries. Prior to joining Wynn Resorts in 2002, Mr. Maddox served as Director of Finance, Executive Director of Finance and Vice President of Finance for Caesars Entertainment, Inc. (formerly Park Place Entertainment, Inc.). Before joining Park Place Entertainment, Mr. Maddox worked as an investment banker for Bank of America Securities in the Mergers and Acquisitions Department.

Kim Sinatra. Ms. Sinatra is the General Counsel and Secretary of Wynn Resorts, a position she has held since February 2006. She joined the company in January 2004 as Senior Vice President and General Counsel of its development activities. She also serves as an officer of several of Wynn Resorts' subsidiaries. From 2000 to 2003 Ms. Sinatra served as Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer of Caesars Entertainment, Inc. (formerly Park Place Entertainment, Inc.). She has also served as General Counsel for The Griffin Group, Inc., Merv Griffin's investment management company, and as a partner in the New York office of the law firm Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP.

Ian Michael Coughlan. Mr. Coughlan has been an Executive Director of Wynn Macau, Limited since September 2009. Mr. Coughlan is also the President of Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A., a position he has held since July 2007. In this role, he is responsible for the operation of Wynn Macau and Encore at Wynn Macau. Prior to becoming President of Wynn Macau, Mr. Coughlan was Director of Hotel Operations—Worldwide for Wynn Resorts. Mr. Coughlan has over 30 years of hospitality experience with leading hotels across Asia, Europe and the United States. Before joining Wynn Resorts, he spent 10 years with The Peninsula Group, including posts as General Manager of The Peninsula Hong Kong from September 2004 to January 2007, and General Manager of The Peninsula Bangkok from September 1999 to August 2004.

Marilyn Spiegel. Mrs. Spiegel is the President of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, owner and operator of Wynn Las Vegas and Encore Las Vegas where she oversees the day-to-day operations of the properties. She assumed this position in December 2010. Prior to joining Wynn Resorts, Mrs. Spiegel held various executive positions with Caesars Entertainment Corporation (formerly Harrah's Entertainment, Inc.), a gaming and hospitality company. From January 2004 to November 2010, Mrs. Spiegel was the General Manager and Regional President of five Caesars Entertainment Las Vegas properties including most recently Bally's, Paris and Planet Hollywood. Mrs. Spiegel also served in other executive positions at Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., including Senior Vice President and General Manager of Harrah's Las Vegas and the Rio All Suite Hotel and Casino, Senior Vice President of Human Resources, Senior Vice President and General Manager of Harrah's Shreveport Hotel & Casino in Louisiana and Vice President of Human Resources for the company's Southern Nevada operations. Mrs. Spiegel began working for Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. in 1988. Mrs. Spiegel is a member of the Las Vegas Visitors and Convention Bureau board of directors.

Scott Peterson. Mr. Peterson is the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, a position he has held since April 2009. In addition to overseeing the finance and accounting areas, Mr. Peterson is responsible for the operations of the cage, credit, collections, gaming and non-gaming revenue audit, purchasing and the warehouse/receiving departments. From June 2005 to April 2009, Mr. Peterson was the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer for Wynn Resorts (Macau), S.A. From September 2002 to June 2005, Mr. Peterson was the Vice President of Finance and Treasurer of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and from December 2000 to September 2002, Mr. Peterson was Assistant Vice President of Finance of Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC.

Robert Gansmo. Mr. Gansmo is the Senior Vice President—Chief Financial Officer of Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A., a position he has held since April 2009. Prior to taking this position, Mr. Gansmo was the Director—Finance of Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A., a position he assumed in January 2007. Mr. Gansmo is responsible for the management and administration of Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A.'s finance division. Before joining Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A., Mr. Gansmo worked at Wynn Resorts, where he served as the Director of Financial Reporting from November 2002. Prior to joining Wynn Resorts, Mr. Gansmo practiced as a certified

public accountant with firms in Las Vegas, Washington and California, including KPMG Peat Marwick, Arthur Andersen, and Deloitte and Touche.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF WYNN RESORTS

Director Independence

Seven of the twelve members of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors are independent under the listing standards of The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC ("NASDAQ"). In addition, Wynn Resorts' Corporate Governance Guidelines require all independent directors to meet additional, heightened independence criteria that apply to audit committee members under the NASDAQ listing standards.

Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors has determined that the following directors and director nominee are independent under the NASDAQ listing standards and that they also meet the additional, heightened independence criteria applicable to audit committee members under the NASDAQ listing standards: Messrs. Goldsmith, Irani, Miller, Moran, Shoemaker, Virtue, Wayson and Zeman. Based upon information requested from each director concerning his or her background, employment and affiliations, Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors has affirmatively determined that none of the independent directors has a material relationship with Wynn Resorts. In assessing independence, Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors considered all relevant facts and circumstances, including any direct or indirect relationship between Wynn Resorts and the director or his or her immediate family member.

With respect to Mr. Virtue, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of Wynn Resorts considered that Mr. Wynn, Ms. Wynn, and Messrs. Schorr, Maddox and Strzemp had invested in MidOcean Partners, a private investment firm of which Mr. Virtue serves as Chief Executive Officer. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of Wynn Resorts determined that in order for Mr. Virtue to be nominated as an independent director, management (Messrs. Wynn, Schorr, Maddox and Strzemp) would be required to sever their relationship with MidOcean and Ms. Wynn could, in her discretion, either sever her relationship or require that Mr. Virtue disclaim any fee income or profit participation related to her account. Mr. Wynn has liquidated his account and Messrs. Schorr, Maddox and Strzemp have requested orderly liquidation which will be complete by September 30, 2012. Ms. Wynn's account is also in the process of orderly liquidation which is scheduled for completion by not later than October 31, 2012. Until the full liquidation of Ms. Wynn's account, Mr. Virtue will not participate in any fee income or profit participation related to Ms. Wynn's account.

None of the independent directors has any economic relationship with Wynn Resorts other than receipt of his director's compensation. None of the independent directors is engaged in any related party transaction with Wynn Resorts. Mr. Wynn, Ms. Wynn, Mr. Okada, Mr. Schorr and Ms. Chen have been determined not to be independent.

Committees

On February 18, 2012, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts formed an Executive Committee consisting of all members of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors other than Mr. Okada. This action was taken in the wake of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors' determination that Mr. Okada was an "Unsuitable Person" under Wynn Resorts' Articles of Incorporation. Since February 18, 2012, the Executive Committee of Wynn Resorts has met 8 times.

Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors also has standing committees: the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Each of these committees consists entirely of directors whom Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors has determined to be independent under the

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NASDAQ listing standards for audit committee members. The current membership and functions of each of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors' committees are listed below.

<u>Director</u>	<u>Audit</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee</u>
Russell Goldsmith	X	X	
Dr. Ray R. Irani		Chair	X
Robert J. Miller			Chair
John A. Moran		X	X
Alvin V. Shoemaker	X	X	
D. Boone Wayson	Chair	X	
Allan Zeman	X		X
Number of meetings during 2011	Eleven	Five	Four

In addition, Governor Miller serves as Chairman of Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee and as Wynn Resorts' Compliance Director. The Gaming Compliance Committee is a committee comprised of Messrs. Miller, Schorr and Strzemp, and its purpose is to assist Wynn Resorts in maintaining the highest level of regulatory compliance.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

The members of the Compensation Committee are appointed by the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts each year. The members of the Compensation Committee serving in 2011 were Messrs. Goldsmith, Irani, Moran, Shoemaker and Wayson. No member of the Compensation Committee is, or was formerly, one of Wynn Resorts' officers or employees. No interlocking relationship exists between the Board of Directors or Compensation Committee and the board of directors or compensation committee of any other company, nor has any interlocking relationship existed in the past.

DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVE OFFICER COMPENSATION AND OTHER MATTERS

The table below summarizes the total compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to each of the non-employee directors for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

2011 DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

<u>Name</u>	<u>Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)</u>	<u>Option Awards (\$)(1)(3)</u>	<u>All Other Compensation (\$)(4)</u>	<u>Total (\$)</u>
Russell Goldsmith	\$ 121,500	\$ 173,912	\$ 16,250	\$ 311,662
Dr. Ray R. Irani	\$ 118,500	\$ 173,912	\$ 32,500	\$ 324,912
Robert J. Miller(2)	\$ 172,000	\$ 173,912	\$ 32,500	\$ 378,412
John A. Moran	\$ 106,500	\$ 173,912	\$ 32,500	\$ 312,912
Kazuo Okada	\$ 72,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 72,000
Alvin V. Shoemaker	\$ 123,000	\$ 173,912	\$ 32,500	\$ 329,412
D. Boone Wayson	\$ 136,500	\$ 173,912	\$ 32,500	\$ 342,912
Elaine P. Wynn	\$ 70,500	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 70,500
Allan Zeman	\$ 121,500	\$ 173,912	\$ 32,500	\$ 327,912

- (1) The amounts set forth in this column reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of 3,600 stock option awards granted to each non-employee director, other than Mr. Okada and Elaine P. Wynn, on May 16, 2011, computed in accordance with accounting standards for stock-based compensation. See Wynn

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Resorts' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for assumptions used in computing fair value.

- (2) Governor Miller, as a member of the Board of Directors, receives a \$50,000 annual retainer for his service as the Chairman of Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee and a \$20,000 annual retainer for his service as Wynn Resorts' Compliance Director.
- (3) The aggregate number of outstanding option awards for each director at December 31, 2011 is as follows: Mr. Goldsmith 27,600, Dr. Irani and Governor Miller 28,600 each, Messrs. Moran, Shoemaker and Wayson 48,600 each and Mr. Zeman 38,600. The aggregate number of outstanding stock awards for each director at December 31, 2011 is as follows: Mr. Goldsmith 2,500, and Messrs. Irani, Miller, Moran, Shoemaker, Wayson and Zeman 5,000 each. Mr. Okada and Elaine P. Wynn have not previously been granted equity awards for their service as directors.
- (4) "All Other Compensation" consists of cash dividends accrued on nonvested stock, which is paid if and when the stock vests. Dividends that are accrued on nonvested stock are reported as compensation because the value of dividends was not previously reflected in the accounting expense for these awards when they were granted, as Wynn Resorts did not regularly pay dividends at that time.

Directors who are not employees of Wynn Resorts currently receive a monthly fee of \$5,000 for services as a director. Directors who serve on the Compensation Committee or the Nominating/Governance Committee receive an additional monthly fee of \$1,000 per committee (\$2,000 for committee chairmen). Directors who serve on the Audit Committee receive an additional monthly fee of \$1,250 (\$2,500 for the Chairman). Each non-employee director also receives a \$1,500 meeting fee for each board or committee meeting he or she attends. Directors are also awarded annual equity participation in the form of stock options or restricted stock determined annually at the May meeting of the Board of Directors, which for 2011 consisted of a grant of 3,600 stock options. All directors are provided complimentary room, food and beverage privileges at Wynn Resorts' properties and are reimbursed for any other out of pocket expenses related to attendance at meetings. Directors from time to time may receive other benefits, although the aggregate incremental cost of any such benefits and perquisites did not exceed \$10,000 for any director in 2011. Wynn Resorts does not provide non-equity incentive plan awards or deferred compensation or retirement plans for non-employee directors.

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section explains the executive compensation program of Wynn Resorts as it relates to the following "named executive officers" whose compensation information is presented in the tables following this discussion in accordance with SEC rules:

Stephen A. Wynn	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Matt Maddox	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Marc D. Schorr	Chief Operating Officer
Linda Chen	President of Wynn International Marketing
Kim Sinatra	General Counsel and Secretary

The Compensation Committee of the Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors has responsibility for establishing, developing and administering our executive compensation program.

Executive Summary

Wynn Resorts completed another year of outstanding performance in 2011, posting record net revenues, operating income, net income, earnings per share and EBITDA. Wynn Resorts set a company record in 2011 with \$1.6 billion in Adjusted Property EBITDA, up 40.7% from 2010. Wynn Resorts did not achieve this Adjusted Property EBITDA growth through risky balance sheet expansion. Instead, Wynn Resorts achieved these

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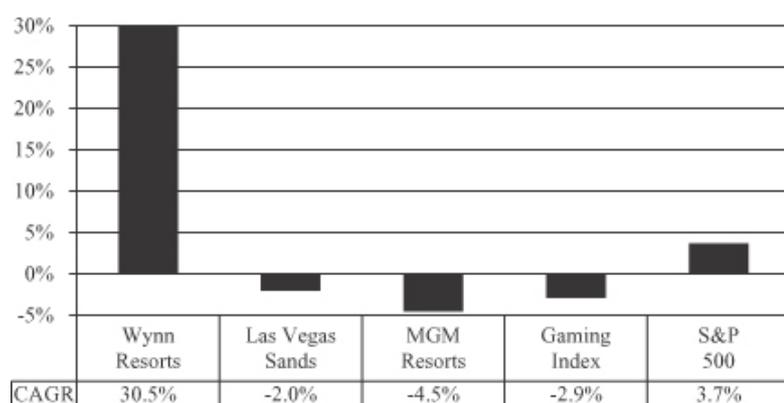
Adjusted Property EBITDA results during a period when it also reduced its debt from \$4.3 billion in 2008 to \$3.2 billion in 2011.

	2011	2010	Increase
Net Revenues (\$ millions)	\$5,269.8	\$4,184.7	25.9%
Operating Income (\$ millions)	\$1,008.2	\$ 625.3	61.3%
Net Income (\$ millions)	\$ 825.1	\$ 316.6	160.6%
Diluted EPS	\$ 4.88	\$ 1.29	278.3%
Adjusted Property EBITDA (\$ millions)	\$1,635.3	\$1,163.0	40.6%

The operating and balance sheet management success has contributed to significant returns for Wynn Resorts' stockholders. Our total stockholder return was 12.3% for this past year, 49.2% over the past 5 years and 1,048% since our inception in 2002. Thus, \$100 invested in Wynn Resorts at its inception would be worth \$1,148 at the end of 2011. This performance for stockholders is unmatched in the gaming and resort industry and far exceeds the results of the S&P 500 during this period.

The following graph illustrates the compound average annual growth rate of share price growth adjusted for dividends and splits for Wynn Resorts, Las Vegas Sands, MGM Resorts International, a Gaming industry index (Las Vegas Sands, MGM, Crown, Penn National, Melco Crown, and Boyd, weighted by current market capitalization) and the S&P 500. The Compounded Annual Growth Rate ("CAGRs") for Las Vegas Sands (12/16/2004), Melco Crown (12/19/2006), and Crown Limited (3/25/2008) were measured from the date of their initial public offerings ("IPOs") and the CAGRs for all others was measured from the October 25, 2002, IPO of Wynn Resorts.

Wynn Investment Performance⁽¹⁾
10/25/2002-12/31/2011



(1) Source: Standard & Poors Capital IQ.

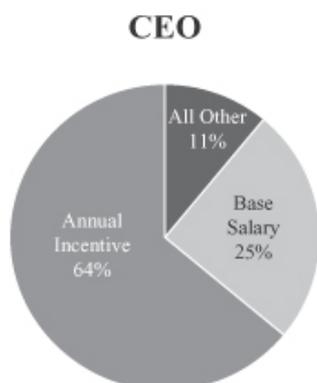
At the formation of Wynn Resorts, we set out to develop and operate the premier casino resort in each jurisdiction in which we operate, and to develop and expand the "Wynn" brand while delivering successful operating and financial performance. Today the Wynn brand has become synonymous with luxury in the gaming industry. Wynn Las Vegas and Wynn Macau both have received the coveted Forbes five-star distinction.

The Compensation Committee believes that our compensation program has been instrumental in supporting achievement of our branding success and our strong financial and stockholder value performance. The program emphasizes pay for performance and total compensation. It is designed to help recruit, retain and motivate a

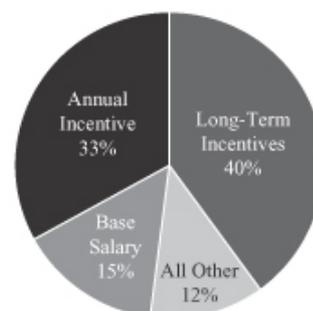
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highly talented team of executives with the requisite set of skills and experience to successfully lead Wynn Resorts in creating value for our stockholders.

The compensation of the named executive officers of Wynn Resorts consists primarily of base salary, annual cash incentives, and periodic grants of equity in the form of stock options and restricted stock. As a result, the vast majority of their total compensation is tied to the financial and share price performance of Wynn Resorts. Historically, Mr. Wynn has not received equity incentives, relying on his significant equity ownership as a founding stockholder to realize increases in value created for Wynn Resorts' stockholders. For the past three years, Mr. Wynn received 64% of his total compensation in the form of annual cash incentives. The other named executive officers as a group received 73% of their total compensation in the form of annual and long-term incentives that are tied to the operating results and stock price of Wynn Resorts.



Other Named Executive Officers



In consideration of our outstanding performance, the Compensation Committee made the following compensation changes for the named executive officers in 2011:

- Increased the base salary for Mr. Wynn.
- Based on EBITDA of Wynn Resorts that far exceeded our goals, awarded the named executive officers annual incentive awards at maximum levels for 2011 performance.
- Determined no additional equity awards were necessary during 2011 (none were made in 2010 either), in light of the significant grants awarded to Wynn Resorts' most senior executive officers in 2009.
- Established a \$10 million cash retention award for Ms. Chen, payable in ten years, in recognition of her contribution and continued importance to our Macau resort.
- Based on his contribution to the extraordinary performance of Wynn Macau for 2011, the Wynn Macau, Limited Board of Directors awarded Mr. Wynn a \$2 million discretionary bonus.

Philosophy and Objectives

The Compensation Committee believes that stockholder interests are best advanced by attracting and retaining a high-performing management team. To promote this objective, the Compensation Committee was guided by the following underlying principles in developing our executive compensation program:

- *Top talent*—The program should be designed to gain a long-term commitment from the proven, successful executives that lead our success.
- *Focus on total compensation*—Compensation opportunities should be considered in the context of total compensation relative to the pay practices of major gaming companies and other competitors for key talent.

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- *Pay-for-performance*—A high proportion of total compensation should be at risk and tied to achievement of annual operating goals and increases in stockholder value.
- *Long-term performance orientation*—The mix of incentives provided should motivate long-term sustainable growth in the value of the brand and the enterprise.
- *Stockholder alignment*—Long-term incentives should be provided periodically in Wynn Resorts' equity to encourage executives to plan and act with the perspective of stockholders.

Our compensation program is simple in design and provides only a limited number of perquisites and executive benefits. We do not provide supplemental retirement benefits to our executives. The Compensation Committee regularly evaluates the compensation arrangements of Wynn Resorts to assess whether they are appropriately structured to support these objectives and are effective in enabling Wynn Resorts to attract and retain superior employees in key positions.

Program Overview

<i>Element</i>	<i>Role and Purpose</i>
<i>Base salary</i>	<i>Provide competitive foundation for total compensation</i>
<i>Annual incentives</i>	<i>Recognize executive's demonstrated sustained performance, capabilities, job scope and experience</i>
<i>Discretionary bonus</i>	<i>Motivate and reward achievement of annual EBITDA targets, which drive the valuation of our stock</i>
<i>Long-term incentives (Stock options, restricted stock)</i>	<i>Enforce accountability for individual performance through discretionary reductions in awards as deemed appropriate</i>
<i>Deferred compensation</i>	<i>Make periodic awards for superior contributions to the enterprise as determined in the discretion of the Compensation Committee</i>
<i>Security benefits</i>	<i>Align executives with stockholders</i>
<i>Foreign living expenses</i>	<i>Make periodic grants with long-term vesting to encourage a long-term value perspective and executive retention</i>
<i>Executive benefits</i>	<i>Permit executives to participate in Wynn Resorts' 401(k) plan to facilitate retirement savings</i>
<i>Executive perquisites</i>	<i>Consistent with the requirement of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts that Mr. Wynn travel privately for security reasons, provide him with access to Wynn Resorts' aircraft for both personal and business travel, as well as a car and a driver (and security when necessary)</i>
	<i>Consistent with competitive practice in Macau, provide Ms. Chen with a car and driver, certain housing and living expenses and assistance with tax preparation</i>
	<i>Promote executive health through supplemental health benefits</i>
	<i>Provide for executives' families in the event of death through supplemental life insurance policies</i>
	<i>Offer industry-competitive discounts and complimentary privileges with respect to the resorts and aircraft of Wynn Resorts as described below</i>

Role of Executive Officers in Setting Compensation

The Compensation Committee sets all elements of compensation for the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer based upon consideration of their respective contributions to the development and operating performance of Wynn Resorts. Annually, the Compensation Committee reviews compensation data of those with whom

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Wynn Resorts competes for talent. The Compensation Committee considers the recommendations of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer in establishing compensation for all other named executive officers. The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer perform annual reviews of all of Wynn Resorts' senior management and make recommendations to the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee reviews the recommendations and makes final decisions regarding compensation for all of Wynn Resorts' most senior management.

Compensation Consultant

The Compensation Committee has the authority to retain compensation consulting firms exclusively to assist it in the evaluation of executive officer and employee compensation and benefit programs. During 2011, the Compensation Committee retained Pay Governance LLC, a nationally-recognized independent compensation consulting firm, to assist in performing its duties. In 2011, Pay Governance LLC assisted with a review of certain benefits awarded to our Chief Executive Officer and advised the Compensation Committee with respect to compensation trends and best practices, competitive pay levels, equity grant practices and competitive levels, and proxy disclosure. While our advisor regularly consults with management in performing work requested by the Compensation Committee, Pay Governance LLC did not perform any separate additional services for management.

Setting Executive Compensation

In determining base salary, target annual incentives and guidelines for equity awards, the Compensation Committee uses the named executive officers' current level of compensation as the starting point. Wynn Resorts' compensation decisions consider the scope and complexity of the functions executives oversee, the contribution of those functions to Wynn Resorts' overall performance, their experience and capabilities, and individual performance, taking into consideration the compensation practices of Wynn Resorts' peers in order to obtain a general understanding of competitive compensation practices. In addition, wealth accumulation is considered when making equity grants to increase the alignment between the interest of Wynn Resorts' senior executives and those of Wynn Resorts' stockholders.

The Compensation Committee reviews total compensation annually, along with the value from past equity awards, to assess the need for change to current compensation. While cash bonuses and annual cash incentive compensation awards are considered annually on the basis of Wynn Resorts' and individual performance, reviews of base salary and equity incentives are conducted only on a periodic basis or in recognition of notable contributions to value creation for Wynn Resorts' stockholders. The Compensation Committee retains the discretion to adjust actual bonus amounts paid based on a variety of factors, including corporate, property level and individual performance, as well as general macroeconomic conditions.

The Compensation Committee believes that the companies in its peer group are those companies with which Wynn Resorts competes for talent and stockholder investment. Please refer to the discussion below under "Peer Group" for a more detailed discussion of our use of peer group data.

2011 Advisory Resolution Approving Our Executive Compensation

At the May 17, 2011, Annual Meeting of Stockholders, our advisory resolution on executive compensation was approved by the stockholders. Although this approval was non-binding, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts and the Compensation Committee considered the voting results in evaluating our executive compensation program for the current year. The Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts and the Compensation Committee also consider the other factors discussed in this Compensation Discussion and Analysis. Following such consideration, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts determined not to make any changes to our compensation program based on the advisory resolution voting result. In addition, at that same meeting, approximately 71% of the votes cast regarding the frequency proposal voted in favor of holding future advisory votes on executive compensation every three years. The Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts has determined to

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follow this decision by stockholders. Accordingly, the next advisory resolution on executive compensation will be voted on by stockholders at the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Elements of Executive Compensation

Wynn Resorts does not use a specific formula or weighting for allocating among the elements of its total compensation program including base salary, cash bonus awards, and long term compensation. Instead it offers what the Compensation Committee views to be effective for attracting and retaining key leaders while motivating management to maximize long term value of Wynn Resorts for its stockholders.

Base Salary. Base salaries are established by employment contracts and reviewed and adjusted periodically if deemed necessary due to competitive reasons or to reflect sustained performance, capabilities, experience and changes in responsibility or other extraordinary circumstances. Companies in the gaming business typically have total compensation packages that may be higher than many of their non-gaming counterparts due to certain regulatory and other extraordinary demands. Wynn Resorts' rapid expansion in the last six years and its operations in widely separated geographic locations has required that named executive officers provide extraordinary levels of financial, development and operating expertise. These efforts have resulted in industry-leading product and impressive financial performance, including returns to stockholders exceeding industry averages. Thus, in fulfilling Wynn Resorts' goal of attracting and retaining high-quality and experienced executives, Wynn Resorts has paid base salary levels for its named executive officers that may exceed the peer group median. Prior to an increase in 2011, Mr. Wynn's base salary had not been increased since 2008, other than restoring a 15% reduction that was applied to certain corporate executives in 2009 and 2010. Base salary increases for 2011 are indicated in the following table:

<u>Executive</u>	<u>2011 Salary</u>	<u>2010 Salary</u>	<u>Increase</u>
Stephen A. Wynn	\$4,000,000	\$3,250,000	23.1%
Matt Maddox	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	0%
Marc D. Schorr	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	0%
Linda Chen	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	0%
Kim Sinatra	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	0%

Annual Incentives. Wynn Resorts' named executive officers participate in the Wynn Resorts Annual Performance-Based Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (the "Incentive Plan"). Within 90 days after the commencement of the year, the Compensation Committee identifies the executive officers who will participate in the Incentive Plan for that year and establishes the annual performance criteria. The Incentive Plan provides that the maximum annual incentive is 250% of base salary for Mr. Wynn and 200% of base salary for the other named executive officer participants.

For 2011, the Compensation Committee selected adjusted property EBITDA on a consolidated basis as the appropriate criterion and, in the course of such determination, concluded that the achievement of the performance criterion was substantially uncertain. Adjusted property EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure calculated at the segment level and reported in the footnotes to Wynn Resorts' audited consolidated financial statements. This criterion is a reflection on the operating performance of Wynn Resorts' assets and directly influences return to stockholders. In addition, management and stockholders use adjusted property EBITDA to value Wynn Resorts and its assets. Given the challenging economic environment an adjusted property EBITDA target of \$1 billion on a consolidated basis was established for maximum Plan funding. Actual performance of \$1.6 billion significantly exceeded the target and all participants were awarded the maximum incentive allowed under the Incentive Plan. While the Compensation Committee has the discretion to reduce individual awards from this maximum level based on other company and individual performance and any other considerations it may deem appropriate, it did not exercise that discretion with respect to 2011 owing to the outstanding Wynn Resorts' EBITDA results.

In addition, the Compensation Committee approved the \$2 million discretionary bonus paid to Mr. Wynn outside the Incentive Plan, which was awarded by the Wynn Macau, Limited Board of Directors for his contribution to the extraordinary performance of Wynn Macau for 2011.

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Long-term Incentives. Wynn Resorts makes only periodic (not annual) equity grants to executives, with the last grant in 2009. The Compensation Committee uses grants under the 2002 Stock Plan to attract qualified individuals to work for Wynn Resorts and align executives with the perspective of stockholders, and makes additional grants periodically to existing officers to reward extraordinary performance and encourage retention with Wynn Resorts. Periodic grants to named executive officers are typically made with long term vesting dates to assure retention of talent deemed important to Wynn Resorts' continued prosperity. From time to time, Wynn Resorts also has granted long-term cash retention awards to reward extraordinary performance and encourage retention. The underlying philosophy behind this approach is to retain senior management for the long term, thereby building a talent base to drive sustained company performance and growth. As in 2010, the Compensation Committee determined not to make any grants during 2011 to the named executive officers in light of significant grants awarded to Wynn Resorts' most senior officers in 2009.

Mr. Wynn, the founder, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Wynn Resorts who owns 10% of Wynn Resorts' outstanding stock, has not participated in Wynn Resorts' equity incentive plans. This differs from the chief executive officer compensation at most of the companies included in the peer group.

In July 2011, Ms. Chen was granted a \$10 million cash retention award which vests in full on July 27, 2021, subject to certain provisions. This retention award was awarded to Ms. Chen for her current and expected future contributions to the success of Wynn Resorts and to provide an incentive to her to remain an employee of Wynn Resorts. If Ms. Chen's employment is terminated without "Cause" (as such term is defined in the Agreement) prior to the vesting date by Wynn Resorts or one of its affiliates (including without limitation, termination due to death or disability), a pro-rated portion of the award equal to the number of full calendar months elapsed between the grant date and the date of such termination of employment divided by 120 shall vest and become payable within 30 days following such termination of employment. If Ms. Chen's employment is terminated for any other reason (including termination for Cause or Ms. Chen's voluntary resignation) prior to the vesting date, the award is forfeited in full and no compensation is paid under the award.

Peer Group

The Compensation Committee believes that it is appropriate to offer competitive cash and equity compensation packages to executive officers in order to attract and retain top executive talent. The compensation peer group allows the Compensation Committee to monitor the compensation practices of our primary competitors for executive talent, although the Compensation Committee also takes into account the gaming industry's extensive regulatory requirements and other demands. However, the Compensation Committee does not utilize this information to target any specific pay percentile for Wynn Resorts' executive officers. Instead, the Compensation Committee uses this information as a general overview of market practices and to ensure that it makes informed decisions on executive pay packages in the interest of attracting and retaining highly-qualified executive talent.

To help evaluate overall 2011 compensation, the Compensation Committee reviewed the peer group established in 2010 to confirm it remained appropriate in light of the growth in Wynn Resorts' market capitalization and revenues and the competitive market for key executive talent.

Wynn Resorts 2011 Executive Compensation Peer Group

Gaming & Resorts

**Las Vegas Sands Corp.
MGM Resorts International**

Travel, Hospitality & Resorts

**Carnival plc
Hyatt Hotels Corporation
Marriott International
priceline.com
Starwood Hotels & Resorts**

Lifestyle Products

**Estee Lauder Companies
Ralph Lauren Corporation
Starbucks Corporation
Tiffany & Co.**

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The 11 companies in the peer group generally had 2011 revenue, market capitalization and total enterprise value (as of December 31, 2011) in a relevant range around those of Wynn Resorts as set forth below (amounts in millions).

Market Value	Enterprise Value	Revenue	Company	Business Segment
\$34,296	\$ 33,276	\$12,186	Starbucks Corporation	Lifestyle Products
30,231	36,361	9,411	Las Vegas Sands Corp.	Gaming & Resorts
25,671	28,665	7,160	Carnival plc	Cruise & Resorts
23,284	23,149	4,356	priceline.com	Travel
21,630	21,844	9,443	Estee Lauder Companies	Lifestyle Products
13,820	15,775	5,270	Wynn Resorts Ltd.	Gaming & Resorts
12,721	12,171	6,664	Ralph Lauren Corporation	Lifestyle Products
9,776	11,845	12,317	Marriott International	Hotels & Resorts
9,370	11,645	5,624	Starwood Hotels & Resorts	Hotels & Resorts
8,412	8,682	3,643	Tiffany & Co.	Lifestyle Products
6,217	6,908	3,698	Hyatt Hotels Corporation	Hotels & Resorts
5,099	16,705	7,849	MGM Resorts International	Gaming & Resorts
51%	48%	27%	Wynn Resorts Percentile Rank	

(1) Per data source: Standard & Poors Capital IQ.

Tax and Accounting Implications

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") prevents publicly traded companies from receiving a tax deduction on certain compensation paid to the chief executive officer and three other highest-paid executive officers (other than the chief financial officer) in excess of \$1,000,000 in any taxable year, unless the compensation qualifies as "performance-based." Wynn Resorts' policy with respect to qualifying compensation paid to its executive officers for tax deductibility purposes is that executive compensation plans will be designed and implemented to maximize tax deductibility when consistent with the overall objectives of the compensation program. However, the Compensation Committee may elect to provide non-deductible compensation when it determines that to be advisable to achieve its compensation objectives of attracting or retaining key executives, or where achieving maximum tax deductibility would be considered disadvantageous to the best interests of Wynn Resorts. Salaries over \$1,000,000, perquisites, restricted stock grants and discretionary bonuses do not qualify as performance-based compensation under Section 162(m).

Employment Agreements

Wynn Resorts typically enters into employment agreements with its executives to advance its objectives of providing for a long-term commitment by and relationship with talented and experienced executives. Consistent with the extended vesting terms in equity awards, the terms and conditions of these agreements are described in the chart following the 2011 Summary Compensation table.

The employment agreements for the named executive officers specify their base salary, provide for a discretionary bonus opportunity and provide that if the executive's employment terminates for death, disability, good reason or without cause, (including after a change in control) the executive will receive a multiple (ranging from one to, in the case of Mr. Wynn, three times) of the sum of the executive's salary and imputed bonus that would be payable during the remaining term of the contract, but not less than one year, except that Mr. Wynn's and Ms. Chen's payments are limited to 4 years' salary and bonus in certain circumstances. The employment agreements and the terms of equity awards also provide that vesting of some or all of an executive's equity awards will accelerate upon such event. If termination occurs after a change in control, the employment agreements also provide for a tax gross-up. The Compensation Committee has determined that these arrangements are appropriate compensation to its senior management and are necessary to retain talent in a

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highly competitive industry. Additional information regarding payments under these provisions is provided under the heading “Potential Payments Made Upon Termination or a Change of Control.”

Executive Benefits

In addition to base salary, annual incentive compensation and long term equity incentives, Wynn Resorts also provides certain of its named executive officers with executive benefits. The primary executive benefits include certain health insurance coverage, life insurance premiums, discounts and complimentary privileges with respect to Wynn Resorts’ resorts which are described in the footnotes to the “2011 Summary Compensation Table.” In addition, Messrs. Wynn and Schorr have access to Wynn Resorts’ aircraft pursuant to time sharing agreements described in “Certain Relationships and Related Transactions—Aircraft Arrangements.” For security purposes, the Board of Directors requires Mr. Wynn to travel on Wynn Resorts’ aircraft for both personal and business travel, and Wynn Resorts provides cars and a driver (and security when necessary) for his personal use. Consistent with competitive practice in Macau, Ms. Chen receives a car and driver, certain housing and living expenses and assistance with tax preparation.

Chief Executive Officer Compensation

Mr. Wynn is employed by Wynn Resorts pursuant to an employment agreement dated October 4, 2002, which was last amended on February 24, 2011 solely to reflect the change in his salary and has a term expiring in 2020. Mr. Wynn, a holder of approximately 10.0% of Wynn Resorts’ common stock, has not received any equity awards as part of his compensation as Chief Executive Officer of Wynn Resorts. Effective February 24, 2011, Mr. Wynn receives a base salary of \$4,000,000 per year, and participates in the Incentive Plan. Mr. Wynn is provided with company paid life insurance and disability policies. He also receives certain executive benefits described above.

2011 SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

The table below summarizes the total compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to each of the named executive officers of Wynn Resorts for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Option	Non-Equity	All Other	Total (\$)
		(\$)	(\$)	Awards (\$)(1)	Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Compensation (\$)(2)	
Stephen A. Wynn Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	2011	\$3,878,846	\$2,000,000	\$ —	\$ 9,062,500	\$ 1,533,361	\$ 16,474,707
	2010	\$2,950,000	\$3,218,750	\$ —	\$ 6,906,250	\$ 1,540,779	\$ 14,615,779
Matt Maddox Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer	2009	\$2,953,125	\$4,062,500	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,370,206	\$ 8,385,831
	2011	\$1,000,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 390,756	\$ 3,390,756
Marc D. Schorr Chief Operating Officer	2010	\$1,038,423	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 510,866	\$ 3,549,289
	2009	\$ 779,988	\$5,650,000	\$ 8,348,244	\$ —	\$ 248,067	\$ 15,026,299
Linda Chen President of Wynn International Marketing	2011	\$2,000,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 2,117,573	\$ 8,117,573
	2010	\$1,838,462	\$ 600,000	\$ —	\$ 3,400,000	\$ 2,307,923	\$ 8,146,385
Kim Sinatra General Counsel and Secretary	2009	\$1,817,308	\$2,000,000	\$13,913,740	\$ —	\$ 1,153,817	\$ 18,884,865
	2011	\$1,500,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 1,352,926	\$ 5,852,926
Kim Sinatra General Counsel and Secretary	2010	\$1,417,308	\$1,000,000	\$ —	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,788,762	\$ 6,206,070
	2009	\$ 951,701	\$1,000,000	\$ 8,348,244	\$ —	\$ 858,565	\$ 11,158,510
Kim Sinatra General Counsel and Secretary	2011	\$ 647,920	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 189,156	\$ 2,137,076
	2010	\$ 595,940	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 426,500	\$ 2,127,440
Kim Sinatra General Counsel and Secretary	2009	\$ 535,582	\$2,750,000	\$ 6,956,870	\$ —	\$ 207,801	\$ 10,450,253

(1) The amounts set forth in this column reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of stock option awards granted in the specified year, computed in accordance with accounting standards for stock based

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compensation. See Wynn Resorts' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for assumptions used in computing fair value. The 2009 grants vest 10% per year beginning on the first anniversary of the grant until fully vested in May 2019.

- (2) For executives other than Mr. Wynn, amounts reported as "All Other Compensation" for 2011 consist primarily of accrued cash distributions related to unvested restricted stock. Dividends that are accrued on unvested restricted stock are reported as compensation pursuant to SEC rules because the value of the dividend was not previously reflected in the accounting expense for these awards when they were granted, as Wynn Resorts did not regularly pay dividends at that time. These dividend amounts are payable to the executive only if and to the extent the restricted stock vests and is not forfeited.

The following amounts for 2011 are included in "All Other Compensation" for Mr. Wynn:

- (i) personal use of company aircraft of \$910,345 (Mr. Wynn receives no tax-gross ups relating to the value of aircraft usage that is imputed to him as compensation.);
- (ii) fair market value of a company-provided villa for 2011, under the Amended and Restated Agreement of Lease between Mr. Wynn and Wynn Las Vegas, LLC dated March 18, 2010, in the amount of \$503,831;
- (iii) compensation pursuant to the Wynn Resorts Executive Medical Plan of \$14,054;
- (iv) executive life insurance premiums of \$10,668;
- (v) allocated compensation and benefits for the personal use of a driver whom we employ for Mr. Wynn and the personal use of vehicles of \$22,902; and
- (vi) merchandise discounts of \$71,561.

The following amounts for 2011 are included in "All Other Compensation" for Mr. Maddox:

- (i) executive life insurance premiums of \$756; and
- (ii) accrued cash dividends related to unvested restricted stock of \$390,000.

The following amounts for 2011 are included in "All Other Compensation" for Mr. Schorr:

- (i) personal use of company aircraft of \$387,982 (Mr. Schorr receives no tax-gross ups relating to the value of aircraft usage that is imputed to him as compensation.);
- (ii) executive life insurance premiums of \$5,544;
- (iii) merchandise discounts of \$99,047; and
- (iv) \$1,625,000 of accrued cash dividends related to unvested restricted stock.

The following amounts for 2011 are included in "All Other Compensation" for Ms. Chen:

- (i) housing and other living expenses in Macau of \$51,666;
- (ii) executive life insurance premiums of \$1,260; and
- (iii) accrued cash dividends on unvested restricted stock of \$1,300,000.

The following amounts for 2011 are included in "All Other Compensation" for Ms. Sinatra:

- (i) executive life insurance premiums of \$1,656; and
- (ii) accrued cash dividends on unvested restricted stock of \$187,500.

For amounts shown as personal use of Wynn Resorts' aircraft, incremental aircraft expenses were calculated by dividing the 2011 total direct (variable) flight expenses (consisting primarily of fuel, maintenance and landing

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fees) by the total hours the aircraft was operated during the year. The executives' hourly usage was multiplied by this annual hourly rate. Any reimbursement received from the executive was applied against this amount.

Amounts shown as cash dividends accrued on unvested restricted stock are reported in the year such amounts accrue instead of the year paid, based on an SEC staff interpretation. These amounts are paid only if and when the restricted stock vests.

In 2011, each of the named executive officers received base salary in accordance with the terms of his or her employment agreement, as approved by the Compensation Committee. Key terms of the current agreements as amended are as follows:

<u>Named Executive Officer</u>	<u>Contract Expiration</u>	<u>Base Salary</u>
Mr. Wynn	10/24/20	\$ 4,000,000
Mr. Maddox	11/30/13	\$ 1,000,000
Mr. Schorr	10/31/12	\$ 2,000,000
Ms. Chen	2/24/20	\$ 1,500,000
Ms. Sinatra	5/5/14	\$ 650,000

Each of the employment agreements provide that the executive will participate in company profit sharing and retirement plans, disability or life insurance plans, medical and/or hospitalization plans, vacation and expense reimbursement programs. In addition, the agreements provide for severance payments and benefits upon certain terminations of employment, including termination following a change in control, as discussed in the section below entitled "Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control."

In July 2011, Ms. Chen was granted a \$10 million retention award which vests in full on July 27, 2021, subject to certain provisions. This retention award was awarded to Ms. Chen for her current and expected future contributions to the success of Wynn Resorts and to provide an incentive to her to remain an employee of Wynn Resorts. If Ms. Chen's employment is terminated without "Cause" (as such term is defined in the Agreement) prior to the vesting date by Wynn Resorts or one of its affiliates (including without limitation, termination due to death or disability), a pro-rated portion of the award equal to the number of full calendar months elapsed between the grant date and the date of such termination of employment divided by 120 shall vest and become payable within 30 days following such termination of employment. If Ms. Chen's employment is terminated for any other reason (including termination for Cause or Ms. Chen's voluntary resignation) prior to the vesting date, the award shall be forfeited in full with no compensation paid under the award.

2011 GRANTS OF PLAN-BASED AWARDS TABLE

<u>Named Executive Officer</u>	<u>Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards</u>
	<u>Target/Maximum (\$)</u>
Mr. Wynn	\$ 9,062,500
Mr. Maddox	\$ 2,000,000
Mr. Schorr	\$ 4,000,000
Ms. Chen	\$ 3,000,000
Ms. Sinatra	\$ 1,300,000

Discussion of Plan Based Awards Table

Wynn Resorts' Incentive Plan rewards management for creation of superior return to stockholders, measured by the operating performance of Wynn Resorts' resorts. The amounts shown in the table above reflect

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possible payments based upon salaries in effect during the first quarter of 2011, when the performance criteria were established. Actual payouts were based upon achievement of the 2011 performance criteria of Adjusted Property EBITDA at Wynn Resorts' Wynn Las Vegas and Wynn Macau resorts which resulted in the payment of maximum bonuses under the Incentive Plan to all named executive officers.

2011 OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END

Name	Option Awards				Stock Awards	
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)(5)
Stephen A. Wynn	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Matt Maddox(1)	—	175,000	\$ 107.95	05/06/18	60,000	\$ 6,629,400
	—	240,000	\$ 47.12	05/06/19		
Marc D. Schorr(2)	—	400,000	\$ 47.12	05/06/19	250,000	\$ 27,622,500
Linda Chen(3)	—	175,000	\$ 107.95	05/06/18	200,000	\$ 22,098,000
	—	240,000	\$ 47.12	05/06/19		
Kim Sinatra(4)	—	75,000	\$ 107.95	05/06/18	25,000	\$ 2,762,250
	—	200,000	\$ 47.12	05/06/19		

- (1) Mr. Maddox's unvested awards will vest as follows:
- 175,000 stock options will vest on December 5, 2016;
 - 30,000 stock options will vest on May 6, 2012 and each anniversary thereafter until the 240,000 stock options are fully vested; and
 - 10,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on May 7, 2012 and 50,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on December 5, 2016.
- (2) Mr. Schorr's unvested awards will vest as follows:
- 50,000 stock options will vest on May 6, 2012 and each anniversary thereafter until the 400,000 stock options are fully vested; and
 - 250,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on December 5, 2016.
- (3) Ms. Chen's unvested awards will vest as follows:
- 175,000 stock options will vest on December 5, 2016;
 - 30,000 stock options will vest on May 6, 2012 and each anniversary thereafter until the 240,000 stock options are fully vested; and
 - 100,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on July 31, 2012 and 100,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on December 5, 2016.
- (4) Ms. Sinatra's unvested awards will vest as follows:
- 75,000 stock options will vest on December 5, 2016;
 - 25,000 stock options will vest on May 6, 2012 and each anniversary thereafter until the 200,000 stock options are fully vested; and
 - 25,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on December 5, 2016.
- (5) Amounts in this column are based upon the closing price of Wynn Resorts' stock at year-end, which was \$110.49 per share.

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All vesting is conditioned upon such named executive officer being an employee of Wynn Resorts on the vesting date, except as discussed below under “Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control.”

2011 OPTION EXERCISES

Name	Option Awards		Stock Awards	
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)	Value Realized on Vesting (\$)
Stephen A. Wynn	—	—	—	—
Matt Maddox	30,000	\$2,823,900	—	—
Marc D. Schorr	50,000	\$4,894,145	—	—
Linda Chen	55,000	\$3,333,500	—	—
Kim Sinatra	25,000	\$2,350,250	25,000	\$3,855,250

The amounts reported in the table above are based on the sales price of Wynn Resorts’ common stock on the date the stock options were exercised or the closing price of Wynn Resorts’ common stock on the date the stock award vested. Upon vesting of the stock award, the executive also was paid an amount equal to the dividends that had accrued on the shares prior to their vesting.

POTENTIAL PAYMENTS UPON TERMINATION OR CHANGE IN CONTROL

Payments Made Upon Termination Due to Death, Complete Disability or License Revocation

Wynn Resorts’ employment agreements with its named executive officers provide that such agreements terminate automatically upon death or complete disability of the employee, as well as upon failure of the employee to obtain or maintain required gaming licenses. Upon such termination, the employee is entitled to a lump sum payment of accrued and unpaid base salary and accrued and unpaid vacation through the termination date. In addition, certain of the stock option agreements and restricted stock agreements held by the named executive officers provide that unvested options and shares will vest upon such termination.

Payments Made Upon Termination Without Cause at Employer’s Election During the Term

Wynn Resorts’ employment agreements with its named executive officers provide that such agreements are terminable by Wynn Resorts without cause upon notice to the employee, so long as a “separation payment” is paid as provided for in such contracts. Cause is defined as (i) willful destruction of property of Wynn Resorts or an affiliate having a material value to Wynn Resorts or such affiliate; (ii) fraud, embezzlement, theft, or comparable dishonest activity; (iii) conviction of or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any crime constituting a felony or any misdemeanor involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude; (iv) breach, neglect, refusal, or failure to materially discharge duties (other than due to physical or mental illness) commensurate with title and function, or failure to comply with the lawful directions of Wynn Resorts, that is not cured within 15 days after written notice thereof; (v) willful and knowing material misrepresentation to Wynn Resorts’ or an affiliate’s board of directors; (vi) willful violation of a material policy of Wynn Resorts or an affiliate, which does or could result in material harm to Wynn Resorts or to Wynn Resorts’ reputation; or (vii) material violation of a statutory or common law duty of loyalty or fiduciary duty to Wynn Resorts or an affiliate.

The “separation payment” consists of a multiple (ranging from one to, in the case of Mr. Wynn, three times) of the sum of (a) base salary through the end of the term of the agreement, but not less than 12 months (and in Mr. Wynn’s and Ms. Chen’s case, not more than 4 years); (b) bonus for all bonus periods based upon last bonus

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paid pursuant to the employment agreement through the end of the term (and in Mr. Wynn's and Ms. Chen's case, this is limited to a maximum of 4 years); and (c) a tax gross up in certain circumstances. In addition, the employee is entitled to health benefits coverage under the same plan or arrangement as the employee was covered immediately prior to termination. Health benefits are to be provided until the earlier of the remainder of the original term, or until the employee is covered by a plan of another employer. In addition, some of the stock option agreements and restricted stock agreements held by the named executive officers provide that unvested options and shares will vest upon termination without cause.

Payments Made Upon Termination by Employee after Change in Control for Good Reason

Wynn Resorts' employment agreements with its named executive officers provide that such agreements are terminable by the employee for good reason after a change in control. A change in control is defined as (a) any person or group (other than Mr. Wynn and his affiliates) becomes the beneficial owner of more than 50% of the Wynn Resorts' outstanding securities; or (b) the existing directors of Wynn Resorts (including those elected in the normal course and not including those elected as a result of an actual or threatened election contest) cease to constitute a majority of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts. Good reason is defined as: (i) reduction of employee's base salary; (ii) discontinuation of employer's bonus plan without immediately replacing such bonus plan with a plan that is the substantial economic equivalent of such bonus plan, or amends such bonus plan so as to materially reduce employee's potential bonus at any given level of economic performance of employer or its successor entity; (iii) material reduction in the aggregate benefits and perquisites to employee; (iv) requirement that such employee change the location of his or her job or office by a distance of more than 25 miles; (v) reduction of responsibilities or required reporting to a person of lower rank or responsibilities; or (vi) a successor's failure to expressly assume in writing the employment agreement. Upon termination by the employee pursuant to this provision, the employee is entitled to the same amounts described under "Payments Made Upon Termination Without Cause at Employer's Election During the Term" above. In addition, if an executive's termination is deemed to occur in connection with a change in control under the Tax Code, certain executives are entitled to a tax gross up on the excise tax if the executive's benefits trigger an excise tax. Pursuant to the terms of the applicable stock option agreements and restricted stock grant agreements, some or all of the unvested options and restricted stock held by the named executive officers would immediately vest upon termination by Wynn Resorts without cause or upon termination by the employee for good reason after a change in control.

Payments Made Upon Termination

The tables below reflect the amount of compensation that would become payable to each of the named executive officers under existing agreements and arrangements if the named executive's employment had terminated on December 31, 2011 given the named executive's compensation as of such date and, if applicable, based on Wynn Resorts' closing stock price on that date. These benefits are in addition to benefits available prior to the occurrence of any termination of employment, including under then-exercisable stock options, and benefits generally available to all salaried employees, such as distributions under Wynn Resorts' 401(k) plan. In addition, in connection with any actual termination of employment, the Compensation Committee may determine to enter into an agreement or to establish an arrangement providing additional benefits or amounts, or altering the terms of benefits described below, as the Committee determines appropriate.

The actual amounts that would be paid upon a named executive officer's termination of employment can only be determined at the time of such executive's separation from Wynn Resorts. Due to the number of factors that affect the nature and amount of any benefits provided upon the events discussed below, any actual amounts paid or distributed may be higher or lower than reported below. Factors that could affect these amounts include the timing during the year of any such event and Wynn Resorts' stock price.

Stephen A. Wynn

In the case of Mr. Wynn, the payment to be made upon death or disability is the salary and bonus that would be payable during the remaining term of the contract with a limit at 4 years and upon "Termination Without

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Cause at Employer’s Election During the Term” and “Termination by Employee for Good Reason After Change in Control for Good Reason” is three times the salary and bonus that would be payable during the remaining term of the contract with a limit of 4 years.

	Termination Upon Death or Complete Disability	Termination without Cause at Employer’s Election During the Term	Termination without Cause or for Good Reason After Change in Control
Base Salary	\$ 16,000,000	\$ 48,000,000	\$ 48,000,000
Bonus	\$ 44,250,000	\$ 132,750,000	\$ 132,750,000
Stock Options/Restricted Stock	N/A	N/A	N/A
Company Paid Life Insurance	\$ 2,000,000	—	—
Tax Gross Up	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 77,226,044
Benefits(1)	\$ 286,759	\$ 286,759	\$ 418,451

- (1) Continued health benefits for remainder of the term or until covered by another plan. Amounts shown reflect an estimated cost including tax equalization for providing such benefits through the remainder of the term.

Matt Maddox

	Termination Upon Death or Complete Disability	Termination without Cause at Employer’s Election During the Term	Termination by Employee for Good Reason After Change in Control
Base Salary	Amount earned and unpaid through the date of termination.	\$ 1,916,667	\$1,916,667
Bonus	\$ —	\$ 3,833,333	\$3,833,333
Stock Options/Restricted Stock(1)(2)(3)(4)	\$ 22,127,800	\$ 4,158,996	\$6,919,000
Company Paid Life Insurance	\$ 1,000,000	—	—
Tax Gross Up	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Benefits(5)	\$ —	\$ 126,042	\$ 126,042

- (1) Upon death, complete disability or change of control, unvested stock options of 175,000 would vest in full immediately. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such stock options upon exercise would have been \$444,500. Upon termination without cause, 175,000 stock options would vest on a prorated basis based on the number of months since the grant date, so long as the employee’s employment agreement with the company has not terminated or expired. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 73,774 stock options upon exercise would have been \$187,386.
- (2) Upon death or complete disability, unvested stock options of 240,000 would vest in full immediately. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such stock options upon exercise would have been \$15,208,800.
- (3) Upon death, complete disability or change of control, 50,000 shares of restricted stock would vest in full immediately so long as the employee’s employment agreement with Wynn Resorts has not terminated or expired. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 50,000 shares would have been \$5,524,500 plus accrued dividends of \$950,000.
- (4) Upon termination without cause, 50,000 shares of restricted stock would vest on a prorated basis based on the number of months since the grant date so long as the employee’s employment agreement with Wynn Resorts has not terminated or expired, and another 10,000 shares of restricted stock would vest prorated based on the number of months since the grant date regardless of the status of the employee’s employment

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contract. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 30,246 shares would have been \$3,341,928, plus accrued dividends of \$629,682.

- (5) Continued health benefits for remainder of term or until covered by another plan. Amounts shown reflect an estimated cost including tax equalization for providing such benefits through the remainder of the term.

Marc D. Schorr

	Termination Upon Death or Complete Disability	Termination without Cause at Employer's Election During the Term	Termination by Employee for Good Reason After Change in Control
Base Salary	Amount earned and unpaid through the date of termination.	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000
Bonus	\$ —	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000
Stock Options/Restricted Stock(1)(2)(3)	\$ 57,720,500	\$ 12,882,938	\$ 32,372,500
Company Paid Life Insurance	\$ 2,000,000	—	—
Tax Gross Up	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Benefits(4)	\$ —	\$ 63,357	\$ 63,357

- (1) Upon death or complete disability, unvested stock options of 400,000 would vest in full immediately. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such stock options upon exercise would have been \$25,348,000.
- (2) Upon death, complete disability or change of control, 250,000 shares of restricted stock would vest in full, so long as the employee's employment agreement with the company has not terminated or expired. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such restricted stock grants upon vesting would have been \$27,622,500, plus accrued dividends of \$4,750,000.
- (3) Upon termination without cause 250,000 shares of restricted stock would vest on a prorated basis based on the number of months since the grant date, so long as the employee's employment agreement with the company has not terminated or expired. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 99,490 shares would have been \$10,992,628 plus accrued dividends of \$1,890,310.
- (4) Continued health benefits for remainder of term or until covered by another plan. Amounts shown reflect an estimated cost including tax equalization for providing such benefits through the remainder of the term.

Linda Chen

	Termination Upon Death or Complete Disability	Termination without Cause at Employer's Election During the Term	Termination by Employee for Good Reason After Change in Control
Base Salary	Amount earned and unpaid through the date of termination.	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000
Bonus	\$ —	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 12,000,000
Stock Options/Restricted Stock(1)(2)(3)(4)	\$ 28,602,300	\$ 18,420,722	\$ 13,393,500
Macau Executive Residence(5)	\$ —	\$ 8,312,316	\$ 8,312,316
Retention Plan Award(6)	\$ 416,667	\$ 416,667	\$ 416,667
Company Paid Life Insurance	\$ 1,500,000	—	—
Tax Gross Up	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 11,247,166
Benefits	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

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- (1) Upon death, complete disability or change of control, unvested stock options of 175,000 would vest in full immediately. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such stock options upon exercise would have been \$444,500. Upon termination without cause, 175,000 stock options would vest on a prorated basis based on the number of months since the grant date, so long as the employee's employment agreement with Wynn Resorts has not terminated or expired. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 73,774 stock options upon exercise would have been \$187,386.
- (2) Upon death or complete disability, unvested stock options of 240,000 would vest in full immediately. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such stock options upon exercise would have been \$15,208,800.
- (3) Upon death, complete disability or change of control, 100,000 shares of restricted stock would vest in full immediately. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 100,000 shares would have been \$11,049,000, plus accrued dividends of \$1,900,000.
- (4) Upon termination without cause 200,000 shares of restricted stock would vest on a prorated basis based on the number of months since the grant date. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 132,442 shares would have been \$14,633,518, plus accrued dividends of \$3,599,818.
- (5) Upon termination without Cause or a change of control, the Macau Executive Residence could be purchased by Ms. Chen for \$1. The amount reflected in the table represents the fair market value of the residence at December 31, 2011.
- (6) Upon death, complete disability or change of control, the retention award will vest on a prorated basis equal to the number of full calendar months elapsed between the grant date and the date of such termination of employment divided by 120.

Kim Sinatra

	<u>Termination Upon Death or Complete Disability</u>	<u>Termination without Cause at Employer's Election During the Term</u>	<u>Termination by Employee for Good Reason After Change in Control</u>
Base Salary	Amount earned and unpaid through the date of termination.	\$ 1,516,667	\$1,516,667
Bonus	—	\$ 1,300,000	\$1,300,000
Stock Options/Restricted Stock(1)(2)(3)(4)	\$ 16,101,750	\$ 1,445,002	\$3,427,750
Company Paid Life Insurance	\$ 650,000	—	—
Tax Gross Up	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Benefits(5)	\$ —	\$ 156,086	\$ 156,086

- (1) Upon death, complete disability or change of control, unvested stock options of 75,000 would vest in full immediately. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such stock options upon exercise would have been \$190,500. Upon termination without cause, 75,000 stock options would vest on a prorated basis based on the number of months since the grant date, so long as the employee's employment agreement with Wynn Resorts has not terminated or expired. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 31,617 stock options upon exercise would have been \$80,307.
- (2) Upon death or complete disability, unvested stock options of 200,000 would vest in full immediately. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such stock options upon exercise would have been \$12,674,000.
- (3) Upon death, complete disability or change of control, 25,000 shares of restricted stock would vest in full, so long as the employee's employment agreement with the company has not terminated or expired. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such restricted stock grants upon vesting would have been \$2,762,250, plus accrued dividends of \$475,000.

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- (4) Upon termination without cause 25,000 shares of restricted stock would vest on a prorated basis based on the number of months since the grant date, so long as the employee's employment agreement with the company has not terminated. Using the closing price on December 31, 2011, the value of such 10,539 shares would have been \$1,164,454 plus accrued dividends of \$200,241.
- (5) Continued health benefits for remainder of term or until covered by another plan. Amounts shown reflect an estimated cost including tax equalization for providing such benefits through the remainder of the term.

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table summarizes, as of December 31, 2011, compensation plans under which Wynn Resorts' equity securities are authorized for issuance, aggregated as to: (i) all compensation plans previously approved by stockholders; and (ii) all compensation plans not previously approved by stockholders.

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights(1) (a)	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (b)	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (excluding securities reflected in column(a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	2,729,124	\$ 63.49	4,098,336
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	—	—	—
Total	2,729,124	\$ 63.49	4,098,336

- (1) This amount excludes restricted stock awards issued. In addition to the above, there are 794,500 shares of unvested restricted stock awards outstanding under the stockholder-approved plan.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

We own all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Wynn Capital. Each of the other additional registrants is a wholly owned subsidiary of ours.

We are a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Holdings. Wynn Holdings is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts. The following table sets forth, as of September 7, 2012 (unless otherwise indicated), certain information regarding the shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock beneficially owned by: (i) each director and nominee for director; (ii) each stockholder who is known by Wynn Resorts to beneficially own in excess of 5% of the outstanding shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock based on information reported on Form 13D or 13G filed with the SEC; (iii) each of the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table; and (iv) all executive officers, directors and director nominees as a group. There were 100,522,136 shares outstanding as of September 7, 2012.

<u>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner(2)</u>	<u>Beneficial Ownership Of Shares(1)</u>	
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Stephen A. Wynn(3)(9)	10,026,708	10.0%
Elaine P. Wynn(3)(9)	9,742,150	9.7%
Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc.(4) 6300 Lamar Avenue Overland Park, KS 66202	18,066,873	18.0%
Marsico Capital Management, LLC(5) 1200 17 th Street, Suite 1600 Denver, Colorado 80202	8,476,973	8.4%
Linda Chen(6)	295,000	*
Russell Goldsmith(7)	42,720	*
Ray R. Irani(8)	20,720	*
Kazuo Okada(9)	0	*
Robert J. Miller(10)	23,220	*
John A. Moran(11)(13)	193,220	*
Marc D. Schorr(14)	300,000	*
Alvin V. Shoemaker(12)	33,220	*
J. Edward (Ted) Virtue	0	*
D. Boone Wayson(11)	93,220	*
Allan Zeman(12)	33,220	*
Matt Maddox(15)	86,355	*
John Strzemp(16)	250,500	*
Kim Sinatra(17)	65,887	*
All Directors, Director Nominees and Executive Officers as a Group (16 persons)(18)	21,206,140	21.0%

- * Less than one percent
- (1) This table is based upon information supplied by officers, directors, nominees for director, principal stockholders and Wynn Resorts' transfer agent, and contained in Schedules 13D and 13G filed with the SEC. Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes to this table and subject to community property laws, where applicable, Wynn Resorts believes each of the stockholders named in this table has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares indicated as beneficially owned. Executives and directors have voting power over shares of Restricted Stock, but cannot transfer such shares unless and until they vest.
 - (2) Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each of the named parties in this table is: c/o Wynn Resorts, Limited, 3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada 89109.
 - (3) Does not include shares that may be deemed to be beneficially owned by virtue of the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement, to which Mr. Wynn and Elaine P. Wynn are parties and pursuant to

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which they have shared voting and dispositive power with respect to shares thereto. Each disclaims beneficial ownership of shares held by the other. As noted above, Ms. Wynn has filed a cross-claim seeking to void the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement.

- (4) Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. (“Waddell”) has beneficial ownership of these shares as of December 31, 2011. The information provided is based upon a Schedule 13G/A filed on February 14, 2012, filed by Waddell indicating that Waddell has sole voting and dispositive power as to 18,066,873 shares. Waddell & Reed Financial Services, Inc. a subsidiary of Waddell, has sole voting and dispositive power as to 4,518,938 shares. Waddell & Reed, Inc., a subsidiary of Waddell & Reed Financial Services, Inc. has sole voting and dispositive power as to 4,518,938 shares. Waddell & Reed Investment Management Company, a subsidiary of Waddell & Reed, Inc., has sole voting and dispositive power as to 4,518,938 shares; and Ivy Investment Management Company, a subsidiary of Waddell, has sole voting and dispositive power as to 13,547,935 shares. The number of common shares beneficially owned by Waddell may have changed since the filing of the Schedule 13G/A.
- (5) Marsico Capital Management LLC (“Marsico”) has beneficial ownership of these shares as of December 31, 2011. Marsico has sole dispositive power as to 8,476,973 shares and sole voting power as to 4,320,237 shares. The information provided is based upon a Schedule 13G/A, dated February 14, 2012, filed by Marsico. The number of common shares beneficially owned by Marsico may have changed since the filing of the Schedule 13G/A.
- (6) Includes: (i) 100,000 shares of restricted stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan and subject to a Restricted Stock Agreement which provides such grant will vest on December 5, 2016; and (ii) 30,000 shares subject to immediately exercisable options to purchase Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (7) Includes: (i) 14,720 shares subject to an immediately exercisable option to purchase Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan; (ii) 2,500 unvested shares of restricted stock of Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan; (iii) 1,300 shares owned as Trustee for which Mr. Goldsmith disclaims beneficial ownership; and (iv) 1,500 shares through a company for which Mr. Goldsmith disclaims beneficial ownership of 1,470 shares.
- (8) Includes: (i) 15,720 shares subject to an immediately exercisable option to purchase Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan; and (ii) 5,000 unvested shares of restricted stock of Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (9) On February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed the 24,549,222 shares then held by Aruze USA, Inc. (the “Aruze Shares”), pursuant to Article VII of Wynn Resorts’ articles of incorporation based on the determination of Wynn Resorts’ Board of Directors that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Kazuo Okada are Unsuitable Persons under the provisions of Wynn Resorts’ articles of incorporation. As a result of the share redemption described below, the shares previously held by Aruze USA, Inc. are no longer issued and outstanding and neither Mr. Wynn nor Ms. Wynn has or shares the power to vote or dispose of the Aruze Shares formerly held by Aruze USA, Inc. Further, by virtue of that redemption, neither Mr. Wynn nor Ms. Wynn remains a member of any “group” with Aruze USA, Inc. nor is either of Mr. Wynn or Ms. Wynn otherwise a beneficial owner of the former Aruze Shares.
- (10) Includes: (i) 15,720 shares subject to immediately exercisable options to purchase Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan; and (ii) 2,500 unvested shares of restricted stock of Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (11) Includes: (i) 35,720 shares subject to immediately exercisable options to purchase Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan; and (ii) 2,500 unvested shares of restricted stock of Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (12) Includes: (i) 25,720 shares subject to immediately exercisable options to purchase Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan; and (ii) 2,500 unvested shares of restricted stock of Wynn Resorts’ common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts’ 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (13) Includes: 150,000 shares of Wynn Resorts’ common stock held by John A. Moran, as Trustee.

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- (14) Includes: (i) 250,000 shares of restricted stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts' 2002 Stock Incentive Plan and subject to a Restricted Stock Agreement which provides such grant will vest on December 5, 2016, and (ii) 50,000 shares subject to immediately exercisable options to purchase Wynn Resorts' common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts' 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (15) Includes: (i) 50,000 shares of restricted stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts' 2002 Stock Incentive Plan and subject to a Restricted Stock Agreement which provides such grant will vest on December 5, 2016; and (ii) 30,000 shares subject to immediately exercisable options to purchase Wynn Resorts' common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts' 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (16) Includes: (i) 500 shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock held by Mr. Strzemp's mother, for which Mr. Strzemp disclaims beneficial ownership; and (ii) 55,000 shares subject to immediately exercisable options to purchase Wynn Resorts Common Stock pursuant to Wynn Resorts' 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (17) Includes: (i) 25,000 shares of restricted stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts' 2002 Stock Incentive Plan and subject to a Restricted Stock Agreement which provides such grant will vest on December 5, 2016, and (ii) 25,000 shares subject to immediately exercisable options to purchase Wynn Resorts' common stock granted pursuant to Wynn Resorts' 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (18) Includes 359,040 shares subject to immediately exercisable stock options.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Historically, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors has reviewed for approval or ratification all transactions between Wynn Resorts and any related person, regardless of amount. In February 2012, Wynn Resorts' Audit Committee updated its written policy. The policy applies to transactions with any related person, which SEC rules define to include directors, director nominees, executive officers, beneficial owners of in excess of 5% of the outstanding shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock, and their respective immediate family members. The policy classifies as pre-approved (a) employment of executive officers and director compensation if the compensation is required to be reported under Item 402 of the SEC's compensation disclosure requirements; (b) transactions with another company or charitable contributions if the related person's only relationship is as an employee (other than executive officer), director or beneficial owner of less than 10% of that company's or donee's shares if the aggregate amount does not exceed the greater of \$100,000 or 2% of that company's or donee's total annual revenues; (c) transactions where the related person's interest arises solely from the ownership of Wynn Resorts' stock and all stockholders benefit on a pro rata basis; (d) transactions involving competitive bids; (e) regulated transactions involving services as a common carrier or public utility at rates fixed in conformity with law or governmental authority; and (f) transactions with related parties involving a bank as depositary of funds, transfer agent, registrar, trustee under a trust indenture or similar services. The Committee receives notice of the occurrence of all pre-approved transactions. All other transactions with related persons are subject to approval or ratification by the Committee. In determining whether to approve or ratify a transaction, the Committee will take into account, among other factors it deems appropriate, whether the transaction is on terms no less favorable than terms generally available to an unaffiliated third-party under the same or similar circumstances and the extent of the related person's interest in the transaction.

The following are the material transactions or agreements between Wynn Resorts and related persons. Wynn Resorts' Audit Committee has approved or ratified all of these transactions that occurred after the date of the adoption of the policy.

Stockholders Agreement. On January 6, 2010, Mr. Wynn, the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Wynn Resorts, Elaine P. Wynn, a director of Wynn Resorts, and Aruze USA, Inc., each greater than 5% stockholders of Wynn Resorts, entered into the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement which amended and restated the Stockholders Agreement between Mr. Wynn and Aruze USA, Inc. (which had been entered into as of April 11, 2002, as amended as of November 8, 2006, and was subject to waivers and consents, dated July 31, 2009, and August 13, 2009). Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement, Elaine P. Wynn (a) became a party to the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement in connection with her

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ownership of 11,076,709 shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock that were transferred to Elaine P. Wynn by Mr. Wynn and (b) became subject to the covenants and provisions thereof, including with respect to voting agreements, preemptive rights, rights of first refusal, tag-along rights and certain other restrictions on transfer of such shares subject to release of \$10 million of such shares on January 6, 2010 and on each of the following nine anniversaries thereof. In addition, the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement amended the voting agreement provision to provide that each of Mr. Wynn, Elaine P. Wynn and Aruze USA, Inc. agree to vote all shares of Wynn Resorts held by them and subject to the terms of the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement in a manner so as to elect to Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors each of the nominees contained on each and every slate of directors endorsed by Mr. Wynn, which slate will include, subject to certain conditions, Elaine P. Wynn and, so long as such slate results in a majority of directors at all times being candidates endorsed by Mr. Wynn, nominees approved by Aruze USA, Inc. As a result of the share redemption described below, the shares previously held by Aruze are no longer issued and outstanding and neither Mr. Wynn nor Ms. Wynn has or shares the power to vote or dispose of the Aruze Shares formerly held by Aruze USA, Inc. Further, by virtue of that redemption, neither Mr. Wynn nor Ms. Wynn remains a member of any "group" with Aruze USA, Inc. nor is either of Mr. Wynn or Ms. Wynn otherwise a beneficial owner of the former Aruze Shares.

Share Redemption. On February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed the Aruze Shares, pursuant to Article VII of Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation based on the determination of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Kazuo Okada are Unsuitable Persons under the provisions of Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation. Following a finding of "unsuitability," Wynn Resorts' articles authorize redemption at "fair value" of the shares held by Unsuitable Persons. Wynn Resorts engaged an independent financial advisor to assist in the fair value calculation and concluded that a discount to the current trading price was appropriate because of, among other things, restrictions on most of the shares which are subject to the terms of an existing stockholder agreement. Pursuant to Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation, Wynn Resorts issued the Redemption Price Promissory Note (the "Note") to Aruze USA, Inc. in redemption of the shares.

The Note has a principal amount of \$1,936,442,631.36, matures on February 18, 2022 and bears interest at the rate of 2% per annum, payable annually in arrears on each anniversary of the date of the Note. Wynn Resorts may, in its sole and absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time, and without penalty or premium, prepay the whole or any portion of the principal or interest due under the Note. In no instance shall any payment obligation under the Note be accelerated except in the sole and absolute discretion of Wynn Resorts or as specifically mandated by law. The indebtedness evidenced by the Note is and shall be subordinated in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner provided in the Note, to the prior payment in full of all existing and future obligations of Wynn Resorts or any of its affiliates in respect of indebtedness for borrowed money of any kind or nature.

Artwork. Since June 2006, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC has leased certain pieces of fine art from Mr. Wynn for an annual fee of one dollar (\$1). Wynn Las Vegas, LLC is responsible for all expenses incurred in exhibiting and safeguarding those works that it exhibits under the lease, including the cost of insurance (including terrorism insurance) and taxes.

Surname and Rights of Publicity Agreements. On August 6, 2004, Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC entered into agreements with Mr. Wynn that confirm and clarify Wynn Resorts Holdings' rights to use the "Wynn" name and Mr. Wynn's persona in connection with its casino resorts. Under the parties' Surname Rights Agreement, Mr. Wynn granted Wynn Resorts Holdings an exclusive, royalty-free, fully paid, perpetual, worldwide license to use, and to own and register trademarks and service marks incorporating the "Wynn" name for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the right to sublicense the name and marks to its affiliates. Under the parties' Rights of Publicity License, Mr. Wynn granted Wynn Resorts Holdings the exclusive, royalty-free, worldwide right to use his full name, persona and related rights of publicity for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the ability to sublicense the persona and publicity rights to its affiliates, until October 24, 2017.

Villa Lease. Mr. Wynn currently leases a villa suite at Wynn Las Vegas. Until March 31, 2011, Elaine P. Wynn also leased a villa suite at Wynn Las Vegas.

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On March 18, 2010, Mr. Wynn and Wynn Las Vegas, LLC entered into an Amended and Restated Agreement of Lease (the “SW Lease”) for a villa suite to serve as Mr. Wynn’s personal residence. The SW Lease amends and restates the prior lease. The SW Lease was approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts. The term of the lease commenced as of March 1, 2010 and runs concurrent with Mr. Wynn’s employment agreement with Wynn Resorts; provided that either party may terminate on 90 days notice. Pursuant to the SW Lease, the rental value of the villa suite will be treated as imputed income to Mr. Wynn, and will be equal to the fair market value of the accommodations provided. Effective March 1, 2010 through February 29, 2012, the rental value was \$503,831 per year as determined by the Audit Committee with the assistance of a third-party appraisal. Effective March 1, 2012, the rental value is \$440,000 per year based on the current fair market value as established by an independent third-party appraisal and approved by the Audit Committee. As provided in the lease, the rental value for Mr. Wynn’s villa will be re-determined every two years during the term of the lease based upon an independent third-party appraisal. Certain services for, and maintenance of, the villa suite are included in the rental, as well as the use of minimal warehouse space at Wynn Las Vegas.

On March 17, 2010, Elaine P. Wynn and Wynn Las Vegas, LLC entered into an Agreement of Lease (the “New EW Lease”) for the lease of a villa suite as Elaine P. Wynn’s personal residence. The New EW Lease was approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts. The term of the lease commenced as of March 1, 2010 and terminated December 31, 2010. In 2011, the lease continued on a month-to-month basis and was terminated effective March 31, 2011. Pursuant to the terms of the New EW Lease, Elaine P. Wynn paid annual rent equal to \$350,000, which amount was determined based on a third-party appraisal. Certain services for, and maintenance of, the villa suite were included in the rental.

Home Purchase. In May 2010, Wynn Resorts entered into a new employment agreement with Linda Chen, who is also a director. The term of the new employment agreement is through February 24, 2020. Under the terms of the new employment agreement, Wynn Resorts purchased a home in Macau for use by Ms. Chen for approximately \$5.4 million, and through December 31, 2011, had made improvements with costs totaling \$2.1 million to renovate the home. The employment agreement also provides Ms. Chen the use of an automobile in Macau. Upon the occurrence of certain events set forth below, Ms. Chen shall have the option to purchase the home at the then fair market value of the home (as determined by an independent appraiser) less a discount equal to ten percentage points multiplied by each anniversary of the term of the agreement that has occurred (the “Discount Percentage”). The option is exercisable for (a) no consideration at the end of the term, (b) \$1.00 in the event of termination of Ms. Chen’s employment without “cause” or termination of Ms. Chen’s employment for “good reason” following a “change of control” and (c) at a price based on the applicable Discount Percentage in the event Ms. Chen terminates the agreement due to material breach by Wynn Resorts. Upon Ms. Chen’s termination for “cause,” Ms. Chen will be deemed to have elected to purchase the Macau home based on the applicable Discount Percentage unless Wynn Resorts determines to not require Ms. Chen to purchase the home. If Ms. Chen’s employment terminates for any other reason before the expiration of the term (e.g., because of her death or disability or due to revocation of gaming license), the option will terminate.

Aircraft Arrangements. Messrs. Wynn and Schorr, Wynn Resorts’ Chief Operating Officer, have time-sharing agreements with Las Vegas Jet, LLC, a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, covering their personal use of company-owned aircraft. These time-share agreements require Wynn Resorts to include as taxable compensation of such executive, the direct costs that Wynn Resorts incurs in operating the aircraft, up to an amount determined by using the Internal Revenue Service Standard Industry Fare Level (SIFL) tables for his personal use the aircraft. During 2011, the following amounts were included in the executives’ taxable compensation pursuant to these timesharing arrangements: Mr. Wynn \$324,186 and Mr. Schorr \$136,534. In the event that direct costs in operating the aircraft exceed the amounts determined by using the SIFL method, such additional costs are paid for by Wynn Resorts.

Reimbursable Costs. Wynn Resorts periodically provides services to certain of its executive officers and directors, including the personal use of employees, construction work and other personal services. These certain

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officers and directors have deposits with Wynn Resorts to prepay any such items. These deposits are replenished on an ongoing basis as needed. At December 31, 2011, Mr. Wynn and Elaine P. Wynn had net deposit balances with Wynn Resorts of \$156,989 and \$209,396, respectively. In addition, Wynn Resorts provides facilities, catering and related goods and services to all full-time employees at a discount depending on the amount spent, and provides certain other goods and services to some of its executives at a discount. Mr. Wynn paid Wynn Resorts approximately \$1.9 million in 2011 for such services in connection with a special event.

Tax Indemnification Agreement. In 2002, Stephen A. Wynn, Aruze USA, Inc., Baron Asset Fund, and the Kenneth R. Wynn Family Trust (referred to collectively as the “Valvino members”), Valvino and Wynn Resorts entered into a tax indemnification agreement relating to their respective income tax liabilities from the contribution of their Valvino membership interests to Wynn Resorts. The tax indemnification agreement generally provides that the Valvino members will be indemnified by Wynn Resorts and its subsidiaries for additional tax costs (including interest and penalties) caused by reallocations of income or deductions that increase the taxable income or decrease the tax loss of the Valvino members for the period prior to the contribution of the Valvino membership interests. Any payment made pursuant to the agreement by Wynn Resorts or any of its subsidiaries to the Valvino members may be non-deductible for income tax purposes.

Other. In addition to the above, Wynn Resorts (or its subsidiaries) employs (a) Eddie Tseng, the spouse of Ms. Chen, President of Wynn International Marketing and a director of Wynn Resorts, as Senior Vice President of Customer Development of Worldwide Wynn, LLC; (b) Michael Pascal, the brother of Elaine P. Wynn, as a Senior Executive Host of Wynn Las Vegas, and (c) Mr. Michael Pascal’s wife, Mary Ann Pascal, as a Host at Wynn Las Vegas. The Audit Committee of Wynn Resorts approved each such employment arrangement in advance and determined that compensation was at (or below) levels paid to non-family members. Total compensation paid to the above named individuals for 2011 included the following amounts calculated in the same manner as the Summary Compensation Table values presented for named executive officers: (a) to Eddie Tseng, base salary and bonus of \$572,000, and other compensation of \$668, (b) to Michael Pascal, base salary and bonus of \$147,500, and other compensation of \$2,762, and (c) to Mary Ann Pascal, base salary and bonus of \$240,000, and other compensation of \$464. Wynn Resorts anticipates that these individuals will continue to serve in their respective positions during 2012. In February 2012, Wynn Resorts entered into a consulting agreement for internet marketing services with the daughter of Russell Goldsmith, a member of Wynn Resorts’ board, for a fee of \$10,000 per month.

THE EXCHANGE OFFER

Terms of the Exchange Offer; Period for Tendering Old Notes

Subject to the terms and conditions detailed in this prospectus, we will accept for exchange old notes that are properly tendered prior to the expiration date and not withdrawn as permitted below. When we refer to the term expiration date, we mean 5:00 p.m., New York City time, _____, 2012. We may, however, extend the period of time that the exchange offer is open. In such event, the term expiration date means the latest time and date to which the exchange offer is extended.

As of the date of this prospectus, \$900,000,000 aggregate principal amount of old notes are outstanding. We are sending this prospectus, together with the letter of transmittal, to all holders of old notes that we are aware of on the date of this prospectus.

We expressly reserve the right, at any time, to extend the period of time that the exchange offer is open, and delay acceptance for exchange of any old notes, by giving oral or written notice of an extension to the holders of the old notes as described below. During any extension, all old notes previously tendered will remain subject to the exchange offer and may be accepted for exchange by us. Any old notes not accepted for exchange for any reason will be returned without expense to the tendering holder as promptly as practicable after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer.

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Old notes tendered in the exchange offer must be in denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000.

We expressly reserve the right to amend or terminate the exchange offer, and not to exchange any old notes, upon the occurrence of any of the conditions to the exchange offer specified under “—Conditions to the Exchange Offer.” In the event of a material change in the exchange offer, including the waiver of a material condition, we will extend the offer period if necessary so that at least five business days remain in the offer following notice of the material change. We will give oral or written notice of any extension, amendment, non-acceptance or termination to the holders of the old notes as promptly as practicable. In the case of any extension, we will issue a notice by means of a press release or other public announcement no later than 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next business day after the previously scheduled expiration date.

Procedures for Tendering Old Notes

Your tender to us of old notes as set forth below and our acceptance of old notes will constitute a binding agreement between us and you on the terms and subject to the conditions detailed in this prospectus and in the accompanying letter of transmittal. Except as set forth below, to tender old notes for exchange in the exchange offer, you must transmit a properly completed and duly executed letter of transmittal, including all other documents required by the letter of transmittal or, in the case of a book-entry transfer, an agent’s message in place of the letter of transmittal, to U.S. Bank National Association, as exchange agent, at the address set forth below under “—Exchange Agent” prior to the expiration date. In addition:

- certificates for old notes must be received by the exchange agent prior to the expiration date, along with the letter of transmittal, or
- a timely confirmation of a book-entry transfer, which we refer to in this prospectus as a book-entry confirmation, of old notes, if this procedure is available, into the exchange agent’s account at DTC pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer described beginning on page 97 must be received by the exchange agent prior to the expiration date, with the letter of transmittal or an agent’s message in place of the letter of transmittal, or
- the holder must comply with the guaranteed delivery procedures described below.

The term “agent’s message” means a message, transmitted by DTC to and received by the exchange agent and forming a part of a book-entry confirmation, which states that DTC has received an express acknowledgment from the tendering participant stating that such participant has received and agrees to be bound by the letter of transmittal and that we may enforce such letter of transmittal against such participant.

The method of delivery of old notes, letters of transmittal and all other required documents is at your election and risk. If such delivery is by mail, it is recommended that you use registered mail, properly insured, with return receipt requested. In all cases, you should allow sufficient time to assure timely delivery. No letter of transmittal or old notes should be sent to us.

Signatures on a letter of transmittal or a notice of withdrawal, as the case may be, must be guaranteed unless the old notes surrendered for exchange are tendered:

- by a holder of the old notes who has not completed the box entitled “Special Issuance Instructions” or “Special Delivery Instructions” on the letter of transmittal, or
- for the account of an Eligible Institution (as defined below).

In the event that signatures on a letter of transmittal or a notice of withdrawal are required to be guaranteed, such guarantees must be by a firm which is a member of the Securities Transfer Agent Medallion Program, the Stock Exchanges Medallion Program or the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Program (we refer to each such entity as

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an “Eligible Institution” in this prospectus). If old notes are registered in the name of a person other than the signer of the letter of transmittal, the old notes surrendered for exchange must be endorsed by, or be accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer or exchange, in satisfactory form as we or the exchange agent determine, duly executed by the registered holders with the signature thereon guaranteed by an Eligible Institution.

We or the exchange agent will make a final and binding determination on all questions as to the validity, form, eligibility, including time of receipt, and acceptance of old notes tendered for exchange. We reserve the absolute right to reject any and all tenders of any particular old note not properly tendered or to not accept any particular old note which acceptance might, in our or our counsel’s judgment, be unlawful. We also reserve the absolute right to waive any defects or irregularities or conditions of the exchange offer as to any particular old note either before or after the expiration date, including the right to waive the ineligibility of any holder who seeks to tender old notes in the exchange offer. Our or the exchange agent’s interpretation of the terms and conditions of the exchange offer as to any particular old note either before or after the expiration date, including the letter of transmittal and the instructions thereto, will be final and binding on all parties. Unless waived, any defects or irregularities in connection with tenders of old notes for exchange must be cured within a reasonable period of time, as we determine. We are not, nor is the exchange agent or any other person, under any duty to notify you of any defect or irregularity with respect to your tender of old notes for exchange, and no one will be liable for failing to provide such notification.

If the letter of transmittal is signed by a person or persons other than the registered holder or holders of old notes, such old notes must be endorsed or accompanied by powers of attorney signed exactly as the name(s) of the registered holder(s) that appear on the old notes.

If the letter of transmittal or any old notes or powers of attorneys are signed by trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, attorneys-in-fact, officers of corporations or others acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, such persons should so indicate when signing. Unless waived by us or the exchange agent, proper evidence satisfactory to us of their authority to so act must be submitted with the letter of transmittal.

By tendering old notes, you represent to us that, among other things:

- the holder is not our “affiliate,” as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act;
- the new notes acquired pursuant to the exchange offer are being obtained in the ordinary course of business of the person receiving such new notes, whether or not such person is the holder; and
- neither the holder nor such other person has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the new notes.

In the case of a holder that is not a broker-dealer, that holder, by tendering, will also represent to us that such holder is not engaged in and does not intend to engage in a distribution of the new notes.

If you are our “affiliate,” as defined under Rule 405 under the Securities Act, and engage in or intend to engage in or have an arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in a distribution of such new notes to be acquired pursuant to the exchange offer, you or any such other person:

- may not rely on the applicable interpretations of the staff of the SEC; and
- must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction.

Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account in exchange for old notes, where the old notes were acquired by the broker-dealer as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any offer, resale or other transfer of the new

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notes issued in the exchange offer, including information with respect to any selling holder required by the Securities Act in connection with any resale of the new notes.

Furthermore, any broker-dealer that acquired any of its old notes directly from us:

- may not rely on the applicable interpretation of the staff of the SEC's position contained in Exxon Capital Holdings Corp., SEC no-action letter (publicly available May 13, 1988), Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, SEC no-action letter (publicly available June 5, 1991) and Shearman & Sterling, SEC no-action letter (publicly available July 2, 1993); and
- must also be named as a selling noteholder in connection with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act relating to any resale transaction.

Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account pursuant to the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of such new notes. The letter of transmittal states that by so acknowledging and delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resales of new notes received in exchange for old notes which were received by the broker-dealer as a result of market-making or other trading activities. Under the registration rights agreement, we have agreed that for a period of up to the later of (i) 180 days following the 30th business day after the registration statement containing this prospectus is declared effective, and (ii) 180 days following the 10th business day after the exchange offer expires, we will make this prospectus available to any broker-dealer for use in connection with any such resale. See "Plan of Distribution."

Acceptance of Old Notes for Exchange; Delivery of New Notes

Upon satisfaction or waiver of all of the conditions to the exchange offer, we will accept, promptly after the expiration date, all old notes properly tendered and will issue the new notes promptly after acceptance of the old notes. See "—Conditions to the Exchange Offer." For purposes of the exchange offer, we will be deemed to have accepted properly tendered old notes for exchange if and when we give oral (confirmed in writing) or written notice to the exchange agent.

The holder of each old note accepted for exchange will receive a new note in the amount equal to the surrendered old notes. Accordingly, holders of new notes on the record date for the first interest payment date following the consummation of the exchange offer will receive interest accruing from the most recent date that interest has been paid on the old notes. Holders of new notes will not receive any payment in respect of accrued interest on old notes otherwise payable on any interest payment date, the record date for which occurs on or after the consummation of the exchange offer.

In all cases, issuance of new notes for old notes that are accepted for exchange will only be made after timely receipt by the exchange agent of:

- certificates for such old notes or a timely book-entry confirmation of such old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC;
- a properly completed and duly executed letter of transmittal or an agent's message in lieu thereof; and
- all other required documents.

If any tendered old notes are not accepted for any reason set forth in the terms and conditions of the exchange offer or if old notes are submitted for a greater principal amount than the holder desires to exchange, the unaccepted or non-exchanged old notes will be returned without expense to the tendering holder or, in the case of old notes tendered by book-entry transfer into the exchange agent's account at DTC pursuant to the book-

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entry procedures described below, the non-exchanged old notes will be credited to an account maintained with DTC, as promptly as practicable after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer.

Book-Entry Transfers

For purposes of the exchange offer, the exchange agent will request that an account be established with respect to the old notes at DTC within two business days after the date of this prospectus, unless the exchange agent already has established an account with DTC suitable for the exchange offer. Any financial institution that is a participant in DTC may make book-entry delivery of old notes by causing DTC to transfer such old notes into the exchange agent's account at DTC in accordance with DTC's procedures for transfer. Although delivery of old notes may be effected through book-entry transfer at DTC, the letter of transmittal or facsimile thereof or an agent's message in lieu thereof, with any required signature guarantees and any other required documents, must, in any case, be transmitted to and received by the exchange agent at the address set forth under "—Exchange Agent" prior to the expiration date or the guaranteed delivery procedures described below must be complied with.

Guaranteed Delivery Procedures

If you desire to tender your old notes and your old notes are not immediately available, or time will not permit your old notes or other required documents to reach the exchange agent before the expiration date, a tender may be effected if:

- prior to the expiration date, the exchange agent receives from such Eligible Institution a notice of guaranteed delivery, substantially in the form we provide, by telegram, telex, facsimile transmission, mail or hand delivery, setting forth your name and address, the amount of old notes tendered, stating that the tender is being made thereby and guaranteeing that within three New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") trading days after the date of execution of the notice of guaranteed delivery, the certificates for all physically tendered old notes, in proper form for transfer, or a book-entry confirmation, as the case may be, together with a properly completed and duly executed appropriate letter of transmittal or facsimile thereof or agent's message in lieu thereof, with any required signature guarantees and any other documents required by the letter of transmittal will be deposited by such Eligible Institution with the exchange agent; and
- the certificates for all physically tendered old notes, in proper form for transfer, or a book-entry confirmation, as the case may be, together with a properly completed and duly executed appropriate letter of transmittal or facsimile thereof or agent's message in lieu thereof, with any required signature guarantees and all other documents required by the letter of transmittal, are received by the exchange agent within three NYSE trading days after the date of execution of the notice of guaranteed delivery.

Withdrawal Rights

You may withdraw your tender of old notes at any time prior to the expiration date. To be effective, a written notice of withdrawal must be received by the exchange agent at the address set forth under "—Exchange Agent." This notice must specify:

- the name of the person having tendered the old notes to be withdrawn;
- the old notes to be withdrawn, including the principal amount of such old notes; and
- where certificates for old notes have been transmitted, the name in which such old notes are registered, if different from that of the withdrawing holder.

If certificates for old notes have been delivered or otherwise identified to the exchange agent, then, prior to the release of the certificates, the withdrawing holder must also submit the serial numbers of the particular certificates to be withdrawn and a signed notice of withdrawal with signatures guaranteed by an Eligible

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Institution, unless such holder is an Eligible Institution. If old notes have been tendered pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer described above, any notice of withdrawal must specify the name and number of the account at DTC to be credited with the withdrawn old notes and otherwise comply with the procedures of DTC.

We or the exchange agent will make a final and binding determination on all questions as to the validity, form and eligibility, including time of receipt, of such notices. Any old notes so withdrawn will be deemed not to have been validly tendered for exchange for purposes of the exchange offer. Any old notes tendered for exchange but not exchanged for any reason will be returned to the holder without cost to the holder, or, in the case of old notes tendered by book-entry transfer into the exchange agent's account at DTC pursuant to the book-entry transfer procedures described above, the old notes will be credited to an account maintained with DTC for the old notes as soon as practicable after withdrawal, rejection of tender or termination of the exchange offer. Properly withdrawn old notes may be re-tendered by following one of the procedures described under "—Procedures for Tendering Old Notes" above at any time prior to the expiration date.

Conditions to the Exchange Offer

Notwithstanding any other provision of the exchange offer, we are not required to accept for exchange, or to issue new notes in exchange for, any old notes and may terminate or amend the exchange offer, if any of the following events occur prior to the expiration of the exchange offer:

- the exchange offer violates any applicable law or applicable interpretation of the staff of the SEC;
- an action or proceeding shall have been instituted or threatened in any court or by any governmental agency that might materially impair our ability to proceed with the exchange offer;
- we shall not have received all governmental approvals that we deem necessary to consummate the exchange offer; or
- there has been proposed, adopted, or enacted any law, statute, rule or regulation that, in our reasonable judgment, would materially impair our ability to consummate the exchange offer.

The conditions stated above are for our sole benefit and may be asserted by us regardless of the circumstances giving rise to any condition or may be waived by us in whole or in part at any time in our reasonable discretion. Our failure at any time to exercise any of the foregoing rights will not be deemed a waiver of any such right and each such right will be deemed an ongoing right which may be asserted at any time.

In addition, we will not accept for exchange any old notes tendered, and we will not issue new notes in exchange for any such old notes, if at such time any stop order by the SEC is threatened or in effect with respect to the registration statement of which this prospectus constitutes a part, or the indenture is no longer qualified under the Trust Indenture Act.

Exchange Agent

U.S. Bank National Association has been appointed as the exchange agent for the exchange offer. All executed letters of transmittal should be directed to the exchange agent at the address set forth below. Questions and requests for assistance, requests for additional copies of this prospectus or of the letter of transmittal and requests for notices of guaranteed delivery should be directed to the exchange agent addressed as follows:

U.S. Bank National Association, Exchange Agent
By Hand, Overnight Delivery or by Mail:

60 Livingston Avenue
St. Paul, Minnesota 55107-1419
Attention: Specialized Finance Dept.

By Facsimile Transmission:

651-466-7372

Confirm by Telephone:

800-934-6802

DELIVERY OF THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL TO AN ADDRESS OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE OR TRANSMISSION OF SUCH LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL VIA FACSIMILE OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A VALID DELIVERY OF THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

Fees and Expenses

The principal solicitation is being made by mail by U.S. Bank National Association, as exchange agent. We will pay the exchange agent customary fees for its services, reimburse the exchange agent for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the provision of these services and pay other registration expenses, including fees and expenses of the trustee under the indenture relating to the notes, filing fees, blue sky fees and printing and distribution expenses. We will not make any payment to brokers, dealers or others soliciting acceptances of the exchange offer.

Additional solicitation may be made by telephone, facsimile or in person by our and our affiliates' officers and regular employees and by persons so engaged by the exchange agent.

Accounting Treatment

We will record the new notes at the same carrying value as the old notes, as reflected in our accounting records on the date of the exchange. Accordingly, we will not recognize any gain or loss for accounting purposes.

Transfer Taxes

You will not be obligated to pay any transfer taxes in connection with the tender of old notes in the exchange offer unless you instruct us to register new notes in the name of, or request that old notes not tendered or not accepted in the exchange offer be returned to, a person other than the registered tendering holder. In those cases, you will be responsible for the payment of any potentially applicable transfer tax.

Consequences of Exchanging or Failing to Exchange Old Notes

If you do not exchange your old notes for new notes in the exchange offer, your old notes will continue to be subject to the provisions of the indenture relating to the notes regarding transfer and exchange of the old notes and the restrictions on transfer of the old notes described in the legend on your certificates. These transfer restrictions are required because the old notes were issued under an exemption from, or in transactions not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. In general, the old notes may not be offered or sold unless registered under the Securities Act, except under an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. We do not plan to register the old notes under the Securities Act.

Under existing interpretations of the Securities Act by the SEC's staff contained in several no-action letters to third parties, and subject to the immediately following sentence, we believe that the new notes would generally be freely transferable by holders after the exchange offer without further registration under the Securities Act, subject to certain representations required to be made by each holder of new notes, as set forth below. However,

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any purchaser of new notes who is one of our “affiliates” as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act or who intends to participate in the exchange offer for the purpose of distributing the new notes:

- will not be able to rely on the interpretation of the SEC’s staff;
- will not be able to tender its old notes in the exchange offer; and
- must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any sale or transfer of the new notes unless such sale or transfer is made pursuant to an exemption from such requirements. See “Plan of Distribution.”

We do not intend to seek our own interpretation regarding the exchange offer, and there can be no assurance that the SEC’s staff would make a similar determination with respect to the new notes as it has in other interpretations to other parties, although we have no reason to believe otherwise.

Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account in exchange for old notes, where the old notes were acquired by it as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus that meets the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of the new notes. The letter of transmittal states that by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resales of new notes received in exchange for old notes which were received by the broker-dealer as a result of market-making or other trading activities. Under the registration rights agreement, we have agreed that for a period of up to the later of (i) 180 days following the 30th business day after the registration statement containing this prospectus is declared effective, and (ii) 180 days following the 10th business day after the exchange offer expires, we will make this prospectus available to any broker-dealer for use in connection with any such resale.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW NOTES

In this description: (1) the words “Wynn Las Vegas” refer to Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and not to any of its subsidiaries, (2) the words “Wynn Capital” refer to Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. and not to any of its subsidiaries, (3) the word “Issuers” refers collectively to Wynn Las Vegas and Wynn Capital and not to any of their respective subsidiaries, and (4) the words “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Wynn Las Vegas and its subsidiaries. You can find the definitions of certain terms used in this description under the subheading “Certain Definitions.” The Issuers will issue the new notes under an indenture (as amended or supplemented from time to time, the “Indenture”), dated as of March 12, 2012, among the Issuers, as joint and several obligors, the Guarantors and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the “trustee”). In September 2012, the Note Guarantees of the Guarantors were released. See “Summary—Recent Developments.” The Indenture is the same indenture under which the old notes were issued. The terms of the new notes will include those stated in the Indenture and those made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The term “Notes” shall include the new notes and the old notes that remain outstanding following this exchange offer, and the term “Note Guarantees” shall include any future guarantees of the new notes.

The following description is a summary of the material provisions of the Indenture. It does not restate the Indenture in its entirety. We urge you to read the Indenture and the other agreements referred to under “—Additional Information” because such documents, and not this description, define your rights as holders of the Notes. Copies of the Indenture and such other agreements are available as set forth below under “—Additional Information.” Certain defined terms used in this description but not defined below under “—Certain Definitions” have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

The registered holder of a Note will be treated as the owner of it for all purposes. Only registered holders will have rights under the Indenture.

The New Notes Versus the Old Notes

The new notes are substantially identical to the old notes except that the transfer restrictions, registration rights and liquidated damages provisions relating to the old notes do not apply to the new notes.

Brief Description of the New Notes and the Note Guarantees

Issuers. Wynn Las Vegas owns and operates the Wynn Las Vegas hotel and casino resort. Wynn Capital is a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, and will serve as a corporate co-issuer of the new notes (and serves as a corporate co-issuer of the old notes). We believe that certain prospective investors in the new notes may be restricted in their ability to purchase debt securities of limited liability companies, such as Wynn Las Vegas, unless the debt securities are jointly issued by a corporation. Wynn Capital does not have any operations or material assets and does not have any revenues. As a result, prospective investors in the new notes should not expect Wynn Capital to participate in servicing principal, interest or other amounts required to be paid on the new notes.

General Terms. The new notes:

- will be issued in an original aggregate principal amount of up to \$900,000,000;
- will mature on March 15, 2022;
- will bear interest at the rate of 5.375% per annum (based on a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months), payable in arrears each March 15 and September 15;
- will be redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, commencing March 15, 2017, at a premium declining ratably to par;
- will not be redeemable at the option of the holder, except pursuant to a repurchase offer upon the occurrence of a Change of Control or pursuant to a repurchase offer to the extent of specified net

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proceeds upon the occurrence of an Asset Sale or, in some circumstances, an Event of Loss and will not have any provision for sinking funds; and

- will contain covenants limiting our ability to incur additional debt, make distributions, investments and restricted payments, create liens, enter into transactions with affiliates, sell assets, enter into sale-leaseback transactions, and restricting dividend and other payments affecting subsidiaries, mergers, consolidations or sales of substantially all assets, sales of subsidiary stock and other specified types of transactions.

Guarantors. The new notes are not guaranteed; however, under the circumstances described below under “—Release and Reinstatement of Liens and Guarantees,” certain of our Subsidiaries may be required to provide Note Guarantees of the notes in the future.

Ranking. The new notes offered in this exchange offer:

- will be general obligations of the Issuers;
- will be unsecured (except by a pledge by Wynn Resorts Holdings of its Equity Interests in Wynn Las Vegas (the “Holdings Pledge”), which pledge also secures the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes and the old notes);
- will rank *pari passu* in right of payment with all other senior Indebtedness of the Issuers, including the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes and the old notes, without giving effect to collateral arrangements;
- will be effectively subordinated to any secured Indebtedness of the Issuers to the extent of the value of the Issuers’ assets securing such Indebtedness;
- will rank senior in right of payment to the obligations of the Issuers with respect to any Indebtedness subordinated to the new notes; and
- will be structurally subordinated to any Indebtedness and other liabilities, including preferred stock, of any of our subsidiaries.

As of June 30, 2012, the Issuers’ subsidiaries had approximately \$34.7 million of indebtedness and other liabilities, to which the new notes will be structurally subordinated. As of the date of this prospectus, the Issuers have no secured indebtedness (other than the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes and the Notes, each of which is secured only by the Holdings Pledge, and capital leases).

Release and Reinstatement of Liens and Guarantees

As described under “Summary—Recent Developments,” in September 2012, we terminated the Credit Agreement and, in accordance with the Indenture and the indentures governing the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes, 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes and the old notes:

- the Liens (other than the Holdings Pledge) on the Collateral securing, and the subsidiary guarantees of, the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes and the old notes were released and a Collateral Release Period commenced; and
- we terminated the Golf Course Lease and the Access Easement Agreement and distributed to Wynn Holdings (which distributed to Wynn Resorts) as Released Assets (i) all of the Equity Interests in Wynn Golf (which owns the Golf Course Land (including the Home Site Land and the Wynn Home Site Land), the related Water Rights and certain other Water Rights related to ancillary uses), and (ii) \$700 million in cash.

Accordingly, in this “Description of the New Notes” (i) all references to the Golf Course Land, the Home Site Land, the Wynn Home Site Land, the related Water Rights, the Golf Course Lease and the Access Easement

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Agreement are no longer applicable, (ii) all references to Collateral (including Events of Loss) and similar references apply only to the Holdings Pledge, as applicable, unless the Notes are again secured by other Collateral, (iii) all references to Note Guarantees and similar references apply only in the circumstances in which the Notes again have the benefit of Note Guarantees as described below, and (iv) all assets (other than the Equity Interests held by Wynn Resorts Holdings in Wynn Las Vegas) that were Collateral before such release now constitute Released Assets. In addition, as of the date of this prospectus, we do not currently have a Credit Agreement.

Reinstatement of Liens and Guarantees

Under certain circumstances, as further described below, we may be required in the future to grant Liens to again secure the Notes or certain of our Restricted Subsidiaries may be required to provide Note Guarantees of the Notes. There can be no assurances that the Notes will be so secured or will have the benefit of any Note Guarantees in the future.

In the event that the Issuers or any such future Guarantors grant Liens (other than Liens to secure up to \$100.0 million of secured Indebtedness pursuant to the first paragraph of “Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” or clause (1) of “Permitted Debt”) to secure any other Indebtedness (other than pursuant to clause (7) of “Permitted Debt”):

- the Issuers or such future Guarantors, as the case may be, shall be required to grant security interests on the same assets to secure the Issuers’ obligations under the Notes and such Guarantors’ obligations under the Note Guarantees on an equal and ratable basis with such other Indebtedness, so long as such other Indebtedness is so secured;
- the Trustee and the Collateral Agent shall be authorized, on behalf of the Holders, to enter into an intercreditor agreement substantially similar to the Intercreditor Agreement; and
- concurrently with the formation or acquisition of certain Restricted Subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas, Wynn Las Vegas shall cause such Restricted Subsidiary to guarantee all of the obligations of the Issuers under the Indenture and the Notes (which event also will require such Subsidiary to guarantee all of the obligations of the Issuers under the 2017 Notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 Notes, the 7³/₄% 2020 Notes and the related indentures).

Principal, Maturity and Interest

The Issuers will issue up to \$900,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of new notes in this exchange offer. The Issuers may issue additional Notes under the Indenture from time to time after this exchange offer. Any issuance of additional Notes is subject to all of the covenants in the Indenture, including the covenant described below under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock.” The Notes and any additional Notes subsequently issued under the Indenture will be treated as a single class for all purposes under the Indenture, including, without limitation, waivers, amendments, redemptions and offers to purchase. It is possible, however, that any such additional Notes will not be treated as part of the same issue for United States federal income tax purposes. The Issuers will issue new notes in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000. The new notes will mature on March 15, 2022.

Interest on the new notes will accrue at the rate of 5.375% per annum and is payable semiannually in arrears on March 15 and September 15, with the first interest payment date being September 15, 2012. Interest on overdue principal and interest will accrue at a rate that is 1% higher than the then applicable interest rate on the new notes. The Issuers will make each interest payment to the holders of record on the immediately preceding March 1 and September 1.

Interest on the new notes accrues from the date of original issuance of the old notes or, if interest has already been paid, from the date it was most recently paid on the new notes (or the old notes surrendered in

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exchange for the new notes). Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

Methods of Receiving Payments on the Notes

All payments on the Notes will be made at the office or agency of the paying agent and registrar within the City and State of New York unless the Issuers elect to make interest payments by check mailed to the holders of the Notes at their addresses set forth in the register of holders.

Paying Agent and Registrar for the Notes

The trustee currently acts as the paying agent and registrar. The Issuers may change the paying agent or registrar without prior notice to the holders of the Notes, and either or both of the Issuers or any of their respective Subsidiaries may act as paying agent or registrar.

Transfer and Exchange

A holder may transfer or exchange notes in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture. The registrar and the trustee may require a holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents in connection with a transfer of Notes. Holders will be required to pay all taxes due on transfer. The Issuers will not be required to transfer or exchange any Note selected for redemption. Also, the Issuers will not be required to transfer or exchange any Note for a period of 15 days before a selection of Notes to be redeemed.

Note Guarantees

General

In the event that the Notes have the benefit of any future Note Guarantees, the Note Guarantees would be joint and several obligations of the Guarantors and the obligations of each Guarantor under its Note Guarantee would be limited as necessary to prevent such Note Guarantee from constituting a fraudulent conveyance under applicable law. Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific circumstances, to void the guarantees, and require holders of the Notes to return payments received from us or the Guarantors. There can be no assurances that the Notes will have the benefit of any Note Guarantees in the future.

A Guarantor (if any) may not sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets to, or consolidate with or merge with or into (whether or not such Guarantor is the surviving Person), another Person, other than either of the Issuers or another Guarantor, unless:

- (1) immediately after giving effect to that transaction, no Default or Event of Default exists; and
- (2) either:
 - (a) the Person acquiring the property in any such sale or disposition or the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger assumes all the obligations of that Guarantor under the Indenture, its Note Guarantee and the registration rights agreement pursuant to a supplemental indenture and other appropriate documents satisfactory to the trustee; or
 - (b) the Net Proceeds of such sale or other disposition are applied in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, each Guarantor (if any) is permitted to reorganize as a corporation pursuant to a Permitted C-Corp. Conversion.

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Release of Note Guarantees

Subject to compliance with the provisions described above under the caption “—Note Guarantees— General,” the Note Guarantee of a Guarantor (if any) and the security interests granted by that Guarantor to secure its Note Guarantees (if any) will be released:

- (1) if the lenders under the Credit Agreement release the guarantees by such Guarantor under the Credit Agreement (provided that it will not be deemed to be a release of the first priority security interest requiring the automatic release by the holders of the Notes if the release of the first priority lien securing guarantees of the Credit Agreement is the result of an extension, refinancing, renewal, replacement, amendment and restatement, restatement, defeasance or refunding (collectively, a “refinancing”) of the Credit Agreement and as a result of which the first priority liens in favor of the administrative agent (for the benefit of the lenders under the Credit Agreement) are terminated and/or replaced with liens in favor of the lenders or holders of such refinancing Indebtedness (or any agent on their behalf));
- (2) in connection with any sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of that Guarantor (including by way of merger or consolidation) to a Person that is not (either before or after giving effect to such transaction) an Issuer or a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, if the sale or other disposition is made in compliance with the “Asset Sales” provisions of the Indenture, and if, after giving effect to such sale or other disposition, such Guarantor is an Immaterial Subsidiary;
- (3) in connection with any sale or other disposition of all of the Capital Stock of that Guarantor to a Person that is not (either before or after giving effect to such transaction) an Issuer or a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, if the sale or other disposition does not violate the “Asset Sales” provisions of the Indenture;
- (4) if Wynn Las Vegas designates such Guarantor, if a Restricted Subsidiary, to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture; or
- (5) upon legal defeasance or satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture as provided below under the captions “—Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance” and “—Satisfaction and Discharge.”

See “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales” and “—Certain Covenants—Designation of Restricted and Unrestricted Subsidiaries.”

In addition to the release of any Note Guarantee by the applicable Guarantor as described in the preceding paragraph, the obligations of the Guarantors under the Note Guarantees will be released if the Collateral is released under the circumstances described above under the caption “—Release and Reinstatement of Liens and Guarantees—Subsequent Releases of Collateral.”

Optional Redemption

At any time prior to March 15, 2015, the Issuers may, on any one or more occasions, redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes issued under the Indenture at a redemption price of 105.375% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest and Liquidated Damages, if any, to the redemption date, with the net cash proceeds of one or more Qualified Equity Offerings of Wynn Resorts that are contributed to us; *provided* that at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes issued under the Indenture remains outstanding immediately after the occurrence of such redemption and that the redemption occurs within 60 days of the date of the closing of such Qualified Equity Offering.

Except pursuant to the preceding paragraph, the Notes will not be redeemable at the Issuers’ option prior to March 15, 2017.

On or after March 15, 2017, the Issuers may redeem all or a part of the Notes upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days’ notice, at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of principal amount) set forth below plus accrued and unpaid interest and Liquidated Damages, if any, on the Notes redeemed, to the applicable

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redemption date, if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on March 15 of the years indicated below, subject to the rights of holders of Notes on the relevant record date to receive interest on the relevant interest payment date:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
2017	102.688%
2018	101.792%
2019	100.896%
2020 and thereafter	100.000%

Unless the Issuers default in the payment of the redemption price, interest will cease to accrue on the Notes or portions thereof called for redemption on the applicable redemption date.

In connection with a discharge or defeasance of the Issuers' obligations under the Indenture, the Issuers may deliver a notice of redemption more than 60 days in advance of the date of redemption. See "—Satisfaction and Discharge."

Gaming Redemption

Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, if any Gaming Authority requires a holder or beneficial owner of Notes to be licensed, qualified or found suitable under any applicable Gaming Law and the holder or beneficial owner (1) fails to apply for a license, qualification or finding of suitability within 30 days after being requested to do so (or such lesser period as required by the Gaming Authority), or (2) is notified by a Gaming Authority that it will not be licensed, qualified or found suitable, the Issuers will have the right, at their option, to:

- (1) require the holder or beneficial owner to dispose of its Notes within 30 days (or such lesser period as required by the Gaming Authority) following the earlier of:
 - (a) the termination of the period described above for the holder or beneficial owner to apply for a license, qualification or finding of suitability if the holder fails to apply for a license, qualification or finding of suitability during such period; or
 - (b) the receipt of the notice from the Gaming Authority that the holder or beneficial owner will not be licensed, qualified or found suitable by the Gaming Authority; or
- (2) redeem the Notes of the holder or beneficial owner at a redemption price equal to:
 - (a) the price required by applicable law or by order of any Gaming Authority; or
 - (b) the lesser of:
 - (i) the principal amount of the Notes; and
 - (ii) the price that the holder or beneficial owner paid for the Notes in either case, together with accrued and unpaid interest and Liquidated Damages, if any, on the Notes to the earlier of (1) the date of redemption or such earlier date as is required by the Gaming Authority or (2) the date of the finding of unsuitability by the Gaming Authority, which may be less than 30 days following the notice of redemption.

Immediately upon a determination by a Gaming Authority that a holder or beneficial owner of Notes will not be licensed, qualified or found suitable, the holder or beneficial owner will not have any further rights with respect to the Notes to:

- (1) exercise, directly or indirectly, through any Person, any right conferred by the Notes; or
- (2) receive any interest or any other distribution or payment with respect to the Notes, or any remuneration in any form from the Issuers for services rendered or otherwise, except the redemption price of the Notes described in this section.

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The Issuers are not required to pay or reimburse any holder or beneficial owner of Notes who is required to apply for such license, qualification or finding of suitability for the costs relating thereto. Those expenses will be the obligation of the holder or beneficial owner.

Mandatory Redemption

Other than as set forth above under the caption entitled “Gaming Redemption,” the Issuers are not required to make mandatory redemption or sinking fund payments with respect to the Notes.

Repurchase at the Option of Holders

Change of Control

If a Change of Control occurs, each holder of Notes will have the right to require the Issuers to repurchase all or any part (equal to \$2,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000) of that holder’s Notes pursuant to a Change of Control Offer on the terms set forth in the Indenture. In the Change of Control Offer, the Issuers will offer a payment (the “Change of Control Payment”) in cash equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest and Liquidated Damages, if any, on the Notes repurchased to the date of purchase. Within 10 days following any Change of Control, the Issuers will mail a notice to each holder describing the transaction or transactions that constitute the Change of Control and offering to repurchase Notes on the date (the “Change of Control Payment Date”) specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed, pursuant to the procedures required by the Indenture and described in such notice.

On the Change of Control Payment Date, the Issuers will, to the extent lawful:

- (1) accept for payment all Notes or portions of Notes properly tendered pursuant to the Change of Control Offer;
- (2) deposit with the paying agent an amount equal to the Change of Control Payment in respect of all Notes or portions of Notes properly tendered; and
- (3) deliver or cause to be delivered to the trustee the Notes properly accepted together with an officers’ certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of Notes or portions of Notes being purchased by the Issuers.

The paying agent will promptly mail to each holder of Notes properly tendered the Change of Control Payment for such Notes, and the trustee will promptly authenticate and mail (or cause to be transferred by book-entry) to each holder a Note equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of the Notes surrendered, if any. The Issuers will publicly announce the results of the Change of Control Offer on or as soon as practicable after the Change of Control Payment Date.

Except as described above with respect to a Change of Control, the Indenture does not contain provisions that permit the holders of the Notes to require that the Issuers repurchase or redeem the Notes in the event of a takeover, recapitalization or similar transaction.

The Issuers will not be required to make a Change of Control Offer upon a Change of Control if (1) a third party makes the Change of Control Offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Indenture applicable to a Change of Control Offer made by the Issuers and purchases all Notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under the Change of Control Offer, or (2) a notice of redemption has been given pursuant to the Indenture as described above under the caption “—Optional Redemption,” unless and until there is a default in payment of the applicable redemption price. The definition of “Change of Control” includes a phrase relating to the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of “all or substantially all” of the properties or assets of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted

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Subsidiaries, taken as a whole. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase “substantially all,” there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of Notes to require the Issuers to repurchase its Notes as a result of a sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of the assets of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to another Person or group may be uncertain.

Asset Sales

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, consummate an Asset Sale unless:

- (1) Wynn Las Vegas (or the Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) receives consideration at the time of the Asset Sale at least equal to the Fair Market Value of the assets or Equity Interests issued or sold or otherwise disposed of (it being understood that a percentage of the purchase price may be subject to escrow arrangements customary for asset sales);
- (2) if the aggregate consideration to be received by Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary is in excess of \$10.0 million, the Fair Market Value is evidenced by a certificate of the chief financial officer of Wynn Las Vegas delivered to the trustee; and
- (3) at least 75% of the consideration received in the Asset Sale by Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary is in the form of cash or Cash Equivalents. For purposes of this provision, each of the following will be deemed to be cash:
 - (a) any liabilities, as shown on Wynn Las Vegas’ most recent consolidated balance sheet, of Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary (other than contingent liabilities and liabilities that are by their terms subordinated to the Notes or any Note Guarantee) that are assumed by the transferee of any such assets pursuant to a customary novation agreement that releases Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary from further liability; and
 - (b) any securities, notes or other obligations received by Wynn Las Vegas or any such Restricted Subsidiary from such transferee that are converted within 30 business days by Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary into cash, to the extent of the cash received in that conversion.

Within 360 days after the receipt of any Net Proceeds from an Asset Sale, Wynn Las Vegas (or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) may apply such Net Proceeds to make a capital expenditure, improve real property or acquire long-term assets that are used or useful in a line of business permitted by the covenant described below under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Line of Business.” Wynn Las Vegas (or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) shall take all necessary action to ensure that the security interest of the trustee, on behalf of the holders, continues as a perfected first priority security interest (equal and ratable with the security interest securing the Credit Agreement, the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes and the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes, and subject to other Permitted Liens and the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement) on any property or assets acquired or constructed with the Net Proceeds of any Asset Sale on the terms set forth in the Indenture, the Intercreditor Agreement and the other Collateral Documents. Pending the final application of any Net Proceeds, Wynn Las Vegas (or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) may (1) apply the Net Proceeds to temporarily reduce amounts outstanding under any *pari passu* secured revolving credit Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, or (2) invest the Net Proceeds in Cash Equivalents which, at any time other than during a Collateral Release Period, will be subject to a perfected first priority security interest (equal and ratable with the security interest securing the Credit Agreement, the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes and the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes, and subject to other Permitted Liens and the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement) in favor of the trustee, on behalf of the holders of Notes, as security for the Notes.

Any Net Proceeds from Asset Sales that are not applied or invested as provided in the preceding paragraph will constitute “Excess Net Proceeds.” Within 10 days following the earlier of (i) the date on which the aggregate

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amount of Excess Net Proceeds exceeds \$20.0 million or (ii) the date when the proceeds of any sale of assets are required, pursuant to the Credit Agreement, to be applied to reduce Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas (such Excess Net Proceeds and the proceeds described in the preceding clause (ii) shall collectively constitute “Excess Proceeds”), Wynn Las Vegas will allocate a portion of such Excess Proceeds, determined by multiplying the amount of such Excess Proceeds by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total aggregate principal amount of Notes then outstanding and all Pari Passu Debt then outstanding, and the denominator of which is the total aggregate principal amount of Notes then outstanding, all Pari Passu Debt then outstanding and all Indebtedness then outstanding under the Credit Agreement (such amount being the “Asset Sale Offer Amount”), to make an offer (an “Asset Sale Offer”) to all holders of Notes and, to the extent required, the holders of such Pari Passu Debt to repurchase such Notes and such Pari Passu Debt at an offer price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes and such Pari Passu Debt to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest and Liquidated Damages, if any, on the Notes and such other Pari Passu Debt to the date of repurchase, which offer price will be payable in cash. The amount of any such Excess Proceeds less the Asset Sale Offer Amount (the “Asset Sale Repayment Amount”) will concurrently be applied to repay any term Indebtedness outstanding under the Credit Agreement in accordance with the requirements of the Credit Agreement; *provided, however*, that to the extent that the Asset Sale Repayment Amount exceeds the amount of term Indebtedness then outstanding under the Credit Agreement at the time of repayment, such excess amount (after repayment in full of the term Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement) shall be added to the Asset Sale Offer Amount and offered to the holders of Notes and, to the extent required, the holders of such Pari Passu Debt pursuant to the Asset Sale Offer as provided in the preceding sentence. If any Excess Proceeds remain after consummation of an Asset Sale Offer and repayment of any term Indebtedness outstanding under the Credit Agreement, Wynn Las Vegas (or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) may use those Excess Proceeds for any general corporate purpose not prohibited by the Indenture, the Credit Agreement, the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes and the Collateral Documents, including, without limitation, to reduce revolving credit Indebtedness (and, if required, commitments) under the Credit Agreement. If the aggregate principal amount of Notes and such other Pari Passu Debt tendered into such Asset Sale Offer exceeds the Asset Sale Offer Amount that may be applied to the Asset Sale Offer, the trustee will select the Notes and such other Pari Passu Debt to be purchased as described below under the caption “—Selection and Notice” and in accordance with the Indenture. Upon completion of each Asset Sale Offer, the amount of Excess Proceeds will be reset at zero.

Events of Loss

After any Event of Loss with respect to Collateral, Wynn Las Vegas or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, may apply the Net Loss Proceeds from the Event of Loss to the rebuilding, repair, replacement or construction of improvements to the damaged Collateral, with no obligation to make any purchase of any Notes; so long as, in the case of any such Collateral with a Fair Market Value (or replacement cost, if higher) in excess of \$500.0 million:

- (1) Wynn Las Vegas delivers to the trustee within 90 days of the Event of Loss a written opinion from a reputable contractor that the damaged Collateral can be rebuilt, repaired, replaced or constructed and operating within 365 days following the delivery of such written opinion to the trustee;
- (2) Wynn Las Vegas delivers to the trustee within 120 days of the Event of Loss an officers’ certificate certifying that Wynn Las Vegas or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary has available from Net Loss Proceeds, cash on hand or available borrowings under Indebtedness permitted to be incurred under the covenant described below under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” to complete the rebuilding, repair, replacement or construction described in clause (1) above and, together with any anticipated revenues projected to be generated during the repair or restoration period, to pay debt service on its Indebtedness during the repair or restoration period; and
- (3) the damaged Collateral is rebuilt, repaired, replaced or constructed and operating in substantially the manner that it was operating immediately prior to the Event of Loss within 365 days following the delivery of such written opinion to the trustee.

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However, if the damaged Collateral is not necessary for and is not used in the operation of the Wynn Las Vegas Resort or Encore at Wynn Las Vegas, as the case may be, Wynn Las Vegas (or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) may apply the Net Loss Proceeds to make a capital expenditure, improve real property or acquire long-term assets that are used or useful in a line of business permitted by the covenant described below under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Line of Business.”

Any Net Loss Proceeds that are (1) not reinvested as provided in the first sentence of this covenant or (2) otherwise required, pursuant to the Credit Agreement, to be applied to reduce Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas, in each case, will be deemed “Excess Loss Proceeds.” Within 10 days following the earlier of (i) the date on which the aggregate amount of Excess Loss Proceeds exceeds \$10.0 million or (ii) the date when, pursuant to the Credit Agreement, Excess Loss Proceeds are required to be applied to reduce Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas, Wynn Las Vegas will allocate a portion of such Excess Loss Proceeds, determined by multiplying the amount of such Excess Loss Proceeds by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total aggregate principal amount of Notes then outstanding and all Pari Passu Debt then outstanding, and the denominator of which is the total aggregate principal amount of Notes then outstanding, all Pari Passu Debt then outstanding and all Indebtedness then outstanding under the Credit Agreement (such amount being the “Event of Loss Offer Amount”), to make an offer (an “Event of Loss Offer”) to all holders of Notes and, to the extent required, the holders of such Pari Passu Debt to repurchase such Notes and such Pari Passu Debt at an offer price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes and such Pari Passu Debt to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest and Liquidated Damages, if any, on the Notes and such other Pari Passu Debt to the date of repurchase, which offer price will be payable in cash. The amount of any such Excess Loss Proceeds less the Event of Loss Offer Amount (the “Event of Loss Repayment Amount”) will concurrently be applied to repay any Indebtedness outstanding under the Credit Agreement in accordance with the requirements of the Credit Agreement; *provided, however*, that to the extent that the Event of Loss Repayment Amount exceeds the amount of term Indebtedness then outstanding under the Credit Agreement at the time of repayment but does not exceed \$100.0 million (unless the lenders under the Credit Agreement have waived any requirement of Wynn Las Vegas to prepay revolving credit Indebtedness outstanding under the Credit Agreement and to effect a corresponding permanent reduction of the commitments thereunder), such excess amount (after repayment in full of the term Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement) shall be added to the Event of Loss Offer Amount and offered to the holders of the Notes and, to the extent required, the holders of such Pari Passu Debt pursuant to the Event of Loss Offer as provided in the preceding sentence. If any Excess Loss Proceeds remain after consummation of an Event of Loss Offer and repayment of any term Indebtedness outstanding under the Credit Agreement, Wynn Las Vegas (or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) may use those Excess Loss Proceeds for any general corporate purpose not prohibited by the Indenture, the Credit Agreement, the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes, the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes, the Notes and the Collateral Documents, including, without limitation, to reduce revolving credit Indebtedness (and, if required, commitments) under the Credit Agreement. If the aggregate principal amount of Notes and such other Pari Passu Debt tendered into such Event of Loss Offer exceeds the Event of Loss Offer Amount that may be applied to the Event of Loss Offer, the trustee will select the Notes and such other Pari Passu Debt to be purchased as described below under the caption “—Selection and Notice” and in accordance with the Indenture. Upon completion of each Event of Loss Offer, the amount of Excess Loss Proceeds will be reset at zero. Any Event of Loss Offer made pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes or the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes shall be required to be made to the holders of the Notes, as holders of Pari Passu Debt (as defined in those indentures).

Event of Loss Offer Amount

Pending their application, all Net Loss Proceeds will either be (1) applied to temporarily reduce amounts outstanding under any *pari passu* secured revolving credit Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement, or (2) invested in Cash Equivalents held in an account in which the trustee has a perfected first priority security interest for the benefit of the holders (equal and ratable with the perfected security interest securing the Credit Agreement, the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes and the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes, and subject to other Permitted Liens and the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement). These funds and securities will be released to Wynn Las

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Vegas (or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) to pay for or reimburse Wynn Las Vegas (or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) for either (1) the actual cost of a permitted use of Net Loss Proceeds as provided above, or (2) the Event of Loss Offer, pursuant to the terms of the Collateral Documents. Wynn Las Vegas (or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) will grant to the trustee, on behalf of the holders, a security interest (equal and ratable with the perfected security interest securing the Credit Agreement, the 2017 Notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes and the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes, and subject to other Permitted Liens and the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement), on any property or assets rebuilt, repaired, replaced or constructed with such Net Loss Proceeds on the terms set forth in the Indenture and the Collateral Documents.

In the event of an Event of Loss pursuant to clause (3) of the definition of “Event of Loss” with respect to property or assets that have a Fair Market Value (or replacement cost, if greater) in excess of \$500.0 million, Wynn Las Vegas (or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be) will be required to receive consideration:

- (1) at least equal to the Fair Market Value (evidenced by a resolution of Wynn Capital’s Board of Directors set forth in an officers’ certificate delivered to the trustee) of the property or assets subject to the Event of Loss; and
- (2) at least 80% of which is in the form of cash or Cash Equivalents.

Restrictions on Repurchase of Notes

The agreements governing our other Indebtedness may prohibit certain events, including a Change of Control or an Asset Sale, or provide that such events constitute events of default under such agreements. Similarly, those agreements may prohibit or restrict Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries from repairing or restoring the Collateral (if any) following an Event of Loss regardless of whether that repair or restoration is permitted under the Indenture. In addition, the exercise by the holders of Notes of their rights to require Wynn Las Vegas to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Offer, an Asset Sale Offer or Event of Loss Offer, as the case may be, could cause a default under these other agreements. Finally, Wynn Las Vegas’ ability to pay cash to the holders of Notes upon a repurchase under a Change of Control Offer, an Asset Sale Offer or Event of Loss Offer may be limited by Wynn Las Vegas’ then existing financial resources. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Notes—We may not be able to fulfill our repurchase obligations with respect to the Notes upon a change of control.”

Compliance with Securities Laws

The Issuers will comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent these laws and regulations are applicable in connection with each repurchase of Notes pursuant to a Change of Control Offer, an Asset Sale Offer or an Event of Loss Offer. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with the Change of Control, Asset Sale or Event of Loss provisions of the Indenture, the Issuers will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached their obligations under these provisions of the Indenture by virtue of such compliance.

Selection and Notice

If less than all of the Notes are to be redeemed at any time, the trustee will select Notes for redemption on a *pro rata* basis, by lot or by any other method the trustee deems fair and appropriate, unless otherwise required by law or applicable stock exchange requirements. No Notes of \$1,000 or less can be redeemed or purchased in part. However, if all of the Notes of a holder are to be redeemed or purchased, the entire outstanding amount of Notes held by such holder, even if not a multiple of \$1,000, will be redeemed or purchased. Notices of redemption or purchase will be mailed by first class mail at least 30 but not more than 60 days before the redemption or

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purchase date to each holder of Notes to be redeemed or purchased at its registered address, except that redemption or purchase notices may be mailed more than 60 days prior to a redemption or purchase date if the notice is issued in connection with a defeasance of the Notes or a satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture. Notices of redemption may not be conditional.

If any Note is to be redeemed in part only, the notice of redemption that relates to that note will state the portion of the principal amount of that note that is to be redeemed. A note in principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion of the original note will be issued in the name of the holder of Notes upon cancellation of the original note. Notes called for redemption become due on the date fixed for redemption. On and after the redemption date, interest ceases to accrue on Notes or portions of Notes called for redemption.

Certain Covenants

Restricted Payments

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly:

- (1) declare or pay any dividend or make any other payment or distribution on account of any Equity Interests in Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries or to the direct or indirect holders of any Equity Interests in Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in their capacity as such, other than (a) dividends or distributions by Wynn Las Vegas payable in Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) in Wynn Las Vegas, and (b) dividends or distributions payable to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (2) purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire or retire for value any Equity Interests in Wynn Las Vegas, any direct or indirect parent of Wynn Las Vegas (including, without limitation, Wynn Resorts) or any other direct or indirect Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts;
- (3) make any payment on or with respect to, or purchase, redeem, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value any Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas or any Guarantor that is secured by a Lien junior to the Lien securing the Notes or the Guarantees or that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or the Note Guarantees under the Indenture (excluding any intercompany Indebtedness between or among Wynn Las Vegas and any of its Restricted Subsidiaries), except a payment of interest or principal at the Stated Maturity thereof; or
- (4) make any Restricted Investment,

(all such payments and other actions set forth in these clauses (1) through (4) above being collectively referred to as “Restricted Payments”), unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such Restricted Payment:

- (1) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would occur as a consequence of such Restricted Payment;
- (2) Wynn Las Vegas would, at the time of such Restricted Payment and after giving pro forma effect thereto, have been permitted to incur at least \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness pursuant to the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio test set forth in the first paragraph of the covenant described below under the caption “—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock”; and
- (3) such Restricted Payment, together with the aggregate amount of all other Restricted Payments made by Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries after the date of the Indenture (excluding Restricted Payments permitted by clauses (2), (3), (5), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) below (with respect to clause (5) to the extent such Restricted Payments were already deducted from Consolidated Net Income) of the next succeeding paragraph), is less than the sum, without duplication, of:
 - (a) 100% of the Consolidated Cash Flow of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries less 1.4 times Fixed Charges for the period (taken as one accounting period) from the beginning of January 1, 2012 to

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the end of Wynn Las Vegas' most recently ended fiscal quarter for which internal financial statements are available at the time of such Restricted Payment (or, if such Consolidated Cash Flow for such period is a deficit, less 100% of such deficit); plus

- (b) 100% of the aggregate net cash proceeds received by Wynn Las Vegas subsequent to January 1, 2012 as a contribution to its common equity capital, excluding (i) any such net cash proceeds received by Wynn Las Vegas subsequent to January 1, 2012 to the extent consisting of capital contributions made to Wynn Las Vegas for the purpose of satisfying the "in-balance" requirements of the Disbursement Agreement and (ii) any such net cash proceeds received by Wynn Las Vegas to the extent used to incur Indebtedness pursuant to clause (16) of the covenant described below under the caption "—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock"; plus
- (c) (i) to the extent that any Restricted Investment that was made after January 1, 2012 is sold for cash or otherwise liquidated or repaid for cash for an amount in excess of the aggregate amount invested in such Restricted Investment, the sum of (x) 50% of the cash proceeds with respect to such Restricted Investment in excess of the aggregate amount invested in such Restricted Investment (less the cost of disposition, if any) and (y) the aggregate amount invested in such Restricted Investment, and (ii) to the extent that any such Restricted Investment is sold for cash or otherwise liquidated or repaid in cash for an amount equal to or less than the aggregate amount invested in such Restricted Investment, the cash return of capital with respect to such Restricted Investment (less the cost of disposition, if any); plus
- (d) 100% of any cash dividends or cash distributions received by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries after January 1, 2012 from any Restricted Investment (including any Investment in an Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas), to the extent that such dividends or distributions were not otherwise included in the Consolidated Net Income of Wynn Las Vegas for such period; plus
- (e) to the extent that any Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas that is so designated after January 1, 2012 (other than the Completion Guarantor) is redesignated as a Restricted Subsidiary after January 1, 2012, the lesser of (i) the Fair Market Value of Wynn Las Vegas' Investment in such Subsidiary as of the date of such redesignation or (ii) such Fair Market Value as of the date on which such Subsidiary was originally designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

With respect to (a) any payments made pursuant to clauses (1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), (9) and (10) below, so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would be caused by the payments, and (b) any payments made pursuant to clauses (4), (5) and (11) below, regardless of whether any Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would be caused by the payment, the preceding provisions will not prohibit:

- (1) the payment of any dividend or distribution (other than any distribution made under clause (5) below) or the consummation of any irrevocable redemption within 60 days after the date of declaration of the dividend or distribution or giving of the redemption notice, as the case may be, if, at the date of declaration or notice, the dividend, distribution or redemption payment would have complied with the provisions of the Indenture;
- (2) the making of any Restricted Payment in exchange for, or out of the net cash proceeds from the substantially concurrent contribution of common equity capital to Wynn Las Vegas, provided that the amount of any such net cash proceeds that are utilized for any such Restricted Payment will be excluded from clause (3)(b) of the preceding paragraph;
- (3) the repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement for value of Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas or any Guarantor that is contractually subordinated to the Notes or to any Note Guarantee with the net cash proceeds from a substantially concurrent incurrence of Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness;
- (4) the distribution or loan to Wynn Resorts, directly or through any intermediate Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of Wynn Resorts, of amounts necessary to repurchase Equity Interests in or Indebtedness of Wynn Resorts (other than Equity Interests held by or Indebtedness owed to the Specified Holders) to the extent required by any Gaming Authority having jurisdiction over Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries for not more than the Fair Market Value thereof in order to avoid the suspension, revocation or denial of a Gaming

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License by that Gaming Authority, as long as, if such efforts do not jeopardize any Gaming License, Wynn Resorts and its Subsidiaries shall have diligently attempted to find a third-party purchaser for such Equity Interests or Indebtedness and no third-party purchaser acceptable to the applicable Gaming Authority was willing to purchase such Equity Interests or Indebtedness within a time period acceptable to such Gaming Authority;

- (5) distributions to the direct or indirect owners of Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries with respect to any period during which such entity is a Pass Through Entity or a Consolidated Member, such distributions in an aggregate amount not to exceed such owners' Tax Amounts for such period;
- (6) (a) the repurchase, redemption or other acquisition or retirement for value of any Equity Interests in Wynn Resorts, or (b) the distribution to Wynn Resorts, directly or through any intermediate Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of Wynn Resorts, of amounts necessary to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire or retire for value Equity Interests in Wynn Resorts, in each case held by any member of management of Wynn Resorts (or the estate or trust for the benefit of any such member of management) pursuant to the provisions of the operating agreement, or comparable governing documents, or employee benefit plans or employment agreements of any such Person; provided that the aggregate consideration for all such repurchased, redeemed, acquired or retired Equity Interests, together with the aggregate amount of all such distributions made to Wynn Resorts, shall not exceed \$25.0 million in any calendar year;
- (7) the payment of Allocable Overhead to Wynn Resorts or any of its Subsidiaries in respect of each Qualifying Project of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries to the extent then due and payable by Wynn Las Vegas or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be;
- (8) the payment of amounts permitted to be paid pursuant to the Disbursement Agreement;
- (9) Restricted Payments consisting of transfers and other dispositions of Released Assets;
- (10) Restricted Payments not otherwise permitted by the foregoing clauses (1) through (9) in an aggregate amount of not more than \$75.0 million; and
- (11) dividends or distributions to Wynn Resorts, directly or through any intermediate Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, of amounts necessary to pay amounts then due and payable under the Tax Indemnification Agreement, as in effect on the date of the Indenture.

The amount of all Restricted Payments (other than cash) will be the Fair Market Value on the date of the Restricted Payment of the asset(s) or securities proposed to be transferred or issued by Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, pursuant to the Restricted Payment.

Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, (1) create, incur, issue, assume, guarantee or otherwise become directly or indirectly liable, contingently or otherwise, with respect to (collectively, "incur") any Indebtedness (including Acquired Debt), or (2) issue any Disqualified Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries may incur Indebtedness (including Acquired Debt), or issue Disqualified Stock, if the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of Wynn Las Vegas for Wynn Las Vegas' most recently ended four full fiscal quarters for which internal financial statements are available immediately preceding the date on which such additional Indebtedness is incurred or such Disqualified Stock is issued, as the case may be, would have been at least 2.0 to 1.0, determined on a *pro forma* basis, including a *pro forma* application of the net proceeds therefrom, as if the additional Indebtedness had been incurred or the Disqualified Stock had been issued, as the case may be, at the beginning of such four-quarter period.

The first paragraph of this covenant will not prohibit the incurrence of any of the following items of Indebtedness (collectively, "Permitted Debt"):

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- (1) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement in an aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding (with letters of credit being deemed to have a principal amount equal to the sum of the face amount thereof and related unpaid reimbursement obligations), to the extent then classified as having been incurred in reliance on this clause (1) not to exceed (i) \$1.0 billion less (ii) the aggregate amount of all Net Proceeds of Assets Sales applied by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries since the date of the Indenture to repay any term Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement or repay any revolving credit Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement and effect a corresponding permanent reduction of commitments thereunder pursuant to the covenant described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales” or otherwise;
- (2) the incurrence by the Issuers and the Restricted Subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas of the Existing Indebtedness;
- (3) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness in exchange for, or the net proceeds of which are used to refund, refinance or replace Indebtedness (other than intercompany Indebtedness) that was permitted by the Indenture to be incurred under the first paragraph of this covenant, under clause (2), (7), (8), (9), (12), (13), (14) or (15) of this paragraph or under this clause (3);
- (4) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of intercompany Indebtedness between or among Wynn Las Vegas and any of its Restricted Subsidiaries; provided, however, that:
 - (a) if Wynn Las Vegas or any Guarantor is the obligor on such Indebtedness and the payee is not Wynn Las Vegas or a Guarantor, such Indebtedness must be expressly subordinated in right of payment to the prior payment in full in cash of all Obligations then due with respect to the Notes, in the case of Wynn Las Vegas, or its Note Guarantee under the Indenture, in the case of a Guarantor, except that no Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas or any Guarantor will be deemed to be subordinated in right of payment to any other Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas or any such Guarantor solely by virtue of being unsecured; and
 - (b) (i) any subsequent issuance or transfer of Equity Interests that results in any such Indebtedness being held by a Person other than Wynn Las Vegas or a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, and (ii) any sale or other transfer of any such Indebtedness to a Person that is not either Wynn Las Vegas or a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas will be deemed, in each case, to constitute an incurrence of such Indebtedness by Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, that was not permitted by this clause (4);
- (5) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Hedging Obligations in the ordinary course of business;
- (6) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness solely in respect of performance, surety, appeal or similar bonds or commercial or standby letters of credit, so long as such indebtedness is incurred in the ordinary course of business and the aggregate amount of all such bonds and standby letters of credit is not greater than \$60.0 million at any time outstanding;
- (7) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness represented by Capital Lease Obligations, mortgage financings or purchase money obligations, in each case, incurred for the purpose of financing all or any part of the purchase price or cost of design, construction, installation or improvement of property, plant or equipment (including acquisitions of Capital Stock of a Person that becomes a Restricted Subsidiary to the extent of the Fair Market Value of the property, plant or equipment of such Person) used in the Projects by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, in an aggregate principal amount, including all Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness incurred to renew, refund, refinance, replace, defease or discharge any Indebtedness incurred pursuant to this clause (7), not to exceed \$100.0 million at any time outstanding;
- (8) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness in a principal amount, including all Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness incurred to renew, refund, refinance, replace,

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defeasance or discharge any Indebtedness incurred pursuant to this clause (8), not to exceed, at any time, 75% of the aggregate cost of the Phase III Project to pay the costs and expenses of designing, developing and constructing the Phase III Project, so long as the holders of the Notes continue to have a perfected first priority security interest in the Golf Course Land;

- (9) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness in connection with the repurchase, redemption or other acquisition or retirement for value of Equity Interests in Wynn Resorts or any Restricted Subsidiary permitted pursuant to the provisions of clause (6) of the covenant described above under the caption “—Restricted Payments”;
- (10) [intentionally omitted];
- (11) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of additional Indebtedness in an aggregate principal amount at any time outstanding, not to exceed \$100.0 million;
- (12) the 2017 Notes;
- (13) the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes;
- (14) the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes;
- (15) the incurrence by the Issuers of the Notes issued on the date of the Indenture and the Note Guarantees;
- (16) the incurrence of Indebtedness (and the Guarantee of such Indebtedness by Wynn Las Vegas) in an amount not to exceed 100% of the Fair Market Value of the Aircraft, which is secured only by Liens permitted by clause (26) of the definition of “Permitted Liens”;
- (17) the incurrence by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of additional Indebtedness (so long as such Indebtedness is incurred under the Credit Agreement, through the issuance of additional Notes under the Indenture, is unsecured Indebtedness or is Permitted Junior Debt) to be used to develop and construct an Additional Entertainment Facility and/or a Retail Facility on land included in the Projects in an aggregate principal amount (or original accreted value, as applicable) at any time not to exceed 662/3% of the aggregate cost of such Additional Entertainment Facility and/or Retail Facility; provided that, subsequent to the date of the Indenture and on or prior to the date of the incurrence of such Indebtedness, net cash proceeds have been received by Wynn Las Vegas as a contribution to its common equity capital in an amount equal to at least 331/3% of the aggregate cost of such Additional Entertainment Facility and/or Retail Facility, which proceeds have been irrevocably committed at the time of such contribution for use in the development and construction of such Additional Entertainment Facility and/or a Retail Facility; and
- (18) the incurrence by Wynn Capital, as co-obligor, of any Indebtedness which Wynn Las Vegas is permitted to incur pursuant to the foregoing provisions.

For purposes of determining compliance with this “Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” covenant, in the event that an item of proposed Indebtedness meets the criteria of more than one of the categories of Permitted Debt described in clauses (1) through (17) above, or is entitled to be incurred pursuant to the first paragraph of this covenant, the Issuers will be permitted to classify such item of Indebtedness on the date of its incurrence, or later reclassify all or a portion of such item of Indebtedness, in any manner that complies with this covenant as of the date of such classification or reclassification. Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement outstanding on the date on which the Notes are first issued and authenticated under the Indenture will initially be deemed to have been incurred on such date in reliance on the exception provided by clause (1) of the definition of “Permitted Debt.” The accrual of interest, the accretion or amortization of original issue discount, the payment of interest on any Indebtedness in the form of additional Indebtedness with the same terms, the reclassification of preferred stock as Indebtedness due to a change in accounting principles, and the payment of dividends on Disqualified Stock in the form of additional shares of the same class of Disqualified Stock will not be deemed to be an incurrence of Indebtedness or an issuance of Disqualified Stock for purposes of this covenant. Notwithstanding any other provision of this covenant, the maximum amount of Indebtedness that Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries may incur pursuant to this covenant shall not be exceeded

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solely as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates or currency values. In addition, any Indebtedness which is permitted to be incurred by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries under clause (7) set forth above may be incurred under the Credit Agreement or through the issuance of additional Notes under the Indenture.

The amount of any Indebtedness outstanding as of any date will be:

- (1) the accreted value of the Indebtedness, in the case of any Indebtedness issued with original issue discount;
- (2) the principal amount of the Indebtedness, in the case of any other Indebtedness; and
- (3) in respect of Indebtedness of another Person secured by a Lien on the assets of the specified Person, the lesser of:
 - (a) the Fair Market Value of such assets at the date of determination; and
 - (b) the amount of the Indebtedness of the other Person.

Liens

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any Lien of any kind on any asset owned on the date of the Indenture or thereafter acquired, or on any proceeds, income or profits therefrom or assign or convey any right to receive income therefrom, except Permitted Liens.

Dividend and Other Payment Restrictions Affecting Subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, create or permit to exist or become effective any consensual encumbrance or restriction on the ability of any Restricted Subsidiary to:

- (1) pay dividends or make any other distributions on its Capital Stock to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, or with respect to any other interest or participation in, or measured by, its profits, or pay any indebtedness owed to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (2) make loans or advances to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries; or (3) sell, lease or transfer any of its properties or assets to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries.

However, the preceding restrictions will not apply to encumbrances or restrictions existing under or by reason of:

- (1) the Notes, the Indenture, the 2017 Notes, the 2017 Notes indenture, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 Notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 Notes indenture, the 7³/₄% 2020 Notes, the 7³/₄% 2020 Notes indenture, any Guarantees of such notes or the Collateral Documents;
- (2) applicable law, including rules, regulations and orders issued by any Gaming Authority;
- (3) customary non-assignment provisions in contracts, licenses or leases entered into in the ordinary course of business and consistent with practices that are customary in the gaming, lodging or entertainment industry;
- (4) the Credit Agreement as in effect on the date of the Indenture and any other Indebtedness permitted to be incurred by the Indenture and any amendments, modifications, restatements, renewals, increases, supplements, refundings, replacements or refinancings of those agreements, so long as the applicable provisions of amendments, modifications, restatements, renewals, increases, supplements, refundings, replacements, refinancings or agreements governing other Indebtedness are no more restrictive, taken as a whole, with respect to such dividend and other payment restrictions than those contained in the Credit Agreement as in effect on the date of the Indenture;
- (5) the acquisition of the Capital Stock of any Person, or property or assets of any Person by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, if the encumbrances or restrictions (a) existed at the time of the

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acquisition and were not incurred in contemplation thereof and (b) are not applicable to and are not spread to cover any Person or the property or assets of any Person other than the Person acquired or the property or assets of the Person acquired;

- (6) purchase money obligations or Capital Lease Obligations for Indebtedness permitted under clause (7) of the second paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” that impose restrictions of the type described in clause (3) of the first paragraph of this covenant on the assets so acquired;
- (7) any agreement for the sale or other disposition of a Restricted Subsidiary permitted under the Indenture that restricts distributions by that Restricted Subsidiary pending its sale or other disposition;
- (8) Liens permitted to be incurred under the provisions of the covenant described above under the caption “—Liens,” securing Indebtedness otherwise permitted to be incurred under the second paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock,” that limit the right of the debtor to dispose of the assets subject to such Liens; or
- (9) customary provisions with respect to the disposition or distribution of assets or property in partnership or joint venture agreements, asset sale agreements, stock sale agreements and other similar agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business.

Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets

Neither Issuer will, directly or indirectly, (1) consolidate or merge with or into another Person (whether or not such Issuer is the surviving entity) or (2) sell, assign, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its properties or assets, in one or more related transactions, to another Person, unless:

- (1) either (a) such Issuer is the surviving entity or (b) the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than such Issuer) or to which such sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance or other disposition shall have been made is a corporation organized or existing under the laws of the United States, any state of the United States or the District of Columbia;
- (2) the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than such Issuer) or the Person to which such sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance or other disposition shall have been made assumes all the obligations of such Issuer under the Notes, the Indenture, the registration rights agreement and the Collateral Documents pursuant to agreements reasonably satisfactory to the trustee;
- (3) immediately after such transaction, no Default or Event of Default exists;
- (4) such transaction would not result in the loss or suspension or material impairment of any Gaming License unless a comparable new Gaming License is effective prior to or simultaneously with such loss, suspension or material impairment;
- (5) such Issuer or the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than such Issuer), or to which such sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance or other disposition shall have been made;
 - (a) will have Consolidated Net Worth immediately after the transaction equal to or greater than the Consolidated Net Worth of such Issuer immediately preceding the transaction (excluding the effect of the related professional fees, commissions, sales and other taxes, and other transactional costs that would otherwise reduce Consolidated Net Worth); and
 - (b) will, on the date of such transaction after giving *pro forma* effect thereto and any related financing transactions as if the same had occurred at the beginning of the applicable four-quarter period, be permitted to incur at least \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness pursuant to the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio test set forth in the first paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock”; and
- (6) such transaction, at the time it is undertaken, would not require any holder or beneficial owner of Notes to obtain a Gaming License or be qualified or found suitable under the law of any applicable gaming

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jurisdiction; provided that such holder or beneficial owner would not have been required to obtain a Gaming License or be qualified or found suitable under the laws of any applicable gaming jurisdiction in the absence of such transaction.

In addition, no Issuer may, directly or indirectly, lease all or substantially all of its properties or assets, taken as a whole, in one or more related transactions, to any other Person.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries that is not a subchapter "C" corporation is permitted to convert into a corporation pursuant to a Permitted C-Corp. Conversion.

Designation of Restricted and Unrestricted Subsidiaries

The Board of Directors of Wynn Capital may designate any Restricted Subsidiary, other than Wynn Capital, to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas if that designation would not cause a Default or an Event of Default. If a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas is designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary, the aggregate Fair Market Value of all outstanding Investments owned by Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries in the Subsidiary properly designated will be deemed to be an Investment made in an Unrestricted Subsidiary as of the time of the designation and will reduce the amount available for Restricted Payments under the covenant described above under the caption "—Restricted Payments" or under one or more clauses of the definition of "Permitted Investments," as determined by Wynn Las Vegas. That designation will only be permitted if the Investment would be permitted at that time and if the Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas otherwise meets the definition of an "Unrestricted Subsidiary." The Board of Directors of Wynn Capital may redesignate any Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas to be a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas if the redesignation would not cause a Default or an Event of Default.

Any designation of a Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas as an Unrestricted Subsidiary will be evidenced to the trustee by filing with the trustee a certified copy of a resolution of the Board of Directors giving effect to such designation and an officers' certificate certifying that such designation complied with the preceding conditions and was permitted by the covenant described above under the caption "—Restricted Payments." If, at any time, any Unrestricted Subsidiary would fail to meet the preceding requirements as an Unrestricted Subsidiary, it will thereafter cease to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary for purposes of the Indenture and any Indebtedness of such Subsidiary will be deemed to be incurred by a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas as of such date and, if such Indebtedness is not permitted to be incurred as of such date under the covenant described above under the caption "—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock," Wynn Las Vegas will be in default of such covenant. The Board of Directors of Wynn Capital may at any time redesignate any Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas to be a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas; provided that such designation will be deemed to be an incurrence of Indebtedness by a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas of any outstanding Indebtedness of such Unrestricted Subsidiary, and such designation will only be permitted if (1) such Indebtedness is permitted under the covenant described above under the caption "—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock," calculated on a *pro forma* basis as if such designation had occurred at the beginning of the four-quarter reference period; and (2) no Default or Event of Default would be in existence following such designation.

Transactions with Affiliates

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, make any payment to, or sell, lease, transfer or otherwise dispose of any of its properties or assets to, or purchase any property or assets from, or enter into or make or amend any transaction, contract, agreement, understanding, loan, advance or guarantee with, or for the benefit of, any Affiliate of Wynn Las Vegas (each, an "Affiliate Transaction"), unless:

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- (1) the Affiliate Transaction is on terms that are no less favorable to Wynn Las Vegas than those that would have been obtained in a comparable transaction by Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary with an unrelated Person;
- (2) Wynn Las Vegas or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary delivers to the trustee:
 - (a) with respect to any Affiliate Transaction or series of related Affiliate Transactions involving aggregate consideration in excess of \$10.0 million, a resolution of the Board of Directors of Wynn Capital set forth in an officers' certificate certifying that such Affiliate Transaction complies with this covenant and that such Affiliate Transaction has been approved by a majority of the disinterested members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Capital, to the extent that there are any such disinterested members of such Boards of Directors; and
 - (b) with respect to any Affiliate Transaction or series of related Affiliate Transactions involving aggregate consideration in excess of \$25.0 million, an opinion as to the fairness to Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary of such Affiliate Transaction from a financial point of view issued by an accounting, appraisal or investment banking firm of national standing prior to the consummation of such Affiliate Transaction; and
- (3) in the case of any Affiliate Transaction involving the use of the Aircraft (if such aircraft is owned by Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary) for any purpose not reasonably related to the Projects or the Permitted Businesses of Wynn Las Vegas or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary relating to or in connection with the Projects, Wynn Las Vegas or the applicable Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, is reimbursed promptly for actual costs and expenses incurred by such Person in connection with such use.

The following items will not be deemed to be Affiliate Transactions and, therefore, will not be subject to the provisions of the prior paragraph:

- (1) any employment agreement entered into by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries with any Person (other than the Principal) in the ordinary course of business;
- (2) the payment of reasonable directors'/managers' fees to directors or managers of Wynn Las Vegas, Wynn Capital or any Guarantor, and customary indemnification and insurance arrangements in favor of such directors or managers, in each case in the ordinary course of business;
- (3) transactions between or among Wynn Las Vegas and/or its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (4) Restricted Payments that are made in compliance with the provisions of the Indenture described above under the caption "—Restricted Payments";
- (5) leases by Wynn Las Vegas to one or more of its Affiliates of space at the Wynn Las Vegas Resort, at market rental rates, for the development and operation of a Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership pursuant to the Dealership Lease Agreement to the extent permitted under the Collateral Documents;
- (6) (i) the payment of Allocable Overhead to Wynn Resorts in respect of each Qualifying Project of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries and (ii) other payments made pursuant to the Affiliate Agreements, in each case, as in effect on the date of the Indenture or as such Affiliate Agreements may be amended, modified or supplemented in any manner that is not in contravention of the covenant described below under the caption "—Amendments to Certain Agreements";
- (7) any Permitted Investment made pursuant to clause (12), (13) or (14) of the definition thereof; and
- (8) the issuance by Wynn Las Vegas of any Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) to any Affiliate if such issuance is otherwise not in contravention of the terms of the Indenture.

Additional Note Guarantees

If Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries acquires or creates another Domestic Subsidiary after the date of the Indenture, then that newly acquired or created Domestic Subsidiary will become a Guarantor

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and execute a supplemental indenture within 10 business days of the date on which it was acquired or created; provided that any Domestic Subsidiary that constitutes an Immaterial Subsidiary need not become a Guarantor until such time as it ceases to be an Immaterial Subsidiary.

Limitation on Status as Investment Company

The Issuers and Guarantors will not be or become required to register as an “investment company” (as that term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended), or otherwise become subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Limitation on Sale and Leaseback Transactions

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, enter into any sale and leaseback transaction (except with respect to the Aircraft Assets so long as, and to the extent that, such Aircraft Assets are not Collateral); provided that Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary may enter into a sale and leaseback transaction if:

- (1) Wynn Las Vegas or that Restricted Subsidiary, as applicable, could have (a) incurred Indebtedness in an amount equal to the Attributable Debt relating to such sale and leaseback transaction under the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio test set forth in the first paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” and (b) incurred a Lien to secure such Indebtedness in an amount equal to the Attributable Debt pursuant to the covenant described above under the caption “—Liens”;
- (2) the gross cash proceeds of that sale and leaseback transaction are at least equal to the Fair Market Value, as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of Wynn Capital or that Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, and set forth in an officers’ certificate delivered to the trustee, of the property that is the subject of that sale and leaseback transaction; and
- (3) the transfer of assets in that sale and leaseback transaction is permitted by, and Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary applies the proceeds of such transaction in compliance with, the covenant described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales.”

Line of Business

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, engage in any business or investment activities other than the Permitted Business. Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, conduct a Permitted Business in any gaming jurisdiction in which such entity is not licensed on the date of the Indenture if the holders of the Notes would be required to be licensed as a result thereof, except that this sentence will not prohibit any entity from conducting a Permitted Business in any jurisdiction that does not require the licensing or qualification of all the holders of Notes, but reserves the discretionary right to require the licensing or qualification of any holders of Notes.

Restrictions on Payments of Management Fees

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, (1) pay Management Fees if, at the time of payment of such Management Fees, a Default or an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or shall occur as a result thereof, or (2) prepay any Management Fees.

Any Management Fees not permitted to be paid during a particular 12-month period pursuant to this covenant shall be deferred and shall accrue. Such accrued and unpaid Management Fees may be paid in any subsequent 12-month period to the extent such payment would be permitted under this covenant and the Management Fees Subordination Agreement.

Under the Management Fees Subordination Agreement, the right to receive payment of the Management Fees will be subordinated in right of payment to the right of the holders of Notes to receive payments pursuant to

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the Notes and the Guarantees. Under this agreement, Management Fees will be payable semiannually in arrears on the tenth business day following the date on which interest payments are payable on the Notes. Management Fees may be paid only if, among other things, the interest payable on the Notes through the applicable interest payment date and the interest payable on the loans under the Credit Agreement through such interest payment date has been paid in full.

Limitation on Issuances and Sales of Equity Interests in Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiaries

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, transfer, convey, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any Equity Interests in any Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas to any Person (other than Wynn Las Vegas or a Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas that is a Guarantor), unless:

- (1) such transfer, conveyance, sale, lease or other disposition is of all the Equity Interests in such Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary; and
- (2) the Net Proceeds from such transfer, conveyance, sale, lease or other disposition are applied in accordance with the covenant described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales.”

In addition, Wynn Las Vegas will not permit any Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas to issue any of its Equity Interests (other than, if necessary, shares of its Capital Stock constituting directors’ qualifying shares) to any Person other than to Wynn Las Vegas or a Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas that is a Guarantor.

Amendments to Certain Agreements

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, amend, modify, waive or otherwise change, or consent or agree to any amendment, modification, waiver or other change to, or otherwise fail to enforce, or terminate or abandon, any of the provisions of any Affiliate Agreement if such amendment, modification, waiver or other change, failure to enforce, termination or abandonment (individually or collectively with all such amendments, modifications, waivers and other changes, failures to enforce, terminations or abandonments taken as a whole) would:

- (1) increase the amounts payable to Persons other than Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries thereunder by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (2) change the dates on which such amounts are to be paid to dates earlier than those set forth in such agreement, as in effect on the date of the Indenture;
- (3) reduce the services provided thereunder to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries unless accompanied by a corresponding decrease in the amounts payable by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries thereunder;
- (4) materially impair the rights or remedies of the holders of the Notes under the Indenture or the Collateral Documents; or
- (5) materially impair the development, use or operation of the Projects.

Any other amendment, modification, waiver or other change to, or any failure to enforce, or termination or abandonment of the provisions of any Affiliate Agreement shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the first paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Transactions with Affiliates.”

Amendments to Operating Agreements and Charter Documents

Except in connection with a Permitted C-Corp. Conversion, Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to:

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- (1) dissolve,
- (2) with respect to any entity that is a limited liability company, amend, modify or otherwise change, its operating agreement or other charter documents, or otherwise permit any such agreement or document, to provide that the death, retirement, resignation, expulsion, bankruptcy, dissolution or dissociation of a member of that limited liability company or any other event affecting a member of that limited liability company either terminates the status of that Person as a member of the limited liability company or causes the limited liability company to be dissolved or its affairs wound up, or
- (3) amend, modify or otherwise change the separateness covenants and company restrictions in its operating agreement relating to conduct, or any comparable provisions contained in its other charter documents, or fail to include similar provisions in the operating agreement or other applicable charter documents of any future Restricted Subsidiary.

Insurance

Wynn Las Vegas will, and will cause its Restricted Subsidiaries to, maintain insurance with reputable and financially sound carriers against such risks and in such amounts as are customarily carried by similarly situated businesses, including, without limitation, property and casualty insurance, so long as such insurance coverage (including deductibles, retentions and self-insurance amounts) at all times complies with the insurance coverage required under the Disbursement Agreement.

Additional Collateral; Formation or Acquisition of Restricted Subsidiaries; Designation of Unrestricted Subsidiaries as Restricted Subsidiaries or Permitted C-Corp. Conversion

Concurrently with (1) the formation or acquisition of any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas that becomes or is required under the Credit Agreement to become a Guarantor of any of the obligations under the Credit Agreement, (2) the designation of an Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas as a Restricted Subsidiary, or (3) the conversion by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries into a subchapter "C" corporation in a Permitted C-Corp. Conversion, Wynn Las Vegas shall, to the extent not prohibited by Gaming Authorities or applicable Gaming Laws and subject to the Intercreditor Agreement:

- (1) (a) cause such Restricted Subsidiary or subchapter "C" corporation (if such subchapter "C" corporation is not an Issuer) to guarantee all obligations of the Issuers under the Indenture and the Notes by executing and delivering to the trustee a supplemental indenture in the form of an exhibit to the Indenture; or
- (b) if such subchapter "C" corporation is an Issuer, cause such subchapter "C" corporation to execute and deliver to the trustee (i) a supplemental indenture substantially in the form of an exhibit to the Indenture, (ii) an assumption agreement unconditionally and irrevocably assuming all of the right, title and interest of the Issuer that was so reorganized as a subchapter "C" corporation in, to and under the Indenture and the Notes, and (iii) replacement notes for the Notes previously issued by the Issuer that was so reorganized as a subchapter "C" corporation to be issued to the holders upon request and the concurrent return by such holders of the Notes previously issued to them by such Issuer that was so reorganized as a "C" corporation;
- (2) cause such Restricted Subsidiary or subchapter "C" corporation to execute and deliver to the trustee,
 - (a) an assumption agreement in the form of an exhibit to the Security Agreement (under which such Restricted Subsidiary or subchapter "C" corporation will grant a security interest to the trustee in those of its assets described in the Security Agreement), and
 - (b) such Uniform Commercial Code financing statements as are necessary to perfect the trustee's security interest in such assets;
- (3) in the event such Restricted Subsidiary or subchapter "C" corporation owns real property that (i) is contiguous to any real property included in the Collateral, (ii) has a Fair Market Value in excess of \$50.0

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million in the aggregate or \$25.0 million individually or (iii) is required pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement to be included in the Collateral, cause such Restricted Subsidiary or subchapter "C" corporation to execute and deliver to the trustee:

- (a) a deed of trust, substantially in the form of the Deeds of Trust (with such modifications as are necessary to comply with applicable law) (under which such Restricted Subsidiary or subchapter "C" corporation will grant a security interest to the trustee in such real property and any related fixtures);
 - (b) in the case of any such Restricted Subsidiary, title and extended coverage insurance covering such real property in an amount at least equal to the purchase price of such real property; and
 - (c) in the case of any such subchapter "C" corporation, an agreement executed and delivered by the title company that issued the title and extended coverage insurance covering the real property owned by such subchapter "C" corporation naming such subchapter "C" corporation as an additional insured under such insurance;
- (4) promptly pledge, or cause to be pledged, to the trustee (i) all of the outstanding Capital Stock of such entity or subchapter "C" corporation owned by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries and (ii) all of the outstanding Capital Stock owned by such Restricted Subsidiary or subchapter "C" corporation, to secure Wynn Las Vegas' obligations under the Indenture and the Notes or such Restricted Subsidiary's Guarantee obligations under the applicable Security Agreement, as the case may be;
 - (5) promptly take, and cause such Restricted Subsidiary or subchapter "C" corporation and each other Restricted Subsidiary to take all action necessary or, in the opinion of the trustee, desirable to perfect and protect the security interests intended to be created by the Collateral Documents, as modified under this paragraph; and
 - (6) promptly deliver to the trustee such opinions of counsel, if any, as the trustee may reasonably require with respect to the foregoing (including opinions as to enforceability and perfection of security interests).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Restricted Subsidiary shall be required to take the actions specified in clauses (2) through (6) above during any Collateral Release Period.

Additional Collateral; Acquisition of Assets or Property

At any time other than during any Collateral Release Period, and concurrently with the acquisition by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of any assets or property (other than a Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas) that would constitute Collateral, to the extent not prohibited by Gaming Authorities or applicable Gaming Laws and subject to the Intercreditor Agreement, Wynn Las Vegas will, and will cause its Restricted Subsidiaries to, cause the applicable entity to:

- (1) in the case of the acquisition of personal property with an aggregate fair market value in excess of \$50,000 (other than Aircraft Assets) for all such acquired personal property, execute and deliver to the collateral agent such Uniform Commercial Code financing statements, if any, as are necessary or, in the opinion of the trustee, desirable to perfect and protect the trustee's security interest in such assets or property;
- (2) in the case of the acquisition of real property, that (i) is contiguous to any real property included in the Collateral or (ii) has a Fair Market Value in excess of \$5.0 million in the aggregate or \$2.5 million individually, execute and deliver to the trustee:
 - (a) a deed of trust, substantially in the form of the Deeds of Trust (with such modifications as are necessary to comply with applicable law) (under which Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary will grant a security interest to the trustee in such real property and any related fixtures), and
 - (b) title and extended coverage insurance covering such real property in an amount at least equal to the purchase price of such real property; and

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- (3) in the case of the acquisition of personal property (other than personal property in which the trustee has a perfected security interest (subject only to Permitted Liens)) or real property subject to clauses (1) and (2) above, as applicable, promptly deliver to the trustee such opinions of counsel, if any, as the trustee may reasonably require with respect to the foregoing (including opinions as to enforceability and perfection of security interests).

Further Assurances

Except during any Collateral Release Period, Wynn Las Vegas will, and will cause its Restricted Subsidiaries to, execute and deliver such additional instruments, certificates or documents, and take all such actions as may be reasonably requested by the Trustee from time to time in order to:

- (1) carry out more effectively the purposes of the Collateral Documents;
- (2) create, grant, perfect and maintain the validity, effectiveness, perfection and priority of any of the Collateral Documents and the Liens created, or intended to be created, by the Collateral Documents superior to the rights of all third Persons, in each case, equal and ratable with the Liens securing the obligations under the Credit Agreement and subject to Permitted Liens; and
- (3) ensure that any of the rights granted or intended to be granted to the trustee or any holder under the Collateral Documents or under any other instrument executed in connection therewith or granted to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries under the Collateral Documents or under any other instrument executed in connection therewith are protected and enforced.

Upon the exercise by the trustee or any holder of any power, right, privilege or remedy under the Indenture or any of the Collateral Documents which requires any consent, approval, recording, qualification or authorization of any governmental authority (including any Gaming Authority), Wynn Las Vegas will, and will cause its Restricted Subsidiaries to, execute and deliver all applications, certifications, instruments and other documents and papers that may be required from Wynn Resorts, Wynn Las Vegas or any of Wynn Las Vegas' Restricted Subsidiaries for such governmental consent, approval, recording, qualification or authorization.

Payments for Consent

Wynn Las Vegas will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, pay or cause to be paid any consideration to, or for the benefit of, any holder of Notes for or as an inducement to any consent, waiver or amendment of any of the terms or provisions of the Indenture, the Notes or the Collateral Documents unless such consideration is offered to be paid and is paid to all holders of Notes that consent, waive or agree to amend in the time frame set forth in the solicitation documents relating to such consent, waiver or agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in any offer or payment of consideration for, or as an inducement to, any consent, waiver or amendment of any of the terms or provisions of the Indenture or the Notes in connection with an exchange offer, Wynn Las Vegas may exclude (i) holders or beneficial owners of the Notes that are not institutional "accredited investors" as defined in subparagraphs (a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) of Rule 501 under the Securities Act, and (ii) holders or beneficial owners of the Notes in any jurisdiction where the inclusion of such holders or beneficial owners would require Wynn Las Vegas to comply with the registration requirements or other similar requirements under any securities laws of such jurisdiction, or the solicitation of such consent, waiver or amendment from, or the granting of such consent or waiver, or the approval of such amendment by, holders or beneficial owners in such jurisdiction would be unlawful, in each case as determined by Wynn Las Vegas in its sole discretion.

Restrictions on Activities of Wynn Capital

Wynn Capital will not hold any material assets, hold any Equity Interests, incur any Indebtedness, become liable for any obligations, engage in any business activities or have any Subsidiaries. However, Wynn Capital

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may incur Indebtedness to the extent that it is a co-obligor with respect to Indebtedness which Wynn Las Vegas is permitted to incur under the Indenture, but only if the Net Proceeds of such Indebtedness are received by Wynn Las Vegas or one or more of Wynn Las Vegas' Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiaries other than Wynn Capital. At all times while Notes issued under the Indenture remain outstanding, Wynn Capital shall maintain a Board of Directors composed of individuals who serve on the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts, and such other disinterested or independent members as the Board of Directors deems appropriate from time to time.

Reports

Whether or not required by the rules and regulations of the SEC, so long as any Notes are outstanding, the Issuers will furnish to the holders of Notes or cause the trustee to furnish to the holders of Notes, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and regulations:

- (1) all quarterly and annual reports that would be required to be filed with the SEC on Forms 10-Q and 10-K, including a "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and, with respect to the annual report only, a report on the annual financial statements by Wynn Las Vegas' and the Restricted Subsidiaries' certified independent accountants; and
- (2) all current reports that would be required to be filed with the SEC on Form 8-K if the Issuers were required to file such reports.

All such reports will be prepared in all material respects in accordance with all of the rules and regulations applicable to such reports. Each annual report on Form 10-K will include a report on Wynn Las Vegas' and its Restricted Subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements by Wynn Las Vegas' certified independent accountants. In addition, Wynn Las Vegas will file a copy of each of the reports referred to in clauses (1) and (2) above with the SEC for public availability within the time periods specified in the rules and regulations applicable to such reports (unless the SEC will not accept such a filing) and will post the reports on its website within those time periods.

If, at any time Wynn Las Vegas is no longer subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the Exchange Act for any reason, Wynn Las Vegas will nevertheless continue filing the reports specified in the preceding paragraph of this covenant with the SEC within the time periods specified above unless the SEC will not accept such a filing. Wynn Las Vegas will not take any action for the purpose of causing the SEC not to accept any such filings. If, notwithstanding the foregoing, the SEC will not accept Wynn Las Vegas' filings for any reason, Wynn Las Vegas will post the reports referred to in the preceding paragraphs on its website within the time periods that would apply if Wynn Las Vegas were required to file those reports with the SEC.

In addition, the Issuers and the Guarantors agree that, for so long as any Notes remain outstanding, if at any time they are not required to file with the SEC the reports required by the preceding paragraphs, they will furnish to the holders of Notes and to securities analysts and prospective investors, upon their request, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act.

Events of Default and Remedies

Each of the following is an "Event of Default":

- (1) default for 30 days in the payment when due of interest on, or Liquidated Damages, if any, with respect to the Notes;
- (2) default in the payment when due (at maturity, upon redemption, repurchase or otherwise) of the principal of, or premium, if any, on, the Notes;
- (3) failure by Wynn Capital, Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries:
 - (a) to comply with any payment obligations (including, without limitation, obligations as to the timing or amount of such payments) described under the captions "—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—"

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- Change of Control,” “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales” or “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Events of Loss,”; or
- (b) to comply with the provisions described under the captions “—Certain Covenants—Restricted Payments,” “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” or “—Certain Covenants—Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets”;
- (4) failure by Wynn Capital, Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries for 60 days after receipt of written notice from the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding voting as a single class to comply with any of the other agreements in the Indenture not set forth in clause (3) above;
- (5) failure by Wynn Capital, Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, the Completion Guarantor or any other party to any Collateral Document (other than the trustee or any representative of the lenders under the Credit Agreement or other lenders party thereto) for 60 days after receipt of written notice from the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding voting as a single class to comply with any of its agreements, as applicable, in any Collateral Document;
- (6) default under any mortgage, indenture or instrument under which there may be issued or by which there may be secured or evidenced any Indebtedness for money borrowed by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries (or the payment of which is guaranteed by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries), whether such Indebtedness or guarantee existed on the date of the Indenture, or is created after the date of the Indenture, if that default:
- (a) is caused by a failure to pay principal of, or interest or premium, if any, on, such Indebtedness prior to the expiration of the grace period provided in such Indebtedness on the date of such default (a “Payment Default”); or
- (b) results in the acceleration of such Indebtedness prior to its express maturity, and, in each case, the principal amount of any such Indebtedness, together with the principal amount of any other such Indebtedness under which there has been a Payment Default or the maturity of which has been so accelerated, aggregates \$20.0 million or more;
- (7) failure by Wynn Capital, Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to pay final non-appealable judgments (not paid or covered by insurance as to which the relevant insurance company has not denied responsibility) aggregating in excess of \$20.0 million, which judgments are not paid, bonded, discharged or stayed for a period of 60 days;
- (8) any event of default under any of the Collateral Documents or any of the Collateral Documents shall cease, for any reason (other than pursuant to their terms), to be in full force and effect, or Wynn Capital, Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries or any Affiliate of any such Person or any Person acting on behalf of any such Person, shall so assert as to any of such Person’s properties or assets, or any security interest created, or purported to be created, by any of the Collateral Documents shall cease to be enforceable and of the same effect and priority purported to be created by the Collateral Documents;
- (9) any material representation or warranty made or deemed made by Wynn Capital, Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in any Collateral Document or that is contained in any certificate, document or financial or other statement furnished by it at any time under or in connection with any such Collateral Document shall prove to have been inaccurate in any material respect on or as of the date made or deemed made, except that the inaccuracy of any representation or warranty contained only in the Disbursement Agreement shall constitute an Event of Default hereunder only to the extent such inaccuracy constitutes an event of default under the Disbursement Agreement;
- (10) except as expressly permitted therein or by the Indenture, the Completion Guarantee or any Note Guarantee issued by a Significant Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas shall be held in any judicial proceeding to be unenforceable or invalid or shall cease for any reason to be in full force and effect or the Completion

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Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, or any Person acting on behalf of any such Person, shall deny or disaffirm its obligations under its Note Guarantee;

- (11) certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency described in the Indenture with respect to (a) either Issuer, (b) any Significant Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas or (c) any group of Restricted Subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas;
- (12) the revocation, termination, suspension or other cessation of effectiveness of any Gaming License which results in the cessation or suspension of gaming operations at any Gaming Facility for a period of more than 90 consecutive days; or
- (13) if Wynn Las Vegas ever fails to own, directly or indirectly, 100% of the issued and outstanding Equity Interests in Wynn Capital.

In the case of an Event of Default arising from certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency, with respect to either Issuer, any Significant Restricted Subsidiary or any group of Restricted Subsidiaries that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Restricted Subsidiary, all outstanding Notes will become due and payable immediately without further action or notice. If any other Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes may declare all the Notes to be due and payable immediately.

Holders of the Notes may not enforce the Indenture or the Notes except as provided in the Indenture, the Intercreditor Agreement and the other Collateral Documents. Subject to certain limitations, holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes may direct the trustee in its exercise of any trust or power. The trustee may withhold from holders of the Notes notice of any continuing Default or Event of Default if it determines that withholding notice is in their interest, except a Default or Event of Default relating to the payment of principal, interest or premium, if any, or Liquidated Damages, if any.

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture relating to the duties of the trustee, in case an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under the Indenture at the request or direction of any holders of Notes unless such holders have offered to the trustee reasonable indemnity or security against any loss, liability or expense. Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal, interest or premium, if any, or Liquidated Damages, if any, when due, no holder of a Note may pursue any remedy with respect to the Indenture or the Notes unless:

- (1) such holder has previously given the trustee notice that an Event of Default is continuing;
- (2) holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes have requested the trustee to pursue the remedy;
- (3) such holders have offered the trustee reasonable security or indemnity against any loss, liability or expense;
- (4) the trustee has not complied with such request within 60 days after the receipt of the request and the offer of security or indemnity; and
- (5) holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes have not given the trustee a direction inconsistent with such request within such 60-day period.

The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes by notice to the trustee may, on behalf of the holders of all of the Notes, rescind an acceleration or waive any existing Default or Event of Default and its consequences under the Indenture, except a continuing Default or Event of Default in the payment of interest or premium, if any, or Liquidated Damages, if any, on, or the principal of, the Notes.

The Issuers are required to deliver to the trustee annually a statement regarding compliance with the Indenture and the Collateral Documents. Upon becoming aware of any Default or Event of Default, the Issuers are required to deliver to the trustee a statement specifying such Default or Event of Default.

Remedies upon Default Under the Notes

Under certain circumstances, the trustee may initiate a foreclosure against all or a portion of the Collateral if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing. A foreclosure against the Collateral will be subject to certain notice and other procedural limitations under Gaming Laws and laws applicable to secured creditors generally, and to the provisions of the Intercreditor Agreement.

Enforcement of Collateral Documents

Generally, if an Event of Default occurs, subject to the provisions of the Intercreditor Agreement and the Indenture, the trustee, acting on behalf of the holders, can enforce its rights and remedies under the Indenture and the Collateral Documents. These remedies include (1) commencing a judicial proceeding to seek monetary judgments against either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas or any Guarantor, (2) foreclosing on and selling the Collateral covered by the Deeds of Trust and perfected Liens on personal property Collateral, and (3) enforcing the assignments of rents and leases. All proceeds of the Collateral must be shared on a *pari passu* basis with the lenders under our Credit Agreement, the holders of the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes, the holders of the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes, the holders of the 2017 Notes and any other *Pari Passu* Debt in accordance with the sharing provisions of the Indenture and the Intercreditor Agreement. In addition, legal and procedural restrictions may impair the exercise by the trustee of its rights and remedies. See “—Gaming Law Limitations on Foreclosure,” “—Bankruptcy Limitations on Foreclosure” and “—Real Property Collateral.”

Rights in the Pledged Collateral

So long as no Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, and subject to certain terms and conditions in the Indenture, the Intercreditor Agreement and the other Collateral Documents, Wynn Las Vegas and each Guarantor will be entitled to receive the benefit of all cash dividends, interest and other payments made upon or with respect to the Collateral pledged by that entity and to exercise any voting and other consensual rights pertaining to the Collateral pledged by that entity. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default and, subject to the terms of the Collateral Documents and the limitations in the Intercreditor Agreement and the exercise by the trustee of its rights under the Collateral Documents and subject to applicable Gaming Laws:

- (1) upon receipt by the affected entity of notice from the trustee so stating, all rights of such entity to exercise such voting or other consensual rights will cease, and all such rights shall become vested in the trustee which, to the extent permitted by law, will have the sole right to exercise such rights;
- (2) all rights of the entity to receive all cash dividends, interest and other payments made upon, or with respect to, the Collateral will cease and such cash dividends, interest and other payments will be paid to the trustee; and
- (3) subject to applicable law, including procedural restraints imposed on sales of collateral by secured creditors generally, the trustee may sell the Collateral or any part thereof in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the Intercreditor Agreement and the other Collateral Documents.

Nothing contained in this paragraph shall be deemed to restrict the ability of Wynn Las Vegas to make the Restricted Payments permitted to be made during the occurrence of an Event of Default under the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Restricted Payments.”

The trustee may appoint one or more collateral agents, who may be delegated any one or more of the duties or rights of the trustee under the Collateral Documents, or who may enter into one or more of the Collateral Documents on behalf of the trustee. The initial collateral agent will be Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas. The same collateral agent may also act on behalf of the lenders under the Credit Agreement and other creditors of Wynn Las Vegas.

Intercreditor Agreement

The Intercreditor Agreement would impose restrictions on the exercise of rights and remedies by the holders of the Notes with respect to the Collateral, including the ability to amend or modify the Collateral Documents and the ability to release the Collateral.

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Gaming Law Limitations on Granting of Security Interests

The ability of Wynn Las Vegas or any Guarantor to grant security interests in the Collateral is limited by Nevada Gaming Laws. Under Nevada Gaming Laws, none of Wynn Las Vegas or the Guarantors may grant a security interest in (1) the gaming, liquor and other licenses issued to them by the Nevada Gaming Authorities or (2) unless consented to in advance by the Nevada Gaming Authorities, the ownership interests of any person that holds any such license.

Gaming Law Limitations on Foreclosure

The trustee's ability to foreclose upon the Collateral will be limited by Nevada Gaming Laws. These laws require that persons who own or operate a casino or own or lease gambling equipment or gambling supplies hold a Gaming License. No person can hold a Gaming License in Nevada unless the person is found qualified or suitable by the Nevada Gaming Authorities. During any foreclosure proceeding, the trustee could seek the appointment of a receiver through a petition to the appropriate Nevada state court to take possession of the Collateral. The receiver may be required to obtain the approval of the Nevada Gaming Authorities to continue gaming operations until the foreclosure sale. If the trustee acquired the Collateral in a foreclosure sale, it may contract for the operation of the Collateral by an independent operator who would be required to comply with the licensing requirements and other restrictions imposed by the Nevada Gaming Authorities, pursuant to an arrangement under which the holders of the Notes would not share in the profits or losses of gaming operations. In addition, if the trustee acquires and operates the Collateral, the trustee and the holders of the Notes will, if they share in the profits and losses, and may, in any event, be required to comply with the licensing requirements under the Nevada Gaming Laws. In any foreclosure sale, licensing requirements under the Nevada Gaming Control Act may limit the number of potential bidders and may delay the sale of the Collateral, either of which could adversely affect the sale price of the Collateral. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Notes—In the event that a bankruptcy court orders the substantive consolidation of us with certain affiliated parties, payments on the Notes could be delayed or reduced."

Bankruptcy Limitations on Foreclosure

The right of the trustee to repossess and dispose of Collateral upon the occurrence of an Event of Default is likely to be significantly impaired by applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws if a proceeding under those laws were to be commenced by or against Wynn Resorts or any of its Subsidiaries prior to the trustee having repossessed and disposed of the Collateral. Under the Bankruptcy Code, a secured creditor, such as the trustee, is prohibited from repossessing its security from a debtor in a bankruptcy case, or from disposing of security repossessed from such debtor, without bankruptcy court approval.

In addition, the Bankruptcy Code permits a debtor to continue to retain and to use collateral (and the proceeds, products, offspring, rents or profits of that collateral) even though the debtor is in default under the applicable debt instruments, so long as the secured creditor is given "adequate protection." The meaning of the term "adequate protection" may vary according to the circumstances, but it is intended in general to protect the value of the secured creditor's interest in the collateral and may include, if approved by the bankruptcy court, cash payments or the granting of replacement liens or additional security for any diminution in the value of the collateral as a result of the stay of repossession or the disposition or any use of the collateral by the debtor during the pendency of the bankruptcy case. The bankruptcy court has broad discretionary powers in all these matters, including the valuation of the collateral and the nature, accessibility or value of any other collateral that may be substituted for it. Also, since the enforcement of the trustee's security interest in the Collateral consisting of cash, deposit accounts and cash equivalents may be limited in a bankruptcy proceeding, the holders may not have any consent rights with respect to the use of those funds by Wynn Resorts or any of its Subsidiaries during the pendency of the proceeding.

In view of these considerations, we cannot predict how long payments under the Notes could be delayed following commencement of a bankruptcy case, whether or when the trustee could repossess or dispose of the

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Collateral or whether or to what extent holders would be compensated for any delay in payment or loss of value of the Collateral.

Real Property Collateral

Before pursuing any foreclosures or otherwise executing on any of the Collateral, the trustee will need to consider the effect of Nevada law, which requires that where a debt is secured by real property, the debtor may require the creditor to exhaust its real property security before pursuing a judicial proceeding to obtain a monetary judgment against the debtor. If a creditor attempts to collect the indebtedness without first exercising its remedies under its deed of trust, the debtor could defend such action by requiring the creditor to first exhaust its rights under the deed of trust through statutory foreclosure proceedings. If, however, the debtor permitted the creditor to obtain a judgment without first exhausting remedies under the deed of trust, assuming such action was not stayed or dismissed before the entry of a final monetary judgment, then under Nevada law the security interest granted by the deed of trust would be released and discharged. This Nevada law is referred to as the “one action” rule.

Real property pledged as security may be subject to known and unknown environmental risks or liabilities which can adversely affect the property’s value. In addition, under the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act, as amended, known as CERCLA, for example, a secured lender may be held liable, in certain limited circumstances, for the costs of remediating a release of or preventing a threatened release of hazardous substances at a mortgaged property. There may be similar risks under state laws or common law theories.

Under CERCLA, a person “who, without participating in the management of a facility, holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect his security interest” is not a property owner, and thus not a responsible person under CERCLA. Lenders have seldom been held liable under CERCLA. The lenders who have been found liable have generally been found to have been sufficiently involved in the mortgagor’s operations so that they have “participated in the management of the borrower.” CERCLA does not specify the level of actual participation in management. CERCLA was amended in 1996 to provide certain “safe harbors” for foreclosing lenders. However, the courts have not yet issued any definitive interpretations of the extent of these safe harbors. There is currently no controlling authority on this matter.

The trustee may appoint one or more collateral agents, who may be delegated any one or more of the duties or rights of the trustee under the Collateral Documents or which are specified in any Collateral Documents.

No Personal Liability of Directors, Officers, Employees and Stockholders

No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, organizer, equity holder or member of either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Guarantor, as such, will have any liability for any obligations of either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Guarantor under the Notes, the Indenture, the Note Guarantees, the Collateral Documents or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each holder of Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes. The waiver may not be effective to waive liabilities under the federal securities laws.

Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance

The Issuers may, at their option and at any time, elect to have all of their obligations discharged with respect to the outstanding Notes, all of the obligations of the Guarantors discharged with respect to their Note Guarantees, and all obligations of the Issuers and the Guarantors discharged with respect to the Collateral Documents (“*Legal Defeasance*”) except for:

- (1) the rights of holders of outstanding Notes to receive payments in respect of the principal of, or interest or premium and Liquidated Damages, if any, on, such Notes when such payments are due from the trust referred to below;

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- (2) the Issuers' obligations with respect to the Notes concerning issuing temporary notes, registration of notes, mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen notes and the maintenance of an office or agency for payment and money for security payments held in trust;
- (3) the rights, powers, trusts, duties and immunities of the trustee, the Issuers' and the Guarantors' obligations in connection therewith; and
- (4) the Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance provisions of the Indenture.

In addition, the Issuers may, at their option and at any time, elect to have the obligations of the Issuers, the Restricted Subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas and the Guarantors released with respect to certain covenants (including its obligation to make Change of Control Offers, Asset Sale Offers and Event of Loss Offers) that are described in the Indenture ("*Covenant Defeasance*") and thereafter any omission to comply with those covenants will not constitute a Default or Event of Default with respect to the Notes. In the event Covenant Defeasance occurs, certain events (not including non-payment, bankruptcy, receivership, rehabilitation and insolvency events) described under the caption "—Events of Default and Remedies" will no longer constitute an Event of Default with respect to the Notes.

In order to exercise either Legal Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance:

- (1) the Issuers must irrevocably deposit with the trustee, in trust, for the benefit of the holders of the Notes, cash in U.S. dollars, non-callable Government Securities, or a combination of cash in U.S. dollars and non-callable Government Securities, in amounts as will be sufficient, in the opinion of a nationally recognized investment bank, appraisal firm or firm of independent public accountants, to pay the principal of, or interest and premium and Liquidated Damages, if any, on, the outstanding Notes on the stated date for payment thereof or on the applicable redemption date, as the case may be, and the Issuers must specify whether the Notes are being defeased to such stated date for payment or to a particular redemption date;
- (2) in the case of Legal Defeasance, the Issuers must deliver to the trustee an opinion of counsel reasonably acceptable to the trustee confirming that (a) the Issuers have received from, or there has been published by, the Internal Revenue Service a ruling or (b) since the date of the Indenture, there has been a change in the applicable United States federal income tax law, in either case to the effect that, and based thereon such opinion of counsel shall confirm that, the holders of the outstanding Notes will not recognize income, gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes as a result of such Legal Defeasance and will be subject to United States federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such Legal Defeasance had not occurred;
- (3) in the case of Covenant Defeasance, the Issuers must deliver to the trustee an opinion of counsel reasonably acceptable to the trustee confirming that the holders of the outstanding Notes will not recognize income, gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes as a result of such Covenant Defeasance and will be subject to United States federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such Covenant Defeasance had not occurred;
- (4) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing on the date of such deposit (other than a Default or Event of Default resulting from the borrowing of funds to be applied to such deposit) and the deposit will not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any other instrument to which either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Guarantor is a party or by which either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Guarantor is bound;
- (5) such Legal Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance will not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any material agreement or instrument (other than the Indenture) to which either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas or any Guarantor is a party or by which any such Person is bound;
- (6) in the case of Legal Defeasance, the Issuers must deliver to the trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that, assuming no intervening bankruptcy of the Issuers or any Guarantor between the date of deposit and the 91st day following the deposit and assuming that no holder of Notes is an "insider" of either Issuer under applicable

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bankruptcy law, after the 91st day following the deposit, the trust funds will not be subject to the effect of any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally;

- (7) the Issuers must deliver to the trustee an officers' certificate stating that the deposit was not made by the Issuers with the intent of preferring the holders of Notes over the other creditors of the Issuers with the intent of defeating, hindering, delaying or defrauding any creditors of the Issuers or others; and
- (8) the Issuers must deliver to the trustee an officers' certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent relating to the Legal Defeasance or the Covenant Defeasance have been complied with.

Collateral Release Mechanics

Under the terms of the Collateral Documents but subject to the provisions of the Intercreditor Agreement and the Indenture, the trustee will determine the circumstances and manner in which the Collateral will be disposed of, including the determination of whether to release all of the Collateral from the security interests created by the Collateral Documents and whether to foreclose on the Collateral following an Event of Default. The Collateral may be released from the Liens and the security interests created by the Collateral Documents upon the request of the Issuers pursuant to an officers' certificate certifying that all terms for release and conditions precedent under the Indenture and under any applicable Collateral Document have been met and specifying (1) the identity of the Collateral to be released and (2) the provisions of the Indenture or the applicable Collateral Document which authorize that release.

Subject to the provisions of the Intercreditor Agreement and the Indenture, the trustee will release the Liens in favor of the trustee (at the sole cost and expense of the Issuers) on:

- (1) all Collateral that is contributed, sold, leased, conveyed, transferred or otherwise disposed of (a) in an Asset Sale, Permitted Disposition, Permitted Investment or Restricted Payment in accordance with the Indenture and the Collateral Documents, (b) to an Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas in accordance with the Indenture and the Collateral Documents or (c) as expressly permitted by the Collateral Documents;
- (2) all Collateral that is condemned, seized or taken by the power of eminent domain or otherwise confiscated pursuant to an Event of Loss; provided that the Net Loss Proceeds, if any, from the Event of Loss are or will be applied in accordance with the covenant described above under the caption "—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Events of Loss";
- (3) all Collateral (except as provided in the discharge and defeasance provisions of the Indenture) upon Legal Defeasance as described under the caption set forth above under "—Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance" or satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture as described under the caption set forth below under "—Satisfaction and Discharge";
- (4) all Collateral upon the payment in full in cash of all Obligations of the Issuers and the Guarantors under the Indenture, the Notes, the Note Guarantees and the Collateral Documents;
- (5) except as otherwise provided in the Indenture or the Collateral Documents, Collateral of a Guarantor, whose Note Guarantee is released or terminated pursuant to the terms of the Indenture;
- (6) the Released Assets;
- (7) Government Transfers consisting of transfers of fee interests in real property;
- (8) in connection with any sale, lease or other disposition of any assets in connection with (i) any timeshare, interval ownership or similar development or (ii) any condominium or similar development with respect to the Phase III Project, on any assets or interests in any assets so long as the lenders under the Credit Agreement concurrently release their security interest in such assets, so long as no Default or Event of Default exists or is continuing immediately prior to or after giving effect to such release; and
- (9) any Water Rights covered by or relating to any water permits so long as such Water Rights are covered by or related to other water permits owned by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries.

Amendment, Supplement and Waiver

Except as provided in the next three succeeding paragraphs, the Indenture, the Notes, the Note Guarantees or, subject to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement and the Indenture, the Collateral Documents may be amended or supplemented with the consent of the holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding (including, without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, Notes), and any existing Default or Event of Default or compliance with any provision of the Indenture, the Notes, the Note Guarantees or, subject to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement, the Collateral Documents may be waived with the consent of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes (including, without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, Notes).

The Indenture provides that any amendment or modification to the definition of “Excluded Assets” in the Security Agreements or the definition of “Excluded Property” in the Deeds of Trust shall require the consent of the trustee if as a result of such amendment or modification the Notes will not be secured by substantially all of our and the guarantors’ assets.

Under the Intercreditor Agreement and the Indenture, the agent under the Credit Agreement has the right, subject to certain limited exceptions, to direct the collateral agent to enter into amendments of, or waive defaults under, the Collateral Documents that grant Liens on the Collateral without obtaining the consent of the trustee or the holders of the Notes. In addition, the Indenture authorizes the trustee to enter into amendments, restatements and modifications of the Collateral Documents from time to time in connection with the grant of any Permitted Liens; *provided, however*, that any such amended, restated or modified Collateral Documents contain terms no less favorable to the trustee or the holders of the Notes than the terms contained in the Collateral Documents being amended, restated or modified (except as expressly provided for in the Indenture); *provided, further*, that any such amendment, restatement or modification does not otherwise adversely affect the rights or remedies of the trustee or the holders of the Notes in any material respect (except as expressly provided for in the Indenture). At any time when at least \$100.0 million of Indebtedness remains outstanding under the Credit Agreement, the agent under the Credit Agreement will also have the right to amend the Intercreditor Agreement without the consent of the trustee or the holders of the Notes, so long as such amendment only affects the subordination provisions in respect of any junior Indebtedness but does not affect the provisions governing the relationship between the lenders under the Credit Agreement and the holders of the Notes.

Without the consent of each holder of Notes affected or, in the case of clauses (8), (9) and (10) below only, without the consent of the holders of at least 95% in the aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding, an amendment, supplement or waiver may not (with respect to any Notes held by a non-consenting holder):

- (1) reduce the principal amount of Notes whose holders must consent to an amendment, supplement or waiver;
- (2) reduce the principal of or change the fixed maturity of any Note or alter the provisions with respect to the redemption of the Notes (other than provisions relating to the covenants described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders”);
- (3) reduce the rate of or change the time for payment of interest, including default interest, on any Note;
- (4) waive a Default or Event of Default in the payment of principal of, or interest, premium, or Liquidated Damages, if any, on, the Notes (except a rescission of acceleration of the Notes by the holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes and a waiver of the payment default that resulted from such acceleration);
- (5) make any Note payable in money other than that stated in the Notes;
- (6) make any change in the provisions of the Indenture relating to waivers of past Defaults or the rights of holders of Notes to receive payments of principal of, or interest, premium or Liquidated Damages, if any, on, the Notes;

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- (7) waive a redemption payment with respect to any Note (other than a payment required by one of the covenants described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders”);
- (8) release all or substantially all of the Collateral or any Material Project Assets from the Collateral, in each case, except in accordance with the provisions of the Collateral Documents;
- (9) release any Guarantor from any of its obligations under its Note Guarantee or the Indenture if the assets or properties of that Guarantor (a) constitute all or substantially all of the Collateral or (b) include Material Project Assets, except in accordance with the terms of the Indenture;
- (10) amend certain provisions of the Indenture with respect to release of Collateral; or
- (11) make any change in the preceding amendment and waiver provisions.

Notwithstanding the preceding, without the consent of any holder of Notes, the Issuers, the Restricted Subsidiaries, the Guarantors and the trustee may amend or supplement the Indenture, the Notes or the Note Guarantees or, subject to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement, the Collateral Documents:

- (1) to cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency;
- (2) to provide for uncertificated Notes in addition to or in place of certificated Notes;
- (3) to provide for the assumption of either Issuers’ or a Guarantor’s obligations to holders of Notes and Note Guarantees in the case of a merger or consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of Wynn Las Vegas’ or such Guarantor’s assets, as applicable;
- (4) to make any change that would provide any additional rights or benefits to the holders of Notes or that does not adversely affect the legal rights under the Indenture of any such holder;
- (5) to comply with requirements of the SEC in order to effect or maintain the qualification of the Indenture under the Trust Indenture Act;
- (6) to provide for the issuance of additional Notes in accordance with the limitations set forth in the Indenture as of the date of the Indenture;
- (7) to allow any Guarantor to execute a supplemental indenture and/or a Note Guarantee with respect to the Notes; or
- (8) to enter into additional or supplemental Collateral Documents or Guarantees or an intercreditor agreement with respect thereto.

Satisfaction and Discharge

The Indenture and the Collateral Documents will be discharged and will cease to be of further effect as to all Notes issued thereunder, when:

- (1) either:
 - (a) all Notes that have been authenticated, except lost, stolen or destroyed Notes that have been replaced or paid and Notes for whose payment money has been deposited in trust and thereafter repaid to the Issuers, have been delivered to the trustee for cancellation; or
 - (b) all Notes that have not been delivered to the trustee for cancellation will become due and payable by reason of the mailing of a notice of redemption or otherwise or will become due and payable within one year and the Issuers have or any Guarantor has irrevocably deposited or caused to be deposited with the trustee as trust funds in trust solely for the benefit of the holders, cash in U.S. dollars, non-callable Government Securities, or a combination of cash in U.S. dollars and non-callable Government Securities, in amounts as will be sufficient, without consideration of any reinvestment of interest, to pay and discharge the entire Indebtedness on the Notes not delivered to the trustee for

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cancellation for principal, premium and Liquidated Damages, if any, and accrued interest to the date of maturity or redemption;

- (2) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing on the date of the deposit or will occur as a result of the deposit (other than a Default or Event of Default resulting from the borrowing of funds to be applied to such deposit) and the deposit will not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any other instrument to which either Issuer or any Guarantor is a party or by which either Issuer or any Guarantor is bound;
- (3) the Issuers or any Guarantor has paid or caused to be paid all sums payable by the Issuers under the Indenture; and
- (4) the Issuers have delivered irrevocable instructions to the trustee under the Indenture to apply the deposited money toward the payment of the Notes at maturity or on the redemption date, as the case may be.

In addition, the Issuers must deliver an officers' certificate and an opinion of counsel to the trustee stating that all conditions precedent to satisfaction and discharge have been satisfied.

Concerning the Trustee

If the trustee becomes a creditor of either Issuer or any Guarantor, the Indenture limits the right of the trustee to obtain payment of claims in certain cases, or to realize on certain property received in respect of any such claim as security or otherwise. The trustee will be permitted to engage in other transactions. However, if it acquires any conflicting interest it must eliminate such conflict within 90 days, apply to the SEC for permission to continue as trustee (if the Indenture has been qualified under the Trust Indenture Act) or resign.

The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for exercising any remedy available to the trustee, subject to certain exceptions. The Indenture provides that in case an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the trustee will be required, in the exercise of its power, to use the degree of care of a prudent person in the conduct of his/her own affairs.

Subject to such provisions, the trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the Indenture at the request of any holder of Notes, unless such holder has offered to the trustee security and indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense.

Governing Law

The Collateral Documents generally provide for the application of the internal laws of the State of New York, except to the extent that (1) the laws of Nevada are mandatory or (2) the validity or perfection of security interests in respect of certain items of Collateral (such as real property) is governed by the laws of the jurisdiction where that collateral is located. The Indenture, the Notes, the Note Guarantees and the Collateral Documents provide, with certain exceptions, for the application of the internal laws of the State of New York. There is no certainty regarding whether New York or Nevada law would be applied by any court with respect to the enforcement of remedies under the Notes, the Indenture, the Note Guarantees or the Collateral Documents.

Additional Information

Anyone who receives this prospectus may obtain a copy of the Indenture, the Security Agreement with respect to the Holdings Pledge and the registration rights agreement without charge by writing to Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, 3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, NV 89109, Attention: Legal Department.

Book-Entry, Delivery and Form

The new notes will be issued in the form of one or more notes in global form (the "Global Notes"). The new notes will be issued in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

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The Global Notes will be deposited upon issuance with the trustee as custodian for DTC in New York, New York, and registered in the name of DTC or its nominee (such nominee being referred to as the “Global Note Holder”), in each case, for credit to an account of a direct or indirect participant in DTC as described below.

Except as set forth below, the Global Notes may be transferred, in whole and not in part, only to another nominee of DTC or to a successor of DTC or its nominee. Beneficial interests in the Global Notes may not be exchanged for new notes in certificated form except in the limited circumstances described below. See “—Exchange of Global Notes for Certificated Notes.” Except in the limited circumstances described below, owners of beneficial interests in the Global Notes will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of notes in certificated form.

In addition, transfers of beneficial interests in the Global Notes will be subject to the applicable rules and procedures of DTC and its direct or indirect participants (including, if applicable, those of Euroclear and Clearstream), which may change from time to time.

Depository Procedures

The following description of the operations and procedures of DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream are provided solely as a matter of convenience. These operations and procedures are solely within the control of the respective settlement systems and are subject to changes by them. The Issuers take no responsibility for these operations and procedures and urges investors to contact the system or their participants directly to discuss these matters.

DTC has advised the Issuers that DTC is a limited-purpose trust company created to hold securities for its participating organizations (collectively, the “Participants”) and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of transactions in those securities between the Participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of its Participants. The Participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. Access to DTC’s system is also available to other entities such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Participant, either directly or indirectly (collectively, the “Indirect Participants”). Persons who are not Participants may beneficially own securities held by or on behalf of DTC only through the Participants or the Indirect Participants. The ownership interests in, and transfers of ownership interests in, each security held by or on behalf of DTC are recorded on the records of the Participants and Indirect Participants.

DTC has also advised the Issuers that, pursuant to procedures established by it:

- (1) upon deposit of the Global Notes, DTC will credit the accounts of the Participants designated by the initial purchasers with portions of the principal amount of the Global Notes; and
- (2) ownership of these interests in the Global Notes will be shown on, and the transfer of ownership of these interests will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC (with respect to the Participants) or by the Participants and the Indirect Participants (with respect to other owners of beneficial interest in the Global Notes).

Investors in the Global Notes who are Participants may hold their interests therein directly through DTC. Investors in the Global Notes who are not Participants may hold their interests therein indirectly through organizations (including Euroclear and Clearstream) which are Participants. All interests in a Global Note, including those held through Euroclear or Clearstream, may be subject to the procedures and requirements of DTC. Those interests held through Euroclear or Clearstream may also be subject to the procedures and requirements of such systems. The laws of some states require that certain Persons take physical delivery in definitive form of securities that they own. Consequently, the ability to transfer beneficial interests in a Global Note to such Persons will be limited to that extent. Because DTC can act only on behalf of the Participants, which in turn act on behalf of the Indirect Participants, the ability of a Person having beneficial interests in a

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Global Note to pledge such interests to Persons that do not participate in the DTC system, or otherwise take actions in respect of such interests, may be affected by the lack of a physical certificate evidencing such interests.

Except as described below, owners of interests in the Global Notes will not have new notes registered in their names, will not receive physical delivery of new notes in certificated form and will not be considered the registered owners or “holders” thereof under the Indenture for any purpose.

Payments in respect of the principal of, and interest and premium, if any, and Liquidated Damages, if any, on, a Global Note registered in the name of DTC or its nominee will be payable to DTC in its capacity as the registered holder under the Indenture. Under the terms of the Indenture, the Issuers and the trustee will treat the Persons in whose names the Notes, including the Global Notes, are registered as the owners of the Notes for the purpose of receiving payments and for all other purposes. Consequently, neither the Issuers, the trustee nor any agent of the Issuers or the trustee has or will have any responsibility or liability for:

- (1) any aspect of DTC’s records or any Participant’s or Indirect Participant’s records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interest in the Global Notes or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any of DTC’s records or any Participant’s or Indirect Participant’s records relating to the beneficial ownership interests in the Global Notes; or
- (2) any other matter relating to the actions and practices of DTC or any of its Participants or Indirect Participants.

DTC has advised the Issuers that its current practice, upon receipt of any payment in respect of securities such as the Notes (including principal and interest), is to credit the accounts of the relevant Participants with the payment on the payment date unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on such payment date. Each relevant Participant is credited with an amount proportionate to its beneficial ownership of an interest in the principal amount of the relevant security as shown on the records of DTC. Payments by the Participants and the Indirect Participants to the beneficial owners of Notes will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices and will be the responsibility of the Participants or the Indirect Participants and will not be the responsibility of DTC, the trustee or the Issuers. Neither the Issuers nor the trustee will be liable for any delay by DTC or any of the Participants or the Indirect Participants in identifying the beneficial owners of the Notes, and the Issuers and the trustee may conclusively rely on and will be protected in relying on instructions from DTC or its nominee for all purposes.

Transfers between the Participants will be effected in accordance with DTC’s procedures, and will be settled in same-day funds, and transfers between participants in Euroclear and Clearstream will be effected in accordance with their respective rules and operating procedures.

Subject to compliance with the transfer restrictions applicable to the Notes described herein, cross-market transfers between the Participants, on the one hand, and Euroclear or Clearstream participants, on the other hand, will be effected through DTC in accordance with DTC’s rules on behalf of Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, by their respective depositories; however, such cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, by the counterparty in such system in accordance with the rules and procedures and within the established deadlines (Brussels time) of such system. Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, will, if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to its respective depository to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering or receiving interests in the relevant Global Note in DTC, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to DTC. Euroclear participants and Clearstream participants may not deliver instructions directly to the depositories for Euroclear or Clearstream.

DTC has advised the Issuers that it will take any action permitted to be taken by a holder of Notes only at the direction of one or more Participants to whose account DTC has credited the interests in the Global Notes and only in respect of such portion of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes as to which such Participant or

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Participants has or have given such direction. However, if there is an Event of Default under the Notes, DTC reserves the right to exchange the Global Notes for legended notes in certificated form, and to distribute such notes to its Participants.

Although DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream have agreed to the foregoing procedures to facilitate transfers of interests in the Global Notes among participants in DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream, they are under no obligation to perform or to continue to perform such procedures, and may discontinue such procedures at any time. None of the Issuers, the trustee and any of their respective agents will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream or their respective participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.

Exchange of Global Notes for Certificated Notes

A Global Note is exchangeable for Certificated Notes if:

- (1) DTC (a) notifies the Issuers that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depository for the Global Notes or (b) has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in either case, the Issuers fail to appoint a successor depository;
- (2) the Issuers, at their option, notify the trustee in writing that they elect to cause the issuance of the Certificated Notes; or
- (3) there has occurred and is continuing a Default or Event of Default with respect to the Notes.

In addition, beneficial interests in a Global Note may be exchanged for Certificated Notes upon prior written notice given to the trustee by or on behalf of DTC in accordance with the Indenture. In all cases, Certificated Notes delivered in exchange for any Global Note or beneficial interests in Global Notes will be registered in the names, and issued in any approved denominations, requested by or on behalf of the depository (in accordance with its customary procedures).

Exchange of Certificated Notes for Global Notes

Certificated Notes may not be exchanged for beneficial interests in any Global Note unless the transferor first delivers to the trustee a written certificate (in the form provided in the Indenture) to the effect that such transfer will comply with the appropriate transfer restrictions applicable to such notes.

Same Day Settlement and Payment

The Issuers will make payments in respect of the new notes represented by the Global Notes (including principal, premium, if any, and interest), by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the accounts specified by DTC or its nominee. The Issuers will make all payments of principal, interest and premium, if any, with respect to Certificated Notes by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the accounts specified by the holders of the Certificated Notes or, if no such account is specified, by mailing a check to each such holder's registered address. The Notes represented by the Global Notes are expected to trade in DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System, and any permitted secondary market trading activity in such notes will, therefore, be required by DTC to be settled in immediately available funds. The Issuers expect that secondary trading in any Certificated Notes will also be settled in immediately available funds.

Because of time zone differences, the securities account of a Euroclear or Clearstream participant purchasing an interest in a Global Note from a Participant will be credited, and any such crediting will be reported to the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream participant, during the securities settlement processing day (which must be a business day for Euroclear and Clearstream) immediately following the settlement date of DTC. DTC has advised the Issuers that cash received in Euroclear or Clearstream as a result of sales of interests

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in a Global Note by or through a Euroclear or Clearstream participant to a Participant will be received with value on the settlement date of DTC but will be available in the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream cash account only as of the business day for Euroclear or Clearstream following DTC's settlement date.

Certain Definitions

Set forth below are certain defined terms used in the Indenture. Reference is made to the Indenture for a full disclosure of all defined terms used therein, as well as any other capitalized terms used herein for which no definition is provided.

“2017 Notes” means the 7.875% First Mortgage Notes due 2017 issued by the Issuers.

“7⁷/₈% 2020 Notes” means the 7⁷/₈% First Mortgage Notes due 2020 issued by the Issuers.

“7⁷/₈% 2020 Notes” means the 7⁷/₈% First Mortgage Notes due 2020 issued by the Issuers.

“Access Easement Agreement” means that certain Access Easement Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, by and between Wynn Golf and Wynn Las Vegas, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in any manner that is not in contravention of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Amendments to Certain Agreements.”

“Acquired Debt” means, with respect to any specified Person:

- (1) Indebtedness of any other Person existing at the time such other Person is merged with or into or became a Subsidiary of such specified Person, whether or not such Indebtedness is incurred in connection with, or in contemplation of, such other Person merging with or into, or becoming a Restricted Subsidiary of, such specified Person; and
- (2) Indebtedness secured by a Lien encumbering any asset acquired by such specified Person at the time such asset is acquired by such specified Person.

“Additional Entertainment Facility” means a showroom or entertainment facility adjoining the Wynn Las Vegas hotel and casino resort on the Project Site other than the Entertainment Facility.

“Affiliate” of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For purposes of this definition, “control,” as used with respect to any Person, means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of such Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by agreement or otherwise; provided that beneficial ownership of 10% or more of the Voting Stock of a Person will be deemed to be control. For purposes of this definition, the terms “controlling,” “controlled by” and “under common control with” have correlative meanings.

“Affiliate Agreements” means:

- (1) the Management Agreement,
- (2) the Project Lease and Easement Agreements,
- (3) the Art Rental and Licensing Agreement, and
- (4) the Wynn IP Agreement,

in each case as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in any manner that is not in contravention of the covenants described above under the captions “—Certain Covenants—Transactions with Affiliates” and “—Certain Covenant—Amendments to Certain Agreements.”

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“*Aircraft*” means that certain 1999 Boeing 737-79U Business Jet aircraft bearing manufacturer’s serial number 29441 and United States Federal Aviation Administration Number N88WZ, together with engines attached thereto, owned by a trust of which World Travel, LLC is the beneficial interest holder.

“*Aircraft Assets*” means (1) the Aircraft, together with the products and proceeds thereof, and (2) the Aircraft Note.

“*Aircraft Note*” means that certain promissory note, dated as of March 30, 2007, issued by World Travel, LLC in favor of Wynn Las Vegas in an aggregate principal amount of \$42.0 million.

“*Allocable Overhead*” means, at any time with respect to each Qualifying Project, an amount equal to (1) the amount of reasonable corporate or other organizational overhead expenses of, and actually incurred by, Wynn Resorts and its Subsidiaries (other than the Issuers) calculated in good faith on a consolidated basis, after the elimination of intercompany transactions, in accordance with GAAP, divided by (2) the number of Qualifying Projects. However, amounts allocated to any Qualifying Project shall be prorated based on the period within such period that such Qualifying Project was in operation or financing therefor was obtained. With respect to any amounts payable pursuant to the Affiliate Agreements or any agreements entered into by and among Wynn Resorts, any of its Subsidiaries and/or any of their respective Affiliates, any payment in respect of Allocable Overhead shall not include any fee, profit or similar component and shall represent only the payment or reimbursement of actual costs and expenses. The amount of Allocable Overhead payable during any 12-month period shall not exceed 2% of Net Revenues of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period of four full consecutive fiscal quarters.

“*Art Rental and Licensing Agreement*” means the Third Amended and Restated Art Rental and Licensing Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2004, by and between Stephen A. Wynn and Wynn Las Vegas, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time any manner that is not in contravention of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Amendments to Certain Agreements.”

“*Aruze USA*” means Aruze USA, Inc., a Nevada corporation.

“*Asset Sale*” means:

- (1) the sale, lease, conveyance or other disposition of any assets; and
- (2) the issuance of Equity Interests by Wynn Capital or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries or the sale of Equity Interests in Wynn Capital or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries.

Notwithstanding the above, the sale, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, will be governed by the provisions of the Indenture described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Change of Control” and the provisions described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets” and not by the provisions of the Asset Sale covenant.

In addition, none of the following items will be deemed to be an Asset Sale (except for purposes of the definition of “Consolidated Cash Flow”) (such items, “Permitted Dispositions”):

- (1) any single transaction or series of related transactions that involves assets having a Fair Market Value of less than \$3.0 million;
- (2) the sale, lease, conveyance or other disposition of any assets:
 - (a) to Wynn Las Vegas and/or its Restricted Subsidiaries, or
 - (b) by (i) any Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Guarantor to (ii) any Restricted Subsidiary that is a Guarantor.
- (3) an issuance of Equity Interests by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries;

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- (4) the sale, lease or exchange of equipment, inventory, accounts receivable or other assets in the ordinary course of business;
- (5) the disposition of obsolete, damaged or worn-out property that is no longer necessary for the conduct of the business of Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (6) the sale or other disposition of cash or Cash Equivalents;
- (7) a Restricted Payment or Permitted Investment that is permitted by the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Restricted Payments”;
- (8) like-kind exchanges of personal property if the Fair Market Value of the personal property transferred by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries in such exchanges does not exceed \$20.0 million in the aggregate in any calendar year;
- (9) a dedication of space within the Projects as necessary for the development of the Projects and as permitted by the Collateral Documents;
- (10) licenses of patents, trademarks and other intellectual property rights granted by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business and not interfering in any material respect with the ordinary conduct of the business of such Person;
- (11) the transfer or sale or disposition of any Released Assets or Aircraft Assets; *provided* that any revenues in excess of \$10.0 million (in the aggregate) generated by sales, leases or other dispositions of any assets in connection with (i) any timeshare, interval ownership or similar development or (ii) any condominium or similar development with respect to the Phase III Project, shall constitute Asset Sales and shall be disposed of in accordance with the covenant described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales”;
- (12) a transfer of assets between or among Wynn Las Vegas and the Restricted Subsidiaries pursuant to any Affiliate Agreement;
- (13) the granting, creation or existence of a Permitted Lien and dispositions of assets pursuant to an exercise of remedies, including by way of foreclosure, against the underlying assets subject to such Permitted Liens, under circumstances not otherwise resulting in Defaults or Events of Default, so long as the net proceeds, if any, of any such disposition received by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries shall be treated as if they were Net Proceeds of an Asset Sale and applied in accordance with the covenant described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales”;
- (14) Government Transfers or Permitted Liens of the type described in clause (12) of the definition of “Permitted Liens,” so long as the net proceeds, if any, of any such disposition received by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries in respect thereof shall be treated as if they were Net Proceeds of an Asset Sale and applied in accordance with the covenant described above under the caption “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales”; and
- (15) transfers, leases or other dispositions of the Koval Land or any portion of or interest in the Koval Land.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any sale of assets which requires a mandatory prepayment of amounts outstanding (or the mandatory reduction of commitments thereunder) under the Credit Agreement shall constitute an Asset Sale for purposes of the Indenture.

“*Attributable Debt*” in respect of a sale and leaseback transaction means, at the time of determination, the present value of the obligation of the lessee for net rental payments during the remaining term of the lease included in such sale and leaseback transaction including any period for which such lease has been extended or may, at the option of the lessor, be extended. Such present value shall be calculated using a discount rate equal to the rate of interest implicit in such transaction, determined in accordance with GAAP; *provided, however*, that if

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such sale and leaseback transaction results in a Capital Lease Obligation, the amount of Indebtedness represented thereby will be determined in accordance with the definition of “Capital Lease Obligation.”

“*Beneficial Owner*” has the meaning assigned to such term in Rule 13d-3 and Rule 13d-5 under the Exchange Act, except that in calculating the beneficial ownership of any particular “person” (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), such “person” will be deemed to have beneficial ownership of all securities that such “person” has the right to acquire by conversion or exercise of other securities, whether such right is currently exercisable or is exercisable only after the passage of time. The terms “Beneficially Owns” and “Beneficially Owned” have a corresponding meaning.

“*Board of Directors*” means:

- (1) with respect to a corporation, the board of directors of the corporation or any committee thereof duly authorized to act on behalf of such board;
- (2) with respect to a partnership, the board of directors of the general partner of the partnership;
- (3) with respect to a limited liability company, the Person or Persons who are the managing member, members or managers or any controlling committee or managing members or managers thereof; and
- (4) with respect to any other Person, the board or committee of such Person serving a similar function.

“*Capital Lease Obligation*” means, at the time any determination is to be made, the amount of the liability in respect of a capital lease that would at that time be required to be capitalized on a balance sheet in accordance with GAAP, and the Stated Maturity thereof shall be the date of the last payment of rent or any other amount due under such lease prior to the first date upon which such lease may be prepaid by the lessee without payment of a penalty.

“*Capital Stock*” means:

- (1) in the case of a corporation, corporate stock;
- (2) in the case of an association or business entity, any and all shares, interests, participations, rights or other equivalents (however designated) of corporate stock;
- (3) in the case of a partnership or limited liability company, partnership interests (whether general or limited) or membership interests (whether general or limited); and
- (4) any other interests or participation that confers on a Person the right to receive a share of the profits and losses of, or distributions of assets of, the issuing Person, but excluding from all of the foregoing any debt securities convertible into Capital Stock, whether or not such debt securities include any right of participation with Capital Stock.

“*Cash Equivalents*” means:

- (1) United States dollars;
- (2) securities issued or directly and fully guaranteed or insured by the United States government or any agency or instrumentality of the United States government (provided that the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged in support of those securities) having maturities of not more than six months from the date of acquisition;
- (3) certificates of deposit and Eurodollar time deposits with maturities of six months or less from the date of acquisition, bankers’ acceptances with maturities not exceeding six months and overnight bank deposits, in each case, with any lender party to the Credit Agreement or with any domestic commercial bank having capital and surplus in excess of \$500.0 million and a Thomson Bank Watch Rating of “B” or better;
- (4) repurchase obligations with a term of not more than seven days for underlying securities of the types described in clauses (2) and (3) above entered into with any financial institution meeting the qualifications specified in clause (3) above;

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- (5) commercial paper having one of the two highest ratings obtainable from Moody's or S&P and, in each case, maturing within six months after the date of acquisition;
- (6) money market funds at least 95% of the assets of which constitute Cash Equivalents of the kinds described in clauses (1) through (5) of this definition;
- (7) to the extent not permitted in clauses (1) through (6) of this definition, Permitted Securities; and
- (8) to the extent not included in clauses (1) through (7) of this definition, funds managed or offered by the Trustee that invest exclusively in the securities and instruments described in clauses (1) through (7) above.

“*Change of Control*” means the occurrence of any of the following:

- (1) the direct or indirect sale, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the properties or assets of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any “person” (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), other than to the Principal or a Related Party of the Principal;
- (2) the adoption of a plan relating to the liquidation or dissolution of either Issuer or any successor thereto;
- (3) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation) as a result of which any “person” (as defined in clause (1) above), other than the Principal and any of his Related Parties becomes the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the outstanding Voting Stock of Wynn Resorts, measured by voting power rather than number of equity interests;
- (4) the first day on which a majority of the members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts or Wynn Capital are not Continuing Directors;
- (5) the first day on which Wynn Resorts ceases to own, directly or indirectly, 100% of the outstanding Equity Interests in Wynn Las Vegas;
- (6) Wynn Resorts consolidates with, or merges with or into, any Person or sells, assigns, conveys, transfers, leases or otherwise disposes of all or substantially all of its assets to any Person, or any Person consolidates with, or merges with or into, Wynn Resorts, in any such event pursuant to a transaction in which any of the outstanding Voting Stock of Wynn Resorts is converted into or exchanged for cash, securities or other property, other than any such transaction where the Voting Stock of Wynn Resorts outstanding immediately prior to such transaction is converted into or exchanged for Voting Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of the surviving or transferee Person constituting a majority of the outstanding shares of such Voting Stock of such surviving or transferee Person (immediately after giving effect to such issuance);
- (7) an event constituting a “change of control” under the indenture governing the 2017 Notes to the extent any of the 2017 Notes are then outstanding;
- (8) an event constituting a “change of control” under the indenture governing the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes to the extent any of the 7^{7/8}% 2020 Notes are then outstanding; or
- (9) an event constituting a “change of control” under the indenture governing the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes to the extent any of the 7^{3/4}% 2020 Notes are then outstanding.

Notwithstanding the above, a Change of Control will not occur solely by reason of a Permitted C-Corp. Conversion.

“*Change of Control Offer*” has the meaning assigned to that term in the Indenture governing the Notes.

“*Code*” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“*Collateral*” means all assets, owned on the date of the Indenture or thereafter acquired, of either Issuer, any Guarantor, any Restricted Subsidiary or any other Person, to the extent such assets are pledged or assigned or

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purported to be pledged or assigned, or are required to be pledged or assigned under the Indenture or the Collateral Documents to the trustee, including the Primary Note Collateral, together with the proceeds and products thereof (including, without limitation, the proceeds of Asset Sales).

“*Collateral Documents*” means:

- (1) the Deeds of Trust,
- (2) the Disbursement Agreement,
- (3) the Security Agreements,
- (4) the Intercreditor Agreement,
- (5) the Disbursement Collateral Account Agreement,
- (6) the Local Bank Collateral Account Agreement,
- (7) the Control Agreements,
- (8) the Management Fees Subordination Agreement, and
- (9) instruments, documents, pledges or filings that create, evidence, perfect, set forth, consent to, acknowledge or limit the security interest of the trustee in the Collateral, in each case, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in accordance with their respective terms and with the Indenture and the Collateral Documents.

“*Collateral Release Period*” means any period of the time while the Notes remain outstanding during which the holders’ security interest in all of the Collateral is released in accordance with the conditions set forth in the Indenture.

“*Completion Guarantor*” means Wynn Completion Guarantor, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.

“*Consolidated Cash Flow*” means, with respect to any specified Person for any period, the Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period plus, without duplication:

- (1) an amount equal to any extraordinary loss plus any net loss realized by such Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with an Asset Sale, to the extent such losses were deducted in computing such Consolidated Net Income; plus
- (2) provision for taxes based on income or profits or the Tax Amount of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period, to the extent that such provision for taxes or Tax Amount was included in computing such Consolidated Net Income; plus
- (3) consolidated interest expense of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period, whether paid or accrued and whether or not capitalized (including, without limitation, amortization of debt issuance costs and original issue discount, non-cash interest payments, the interest component of any deferred payment obligations, the interest component of all payments associated with Capital Lease Obligations, imputed interest with respect to Attributable Debt, commissions, discounts and other fees and charges incurred in respect of letter of credit or bankers’ acceptance financings, and net of the effect of all payments made or received pursuant to Hedging Obligations), to the extent that any such expense was deducted in computing such Consolidated Net Income; plus
- (4) depreciation, amortization (including amortization of goodwill and other intangibles but excluding amortization of prepaid cash expenses that were paid in a prior period), and other non-cash expenses (excluding any such non-cash expense to the extent that it represents an accrual of or reserve for cash expenses in any future period or amortization of a prepaid cash expense) of such Person and its Restricted

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Subsidiaries for such period to the extent that such depreciation, amortization and other non-cash expenses were deducted in computing such Consolidated Net Income; plus

- (5) any pre-opening expenses, to the extent such pre-opening expenses were deducted in calculating Consolidated Net Income on a consolidated basis; plus
- (6) non-cash items reducing Consolidated Net Income for such period; minus
- (7) non-cash items increasing such Consolidated Net Income for such period, other than the accrual of revenue in the ordinary course of business, in each case, on a consolidated basis and determined in accordance with GAAP.

Notwithstanding the preceding, the provision for taxes based on the income or profits of, and the depreciation and amortization and other non-cash expenses of, a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas will be added to Consolidated Net Income to compute Consolidated Cash Flow of Wynn Las Vegas only to the extent that a corresponding amount would be permitted at the date of determination to be distributed to Wynn Las Vegas by such Restricted Subsidiary without prior governmental approval that has not been obtained, and without direct or indirect restriction pursuant to the terms of its charter and all agreements, instruments, judgments, decrees, orders, statutes, rules and governmental regulations applicable to that Subsidiary or its equity holders.

“*Consolidated EBITDA*” means, with respect to any specified Person for any period, the consolidated net income of such Person and its Subsidiaries for such period plus, without duplication and to the extent reflected as a charge in the statement of such consolidated net income for such period, the sum of (a) income tax expense or the Tax Amount (whether or not paid during such period), (b) consolidated interest expense of such Person and its Subsidiaries, amortization or write-off of debt discount and debt issuance costs and commissions, discounts and other fees and charges associated with Indebtedness (including, in the case of Wynn Las Vegas, the loans and letters of credit under the Credit Agreement), (c) depreciation and amortization expense, (d) amortization of intangibles (including, but not limited to, goodwill) and (e) any extraordinary expenses or losses (and, whether or not otherwise includable as separate items in the statement of such consolidated net income for such period, non-cash losses on sales of assets outside of the ordinary course of business and pre-opening expenses and minus, to the extent included in the statement of such consolidated net income for such period, the sum of (a) interest income (except to the extent deducted in determining consolidated interest expense) and (b) any extraordinary income or gains (and, whether or not otherwise includable as a separate item in the statement of such consolidated net income for such period, gains on the sales of assets outside of the ordinary course of business), all as determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP.

“*Consolidated Leverage Ratio*” means as at the last day of any period of four consecutive fiscal quarters, the ratio of (a) Consolidated Total Debt on such day to (b) Consolidated EBITDA of Wynn Las Vegas and its Subsidiaries for such period.

“*Consolidated Member*” means a Person that joins (or would join upon the consummation of a Permitted C-Corp. Conversion) in the filing of a consolidated, combined or unitary tax return for United States federal, state or local income or franchise tax purposes with Wynn Resorts, Limited, which Person is Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor, or any of their respective Subsidiaries.

“*Consolidated Net Income*” means, with respect to any specified Person for any period, the aggregate of the Net Income of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period, on a consolidated basis, determined in accordance with GAAP. For purposes of determining Consolidated Net Income:

- (1) the Net Income (but not loss) of any Person that is not a Restricted Subsidiary or that is accounted for by the equity method of accounting will be included only to the extent of the amount of dividends or distributions paid in cash to the specified Person or a Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary of such Person;
- (2) the Net Income of any Restricted Subsidiary will be excluded to the extent that the declaration or payment of dividends or similar distributions by that Restricted Subsidiary of that Net Income is not at the date of

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determination permitted without any prior governmental approval (that has not been obtained) or, directly or indirectly, by operation of the terms of its charter or any agreement, instrument, judgment, decree, order, statute, rule or governmental regulation applicable to that Restricted Subsidiary or its equity holders;

- (3) the Net Income (loss) of any Unrestricted Subsidiary will be excluded, whether or not distributed to the specified Person or one of its Subsidiaries; and
- (4) the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles will be excluded.

“*Consolidated Net Worth*” means, with respect to any specified Person as of any date, the sum of:

- (1) the consolidated equity of the common stockholders of such Person and its consolidated Subsidiaries as of such date; plus
- (2) the respective amounts reported on such Person’s balance sheet as of such date with respect to any series of preferred stock (other than Disqualified Stock) that by its terms is not entitled to the payment of dividends unless such dividends may be declared and paid only out of net earnings in respect of the year of such declaration and payment, but only to the extent of any cash received by such Person upon issuance of such preferred equity.

“*Consolidated Total Debt*” means at any date, the aggregate principal amount of all Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas and its Subsidiaries at such date, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP.

“*Continuing Directors*” means, as of any date of determination, with respect to any Person, any member of the Board of Directors of such Person who:

- (1) was a member of such Board of Directors on the date of the Indenture; or
- (2) was nominated for election or elected to such Board of Directors with the approval of a majority of the Continuing Directors who were members of such Board of Directors at the time of such nomination or election.

“*Control Agreements*” mean (1) the Control Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, among Wynn Show Performers, the securities intermediary named therein and the collateral agent, (2) the Control Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, among Wynn Las Vegas, the securities intermediary named therein and the collateral agent, (3) the Control Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, among Las Vegas Jet, LLC, the securities intermediary named therein and the collateral agent, each as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms, the Indenture and the other Collateral Documents and (4) the Collateral Account Control Agreement, dated as of September 18, 2008, among Wynn Las Vegas, the securities intermediary named therein and the collateral agent.

“*Credit Agreement*” means that certain Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 15, 2006, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, the lenders party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as sole administrative agent, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as joint advisor, joint book-running manager and joint lead arranger, Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint advisor, joint-book running manager and joint lead arranger, Bank of America, N.A. as sole syndication agent, Bear Stearns Corporate Lending, Inc., as joint documentation agent, Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc., a joint book-running manager and arranger, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as joint documentation agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as joint-book running manager and arranger, SG Americas Securities, LLC, as arranger and joint book-running manager, and Societe Generale, as joint book-running manager and arranger, providing for revolving credit and term loan borrowings, including any related notes, Guarantees, collateral documents, instruments and agreements executed in connection therewith, and, in each case, as amended, supplemented, restated, modified, renewed, refunded, replaced (whether upon or after termination or otherwise) or refinanced (whether with the same or different lenders or holders, including by means of sales of debt securities to institutional investors) from time to time.

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“*Dealership Lease Agreement*” means the Dealership Lease Agreement, dated as of January 13, 2005, between Wynn Las Vegas, as lessor, and PW Automotive, LLC, as lessee, with respect to the lease of space at the Wynn Las Vegas Resort for the development and operation of a Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in any manner that is not in contravention of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Amendments to Certain Agreements.”

“*Deeds of Trust*” means the deeds of trust entered into by the Issuers and the Guarantors, from time to time for the benefit of the collateral agent to secure the obligations under the Indenture and the Notes in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture and the Collateral Documents.

“*Default*” means any event that is, or with the passage of time or the giving of notice or both would be, an Event of Default.

“*Disbursement Agent*” means Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, in its capacity as the disbursement agent under the Disbursement Agreement and its successors in such capacity pursuant to the Disbursement Agreement.

“*Disbursement Agreement*” means the Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated as of October 25, 2007, among Wynn Las Vegas, a representative of the lenders under the Credit Agreement, and the Disbursement Agent in connection with the Projects, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms.

“*Disbursement Collateral Account Agreement*” means the Disbursement Collateral Account Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, among Wynn Las Vegas, the securities intermediary named therein and the collateral agent, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms, the Indenture and the other Collateral Documents.

“*Disqualified Stock*” means any Capital Stock that, by its terms (or by the terms of any security into which it is convertible, or for which it is exchangeable, in each case, at the option of the holder of the Capital Stock), or upon the happening of any event, matures or is mandatorily redeemable, pursuant to a sinking fund obligation or otherwise, or redeemable at the option of the holder of the Capital Stock, in whole or in part, on or prior to the date that is 91 days after the date on which the Notes mature. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, (1) any Capital Stock that would constitute Disqualified Stock solely because the holders of the Capital Stock have the right to require Wynn Las Vegas to repurchase such Capital Stock upon the occurrence of a change of control or an asset sale will not constitute Disqualified Stock if the terms of such Capital Stock provide that Wynn Las Vegas may not repurchase or redeem any such Capital Stock pursuant to such provisions unless such repurchase or redemption complies with the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Restricted Payments” and (2) any Capital Stock will not constitute Disqualified Stock solely because it is required to be redeemed under applicable Gaming Laws. The amount of Disqualified Stock deemed to be outstanding at any time for purposes of the Indenture will be the maximum amount that Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries may become obligated to pay upon the maturity of, or pursuant to any mandatory redemption provisions of, such Disqualified Stock, exclusive of accrued dividends.

“*Domestic Subsidiary*” means any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas that was formed under the laws of the United States or any state of the United States or the District of Columbia or that guarantees or otherwise provides direct credit support for any Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas.

“*Encore at Wynn Las Vegas*” means the hotel tower, casino facility and retail and convention space that is part of Wynn Las Vegas and called “Encore at Wynn Las Vegas.”

“*Entertainment Facility*” means a showroom or entertainment facility adjoining the Wynn Las Vegas hotel and casino resort and connected directly to such hotel.

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“*Equity Interests*” means Capital Stock and all warrants, options or other rights to acquire Capital Stock (but excluding any debt security that is convertible into, or exchangeable for, Capital Stock).

“*Event of Loss*” means, with respect to any property or asset (tangible or intangible, real or personal), whether in respect of a single event or a series of related events, any of the following:

- (1) any loss, destruction or damage of such property or asset;
- (2) any actual condemnation, seizure or taking by exercise of the power of eminent domain or otherwise of such property or asset, or confiscation of such property or asset or the requisition of the use of such property or asset; or
- (3) any settlement in lieu of clause (2) above.

“*Existing Indebtedness*” means Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas or its Subsidiaries (other than Indebtedness under the Credit Agreement) in existence on the date of the Indenture until such amounts are repaid or redeemed.

“*Fair Market Value*” means the value that would be paid by a willing buyer to an unaffiliated willing seller in a transaction not involving distress or necessity of either party, determined in good faith by (1) an appropriate officer of Wynn Las Vegas, in the case of any value equal to or less than \$10.0 million or (2) the Board of Directors of Wynn Capital, in the event of any value greater than \$10.0 million (in each case, unless otherwise provided in the Indenture). With respect to any Affiliate Transactions, the Board of Directors’ determination must be based upon an opinion or appraisal issued by an accounting, appraisal or investment banking firm of national standing if the Fair Market Value exceeds \$25.0 million.

“*Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio*” means with respect to any specified Person for any period, the ratio of the Consolidated Cash Flow of such Person for such period to the Fixed Charges of such Person for such period. In the event that the specified Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries incurs, assumes, guarantees, repays, repurchases, redeems, defeases or otherwise discharges any Indebtedness (other than ordinary working capital borrowings) or issues, repurchases or redeems Disqualified Stock subsequent to the commencement of the period for which the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio is being calculated and on or prior to the date on which the event for which the calculation of the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio is made (the “*Calculation Date*”), then the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio will be calculated giving *pro forma* effect to such incurrence, assumption, Guarantee, repayment, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other discharge of Indebtedness, or such issuance, repurchase or redemption of Disqualified Stock, and the use of the proceeds therefrom, as if the same had occurred at the beginning of the applicable four-quarter reference period.

In addition, for purposes of calculating the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio:

- (1) acquisitions that have been made by the specified Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, including through mergers or consolidations, or any Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries acquired by the specified Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, and including any related financing transactions and including increases in ownership of Restricted Subsidiaries, during the four- quarter reference period or subsequent to such reference period and on or prior to the Calculation Date will be given *pro forma* effect (in accordance with Regulation S-X under the Securities Act) as if they had occurred on the first day of the four-quarter reference period;
- (2) the Consolidated Cash Flow attributable to discontinued operations, as determined in accordance with GAAP, and operations or businesses (and ownership interests therein) disposed of prior to the Calculation Date, will be excluded;
- (3) the Fixed Charges attributable to discontinued operations, as determined in accordance with GAAP, and operations or businesses (and ownership interests therein) disposed of prior to the Calculation Date, will be

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excluded, but only to the extent that the obligations giving rise to such Fixed Charges will not be obligations of the specified Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries following the Calculation Date;

- (4) any Person that is a Restricted Subsidiary on the Calculation Date will be deemed to have been a Restricted Subsidiary at all times during such four-quarter period;
- (5) any Person that is not a Restricted Subsidiary on the Calculation Date will be deemed not to have been a Restricted Subsidiary at any time during such four-quarter period; and
- (6) if any Indebtedness bears a floating rate of interest, the interest expense on such Indebtedness will be calculated as if the rate in effect on the Calculation Date had been the applicable rate for the entire period (taking into account any Hedging Obligation applicable to such Indebtedness if such Hedging Obligation has a remaining term as at the Calculation Date in excess of 12 months).

“Fixed Charges” means, with respect to any specified Person for any period, the sum, without duplication,

- (1) the consolidated interest expense of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period, whether paid or accrued, including, without limitation, amortization of debt issuance costs and original issue discount, non-cash interest payments, the interest component of any deferred payment obligations, the interest component of all payments associated with Capital Lease Obligations, imputed interest with respect to Attributable Debt, commissions, discounts and other fees and charges incurred in respect of letter of credit or bankers’ acceptance financings, and net of the effect of all payments made or received pursuant to Hedging Obligations in respect of interest rates; plus
- (2) the consolidated interest expense of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries that was capitalized during such period; plus
- (3) any interest on Indebtedness of another Person that is guaranteed by such Person or one of its Restricted Subsidiaries or secured by a Lien on assets of such Person or one of its Restricted Subsidiaries, whether or not such Guarantee or Lien is called upon; plus
- (4) the product of (a) all dividends, whether paid or accrued and whether or not in cash, on any series of preferred stock of such Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, other than dividends on Equity Interests payable solely in Equity Interests in Wynn Las Vegas (other than Disqualified Stock) or to Wynn Las Vegas or a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, times (b) a fraction, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is one minus the then current combined federal, state and local statutory tax rate of such Person (or, in the case of a Person that is a partnership or a limited liability company, the combined federal, state and local income tax rate that was or would have been utilized to calculate the Tax Amount of such Person), expressed as a decimal, in each case, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP.

“GAAP” means generally accepted accounting principles set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board or in such other statements by such other entity as have been approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession, which are in effect on the date of the Indenture.

“Gaming Authority” means any agency, authority, board, bureau, commission, department, office or instrumentality of any nature whatsoever of the United States federal government, any foreign government, any state, province or city or other political subdivision or otherwise, whether on the date of the Indenture or thereafter in existence, including the Nevada Gaming Commission, the Nevada State Gaming Control Board, the Clark County Liquor and Gaming Licensing Board and any other applicable gaming regulatory authority or agency, in each case, with authority to regulate the sale or distribution of liquor or any gaming operation (or proposed gaming operation) owned, managed or operated by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries or Guarantors.

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“*Gaming Facility*” means any building or other structure used or expected to be used to enclose space in which a gaming operation is conducted and (1) is wholly or partially owned, directly or indirectly, by Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary or (2) any portion or aspect of which is managed or used, or expected to be managed or used, by Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary or Guarantor.

“*Gaming Law*” means the gaming laws, rules, regulations or ordinances of any jurisdiction or jurisdictions to which Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries or Guarantors is, or may be, at any time subject.

“*Gaming License*” means any license, permit, franchise or other authorization from any Gaming Authority necessary on the date of the Indenture or at any time thereafter to own, lease, operate or otherwise conduct the gaming business of Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries or Guarantors.

“*Golf Course*” means the 18-hole championship golf course located on the Golf Course Land.

“*Golf Course Land*” means that portion of the Project Site described in an exhibit to the Disbursement Agreement designated as the Golf Course Land (both the fee interest and leasehold interest estates) in the Collateral Documents, together with all improvements thereon and all rights appurtenant thereto, other than, for purposes of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Limitation on Development of Golf Course Land,” homesites adjacent thereto to be used to construct a residence for Stephen A. Wynn.

“*Golf Course Lease*” means the Golf Course Lease, dated as of December 14, 2004, between Wynn Golf, as lessor, and Wynn Las Vegas, as lessee, with respect to the lease of land on the Golf Course, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in any manner that is not in contravention of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Amendments to Certain Agreements.”

“*Government Securities*” means securities that are:

- (1) direct obligations of the United States of America for the timely payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged; or
- (2) obligations of a Person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America the timely payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by the United States of America; which, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof, and will include a depository receipt issued by a bank (as defined in Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended), as custodian with respect to any such Government Security or a specific payment of principal of or interest on any such Government Security held by such custodian for the account of the holder of such depository receipt; provided that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depository receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of the Government Security or the specific payment of principal of or interest on the Government Security evidenced by such depository receipt.

“*Government Transfers*” means:

- (1) any seizures, condemnations, confiscations or takings by the power of eminent domain or other similar mandatory actions, in each case by a governmental authority against real property held by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries, or
- (2) any transfers of interests in real property held by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries to any State of Nevada, Clark County or local governmental authority consisting of easements, rights-of-way, dedications, exchanges or swaps or other similar transfers undertaken in furtherance of the development, construction or operation of the Projects, so long as such transfers, individually and in the aggregate, do not materially interfere with the ordinary course of business or the assets or operations of Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries, or materially detract from the value of the real property subject thereto.

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“*Guarantee*” means a guarantee other than by endorsement of negotiable instruments for collection in the ordinary course of business, direct or indirect, in any manner, including, without limitation, by way of a pledge of assets or through letters of credit or reimbursement agreements in respect thereof, of all or any part of any Indebtedness (whether arising by virtue of partnership arrangements, or by agreements to keep-well, to purchase assets, goods, securities or services, to take or pay or to maintain financial statement conditions or otherwise).

“*Guarantor*” means each of:

- (1) the Restricted Subsidiaries that are Domestic Subsidiaries, other than Immaterial Subsidiaries, and
- (2) any other Person that provides a Guarantee by executing a supplemental indenture in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture,

and, except to the extent the applicable Note Guarantee is released in accordance with the caption “—Note Guarantees—Release of Note Guarantees,” their respective successors and assigns (other than the Issuers). A Person shall cease to be a Guarantor following the release of its Note Guarantee as described above under the caption “—Note Guarantees—Release of Note Guarantees.”

“*Hedging Obligations*” means, with respect to any specified Person, the obligations of such Person under:

- (1) interest rate swap agreements (whether from fixed to floating or from floating to fixed), interest rate cap agreements and interest rate collar agreements;
- (2) other agreements or arrangements designed to manage interest rates or interest rate risk; and
- (3) other agreements or arrangements designed to protect such Person against fluctuations in currency exchange rates and/or commodity prices.

“*Holder*” or “*holder*” means any registered holder, from time to time, of the Notes. Only registered holders will have any rights under the Indenture.

“*Home Site Land*” means a tract of land (not to exceed 20 acres) located on the Golf Course Land where residential and non-gaming related developments may be built, after the release of the trustee’s Liens (for the benefit of the holders) thereon in accordance with the Indenture.

“*Immaterial Subsidiary*” means, as of any date, any Restricted Subsidiary whose total assets, as of that date, are less than \$500,000 and whose total revenues for the most recent 12-month period do not exceed \$500,000; *provided* that a Restricted Subsidiary will not be considered to be an Immaterial Subsidiary if it, directly or indirectly, guarantees or otherwise provides direct credit support for any Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas.

“*Indebtedness*” means, with respect to any specified Person, any indebtedness of such Person (excluding accrued expenses and trade payables), whether or not contingent:

- (1) in respect of borrowed money;
- (2) evidenced by bonds, notes, debentures or similar instruments or letters of credit (or reimbursement agreements in respect thereof);
- (3) in respect of banker’s acceptances;
- (4) representing Capital Lease Obligations or Attributable Debt;
- (5) representing the balance deferred and unpaid of the purchase price of any property or services due more than six months after such property is acquired or such services are completed; or
- (6) representing any Hedging Obligations;

if and to the extent any of the preceding items (other than letters of credit, Attributable Debt and Hedging Obligations) would appear as a liability upon a balance sheet of the specified Person prepared in accordance with

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GAAP. In addition, the term “Indebtedness” includes all Indebtedness of others secured by a Lien on any asset of the specified Person (whether or not such Indebtedness is assumed by the specified Person) and, to the extent not otherwise included, the Guarantee by the specified Person of any Indebtedness of any other Person.

The amount of any Indebtedness outstanding as of any date will be:

- (1) the accreted value of the Indebtedness, in the case of any Indebtedness issued with original issue discount;
- (2) the principal amount of the Indebtedness, together with any interest on the Indebtedness that is more than 30 days past due, in the case of any other Indebtedness;
- (3) in the case of a Guarantee of Indebtedness, the maximum amount of the Indebtedness guaranteed under such Guarantee; and
- (4) in the case of Indebtedness of others secured by a Lien on any asset of the specified Person, the lesser of:
 - (a) the face amount of such Indebtedness (plus, in the case of any letter of credit or similar instrument, the amount of any reimbursement obligations in respect thereof), and
 - (b) the Fair Market Value of the asset(s) subject to such Lien.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indenture to the contrary, any obligation of the Issuers or the Restricted Subsidiaries incurred in the ordinary course of business in respect of casino chips or similar instruments shall not constitute “Indebtedness” for any purpose under the Indenture.

“*Intercreditor Agreement*” means the Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, among the trustee for the 2017 Notes, the trustee for the 7⁷/₈% 2020 Notes, the trustee for the 7³/₄% 2020 Notes, the trustee for the Notes, the administrative agent under the Credit Agreement, the collateral agent and the other parties thereto from time to time, as such agreement may be amended, modified, restated or supplemented in accordance with the terms of the Indenture.

“*Investments*” means, with respect to any Person, all direct or indirect investments by such Person in other Persons (including Affiliates) in the forms of loans (including Guarantees or other obligations), advances (excluding advances made to customers in the ordinary course of business) or capital contributions (excluding commission, travel and similar advances to officers and employees made in the ordinary course of business), purchases or other acquisitions for consideration of Indebtedness, Equity Interests or other securities, together with all items that are or would be classified as investments on a balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP. If Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas sells or otherwise disposes of any Equity Interests in any direct or indirect Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas such that, after giving effect to any such sale or disposition, such Person is no longer a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, Wynn Las Vegas will be deemed to have made an Investment on the date of any such sale or disposition equal to the Fair Market Value of Wynn Las Vegas’ Investments in such Restricted Subsidiary that were not sold or disposed of in an amount determined as provided in the final paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Restricted Payments.” The acquisition by Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas of a Person that holds an Investment in a third Person will be deemed to be an Investment by Wynn Las Vegas or such Subsidiary in such third Person in an amount equal to the Fair Market Value of the Investments held by the acquired Person in such third Person in an amount determined as provided in the final paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Restricted Payments.” Except as otherwise provided in the Indenture, the amount of an Investment will be determined at the time the Investment is made and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value.

“*Issuers*” means Wynn Las Vegas and Wynn Capital.

“*Koval Land*” means the approximately 18 acres of land located across from the Projects on Koval Lane and Sands Avenue, which is used for employee parking and other ancillary uses.

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“*Lien*” means, with respect to any asset, (i) any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest or encumbrance of any kind in respect of such asset, whether or not filed, recorded or otherwise perfected under applicable law, including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement, (ii) any lease in the nature thereof, or (iii) any agreement to deliver a security interest in any asset. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the trust established and maintained for the sole purpose of holding title to the Aircraft and which a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas is the sole beneficiary thereof shall not be considered a Lien for purposes of the Indenture.

“*Liquidated Damages*” means all liquidated damages then owing pursuant to the registration rights agreement entered into in connection with the exchange offering.

“*Local Bank Collateral Account Agreement*” means the Local Bank Collateral Account Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, among Wynn Las Vegas, the securities intermediary named therein and the collateral agent, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms, the Indenture and the other Collateral Documents.

“*Macau Project*” means the hotel tower, casino facility and retail and convention space that is operated by Wynn Resorts (Macau), S.A., in the Macau Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China, together with the Encore hotel tower, casino facility and retail and convention space adjacent thereto.

“*Management Agreement*” means the Management Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, among Wynn Resorts, as manager, the Issuers and the Restricted Subsidiaries, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time in any manner that is not in contravention of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Amendments to Certain Agreements.”

“*Management Fees*” means any fees payable pursuant to the Management Agreement, in an aggregate amount not to exceed, during any 12-month period, 1.5% of Net Revenues of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries for the period of four full consecutive fiscal quarters of Wynn Las Vegas most recently ended prior to the commencement of such 12-month period.

“*Management Fees Subordination Agreement*” means the Management Fees Subordination Agreement, dated as of the date of the Indenture, by and among Wynn Resorts, the Issuers, the Guarantors and the trustee.

“*Moody’s*” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., or any successor to its statistical rating business, except that any reference to a particular rating by Moody’s will be deemed to be a reference to the corresponding rating by any such successor.

“*Net Income*” means, with respect to any specified Person, the net income (loss) of such Person, determined in accordance with GAAP (and reduced by any provision in respect of the Tax Amount attributable to such net income) and before any reduction in respect of preferred equity dividends, giving effect to, without duplication, any amounts paid or distributed by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries as Allocable Overhead if and to the same extent that such amounts would have been included in the calculation of net income if incurred by Wynn Las Vegas directly, excluding (to the extent previously taken into account in computing net income), however:

- (1) any gain (or loss), together with any related provision for the Tax Amount on such gain (or loss), realized in connection with: (a) any Asset Sale; or (b) the disposition of any securities by such Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries or the extinguishment of any Indebtedness of such Person or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries; and
- (2) any extraordinary gain (or loss), together with any related provision for the Tax Amount on such extraordinary gain (or loss).

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“*Net Loss Proceeds*” means the aggregate cash proceeds received by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries in respect of any Event of Loss, including, without limitation, insurance proceeds from condemnation awards or damages awarded by any judgment, net of:

- (1) the direct costs in recovery of such Net Loss Proceeds (including, without limitation, legal, accounting, appraisal and insurance adjuster fees and any relocation expenses incurred as a result thereof),
- (2) amounts required to be and actually applied to the repayment of Indebtedness (other than Indebtedness that is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or the Note Guarantees) permitted under the Indenture that is secured by a Permitted Lien on the asset or assets that were the subject of such Event of Loss that ranks prior to the security interest of the trustee in those assets, after giving effect to any provisions in the Collateral Documents and the Intercreditor Agreement as to the relative ranking of security interests, and
- (3) any taxes or Tax Amount paid or payable as a result of the receipt of such cash proceeds.

“*Net Proceeds*” means the aggregate cash proceeds received by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries in respect of any Asset Sale (including, without limitation, any cash received upon the sale or other disposition of any non-cash consideration received in any Asset Sale), net of:

- (1) the direct costs relating to such Asset Sale, including, without limitation, legal, accounting and investment banking fees, and sales commissions, and any relocation expenses incurred as a result of the Asset Sale and the provision for taxes and the Tax Amount paid or payable as a result of the Asset Sale, in each case, after taking into account any available tax credits or deductions and any tax sharing arrangements,
- (2) amounts, if any, required to be, and in fact, applied to the prepayment of Indebtedness permitted under the Indenture (other than Indebtedness that is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or the Note Guarantees) secured by a Permitted Lien on the asset or assets that were the subject of such Asset Sale that ranks prior to the security interest of the trustee in those assets, after giving effect to any provisions in the Collateral Documents and the Intercreditor Agreement as to the relative ranking of security interests, and
- (3) any reserve for adjustment in respect of the sale price of such asset or assets established in accordance with GAAP.

“*Net Revenues*” means, for any period, the net revenues of Wynn Las Vegas and its Restricted Subsidiaries, as set forth on Wynn Las Vegas’ income statement for the relevant period under the line item “net revenues,” calculated in accordance with GAAP and with Regulation S-X under the Securities Act and in a manner consistent with that customarily utilized in the gaming industry.

“*Nevada Gaming Control Act*” means Chapter 463 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

“*Non-Recourse Debt*” means Indebtedness:

- (1) as to which neither Wynn Las Vegas nor any of its Restricted Subsidiaries (a) provides credit support of any kind (including any undertaking, agreement or instrument that would constitute Indebtedness) (other than a pledge of the Equity Interests in the Unrestricted Subsidiary that is an obligor with respect to such Indebtedness), (b) is directly or indirectly liable as a guarantor or otherwise, or (c) constitutes the lender;
- (2) no default with respect to which (including any rights that the holders of the Indebtedness may have to take enforcement action against an Unrestricted Subsidiary, other than the Completion Guarantor) would permit upon notice, lapse of time or both any holder of any other Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to declare a default on such other Indebtedness or cause the payment of the Indebtedness to be accelerated or payable prior to its Stated Maturity; and
- (3) as to which the lenders have been notified in writing that they will not have any recourse to the stock or assets of Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries (other than the stock of an Unrestricted

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Subsidiary pledged by Wynn Las Vegas of one of its Restricted Subsidiaries to secure Indebtedness of the Unrestricted Subsidiary).

“*Note Guarantee*” means the Guarantee, by each Guarantor of the Issuers’ obligations under the Indenture and the Notes, executed pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture.

“*Obligations*” means any principal, interest, penalties, fees, indemnifications, reimbursements, damages and other liabilities payable under the documentation governing any Indebtedness (including, without limitation, interest accruing at the then applicable rate provided in such documentation after the maturity of such Indebtedness and interest accruing at the then applicable rate provided in such documentation after the filing of a petition in bankruptcy, or the commencement of any insolvency, reorganization or like proceeding, relating to any debtor under such documentation, whether or not a claim for post-filing or post-petition interest is allowed in such proceeding).

“*Pari Passu Debt*” means any Indebtedness, other than Indebtedness incurred under the Credit Agreement, that is pari passu with the Notes containing provisions similar to those set forth in the Indenture with respect to offers to purchase or redeem with the proceeds of sales of assets or Events of Loss.

“*Pass Through Entity*” means any of (1) a grantor trust for United States federal or state income tax purposes or (2) an entity treated as a partnership or a disregarded entity for United States federal or state income tax purposes.

“*Permitted Business*” means:

- (1) the gaming business;
- (2) all businesses whether or not licensed by a Gaming Authority which are necessary for, incident to, useful to, arising out of, supportive of or connected to the development, ownership or operation of a Gaming Facility;
- (3) any development, construction, ownership or operation of lodging (including (i) any timeshare, interval ownership or similar development or (ii) any condominium or similar development with respect to the Phase III Project), retail and restaurant or convention facilities, sports or entertainment facilities, golf facilities, art gallery facilities, food and beverage distribution operations, transportation services (including operation and chartering of the Aircraft), sales, leasing and repair of automobiles, parking services, or other activities related to the foregoing;
- (4) any business (including any related and legally permissible internet business) that is a reasonable extension, development or expansion of any of the foregoing; and
- (5) the ownership by a Person of Capital Stock in its direct Wholly Owned Subsidiaries.

“*Permitted C-Corp. Conversion*” means a transaction resulting in Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries becoming a subchapter “C” corporation under the Code, so long as, in connection with such transaction:

- (1) the subchapter “C” corporation resulting from such transaction is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of any state of the United States or the District of Columbia and the Beneficial Owners of the Equity Interests in the subchapter “C” corporation shall be the same, and shall be in the same percentages, as the Beneficial Owners of Equity Interests in the applicable entity immediately prior to such transaction;
- (2) the subchapter “C” corporation resulting from such transaction assumes in writing all of the obligations, if any, of the applicable entity under (a) the Indenture, the Notes, the Note Guarantees by the Guarantors and the Collateral Documents and (b) all other documents and instruments to which such Person is a party (other than, in the case of clause (a) only, any documents and instruments that, individually or in the aggregate, are not material to the subchapter “C” corporation);

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- (3) the subchapter “C” corporation resulting from such transaction complies with the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Additional Collateral; Formation or Acquisition of Restricted Subsidiaries; Designation of Unrestricted Subsidiaries as Restricted Subsidiaries or Permitted C-Corp. Conversion”;
- (4) the trustee is given not less than 45 days’ advance written notice of such transaction and evidence satisfactory to the trustee (including, without limitation, a satisfactory opinion of counsel) regarding the maintenance of the perfection and priority of liens granted, or intended to be granted, in favor of the trustee in the Collateral following such transaction;
- (5) such transaction would not cause or result in a Default or an Event of Default;
- (6) such transaction does not result in the loss or suspension or material impairment of any Gaming License unless a comparable Gaming License is effective prior to or simultaneously with such loss, suspension or material impairment;
- (7) such transaction does not require any holder or Beneficial Owner of the Notes to obtain a Gaming License or be qualified or found suitable under the laws of any applicable gaming jurisdiction;
- (8) Wynn Las Vegas shall have delivered to the trustee an opinion of counsel of national repute in the United States reasonably acceptable to the trustee confirming that neither Issuer, nor any Restricted Subsidiary, nor any Guarantor nor any of the holders will recognize income, gain or loss for United States federal or state income tax purposes as a result of such Permitted C-Corp. Conversion; and
- (9) Wynn Las Vegas shall have delivered to the trustee a certificate of the chief financial officer of Wynn Las Vegas confirming that the conditions in clauses (1) through (8) have been satisfied.

“Permitted Investments” means:

- (1) any Investment by any entity in Wynn Las Vegas or in a Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas;
- (2) any Investment in Cash Equivalents;
- (3) any Investment by Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary in a Person that is engaged in a Permitted Business and that is evidenced by Capital Stock or intercompany notes that are pledged to the trustee as Primary Note Collateral, if as a result of such Investment:
 - (a) such Person becomes a Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas; or
 - (b) such Person is merged, consolidated or amalgamated with or into, or transfers or conveys all or substantially all of its assets to, or is liquidated into, Wynn Las Vegas or a Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, and such Investment complies with the provisions of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets,” if applicable;
- (4) any Investment made as a result of the receipt of non-cash consideration from (i) a Permitted Disposition or (ii) an Asset Sale or an Event of Loss of the type contemplated by clause (3) of the definition of “Event of Loss” that was made pursuant to and in compliance with the covenant described above under the captions “—Repurchase at the Option of Holders—Asset Sales” or “—Events of Loss”;
- (5) any Investment solely in exchange for Equity Interests (other than Disqualified Stock) in Wynn Resorts;
- (6) to the extent constituting an Investment, any extensions of trade credit in the ordinary course of business and Investments received in compromise or settlement of obligations of trade creditors or customers that were incurred in the ordinary course of business, including pursuant to any plan of reorganization or similar arrangement upon the bankruptcy or insolvency of any trade creditor or customer;
- (7) any Investment in Hedging Obligations;

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- (8) to the extent constituting an Investment, licenses of patents, trademarks and other intellectual property rights granted by Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business and not interfering in any material respect with the ordinary conduct of the business of such Person;
- (9) to the extent constituting an Investment, repurchases of the Notes;
- (10) [intentionally omitted];
- (11) Investments held by a Person in a third Person at the time such Person is acquired by Wynn Las Vegas or any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas; provided that such Investments were not acquired in contemplation of such acquisition by Wynn Las Vegas or such Restricted Subsidiary;
- (12) loans or advances to employees of Wynn Las Vegas or its Restricted Subsidiaries (other than the Principal) made in the ordinary course of business not exceeding \$5.0 million in the aggregate outstanding at any time;
- (13) to the extent constituting Investments, payroll, travel and similar advances to cover matters that at the time of such advances are expected to ultimately be treated as expenses for accounting purposes and that are made in the ordinary course of business; and
- (14) the assignment of gaming debts evidenced by a credit instrument, including what are commonly referred to as “markers,” to an Affiliate of Wynn Las Vegas for the purpose of collecting amounts outstanding under such gaming debts or “markers” due to Wynn Las Vegas thereunder; *provided, however*, that any Affiliate receiving any such assignment enters into a binding agreement to pay all amounts so collected back to Wynn Las Vegas within 30 days of receipt of payment of such collected amounts; *provided, further*, that any such Affiliate is not, at the time of any such assignment, in default of its obligations under any such binding agreement previously delivered with respect to any such assignment.

“*Permitted Junior Debt*” means any secured Indebtedness, which is either subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or is secured by Liens with a lower priority than the Liens securing the Notes, with respect to which the agent, trustee or other representatives of the lenders or the holders of such Indebtedness shall have become a party to the Intercreditor Agreement and which shall be subject to restrictions and the terms applicable to the holders of “junior debt” (as such term is defined in the Intercreditor Agreement).

“*Permitted Liens*” means:

- (1) Liens on property of a Person existing at the time such Person is merged into or consolidated with Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries, provided such Liens were in existence prior to the contemplation of such merger or consolidation and do not extend to any assets other than those of the Person merged into or consolidated with Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (2) Liens in favor of Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries, provided if any such Liens are on any or all of the Collateral, such Liens are either:
 - (a) collaterally assigned to the collateral agent for the benefit of the trustee and the holders of the Notes, or
 - (b) contractually subordinated to the security interests in favor of the collateral agent for the benefit of the trustee for the benefit of the holders of the Notes securing the obligations under the Notes, the Note Guarantees and the Credit Agreement;
- (3) Liens on property existing at the time of acquisition thereof by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries (other than materials or supplies acquired in connection with developing, constructing, expanding or equipping of the Projects), provided such Liens were in existence prior to the contemplation of such acquisition;
- (4) Liens existing on the date of the Indenture and disclosed in the title commitment for the Deeds of Trust;
- (5) Liens to secure performance of statutory obligations of, or obligations to, landlords and carriers, warehousemen, mechanics, suppliers, materialmen, repairmen or other like obligations arising in the

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ordinary course of business and with respect to amounts not yet delinquent for a period of more than 30 days or which are being contested in good faith by an appropriate process of law, so long as a reserve or other appropriate provision as shall be required by GAAP shall have been made therefor;

- (6) any Liens permitted under the Disbursement Agreement;
- (7) Liens for taxes, assessments or governmental charges or claims that are not yet delinquent or that are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings promptly instituted and diligently concluded, so long as any reserve or other appropriate provision as shall be required in conformity with GAAP shall have been made therefor;
- (8) Liens on the Collateral created by the Indenture and the Collateral Documents securing the Indebtedness and other Obligations under the Indenture and the Collateral Documents; *provided, however*, that this clause (8) shall not be deemed to permit the extension of the liens on the Collateral created by the Indenture and the Collateral Documents with respect to any Indebtedness incurred after the date of the Indenture as the result of the issuance of additional Notes under the Indenture in compliance with the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock”;
- (9) Liens on the Collateral securing up to \$1.0 billion of Indebtedness and other Obligations under the Credit Agreement that were permitted by the terms of the Indenture to be incurred;
- (10) Liens on property or assets to secure Indebtedness permitted by clause (7) of the second paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock”; *provided, however*, that so long as such Indebtedness is not incurred under the Credit Agreement or through the issuance of additional Notes under the Indenture, such Liens do not at any time encumber any assets or property other than the assets or property financed by such Indebtedness, and the proceeds (including insurance proceeds), products, rents, profits, accessions and replacements thereof or thereto; *provided, further*, to the extent that the Indebtedness permitted by clause (7) of the second paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” is incurred under the Credit Agreement or through the issuance of additional Notes under the Indenture and the property or assets acquired with such Indebtedness becomes part of the Collateral, such Indebtedness may be secured by the Collateral;
- (11) Liens, pledges or deposits to secure the performance of bids, trade contracts (other than borrowed money), leases, statutory obligations, appeal bonds and other obligations of like nature, in each case, in the ordinary course of business, and lease obligations or nondelinquent obligations under workers’ compensation, unemployment insurance or similar legislation;
- (12) without duplication, (i) Government Transfers, and (ii) easements, rights-of-way, restrictions, zoning, minor defects or irregularities in title and other similar charges or encumbrances not interfering in any material respect with the business or assets of Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries incurred in connection with a Permitted Business;
- (13) Liens on Equity Interests in Unrestricted Subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas but only to the extent that the recourse of the lender on any Indebtedness which such Lien secures is limited to such Equity Interests;
- (14) Liens on assets or property of Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries arising by reason of any attachment or judgment not constituting an Event of Default under the Indenture, so long as:
 - (a) such Liens are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings, and
 - (b) such Liens are adequately bonded or adequate reserves have been established on the books of the applicable Person in accordance with GAAP;
- (15) to the extent constituting Liens, ground leases and subleases in respect of the real property owned or leased by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries, to the extent that such ground leases and subleases are permitted under the Indenture and the Collateral Documents and any leasehold mortgage on

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the lessee's leasehold interest in the underlying real property in favor of any party financing the lessee under any such lease or sublease, so long as:

- (a) neither Issuer nor any of the Restricted Subsidiaries is liable for the payment of any principal of, or interest, premiums or fees on, such financing, and
 - (b) the affected lease and leasehold mortgage are expressly made subject and subordinate to the Lien of the applicable mortgage securing the Notes, or a Note Guarantee, as the case may be;
- (16) Uniform Commercial Code financing statements filed for precautionary purposes in connection with any true lease of property leased by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries, so long as any such financing statement does not cover any property other than the property subject to such lease and the proceeds (including insurance proceeds), products, rents, profits, accessions and replacements thereof or thereto;
- (17) Liens securing Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness incurred in accordance with the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock,” so long as:
- (a) the Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness being incurred is secured by a Lien of equivalent or lesser priority than the Indebtedness being refinanced, and
 - (b) such Liens do not at any time encumber any assets or property other than the assets or property secured by the Indebtedness being refinanced by such Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness, and the proceeds (including insurance proceeds), products, rents, profits, accessions and replacements thereof or thereto;
- (18) Liens securing Indebtedness incurred in accordance with clause (17) of the second paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” and, to the extent such Indebtedness is incurred under the Credit Agreement, Liens securing Indebtedness incurred in accordance with clause (11) of the second paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock”;
- (19) Liens created or expressly contemplated by the Affiliate Agreements, so long as such Liens do not secure Indebtedness;
- (20) Liens securing Hedging Obligations permitted to be incurred in accordance with clause (5) of the second paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock”;
- (21) licenses of patents, trademarks and other intellectual property rights granted by Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business and not interfering in any material respect with the ordinary conduct of the business of such Person;
- (22) [intentionally omitted];
- (23) Liens in favor of customs and revenue authorities arising as a matter of law to secure payment of customs duties in connection with the importation of goods;
- (24) Liens to secure additional Indebtedness incurred at any time other than during a Collateral Release Period which is permitted to be incurred pursuant to the first paragraph, or pursuant to clause (8) of the second paragraph, of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock” which liens may be of equal or lesser priority as the liens securing the Notes;
- (25) Liens to secure additional Indebtedness incurred at any time during a Collateral Release Period which is permitted to be incurred pursuant to the first paragraph, or pursuant to clause (1) of the second paragraph, of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of

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Disqualified Stock,” provided that the aggregate amount of such secured Indebtedness at the time of incurrence does not exceed \$100.0 million at any one time (collectively for all assets and property subject to such Liens);

- (26) Liens on the Aircraft Assets to secure Indebtedness of World Travel, LLC, which is permitted to be incurred pursuant to clause (16) of the second paragraph of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock;”
- (27) Liens not specified in clauses (1) through (26) above and not otherwise permitted by the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Liens,” so long as the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the obligations secured by all such Liens in the aggregate does not exceed \$10.0 million at any one time (collectively for all assets and property subject to such Liens);
- (28) [intentionally omitted]; and
- (29) Liens of sellers of goods to Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries arising under Article 2 of the UCC or similar provisions of applicable law in the ordinary course of business, covering only the goods sold and securing only the unpaid purchase price for such goods and related expenses.

With respect to any Collateral, notwithstanding the definition of “Permitted Liens,” a Lien shall not be a Permitted Lien on such Collateral except to the extent that any applicable Collateral Document expressly permits the applicable Person to create, incur, assume or suffer to exist such Lien on such Collateral.

“*Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness*” means any Indebtedness of Wynn Las Vegas or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries issued within 30 days after repayment of, in exchange for, or the net proceeds of which are used to extend, refinance, renew, replace, amend and restate, restate, defease or refund other Indebtedness of any Person (other than intercompany Indebtedness), so long as:

- (1) the principal amount (or accreted value, if applicable) of such Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness does not exceed the principal amount (or accreted value, if applicable) of the Indebtedness extended, refinanced, renewed, replaced, defeased or refunded (plus all accrued interest on the Indebtedness and the amount of all expenses and premiums incurred in connection therewith), so long as if such Indebtedness is secured by a Lien described in clause (10) of the definition of “Permitted Liens,” the principal amount, or accreted value will not exceed the then current Fair Market Value of the asset so encumbered;
- (2) such Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness has a final maturity date later than the final maturity date of, and has a Weighted Average Life to Maturity equal to or greater than the Weighted Average Life to Maturity of, the Indebtedness being extended, refinanced, renewed, replaced, defeased or refunded;
- (3) if the Indebtedness being extended, refinanced, renewed, replaced, defeased or refunded is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or the Note Guarantees, such Permitted Refinancing Indebtedness has a final maturity date later than the final maturity date of, and is subordinated in right of payment to, the Notes or the Note Guarantees, as applicable, on terms at least as favorable, taken as a whole, to the holders of Notes as those contained in the documentation governing the Indebtedness being extended, refinanced, renewed, replaced, defeased or refunded; and
- (4) such Indebtedness is incurred by the Person that is the obligor on the Indebtedness being extended, refinanced, renewed, replaced, defeased or refunded.

“*Permitted Securities*” means:

- (1) marketable direct obligations issued by, or unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States government or issued by any agency thereof and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, in each case maturing within 18 months from the date of acquisition;
- (2) shares of money market, mutual or similar funds, including funds managed or offered by the trustee, which invest exclusively in assets satisfying the requirements of clause (1) of this definition; or
- (3) shares of, or an investment in, the JPMorgan Federal Money Market Fund.

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“*Person*” means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, limited liability company or government or other entity. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the trust established and maintained for the sole purpose of holding title to the Aircraft and which a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas is the sole beneficiary thereof shall not be considered a Person for purposes of the Indenture.

“*Point of Diversion*” means, with respect to any water permit, the location designated under such water permit where a well can be located for the draw of water under such water permit.

“*Presumed Tax Liability*” means, for any Person that is not a Pass Through Entity for any period, an amount equal to the product of (a) the Taxable Income allocated or attributable to such Person (directly or through one or more tiers of Pass Through Entities) (net of taxable losses allocated to such Person with respect to Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries that (i) are, or were previously, deductible by such Person and (ii) have not previously reduced Taxable Income), and (b) the Presumed Tax Rate.

“*Presumed Tax Rate*” with respect to any Person for any period means the highest effective combined United States federal, state and local income tax rate applicable during such period to a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Nevada, taxable at the highest marginal United States federal income tax rate and the highest marginal state and local income tax rates to which such Person is subject (after giving effect to the United States federal income tax deduction for such state and local income taxes, taking into account the effects of the alternative minimum tax, such effects being calculated on the assumption that such Person’s only taxable income is the income allocated or attributable to such Person for such period (directly or through one or more tiers of Pass Through Entities) with respect to its equity interest in Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries that is a Pass Through Entity). In determining the Presumed Tax Rate, the character of the items of income and gain comprising Taxable Income (e.g. ordinary income or long term capital gain) shall be taken into account.

“*Primary Note Collateral*” means all Collateral together with the proceeds and products thereof (including, without limitation, the proceeds of Asset Sales).

“*Principal*” means Stephen A. Wynn.

“*Project Lease and Easement Agreements*” means:

- (1) the Golf Course Lease, and
- (2) the Dealership Lease Agreement,

in each case, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in any manner that is not in contravention of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Amendments to Certain Agreements.”

“*Project Site*” means the approximately 235-acre site upon which the Projects are located, together with all easements, licenses and other rights running for the benefit of Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries and/or appurtenant thereto.

“*Projects*” means the Wynn Las Vegas Resort and Encore at Wynn Las Vegas.

“*Qualified Equity Offering*” means a bona fide offering of common stock or preferred stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of Wynn Resorts, or of securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, such common stock or preferred stock (other than Disqualified Stock) which results in gross proceeds to Wynn Resorts of at least \$50.0 million, to the extent that such gross receipts are contributed as a cash capital contribution to Wynn Las Vegas.

“*Qualifying Project*” means the gaming and/or hotel projects of Wynn Resorts and its Subsidiaries which are operating or for which the financing for the development, construction and opening thereof has been

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obtained. For purposes of this definition, each of the Wynn Las Vegas Resort, Encore at Wynn Las Vegas and the Macau Project shall count as separate projects.

“*Related Party*” means:

- (1) any controlling stockholder, 80% (or more) owned Subsidiary, or immediate family member or former spouse (in the case of an individual) of any Principal; or
- (2) any trust, corporation, partnership, limited liability company or other entity, the beneficiaries, stockholders, partners, members, owners or Persons beneficially holding an 80% or more controlling interest of which consist of the Principal and/or such other Persons referred to in the immediately preceding clause (1) or this clause (2).

“*Released Assets*” means any item of Collateral for which conditions to its release are expressly set forth in the Indenture or the Collateral Documents (it being understood that conditions incorporated by reference to the Credit Agreement or other documents shall be considered expressly set forth for this purpose), and as to which such conditions have been met, including, subject to meeting the applicable conditions, the Golf Course Land. Any such item of Collateral shall cease to be a Released Asset in the event, and to the extent, that Wynn Las Vegas or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries is required to grant a security interest therein in favor of the trustee to secure the Notes or a Note Guarantee pursuant to the Indenture.

“*Restricted Investment*” means an Investment other than a Permitted Investment.

“*Restricted Subsidiary*” means any Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas that is not an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

“*Retail Facility*” means an up to approximately 60,000 square foot retail facility adjoining the Projects.

“*S&P*” means Standard & Poor’s Rating Services, a division of the McGraw Hill Companies, Inc., or any successor to its statistical rating business, except that any reference to a particular rating by S&P shall be deemed to be a reference to the corresponding rating by any such successor.

“*Security Agreements*” means:

- (1) the Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of the date of the Indenture, among the Issuers, the Restricted Subsidiaries, Wynn Resorts Holdings and the collateral agent to secure the obligations of the Issuers, the Restricted Subsidiaries and Wynn Resorts Holdings under the Indenture and the Notes, and
- (2) any other guarantee and collateral agreement entered into by either Issuer or any Restricted Subsidiary from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture,

in each case, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in accordance with their respective terms and with the Indenture and the other Collateral Documents.

“*Shuttle Easement Agreement*” means the Easement Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, between Wynn Golf and Wynn Las Vegas, as amended, modified or otherwise supplemented from time to time in any manner that is not in contravention of the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Amendments to Certain Agreements.”

“*Significant Restricted Subsidiary*” means any Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas if it (a) contributes at least 10% of Wynn Las Vegas’ and its Restricted Subsidiaries’ total consolidated income from continuing operations before income taxes, extraordinary items, or (b) owns at least 10% of Wynn Las Vegas’ and its Restricted Subsidiaries’ total assets on a consolidated basis.

“*Specified Holders*” means Stephen A. Wynn and Aruze, USA, Inc.

“*Stated Maturity*” means, with respect to any installment of interest or principal on any series of Indebtedness, the date on which the payment of interest or principal was scheduled to be paid in the

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documentation governing such Indebtedness as of the date of the Indenture, and will not include any contingent obligations to repay, redeem or repurchase any such interest or principal prior to the date originally scheduled for the payment thereof.

“*Stockholders Agreement*” means that certain Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement, dated as of January 6, 2010, by and among Stephen A. Wynn, Elaine P. Wynn and Aruze USA, as in effect on the date of the Indenture.

“*Subsidiary*” means, with respect to any specified Person:

- (1) any corporation, association or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares of Capital Stock entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency and after giving effect to any voting agreement or stockholders’ agreement that effectively transfers voting power) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees of the corporation, association or other business entity is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by that Person or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of that Person (or a combination thereof);
- (2) any partnership (a) the sole general partner or the managing general partner of which is such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person or (b) the only general partners of which are that Person or one or more Subsidiaries of that Person (or any combination thereof); or
- (3) any limited liability company (a) the manager or managing member of which is such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person or (b) the only members of which are that Person or one or more Subsidiaries of that Person (or any combination thereof).

“*Tax Amount*” means, with respect to any period, (1) with respect to any of Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries that is a Pass Through Entity and in the case of any direct or indirect Subsidiary of any of Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries that is a Pass Through Entity, the Presumed Tax Liability of such direct or indirect Subsidiary, and (2) with respect to any of Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries that are Consolidated Members, the aggregate United States federal income tax liability such Persons would owe for such period if each was a corporation filing United States federal income tax returns on a stand alone basis at all times during its existence and, if any of the Consolidated Members files a consolidated or combined state income tax return such that it is not paying its own state income taxes, then Tax Amount shall also include the aggregate state income tax liability such Consolidated Members would have paid for such period if each was a corporation filing state income tax returns on a stand alone basis at all times during its existence.

“*Taxable Income*” means, with respect to any Person for any period, the taxable income, if any, of such Person for such period for United States federal income tax purposes as a result of such Person’s equity ownership of Wynn Las Vegas, the Completion Guarantor or any of the Restricted Subsidiaries that are Pass Through Entities for such period, so long as all items of income, gain, loss or deduction required to be stated separately pursuant to Section 703(a)(1) of the Code are included in taxable income or loss.

“*Tax Indemnification Agreement*” means the Tax Indemnification Agreement, dated as of September 24, 2002, among Wynn Resorts, Valvino Lamore, Stephen A. Wynn, Aruze USA, Baron Asset Fund, a Massachusetts business trust, on behalf of the Baron Asset Fund Series, Baron Asset Fund, a Massachusetts business trust, on behalf of the Baron Growth Fund Series, and Kenneth R. Wynn Family Trust dated February 20, 1985.

“*UEC*” means Universal Entertainment Corporation, a Japanese public corporation.

“*Unrestricted Subsidiary*” means the Completion Guarantor and any other Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, other than Wynn Capital, that is designated by the Board of Directors of Wynn Capital as an Unrestricted Subsidiary pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors (and any Subsidiary of each such Unrestricted

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Subsidiary), but only to the extent that such Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas (other than the Completion Guarantor):

- (1) has no Indebtedness other than Non-Recourse Debt;
- (2) is not party to any agreement, contract, arrangement or understanding with either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Guarantor unless the terms of any such agreement, contract, arrangement or understanding are no less favorable to such Person than those that (a) might be obtained at the time from Persons who are not Affiliates of such Person, (b) are Permitted Investments or transactions permitted as Restricted Payments under the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants— Restricted Payments,” or (c) are Affiliate Transactions permitted under the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Transactions with Affiliates”;
- (3) is a Person with respect to which neither Issuer, nor any Restricted Subsidiary, nor any Guarantor has any direct or indirect obligation (a) to subscribe for additional Equity Interests or (b) to maintain or preserve such Person’s financial condition or to cause such Person to achieve any specified levels of operating results;
- (4) has not guaranteed or otherwise directly or indirectly provided credit support for any Indebtedness of either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Guarantor; and
- (5) has at least one director on its Board of Directors that is not a director or executive officer of either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Guarantor and has at least one executive officer that is not a director or executive officer of either Issuer, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Guarantor.

Any designation of a Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas as an Unrestricted Subsidiary will be evidenced to the trustee by filing with the trustee a certified copy of the resolution of Wynn Capital’s Board of Directors giving effect to such designation and an officers’ certificate certifying that such designation complied with the preceding conditions and was permitted by the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Restricted Payments.” If, at any time, any Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas would fail to meet the preceding requirements as an Unrestricted Subsidiary, it shall thereafter cease to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas for purposes of the Indenture and any Indebtedness of such Subsidiary shall be deemed to be incurred by a Restricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas as of such date and, if such Indebtedness is not permitted to be incurred as of such date under the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock,” Wynn Las Vegas shall be in default of such covenant. The Board of Directors of Wynn Capital may, at any time, designate any Unrestricted Subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas to be a Restricted Subsidiary. Such designation shall be deemed to be an incurrence of Indebtedness by a Restricted Subsidiary of any outstanding Indebtedness of such Unrestricted Subsidiary and such designation shall only be permitted if (1) such Indebtedness is permitted under the covenant described above under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Incurrence of Indebtedness and Issuance of Disqualified Stock,” calculated on a *pro forma* basis as if such designation had occurred at the beginning of the four-quarter reference period and (2) no Default or Event of Default would be in existence following such designation.

“*Valvino Lamore*” means Valvino Lamore, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.

“*Voting Stock*” of any Person as of any date means the Capital Stock of such Person that is at the time entitled to vote in the election of the Board of Directors of such Person.

“*Water Rights*” means, (1) with respect to any Person, all of such Person’s right, title and interest in and to any water stock, permits or entitlements and any other water rights related to or appurtenant to property owned or leased by such Person, and (2) with respect to any property, any water stock, permits or entitlements and any other water rights related to or appurtenant to such property.

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“*Weighted Average Life to Maturity*” means, when applied to any Indebtedness at any date, the number of years obtained by dividing:

- (1) the sum of the products obtained by multiplying (a) the amount of each then remaining installment, sinking fund, serial maturity or other required payments of principal, including payment at final maturity, in respect of the Indebtedness, by (b) the number of years (calculated to the nearest one-twelfth) that will elapse between such date and the making of such payment; by
- (2) the then outstanding principal amount of such Indebtedness.

“*Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary*” of any specified Person means a Restricted Subsidiary of such Person all of the outstanding Capital Stock or other ownership interests of which (other than directors’ qualifying shares) will at the time be owned by such Person or by one or more Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiaries of such Person.

“*Wholly Owned Subsidiary*” of any specified Person means a Subsidiary of such Person all of the outstanding Capital Stock or other ownership interests of which (other than directors’ qualifying shares) shall at the time be owned by such Person or by one or more Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of such Person.

“*Wynn Capital*” means Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., a Nevada corporation.

“*Wynn Design*” means Wynn Design & Development, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company. “*Wynn Golf*” means Wynn Golf, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.

“*Wynn Home Site Land*” means an approximately two-acre tract of land located on the Golf Course Land where a personal residence for Stephen A. Wynn may be built, after the release of the Trustee’s Liens (for the benefit of the holders) thereon in accordance with the Indenture.

“*Wynn IP Agreement*” means the Intellectual Property License Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2004, among Wynn Resorts, Wynn Resorts Holdings and Wynn Las Vegas.

“*Wynn Las Vegas*” means Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.

“*Wynn Las Vegas Resort*” means the Wynn Las Vegas hotel and casino resort.

“*Wynn Resorts*” means Wynn Resorts, Limited, a Nevada corporation.

“*Wynn Resorts Holdings*” means Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.

“*Wynn Show Performers*” means Wynn Show Performers, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.

DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN INDEBTEDNESS

7.875% First Mortgage Notes due 2017

On October 19, 2009, we issued \$500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2017 notes at a price of 97.823% of the principal amount. The 2017 notes mature on November 1, 2017 and bear interest at the rate of 7.875% per year. We pay interest on the 2017 notes on May 1st and November 1st of each year. Commencing November 1, 2013, the 2017 notes will become redeemable at our option at a price equal to 103.938% of the principal amount redeemed and declining ratably on November 1st of each year thereafter to 100.000% on or after November 1, 2015.

The indenture governing the 2017 notes contains covenants limiting our ability to incur additional debt, make distributions, investments and restricted payments, create liens, enter into transactions with affiliates, sell

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assets, enter into sale leaseback transactions, permit restrictions on dividends and other payments by subsidiaries, or engage in mergers, consolidations, sales of substantially all assets, sales of subsidiary stock and other specified types of transactions.

The 2017 notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). Our obligations under the 2017 notes rank equal in right of payment with the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes, the 7³/₄% 2020 notes and the notes. The 2017 notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries.

7⁷/₈% First Mortgage Notes due 2020

On April 28, 2010, we issued \$382,010,000 aggregate principal amount of 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes in exchange for a like aggregate principal amount of our previously outstanding 6⁵/₈% first mortgage notes due 2014. The existing 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes mature on May 1, 2020 and bear interest at the rate of 7⁷/₈% per year. We pay interest on the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes on May 1st and November 1st of each year. Commencing May 1, 2015, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes will become redeemable at our option at a price equal to 103.938% of the principal amount redeemed and declining ratably on May 1st of each year thereafter to 100.000% on or after May 1, 2018.

The indenture governing the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes contains covenants limiting our ability to incur additional debt, make distributions, investments and restricted payments, create liens, enter into transactions with affiliates, sell assets, enter into sale leaseback transactions, permit restrictions on dividends and other payments by subsidiaries, or engage in mergers, consolidations, sales of substantially all assets, sales of subsidiary stock and other specified types of transactions.

The 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). Our obligations under the 7¹/₈% 2020 notes rank equal in right of payment with the 2017 Notes, the 7³/₄% 2020 Notes and the notes. The 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries.

7³/₄% First Mortgage Notes due 2020

On August 4, 2010, we issued \$1,320,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 7³/₄% 2020 notes at a price of 100% of the principal amount. The 7³/₄% 2020 notes mature on August 15, 2020 and bear interest at the rate of 7³/₄% per year. We pay interest on the 7³/₄% 2020 notes on February 15 and August 15 of each year. Commencing August 15, 2015, the 7³/₄% 2020 notes will become redeemable at our option at a price equal to 103.875% of the principal amount redeemed and declining ratably on August 15 of each year thereafter to 100.000% on or after August 15, 2018.

The indenture governing the 7³/₄% 2020 notes contains covenants limiting our ability to incur additional debt, make distributions, investments and restricted payments, create liens, enter into transactions with affiliates, sell assets, enter into sale leaseback transactions, permit restrictions on dividends and other payments by subsidiaries, or engage in mergers, consolidations, sales of substantially all assets, sales of subsidiary stock and other specified types of transactions.

The 7³/₄% 2020 notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). Our obligations under the 7³/₄% 2020 notes rank equal in right of payment with the 2017 notes, the 7⁷/₈% 2020 notes and the notes. The 7³/₄% 2020 notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries.

5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022

On March 12, 2012, we issued \$900,000,000 aggregate principal amount of old notes. The old notes mature on March 15, 2022 and bear interest at the rate of 5.375% per year. We pay interest on the old notes on March 15 and September 15 of each year. Commencing March 15, 2017, the old notes will become redeemable at our

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option at a price equal to 102.688% of the principal amount redeemed and declining ratably on March 15 of each year thereafter to 100.000% on or after March 15, 2020.

The indenture governing the old notes contains covenants limiting our ability to pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; issue stock of, or member's interests in, subsidiaries; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; engage in other businesses; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets; issue disqualified stock; create dividend and other payment restrictions affecting subsidiaries; designate restricted and unrestricted subsidiaries and other specified types of transactions.

The old notes are unsecured (except by the Holdings pledge). Our obligations under the old notes rank equal in right of payment with the 2017 notes, the 7^{7/8}% 2020 notes and the 7^{3/4}% 2020 notes. The old notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries.

MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of the anticipated material United States federal income tax consequences to a holder of old notes relating to the exchange of old notes for new notes. This summary is based upon United States federal income tax law in effect on the date of this prospectus, which is subject to differing interpretations or change, possibly with retroactive effect. This summary does not discuss all aspects of United States federal income taxation which may be important to particular investors in light of their individual investment circumstances, such as notes held by investors subject to special tax rules (e.g., banks and other financial institutions, insurance companies, broker-dealers, partnerships and their partners, and tax-exempt organizations (including private foundations)) or to persons that will hold the new notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion, constructive sale, or other integrated security transaction for United States federal income tax purposes, all of whom may be subject to tax rules that differ significantly from those summarized below. This summary does not discuss any (i) United States federal income tax consequences to a Non-U.S. Holder (as defined below) that (A) is engaged in the conduct of a United States trade or business, (B) is a nonresident alien individual and such holder is present in the United States for 183 or more days during the taxable year, or (C) is a corporation which operates through a United States branch, and (ii) state, local or non-United States tax considerations. This summary addresses investors who will hold the new notes as "capital assets" (generally, property held for investment) under Code. Each prospective investor is urged to consult its tax advisor regarding the United States federal, state, local, and non-United States income and other tax considerations of the purchase, ownership, and disposition of the new notes.

For the purposes of this summary, a "Non-U.S. Holder" means any beneficial owner of a note that is not, for United States federal income tax purposes, (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States, (ii) a corporation or other entity taxable as a corporation created in, or organized under the laws of, the United States or any State or political subdivision thereof, (iii) an estate the income of which is includible in gross income for United States federal income tax purposes regardless of its source, or (iv) a trust (A) the administration of which is subject to the primary supervision of a United States court and which has one or more United States persons who have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (B) that has otherwise elected to be treated as a United States person under the Code.

Exchange of Old Notes for New Notes

An exchange of old notes for new notes pursuant to the exchange offer will be ignored for United States federal income tax purposes. Consequently, a holder of old notes will not recognize gain or loss, for United States federal income tax purposes, as a result of exchanging old notes for new notes pursuant to the exchange offer. The holding period of the new notes will be the same as the holding period of the old notes and the tax basis in the new notes will be the same as the adjusted tax basis in the old notes as determined immediately before the exchange. A

holder who does not exchange its old notes for new notes pursuant to the exchange offer will not recognize any gain or loss, for United States federal income tax purposes, upon consummation of the exchange offer.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Each broker-dealer that receives new notes for its own account pursuant to the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the new notes. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resales of new notes received in exchange for old notes where such old notes were acquired as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities. We have agreed that, for a period of up to the later of (i) 180 days following the 30th business day after the registration statement containing this prospectus is declared effective, and (ii) 180 days following the 10th business day after the exchange offer expires, we will make this prospectus, as amended or supplemented, available to any broker-dealer for use in connection with any such resale. In addition, until _____, 2012, all dealers effecting transactions in the new notes may be required to deliver a prospectus.

We will not receive any proceeds from any sale of new notes by broker-dealers. New notes received by broker-dealers for their own account pursuant to the exchange offer may be sold from time to time in one or more transactions:

- in the over-the-counter market,
- in negotiated transactions,
- through the writing of options on the new notes, or
- a combination of such methods of resale, at market prices prevailing at the time of resale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices.

Any resale may be made directly to purchasers or to or through brokers or dealers who may receive compensation in the form of commissions or concessions from any such broker-dealer or the purchasers of any such new notes. Any broker-dealer who holds old notes acquired for its own account as a result of market-making activities, and who receives new notes in exchange for old notes pursuant to the exchange offer, and any broker or dealer that participates in a distribution of new notes may be deemed to be an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act, and must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction, including the delivery of a prospectus that contains information with respect to any selling holder required by the Securities Act in connection with any resale of the new notes, and any profit of any such resale of new notes and any commission or concessions received by any such persons may be deemed to be underwriting compensation under the Securities Act. The letter of transmittal states that, by acknowledging that it will deliver and by delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act.

Furthermore, any broker-dealer that acquired any of the old notes directly from us:

- may not rely on the applicable interpretation of the staff of the SEC’s position contained in Exxon Capital Holdings Corp., SEC no-action letter (publicly available May 13, 1988), Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, SEC no-action letter (publicly available June 5, 1991) and Shearman & Sterling, SEC no-action letter (publicly available July 2, 1993); and
- must also be named as a selling noteholder in connection with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act relating to any resale transaction.

For a period of up to the later of (i) 180 days following the 30th business day after the registration statement containing this prospectus is declared effective, and (ii) 180 days following the 10th business day after the exchange offer expires, we will promptly send additional copies of this prospectus and any amendment or

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supplement to this prospectus to any broker-dealer that requests such documents in the letter of transmittal. We have agreed to pay all expenses incident to the exchange offer (including the expenses of one counsel for the holders of the old notes) other than commissions or concessions of any broker-dealer and will indemnify the holders of the old notes (including any broker-dealers) against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with this exchange offer will be passed upon for us by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, New York, New York. Certain matters of Nevada law will be passed upon for us by Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP, Las Vegas, Nevada.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements and schedule of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC at December 31, 2011 and 2010, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2011, appearing in this prospectus and registration statement have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report thereon appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

This prospectus is part of a registration statement on Form S-4 that we have filed with the SEC under the Securities Act. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement. For further information about us and the new notes, you should refer to the registration statement. This prospectus summarizes material provisions of contracts and other documents to which we refer you. Since this prospectus may not contain all of the information that you may find important, you should review the full text of these documents. We have filed these documents as exhibits to our registration statement.

The indenture governing the notes requires that we file reports under the Exchange Act with the SEC (unless the SEC will not accept such filings) and furnish information to the trustee and holders of the notes. See “Description of the New Notes—Certain Covenants—Reports.” In addition, we are subject to the information and periodic reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and, accordingly, will file periodic reports and other information with the SEC. Such periodic reports and other information will be available for inspection and copying at the SEC’s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549 and through the SEC’s Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330.

Wynn Resorts, our ultimate parent, files periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document that Wynn Resorts files with the SEC at the SEC’s Public Reference Room. The SEC filings of Wynn Resorts also are available to the public over the Internet at the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov>. You may find additional information about Wynn Resorts and its subsidiaries on its website at <http://www.wynnresorts.com>. The information contained on or that can be accessed through the Wynn Resorts website is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus. You should not consider information contained on the Wynn Resorts website or that can be accessed through the website to be part of this prospectus.

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* We have omitted all other financial statements because they are not required or are not applicable, or the required information is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 771,928	\$ 201,399
Receivables, net	139,350	140,229
Inventories	45,990	48,907
Prepaid expenses and other	24,146	23,052
Total current assets	981,414	413,587
Property and equipment, net	3,419,780	3,529,376
Intangible assets, net	9,697	10,733
Deferred financing costs, net	44,944	41,256
Deposits and other assets	32,371	36,470
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	3,825	3,976
Total assets	\$ 4,492,031	\$4,035,398
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 1,050	\$ 89,425
Accounts payable	32,308	29,535
Accrued interest	64,848	50,086
Accrued compensation and benefits	49,638	43,468
Gaming taxes payable	11,148	11,376
Other accrued liabilities	20,849	23,769
Customer deposits	87,878	104,204
Due to affiliates, net	39,304	41,064
Total current liabilities	307,023	392,927
Long-term debt	3,125,412	2,507,921
Due to affiliates, net	134,667	124,027
Other	553	216
Total liabilities	3,567,655	3,025,091
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Member's equity:		
Contributed capital	1,983,560	1,980,861
Accumulated deficit	(1,059,184)	(970,554)
Total member's equity	924,376	1,010,307
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 4,492,031	\$4,035,398

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Operating revenues:				
Casino	\$ 98,572	\$ 158,270	\$ 256,265	\$ 352,515
Rooms	96,169	91,055	183,543	179,011
Food and beverage	138,373	125,994	247,319	232,134
Entertainment, retail and other	56,335	58,689	112,650	114,086
	<u>389,449</u>	<u>434,008</u>	<u>799,777</u>	<u>877,746</u>
Gross revenues	389,449	434,008	799,777	877,746
Less: promotional allowances	(43,732)	(42,994)	(90,913)	(91,695)
	<u>345,717</u>	<u>391,014</u>	<u>708,864</u>	<u>786,051</u>
Net revenues	345,717	391,014	708,864	786,051
Operating costs and expenses:				
Casino	67,326	69,712	146,256	154,184
Rooms	32,615	31,225	61,840	61,023
Food and beverage	79,699	70,399	145,024	131,507
Entertainment, retail and other	34,456	36,903	71,530	74,588
General and administrative	58,289	55,714	113,506	110,008
Provision for doubtful accounts	(345)	3,772	4,018	8,524
Management fees	5,189	5,867	10,640	11,795
Depreciation and amortization	62,776	66,253	126,194	132,049
Property charges and other	2,174	2,560	5,892	4,590
	<u>342,179</u>	<u>342,405</u>	<u>684,900</u>	<u>688,268</u>
Total operating costs and expenses	342,179	342,405	684,900	688,268
Operating income	3,538	48,609	23,964	97,783
Other income (expense):				
Interest income and other	359	66	396	139
Interest expense	(58,493)	(50,317)	(110,640)	(100,627)
Increase in swap fair value	1,291	27	2,260	1,368
Loss on retirement of debt	—	—	(4,828)	—
Equity in income from unconsolidated affiliates	105	98	218	254
	<u>(56,738)</u>	<u>(50,126)</u>	<u>(112,594)</u>	<u>(98,866)</u>
Other income (expense), net	(56,738)	(50,126)	(112,594)	(98,866)
Net loss	(53,200)	(1,517)	(88,630)	(1,083)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—
Total comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (53,200)</u>	<u>\$ (1,517)</u>	<u>\$ (88,630)</u>	<u>\$ (1,083)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (88,630)	\$ (1,083)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	126,194	132,049
Stock-based compensation	2,699	4,424
Amortization and write-off of deferred financing costs, and other	6,669	6,592
Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	151	136
Loss on retirement of debt	4,828	—
Provision for doubtful accounts	4,018	8,524
Property charges and other	5,042	2,701
Increase in swap fair value	(2,260)	(1,368)
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:		
Receivables	(3,139)	(4,372)
Inventories and prepaid expenses and other	1,823	9,494
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,212	(13,882)
Due to affiliates, net	8,135	(5,592)
Net cash provided by operating activities	73,742	137,623
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention	(23,439)	(34,758)
Purchase of other assets	(1,747)	(1,603)
Due to affiliates, net	6,863	5,432
Proceeds from sale of assets	313	54
Net cash used in investing activities	(18,010)	(30,875)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	900,000	—
Principal payments on long-term debt	(371,567)	(20,755)
Interest rate swap transactions	(2,368)	—
Payments of financing costs	(11,268)	(58)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	514,797	(20,813)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	570,529	85,935
Balance, beginning of period	201,399	52,540
Balance, end of period	\$ 771,928	\$ 138,475

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Organization

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC was formed on April 17, 2001 as a Nevada limited liability company. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to the “Company” refer to Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company and its consolidated subsidiaries. The sole member of the Company is Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC (“Holdings”). The sole member of Holdings is Wynn Resorts, Limited (“Wynn Resorts”). The Company was organized primarily to construct and operate “Wynn Las Vegas,” a destination resort and casino on the “Strip” in Las Vegas, Nevada. Wynn Las Vegas opened on April 28, 2005. On December 22, 2008, the Company expanded Wynn Las Vegas with the opening of Encore at Wynn Las Vegas (“Encore”).

Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (“Wynn Capital”) is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company incorporated on June 3, 2002, solely for the purpose of obtaining financing for Wynn Las Vegas. Wynn Capital is authorized to issue 2,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01. At June 30, 2012, the Company owned the one share that was issued and outstanding. Wynn Capital has neither any significant net assets nor has had any operating activity. Its sole function is to serve as the co-issuer of the mortgage notes described below. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Capital together are hereinafter referred to as the “Issuers”.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Company’s investment in the 50%-owned joint venture operating the Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership inside Wynn Las Vegas is accounted for under the equity method. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Certain amounts in the consolidated financial statements for the previous periods have been reclassified to be consistent with the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported net loss.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods have been made. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Accounts Receivable and Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of casino accounts receivable. The Company issues credit in the form of “markers” to approved casino customers following investigations of creditworthiness. As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, approximately 70% and 75% respectively, of the Company’s markers were due from customers residing in foreign countries, primarily in Asia. Business or economic conditions or other significant events in these countries could affect the collectibility of such receivables.

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Accounts receivable, including casino and hotel receivables, are typically non-interest bearing and are initially recorded at cost. Accounts are written off when management deems them to be uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts previously written off are recorded when received. An allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained to reduce the Company's receivables to their estimated carrying amount, which approximates fair value. The allowance is estimated based on specific review of customer accounts as well as management's experience with collection trends in the casino industry and current economic and business conditions. During the quarter ended June 30, 2012, the Company recorded an adjustment to its reserve estimates for casino accounts receivable based on the results of historical collection patterns and current collection trends. This adjustment benefitted operating income and net loss by \$9.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012. This change in estimate was the primary factor that resulted in a \$0.3 million credit to the provision for doubtful accounts for the quarter ended June 30, 2012.

Inventories

Inventories consist of retail, food and beverage items, which are stated at the lower of cost or market value, and certain operating supplies. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out, average and specific identification methods.

Revenue Recognition and Promotional Allowances

Casino revenues are measured by the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses, with liabilities recognized for funds deposited by customers before gaming play occurs and for chips in the customers' possession. Hotel, food and beverage, entertainment and other operating revenues are recognized when services are performed. Entertainment, retail and other revenue includes rental income which is recognized on a time proportion basis over the lease term. Contingent rental income is recognized when the right to receive such rental income is established according to the lease agreements. Advance deposits on rooms and advance ticket sales are recorded as deferred revenues until services are provided to the customer.

Revenues are recognized net of certain sales incentives which are recorded as a reduction of revenue. Consequently, the Company's casino revenues are reduced by discounts and points earned in the players club loyalty program.

The retail value of accommodations, food and beverage, and other services furnished to guests without charge is included in gross revenue and then deducted as promotional allowances. The estimated cost of providing such promotional allowances is primarily included in casino expenses as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Rooms	\$ 8,603	\$ 8,600	\$17,588	\$18,526
Food and beverage	13,775	13,262	29,189	29,079
Entertainment, retail and other	2,779	3,487	6,596	7,539
	<u>\$25,157</u>	<u>\$25,349</u>	<u>\$53,373</u>	<u>\$55,144</u>

Gaming Taxes

The Company is subject to taxes based on gross gaming revenues, subject to applicable adjustments. These gaming taxes are an assessment on the Company's gaming revenues and are recorded as an expense within the "Casino" line item in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. These taxes totaled \$7.4 million and \$11.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, these taxes totaled \$18.4 million and \$25.1 million, respectively.

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Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs the first time the advertising takes place and such costs are included in general and administrative expenses. Advertising costs totaled \$5.8 million and \$3.3 million, for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Advertising costs totaled \$9.7 million and \$6.2 million, for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation related to equity shares of Wynn Resorts granted to its employees by recognizing the costs of the employee services received in exchange for the equity award instrument based on the grant date fair value of the awards over the service period. For the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company recorded \$2.7 million and \$4.4 million, respectively, in share based compensation with a corresponding credit to contributed capital.

3. Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

Interest paid for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$92.4 million and \$99.8 million, respectively. There was no interest capitalized during the six months ended June 30, 2012 or 2011.

During the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, capital expenditures include a decrease of \$6.2 million and \$6.7 million respectively, in construction payables and retention recorded through amounts due to affiliates.

4. Receivables, net

Receivables, net consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Casino	\$ 156,414	\$ 156,469
Hotel	17,225	19,738
Retail leases and other	20,443	20,799
	<u>194,082</u>	<u>197,006</u>
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(54,732)	(56,777)
	<u>\$ 139,350</u>	<u>\$ 140,229</u>

5. Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Land and improvements	\$ 718,953	\$ 717,156
Buildings and improvements	2,622,449	2,617,523
Airplane	44,364	44,364
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,348,354	1,350,525
Construction in progress	4,228	6,368
	<u>4,738,348</u>	<u>4,735,936</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,318,568)	(1,206,560)
	<u>\$ 3,419,780</u>	<u>\$ 3,529,376</u>

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6. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
7 7/8% First Mortgage Notes, due November 1, 2017, net of original issue discount of \$7,993 at June 30, 2012 and \$8,578 at December 31, 2011	\$ 492,007	\$ 491,422
7 7/8% First Mortgage Notes, due May 1, 2020, net of original issue discount of \$2,205 at June 30, 2012 and \$2,303 at December 31, 2011	349,805	349,707
7 3/4% First Mortgage Notes, due August 15, 2020	1,320,000	1,320,000
5 3/8% First Mortgage Notes, due March 15, 2022	900,000	—
Revolving Credit Facility, due July 15, 2013; interest at LIBOR plus 3.0%	—	—
Revolving Credit Facility, due July 17, 2015; interest at LIBOR plus 3.0%	—	—
Term Loan Facility, due August 15, 2013; interest at LIBOR plus 1.875%	—	40,262
Term Loan Facility, due August 17, 2015; interest at LIBOR plus 3.0%	—	330,605
\$42 million Note Payable due April 1, 2017; interest at LIBOR plus 1.25%	34,650	35,350
Payable to Affiliate	30,000	30,000
	<u>3,126,462</u>	<u>2,597,346</u>
Current portion of long-term debt	(1,050)	(89,425)
	<u>\$3,125,412</u>	<u>\$ 2,507,921</u>

5 3/8% Wynn Las Vegas First Mortgage Notes

On March 12, 2012, the Issuers issued \$900 million aggregate principal amount of 5 3/8% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 (the “2022 Notes”) pursuant to an Indenture, dated as of March 12, 2012 (the “2022” Indenture). A portion of the proceeds were used to repay all amounts outstanding under the Wynn Las Vegas term loan facilities.

The 2022 Notes will mature on March 15, 2022 and bear interest at the rate of 5 3/8% per annum. The Issuers may redeem all or a portion of the 2022 Notes at any time on or after March 15, 2017, at a premium decreasing ratably to zero, plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, prior to March 15, 2015, the Issuers may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes with the net proceeds of one or more qualified equity contributions made to the Issuers by their parent, Wynn Resorts, Limited. If the Issuers undergo a change of control, they must offer to repurchase the 2022 Notes at 101% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest. If the Issuers sell certain assets or suffer an event of loss, and the Issuers do not use the sale or insurance proceeds for specified purposes, they must offer to repurchase the 2022 Notes at 100% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The 2022 Notes are also subject to mandatory redemption requirements imposed by gaming laws and regulations of gaming authorities in Nevada.

The 2022 Notes are the Issuers’ senior secured obligations and rank pari passu in right of payment with borrowings under the Wynn Las Vegas credit facilities and the Issuers’ outstanding 7 7/8% First Mortgage Notes due 2017 (the “2017 Notes”), the 7 7/8% First Mortgage Notes due 2020 (“7 7/8% 2020 Notes”) and the 7 3/4% First Mortgage Notes due 2020 (the “7 3/4% 2020 Notes”) and, together with the 2017 Notes and the 7 7/8% 2020 Notes, the “Existing Notes”). The 2022 Notes are secured on an equal and ratably basis (with certain exceptions) by a first priority lien on substantially all of the Issuers’ existing and future assets, and, subject to gaming approval, a first priority pledge of the Company’s equity interests, all of which is the same collateral that secures borrowings under the Wynn Las Vegas, LLC Credit Facilities and the Existing Notes. The first priority lien securing the 2022 Notes may be released in whole, or in part, under certain circumstances without the consent of the holders of the 2022 Notes, including if the liens on any such collateral are released either upon a termination of the credit facilities or otherwise.

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The 2022 Notes are jointly and severally guaranteed by all of the Issuers' subsidiaries except Wynn Completion Guarantor, LLC (the "Guarantors"). The guarantees of the 2022 Notes are secured on an equal and ratable basis by a first priority lien on substantially all of the Guarantors' assets, the same collateral that secures the guarantees under the Company's credit facilities and the Existing Notes. The guarantees of the 2022 Notes will be released if the guarantees of our credit facilities are released.

The 2022 Indenture contains covenants limiting the Issuers' and the Issuers' restricted subsidiaries' ability to: pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; issue stock of, or member's interests in, subsidiaries; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; engage in other businesses; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets; issue disqualified stock; create dividend and other payment restrictions affecting subsidiaries; and designate restricted and unrestricted subsidiaries. These covenants are subject to a number of important and significant limitations, qualifications and exceptions.

The 2022 Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 or under any state securities laws. Therefore, the Issuers may not offer or sell the notes within the United States to, or for the account or benefit of, any United States person unless the offer or sale would qualify for a registration exemption from the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws.

Wynn Las Vegas Revolving Credit Facilities

On March 12, 2012, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC entered into an eighth amendment ("Amendment No. 8") to its Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement"). Amendment No. 8 amends the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement to, among other things, permit the issuance of the 2022 Notes. Concurrently with the issuance of the 2022 Notes, the Company has prepaid all term loans under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement, has terminated all of its revolving credit commitments that were due to expire in 2013, and has terminated all but \$100 million of its revolving credit commitments expiring in 2015. In connection with this transaction, the Company expensed deferred financing fees of \$4.8 million; all related to the Wynn Las Vegas term loan and revolving credit facilities.

As of June 30, 2012, no amounts had been borrowed under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC had \$15.8 million of outstanding letters of credit that reduce availability for borrowing under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC had availability of \$84.2 million under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement as of June 30, 2012.

Debt Covenant Compliance

As of June 30, 2012, management believes the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants.

Fair Value of Long-term Debt

The net book value of the Company's outstanding first mortgage notes was approximately \$3.1 billion and \$2.2 billion at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The estimated fair value of the Company's outstanding first mortgage notes, based upon the most recent trades (using level 2 inputs), was approximately \$3.3 billion and \$2.4 billion at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The net book value of the Company's other debt instruments was approximately \$34.7 million and \$406.2 million at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The estimated fair value of the Company's other debt instruments was approximately \$34.7 million and \$400 million at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

7. Interest Rate Swap

In June 2012, the Company terminated its only outstanding interest rate swap for a payment of \$2.4 million. The Company had entered into floating-for-fixed interest rate swap arrangements in order to manage interest rate risk relating to certain of its debt facilities. These interest rate swap agreements modified the Company's

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exposure to interest rate risk by converting a portion of the Company's floating-rate debt to a fixed rate. These interest rate swaps essentially fixed the interest rate at the percentages noted below; however, changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps for each reporting period have been recorded as an increase (decrease) in swap fair value in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss, as the interest rate swaps do not qualify for hedge accounting.

The Company measured the fair value of its interest rate swaps on a recurring basis pursuant to accounting standards for fair value measurements. These standards establish a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The Company categorizes these interest rate swaps as Level 2.

The Company's interest rate swap agreement intended to hedge a portion of the underlying interest rate risk on borrowings under the Wynn Las Vegas credit facilities. Under this swap agreement, the Company paid a fixed interest rate of 2.485% on borrowings of \$250 million incurred under the Wynn Las Vegas credit facilities in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable LIBOR at the time of payment. This interest rate swap fixed the interest rate on \$250 million of borrowings at approximately 5.485%. As of December 31, 2011, the fair value of this interest rate swap was a current liability of \$4.6 million.

8. Related Party Transactions

Amounts Due to Affiliates, net

As of June 30, 2012, the Company's current Due to affiliates was primarily comprised of construction payables of approximately \$3.4 million, construction retention of approximately \$0.6 million and other net amounts due to affiliates totaling \$35.3 million (including corporate allocations discussed below). The long-term Due to affiliates is management fees of \$134.7 million (equal to 1.5% of net revenues and payable upon meeting certain leverage ratios as specified in the documents governing the Company's credit facilities and the first mortgage notes indentures).

As of December 31, 2011, the Company's current Due to affiliates was primarily comprised of construction payables of approximately \$8.4 million, construction retention of approximately \$1.7 million and other net amounts due to affiliates totaling \$31 million (including corporate allocations discussed below). The long-term Due to affiliates is management fees of \$124 million.

The Company periodically settles amounts due to affiliates with cash receipts and payments, except for the management fee, which is payable upon meeting certain leverage ratios specified in the documents governing the first mortgage notes and the credit facilities.

Corporate Allocations

The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss include allocations from Wynn Resorts for legal, accounting, human resources, information services, real estate, and other corporate support services. The corporate support service allocations have been determined on a basis that Wynn Resorts and the Company consider to be reasonable estimates of the utilization of service provided or the benefit received by the Company. Wynn Resorts maintains corporate offices at Wynn Las Vegas without charge from the Company. The Company settles these corporate allocation charges with Wynn Resorts on a periodic basis as discussed in "Amounts Due to Affiliates, net" above. For the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, \$7.1 million and \$8 million, respectively, were charged to the Company for such corporate allocations. For the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, \$13.8 million and \$14.4 million, respectively, were charged to the Company for such corporate allocations.

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Due to Officers

The Company periodically provides services to Stephen A. Wynn, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and one of the principal stockholders of Wynn Resorts (“Mr. Wynn”), and certain other executive officers and directors of Wynn Resorts, including household services, construction work and other personal services. The cost of these services is transferred to Wynn Resorts on a periodic basis. Mr. Wynn and these other officers and directors have amounts on deposit with Wynn Resorts to prepay any such items, which are replenished on an ongoing basis as needed.

Villa Suite Lease

On March 18, 2010, Mr. Wynn and Wynn Las Vegas entered into an Amended and Restated Agreement of Lease (the “SW Lease”) for a villa suite to serve as Mr. Wynn’s personal residence. The SW Lease amends and restates a prior lease. The SW Lease was approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company. The term of the SW Lease commenced as of March 1, 2010 and runs concurrent with Mr. Wynn’s employment agreement with the Company; provided that either party may terminate on 90 days notice. Pursuant to the SW Lease, the rental value of the villa suite is treated as imputed income to Mr. Wynn, and is equal to the fair market value of the accommodations provided. Effective March 1, 2010, and for the first two years of the term of the SW Lease, the rental value was \$503,831 per year. Effective March 1, 2012, the rental value is \$440,000 per year based on the current fair market value as established by the Audit Committee of the Company with the assistance of an independent third-party appraisal. The rental value for the villa suite will be re-determined every two years during the term of the lease by the Audit Committee, with the assistance of an independent third-party appraisal. Certain services for, and maintenance of, the villa suite, as well as minimal warehouse space are included in the rental.

The “Wynn” Surname Rights Agreement

On August 6, 2004, Holdings entered into agreements with Mr. Wynn that confirm and clarify Holding’s rights to use the “Wynn” name and Mr. Wynn’s persona in connection with casino resorts. Under the parties’ Surname Rights Agreement, Mr. Wynn granted Holdings an exclusive, fully paid-up, perpetual, worldwide license to use, and to own and register trademarks and service marks incorporating the “Wynn” name for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the right to sublicense the name and marks to its affiliates. Under the parties’ Rights of Publicity License, Mr. Wynn granted Holdings the exclusive, royalty-free, worldwide right to use his full name, persona and related rights of publicity for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the ability to sublicense the persona and publicity rights to its affiliates, until October 24, 2017. Holdings has sub-licensed rights to the “Wynn” name, persona and marks to the Company.

9. Property Charges and Other

Property charges and other for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, were \$2.2 million and \$2.6 million, respectively. Property charges and other for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, were \$5.9 million and \$4.6 million, respectively. Property charges generally include costs related to the retirement of assets for remodels and asset abandonments. Property charges and other for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, related to miscellaneous renovations and abandonments at Wynn Las Vegas.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Company and its affiliates are involved in litigation in addition to the actions noted below, arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, such litigation will not have a material effect on the Company’s financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Matters Related to Wynn Resorts, Limited

Determination of Unsuitability and Redemption of Aruze USA, Inc. and Affiliates and Related Matters

On February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee concluded a year-long investigation after receiving an independent report by Freeh, Sporkin & Sullivan, LLP (the "Freeh Report") detailing a pattern of misconduct by Aruze USA, Inc., at the time a stockholder of Wynn Resorts, Universal Entertainment Corporation, Aruze USA, Inc.'s parent company, and Kazuo Okada, the majority shareholder of Universal Entertainment Corporation, who is also a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors and was at the time a director of Wynn Macau, Limited. The factual record presented in the Freeh Report included evidence that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada had provided valuable items to certain foreign gaming officials who were responsible for regulating gaming in a jurisdiction in which entities controlled by Mr. Okada were developing a gaming resort. Mr. Okada has denied the impropriety of such conduct to members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts and Mr. Okada has refused to acknowledge or abide by Wynn Resorts' anti-bribery policies.

Based on the Freeh Report, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts determined that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada are "unsuitable" under Article VII of the Wynn Resorts articles of incorporation. The Board of Directors was unanimous (other than Mr. Okada) in its determination. The Board of Directors also requested that Mr. Okada resign as a director of Wynn Resorts and recommended that Mr. Okada be removed as a member of the board of directors of Wynn Macau, Limited. In addition, on February 18, 2012, Mr. Okada was removed from the board of directors of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts.

Based on the Board of Directors' finding of "unsuitability," on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed and canceled Aruze USA, Inc.'s 24,549,222 shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock. Following a finding of "unsuitability," Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation authorize redemption at "fair value" of the shares held by unsuitable persons. Wynn Resorts engaged an independent financial advisor to assist in the fair value calculation and concluded that a discount to the then current trading price was appropriate because of, among other things, restrictions on most of the shares held by Aruze USA, Inc. under the terms of the Stockholders Agreement (as defined below). Pursuant to the articles of incorporation, Wynn Resorts issued the Redemption Price Promissory Note to Aruze USA, Inc. in redemption of the shares. The Redemption Price Promissory Note has a principal amount of \$1.94 billion, matures on February 18, 2022 and bears interest at the rate of 2% per annum, payable annually in arrears on each anniversary of the date of the Redemption Price Promissory Note. Wynn Resorts may, in its sole and absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time, and without penalty or premium, prepay the whole or any portion of the principal or interest due under the Redemption Price Promissory Note. In no instance shall any payment obligation under the Redemption Price Promissory Note be accelerated except in the sole and absolute discretion of Wynn Resorts or as specifically mandated by law. The indebtedness evidenced by the Redemption Price Promissory Note is and shall be subordinated in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner provided in the Redemption Price Promissory Note, to the prior payment in full of all existing and future obligations of Wynn Resorts or any of its affiliates in respect of indebtedness for borrowed money of any kind or nature.

On February 19, 2012, Wynn Resorts filed a complaint in the District Court of Clark County, Nevada against Mr. Okada, Aruze USA, Inc. and Universal Entertainment Corporation, companies controlled by Mr. Okada (the "Okada Parties"), alleging breaches of fiduciary duty and related claims. Wynn Resorts is seeking compensatory and special damages as well as a declaration that it acted lawfully and in full compliance with its articles of incorporation, bylaws and other governing documents. On March 12, 2012, Aruze USA, Inc. and Universal Entertainment Corporation removed the action to the United States District Court for the District of Nevada. On that same date, Aruze USA, Inc. and Universal Entertainment Corporation filed an answer denying the claims and a counterclaim that purports to assert claims against Wynn Resorts, each of the members of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors (other than Mr. Okada) and a senior executive of Wynn Resorts. Among other relief, the counterclaim seeks a declaration that the redemption of Aruze USA, Inc.'s shares was void, an

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injunction restoring Aruze USA, Inc.'s share ownership, damages in an unspecified amount and rescission of the Stockholders Agreement. Wynn Resorts' claim of February 19, 2012, was removed to federal court by the Okada Parties. On March 29, 2012, Wynn Resorts filed a motion to remand the action to state court and to request an extension to answer. The motion to remand was granted and Wynn Resorts' request for related attorneys' fees is fully briefed and pending. When the Court rules on the pending fee motion, the case will be sent back to the state court, which has determined that this action will be coordinated with Mr. Okada's inspection action (discussed below). The Okada Parties have filed a notice of intent to commence a separate federal securities action for the securities counterclaims previously asserted.

On June 19, 2012, Elaine Wynn responded to Aruze USA's Counterclaim and asserted a cross claim against Steve Wynn and Kazuo Okada seeking a declaration that (1) any and all of Elaine Wynn's duties under the January 2010 Stockholders Agreement (the "Stockholders Agreement") by and among Aruze USA, Steve Wynn, and Elaine Wynn be discharged; (2) the Stockholders Agreement is subject to rescission and is rescinded; (3) the Stockholders Agreement is an unreasonable restraint on alienation in violation of public policy; and/or (4) the restrictions on sale of shares shall be construed as inapplicable to Elaine Wynn. By agreement of the parties, Mr. Wynn's response to the cross claim is due within 14 days once the final order of remand is entered. The indentures for the Wynn Las Vegas, LLC 2022 Notes and Existing Notes (the "Indentures") and the Credit Agreement provide that if Steve Wynn, together with certain related parties, in the aggregate beneficially owns a lesser percentage of the outstanding common stock of Wynn Resorts than are beneficially owned by any other person, a change of control will have occurred. If Elaine Wynn prevails in her cross claim, Steve Wynn would not beneficially own or control Elaine Wynn's shares and a change in control may result under the Company's debt documents. Under the Indentures, the occurrence of a change of control requires that the Company make an offer (unless the notes have been previously called for redemption) to each holder to repurchase all or any part of such holder's Notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes purchased, if any, to the date of repurchase. Under the Wynn Las Vegas Credit Agreement, the occurrence of these same events would constitute a change of control, which would be an event of default and would give the lenders the right to accelerate repayment, and would prevent Wynn Las Vegas from borrowing additional amounts. In addition, if more than \$20,000,000 in borrowings are accelerated under the Credit Agreement, that would trigger an event of default under the Indentures.

On February 24, 2012, the board of directors of Wynn Macau, Limited removed Mr. Kazuo Okada from the board.

Wynn Resorts provided the Freeh Report to applicable regulators and law enforcement agencies and intends to cooperate with any related investigation that such regulators or agencies may undertake. The conduct of the Okada Parties and any resulting regulatory investigations could have adverse consequences to Wynn Resorts and its subsidiaries. A finding by regulatory authorities that Mr. Okada violated anti-corruption statutes and/or other laws or regulations applicable to persons affiliated with a gaming licensee on Wynn Resorts' property and/or otherwise involved Wynn Resorts in criminal or civil violations could result in actions by regulatory authorities against Wynn Resorts. Relatedly, as described below the Salt Lake Regional Office of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has commenced an informal inquiry into, and other regulators could pursue separate investigations into, Wynn Resorts' compliance with applicable laws arising from the allegations in the matters described above and in response to litigation filed by Mr. Okada suggesting improprieties in connection with Wynn Resorts' donation to the University of Macau. While Wynn Resorts believes that it is in full compliance with all applicable laws, any such investigations could result in actions by regulators against Wynn Resorts.

Litigation Commenced by Kazuo Okada and Related Matters

On January 11, 2012, Mr. Okada commenced litigation in the District Court of Clark County, Nevada seeking to compel Wynn Resorts to produce information relating to a donation to the University of Macau, among other things.

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In May 2011, Wynn Macau, a majority owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, made a commitment to the University of Macau Development Foundation in support of the new Asia-Pacific Academy of Economics and Management. This contribution consists of a \$25 million payment made in May 2011 and a commitment for additional donations of \$10 million each year for the calendar years 2012 through 2022 inclusive. The pledge was consistent with Wynn Resorts' long-standing practice of providing philanthropic support for deserving institutions in the markets in which it operates. The pledge was made following an extensive analysis which concluded that the gift was made in accordance with all applicable laws. The pledge was considered by the boards of directors of both Wynn Resorts and Wynn Macau, Limited and approved by 15 of the 16 directors who serve on those boards. The sole dissenting vote was cast by Mr. Kazuo Okada whose stated objection was to the length of time over which the donation would occur, not its propriety.

On February 8, 2012, following Mr. Okada's lawsuit, Wynn Resorts received a letter from the Salt Lake Regional Office of the SEC requesting that, in connection with an informal inquiry by the SEC, Wynn Resorts preserve information relating to the donation to the University of Macau, any donations by Wynn Resorts to any other educational charitable institutions, including the University of Macau Development Foundation, and Wynn Resorts' casino or concession gaming licenses or renewals in Macau. Wynn Resorts is cooperating with the Salt Lake Regional Office staff and intends to fully comply with the SEC's request.

At a hearing on February 9, 2012, the Nevada state court held that, as a director of Wynn Resorts, Mr. Okada had the right to make a reasonable inspection of Wynn Resorts' corporate books and records. Following the hearing, Wynn Resorts released certain documents to Mr. Okada for his inspection. At a subsequent hearing on March 8, 2012, the court considered Mr. Okada's request that Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors make additional documents available to him, and ruled that Mr. Okada was entitled to inspect two additional pages of documents. Wynn Resorts promptly complied with the court's ruling.

On May 25, 2012, Mr. Okada amended his petition to request inspection of additional records. The Nevada state court ordered Mr. Okada to file a supplemental brief addressing how his requests relate to his duties as a director of Wynn Resorts, and Wynn Resorts was to respond by filing a supplemental brief on the reasonableness of Mr. Okada's requests. After Mr. Okada filed his supplemental brief, Wynn Resorts moved to depose Mr. Okada prior to having to file its supplemental brief. At a hearing on June 28, 2012, the state court ordered Mr. Okada to appear for a deposition in Las Vegas, Nevada. The parties are currently scheduling the deposition for a September 2012 date.

Related litigation

Six derivative actions have been commenced against Wynn Resorts and all members of its Board of Directors: four in the United States District Court, District of Nevada, and two in the Eighth Judicial District Court of Clark County, Nevada.

The four pending federal actions have been consolidated: (1) The Louisiana Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System ("LMPERS"), (2) Maryanne Solak, (3) Excavators Union Local 731 Welfare Fund; and (4) Boilermakers Lodge No. 154 Retirement Fund.

The plaintiffs in the federal derivative actions filed a consolidated complaint on August 6, 2012, asserting claims for (1) breach of fiduciary duty; (2) waste of corporate assets; (3) injunctive relief; and (4) unjust enrichment. The claims are against all Wynn Resorts' directors, including Mr. Okada. The federal derivative plaintiffs claim that the individual defendants breached their fiduciary duties and wasted assets by (a) failing to ensure Wynn Resorts' officers and directors complied with federal and state laws and Wynn Resorts' Code of Conduct; (b) voting to allow Wynn Resorts' subsidiary to make the donation to the University of Macau; and (c) redeeming Aruze USA's stock such that Wynn Resorts incurs the debt associated with the redemption. The federal plaintiffs seek unspecified compensatory damages, restitution in the form of disgorgement, reformation of corporate governance procedures, an injunction against all future payments related to the donation/pledge, and all

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fees (attorneys, accountants, and experts) and costs. Per the court's July 5, 2012 Case Management Order, the parties are to confer regarding a deadline for Wynn Resorts and the directors to respond.

The two state court actions have also been consolidated: (1) IBEW Local 98 Pension Fund; and (2) Danny Hinson. Through a coordination of efforts by all parties, the directors and Wynn Resorts (a nominal defendant) have been served in all of the actions.

The plaintiffs in the state derivative actions filed a consolidated complaint on July 20, 2012 asserting claims for (1) breach of fiduciary duty; (2) abuse of control; (3) gross mismanagement; and (4) unjust enrichment. The claims are against all Wynn Resorts directors, including Okada, as well as Wynn Resorts' Chief Financial Officer, who signs financial disclosures filed with the SEC. The state derivative plaintiffs claim that the individual defendants failed to disclose to its shareholders the investigation into, and the dispute with director Okada as well as the potential violations of the FCPA related to, the University of Macau Development Foundation donation. Plaintiffs seek monetary damages (compensatory and punitive), disgorgement, reformation of corporate governance procedures, an order directing Wynn Resorts to internally investigate the donation, as well as attorneys' fees and costs. Wynn Resorts and individual defendants will respond to the consolidated complaint by August 31, 2012.

11. Consolidating Financial Information of Guarantors and Issuers

The following consolidating information relates to the Issuers of the First Mortgage Notes and their guarantor subsidiaries (World Travel, LLC; Las Vegas Jet, LLC; Wynn Show Performers, LLC; Wynn Golf, LLC; Kevyn, LLC; and Wynn Sunrise, LLC) and non-guarantor subsidiary (Wynn Completion Guarantor, LLC) as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

The following condensed consolidating financial statements are presented in the provided form because: (i) the guarantor subsidiaries are wholly owned subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC (an issuer of the First Mortgage Notes), and (ii) the guarantee is joint and several, however the guarantee is not full and unconditional as the guarantees may be released under certain circumstances customary for such arrangements. If the Issuers fail to make a scheduled payment, the guarantor subsidiaries are obligated to make the scheduled payment immediately and, if it does not, any holder of the First Mortgage Notes may immediately bring suit directly against the guarantor subsidiaries for payment of all amounts due and payable.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2012
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 771,928	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 771,928
Receivables, net	139,350	—	—	—	139,350
Inventories	45,990	—	—	—	45,990
Prepaid expenses and other	24,096	50	—	—	24,146
Total current assets	981,364	50	—	—	981,414
Property and equipment, net	3,225,525	194,255	—	—	3,419,780
Intangible assets, net	3,553	6,144	—	—	9,697
Deferred financing costs, net	44,944	—	—	—	44,944
Deposits and other assets	31,398	—	—	973	32,371
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	(24,223)	3,825	—	24,223	3,825
Total assets	\$ 4,262,561	\$ 204,274	\$ —	\$ 25,196	\$ 4,492,031
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ —	\$ 1,050	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,050
Accounts payable	32,308	—	—	—	32,308
Accrued interest	64,848	—	—	—	64,848
Accrued compensation and benefits	48,883	755	—	—	49,638
Gaming taxes payable	11,148	—	—	—	11,148
Other accrued liabilities	20,821	28	—	—	20,849
Customer deposits	87,878	—	—	—	87,878
Due to affiliates, net	(154,733)	200,950	(7,886)	973	39,304
Total current liabilities	111,153	202,783	(7,886)	973	307,023
Long-term debt	3,091,812	33,600	—	—	3,125,412
Due to affiliates, net	134,667	—	—	—	134,667
Other	553	—	—	—	553
Total liabilities	3,338,185	236,383	(7,886)	973	3,567,655
Commitments and contingencies					
Member's equity:					
Contributed capital	1,983,560	12,530	—	(12,530)	1,983,560
Retained earnings (deficit)	(1,059,184)	(44,639)	7,886	36,753	(1,059,184)
Total member's equity	924,376	(32,109)	7,886	24,223	924,376
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 4,262,561	\$ 204,274	\$ —	\$ 25,196	\$ 4,492,031

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 201,394	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 201,399
Receivables, net	140,229	—	—	—	140,229
Inventories	48,907	—	—	—	48,907
Prepaid expenses and other	22,870	182	—	—	23,052
Total current assets	413,400	182	5	—	413,587
Property and equipment, net	3,336,516	192,860	—	—	3,529,376
Intangible assets, net	4,589	6,144	—	—	10,733
Deferred financing costs, net	41,256	—	—	—	41,256
Deposits and other assets	35,913	—	—	557	36,470
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	(22,717)	3,976	—	22,717	3,976
Total assets	\$3,808,957	\$ 203,162	\$ 5	\$ 23,274	\$4,035,398
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 88,375	\$ 1,050	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 89,425
Accounts payable	29,535	—	—	—	29,535
Accrued interest	50,086	—	—	—	50,086
Accrued compensation and benefits	42,135	1,333	—	—	43,468
Gaming taxes payable	11,376	—	—	—	11,376
Other accrued liabilities	23,737	32	—	—	23,769
Customer deposits	104,204	—	—	—	104,204
Due to affiliates, net	(148,662)	197,050	(7,881)	557	41,064
Total current liabilities	200,786	199,465	(7,881)	557	392,927
Long-term debt	2,473,621	34,300	—	—	2,507,921
Due to affiliates, net	124,027	—	—	—	124,027
Other	216	—	—	—	216
Total liabilities	2,798,650	233,765	(7,881)	557	3,025,091
Commitments and contingencies					
Member's equity:					
Contributed capital	1,980,861	12,530	—	(12,530)	1,980,861
Retained earnings (deficit)	(970,554)	(43,133)	7,886	35,247	(970,554)
Total member's equity	1,010,307	(30,603)	7,886	22,717	1,010,307
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$3,808,957	\$ 203,162	\$ 5	\$ 23,274	\$4,035,398

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS INFORMATION
THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
Operating revenues:					
Casino	\$ 98,572	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 98,572
Rooms	96,169	—	—	—	96,169
Food and beverage	138,373	—	—	—	138,373
Entertainment, retail and other	56,440	—	—	(105)	56,335
	<u>389,554</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(105)</u>	<u>389,449</u>
Gross revenues	389,554	—	—	(105)	389,449
Less: promotional allowances	(43,732)	—	—	—	(43,732)
	<u>345,822</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(105)</u>	<u>345,717</u>
Net revenues	345,822	—	—	(105)	345,717
Operating costs and expenses:					
Casino	67,326	—	—	—	67,326
Rooms	32,615	—	—	—	32,615
Food and beverage	79,699	—	—	—	79,699
Entertainment, retail and other	34,456	—	—	—	34,456
General and administrative	58,608	(214)	—	(105)	58,289
Provision for doubtful accounts	(345)	—	—	—	(345)
Management fees	5,189	—	—	—	5,189
Depreciation and amortization	61,831	945	—	—	62,776
Property charges and other	2,174	—	—	—	2,174
	<u>341,553</u>	<u>731</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(105)</u>	<u>342,179</u>
Total operating costs and expenses	341,553	731	—	(105)	342,179
	<u>4,269</u>	<u>(731)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>3,538</u>
Operating income (loss)	4,269	(731)	—	—	3,538
Other income (expense):					
Interest income	359	—	—	—	359
Interest expense	(58,344)	(149)	—	—	(58,493)
Increase in swap fair value	1,291	—	—	—	1,291
Loss on retirement of debt	—	—	—	—	—
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates	(775)	105	—	775	105
	<u>(57,469)</u>	<u>(44)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>775</u>	<u>(56,738)</u>
Other income (expense), net	(57,469)	(44)	—	775	(56,738)
	<u>\$ (53,200)</u>	<u>\$ (775)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 775</u>	<u>\$ (53,200)</u>
Net income (loss)/Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (53,200)	\$ (775)	\$ —	\$ 775	\$ (53,200)

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS INFORMATION
THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
Operating revenues:					
Casino	\$ 158,270	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 158,270
Rooms	91,055	—	—	—	91,055
Food and beverage	125,994	—	—	—	125,994
Entertainment, retail and other	58,787	—	—	(98)	58,689
	<u>434,106</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(98)</u>	<u>434,008</u>
Gross revenues	434,106	—	—	(98)	434,008
Less: promotional allowances	(42,994)	—	—	—	(42,994)
	<u>391,112</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(98)</u>	<u>391,014</u>
Operating costs and expenses:					
Casino	69,712	—	—	—	69,712
Rooms	31,225	—	—	—	31,225
Food and beverage	70,399	—	—	—	70,399
Entertainment, retail and other	36,903	—	—	—	36,903
General and administrative	56,008	(196)	—	(98)	55,714
Provision for doubtful accounts	3,772	—	—	—	3,772
Management fees	5,867	—	—	—	5,867
Depreciation and amortization	65,325	928	—	—	66,253
Property charges and other	2,560	—	—	—	2,560
	<u>341,771</u>	<u>732</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(98)</u>	<u>342,405</u>
Total operating costs and expenses	341,771	732	—	(98)	342,405
	<u>49,341</u>	<u>(732)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>48,609</u>
Operating income (loss)	49,341	(732)	—	—	48,609
Other income (expense):					
Interest income	66	—	—	—	66
Interest expense	(50,166)	(151)	—	—	(50,317)
Increase in swap fair value	27	—	—	—	27
Loss on retirement of debt	—	—	—	—	—
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates	(785)	98	—	785	98
	<u>(50,858)</u>	<u>(53)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>785</u>	<u>(50,126)</u>
Other income (expense), net	(50,858)	(53)	—	785	(50,126)
	<u>\$ (1,517)</u>	<u>\$ (785)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 785</u>	<u>\$ (1,517)</u>
Net income (loss)/Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (1,517)	\$ (785)	\$ —	\$ 785	\$ (1,517)

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS INFORMATION
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
Operating revenues:					
Casino	\$ 256,265	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 256,265
Rooms	183,543	—	—	—	183,543
Food and beverage	247,319	—	—	—	247,319
Entertainment, retail and other	112,868	—	—	(218)	112,650
	<u>799,995</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(218)</u>	<u>799,777</u>
Gross revenues	799,995	—	—	(218)	799,777
Less: promotional allowances	(90,913)	—	—	—	(90,913)
	<u>709,082</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(218)</u>	<u>708,864</u>
Operating costs and expenses:					
Casino	146,256	—	—	—	146,256
Rooms	61,840	—	—	—	61,840
Food and beverage	145,024	—	—	—	145,024
Entertainment, retail and other	71,530	—	—	—	71,530
General and administrative	114,165	(441)	—	(218)	113,506
Provision for doubtful accounts	4,018	—	—	—	4,018
Management fees	10,640	—	—	—	10,640
Depreciation and amortization	124,333	1,861	—	—	126,194
Property charges and other	5,892	—	—	—	5,892
	<u>683,698</u>	<u>1,420</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(218)</u>	<u>684,900</u>
Total operating costs and expenses	683,698	1,420	—	(218)	684,900
Operating income (loss)	<u>25,384</u>	<u>(1,420)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>23,964</u>
Other income (expense):					
Interest income	396	—	—	—	396
Interest expense	(110,336)	(304)	—	—	(110,640)
Increase in swap fair value	2,260	—	—	—	2,260
Loss on retirement of debt	(4,828)	—	—	—	(4,828)
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates	(1,506)	218	—	1,506	218
	<u>(114,014)</u>	<u>(86)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,506</u>	<u>(112,594)</u>
Other income (expense), net	(114,014)	(86)	—	1,506	(112,594)
Net income (loss)/Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (88,630)</u>	<u>\$ (1,506)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,506</u>	<u>\$ (88,630)</u>

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS INFORMATION
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
Operating revenues:					
Casino	\$ 352,515	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 352,515
Rooms	179,011	—	—	—	179,011
Food and beverage	232,134	—	—	—	232,134
Entertainment, retail and other	114,340	—	—	(254)	114,086
	<u>878,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(254)</u>	<u>877,746</u>
Gross revenues	878,000	—	—	(254)	877,746
Less: promotional allowances	(91,695)	—	—	—	(91,695)
	<u>786,305</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(254)</u>	<u>786,051</u>
Operating costs and expenses:					
Casino	154,184	—	—	—	154,184
Rooms	61,023	—	—	—	61,023
Food and beverage	131,507	—	—	—	131,507
Entertainment, retail and other	74,588	—	—	—	74,588
General and administrative	110,594	(332)	—	(254)	110,008
Provision for doubtful accounts	8,524	—	—	—	8,524
Management fees	11,795	—	—	—	11,795
Depreciation and amortization	130,193	1,856	—	—	132,049
Property charges and other	4,590	—	—	—	4,590
	<u>686,998</u>	<u>1,524</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(254)</u>	<u>688,268</u>
Total operating costs and expenses	686,998	1,524	—	(254)	688,268
Operating income (loss)	<u>99,307</u>	<u>(1,524)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>97,783</u>
Other income (expense):					
Interest income	139	—	—	—	139
Interest expense	(100,327)	(300)	—	—	(100,627)
Increase in swap fair value	1,368	—	—	—	1,368
Loss on retirement of debt	—	—	—	—	—
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates	(1,570)	254	—	1,570	254
	<u>(100,390)</u>	<u>(46)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,570</u>	<u>(98,866)</u>
Other income (expense), net	(100,390)	(46)	—	1,570	(98,866)
Net income (loss)/Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (1,083)</u>	<u>\$ (1,570)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,570</u>	<u>\$ (1,083)</u>

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$ (88,630)	\$ (1,506)	\$ —	\$ 1,506	\$ (88,630)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	124,333	1,861	—	—	126,194
Stock-based compensation	2,699	—	—	—	2,699
Loss from retirement of debt	4,828	—	—	—	4,828
Amortization and writeoff of deferred financing costs, and other	6,669	—	—	—	6,669
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	1,506	151	—	(1,506)	151
Provision for doubtful accounts	4,018	—	—	—	4,018
Property charges and other	5,042	—	—	—	5,042
Increase in swap fair value	(2,260)	—	—	—	(2,260)
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:					
Receivables	(3,139)	—	—	—	(3,139)
Inventories and prepaid expenses and other	1,691	132	—	—	1,823
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	8,794	(582)	—	—	8,212
Due to affiliates, net	8,837	(702)	—	—	8,135
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	74,388	(646)	—	—	73,742
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention	(20,183)	(3,256)	—	—	(23,439)
Deposits and other assets	(1,747)	—	—	—	(1,747)
Due to affiliates, net	2,266	4,602	(5)	—	6,863
Proceeds from sale of assets	313	—	—	—	313
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(19,351)	1,346	(5)	—	(18,010)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Principal payments on long-term debt	(370,867)	(700)	—	—	(371,567)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	900,000	—	—	—	900,000
Interest rate swap transactions	(2,368)	—	—	—	(2,368)
Payments of financing costs	(11,268)	—	—	—	(11,268)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	515,497	(700)	—	—	514,797
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	570,534	—	(5)	—	570,529
Balance, beginning of period	201,394	—	5	—	201,399
Balance, end of period	\$ 771,928	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 771,928

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011
(amounts in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,083)	\$ (1,570)	\$ —	\$ 1,570	\$ (1,083)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	130,193	1,856	—	—	132,049
Stock-based compensation	4,424	—	—	—	4,424
Amortization and writeoff of deferred financing costs and other	6,592	—	—	—	6,592
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	1,570	136	—	(1,570)	136
Provision for doubtful accounts	8,524	—	—	—	8,524
Property charges and other	2,701	—	—	—	2,701
Increase in swap fair value	(1,368)	—	—	—	(1,368)
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:					
Receivables	(4,372)	—	—	—	(4,372)
Inventories and prepaid expenses and other	9,081	413	—	—	9,494
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	(14,079)	197	—	—	(13,882)
Due to affiliates, net	(4,135)	(1,457)	—	—	(5,592)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	138,048	(425)	—	—	137,623
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention	(34,758)	—	—	—	(34,758)
Deposits and other assets	(1,603)	—	—	—	(1,603)
Due to affiliates, net	4,307	1,125	—	—	5,432
Proceeds from sale of assets	54	—	—	—	54
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(32,000)	1,125	—	—	(30,875)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Principal payments on long-term debt	(20,055)	(700)	—	—	(20,755)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	—	—	—	—	—
Payments of financing costs	(58)	—	—	—	(58)
Net cash used in financing activities	(20,113)	(700)	—	—	(20,813)
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	85,935	—	—	—	85,935
Balance, beginning of period	52,535	—	5	—	52,540
Balance, end of period	\$138,470	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ —	\$138,475

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Member of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and subsidiaries:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, member's equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2011. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the index at Item 15(a)2. These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and subsidiaries at December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2011, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule referred to above, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Las Vegas, Nevada
February 29, 2012

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(amounts in thousands)

	December 31,	
	2011	2010
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 201,399	\$ 52,540
Receivables, net	140,229	124,814
Inventories	48,907	64,520
Prepaid expenses and other	23,052	21,188
Total current assets	413,587	263,062
Property and equipment, net	3,529,376	3,731,211
Intangible assets, net	10,733	12,804
Deferred financing costs, net	41,256	47,300
Deposits and other assets	36,470	50,070
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	3,976	4,069
Total assets	\$4,035,398	\$4,108,516
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 89,425	\$ 1,050
Accounts payable	29,535	35,837
Accrued interest	50,086	54,083
Accrued compensation and benefits	43,468	39,305
Gaming taxes payable	11,376	9,963
Other accrued liabilities	23,769	17,392
Customer deposits	104,204	93,355
Due to affiliates, net	41,064	28,291
Total current liabilities	392,927	279,276
Long-term debt	2,507,921	2,620,484
Due to affiliates, net	124,027	101,797
Interest rate swap	—	8,457
Other	216	—
Total liabilities	3,025,091	3,010,014
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Member's equity:		
Contributed capital	1,980,861	1,973,424
Accumulated deficit	(970,554)	(874,922)
Total member's equity	1,010,307	1,098,502
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$4,035,398	\$4,108,516

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Operating revenues:			
Casino	\$ 625,207	\$ 534,286	\$ 505,779
Rooms	354,040	308,410	321,150
Food and beverage	454,712	417,240	385,774
Entertainment, retail and other	229,586	214,003	203,399
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Gross revenues	1,663,545	1,473,939	1,416,102
Less: promotional allowances	(181,650)	(177,383)	(185,982)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net revenues	1,481,895	1,296,556	1,230,120
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Operating costs and expenses:			
Casino	298,229	288,263	275,341
Rooms	122,200	119,422	109,246
Food and beverage	264,878	256,234	239,767
Entertainment, retail and other	146,989	145,284	133,824
General and administrative	225,457	237,678	246,776
Provision for doubtful accounts	20,332	15,729	12,438
Management fees	22,229	19,459	18,434
Pre-opening costs	—	2,479	346
Depreciation and amortization	263,639	274,305	313,759
Property charges and other	16,623	19,017	24,468
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total operating costs and expenses	1,380,576	1,377,870	1,374,399
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Operating income (loss)	101,319	(81,314)	(144,279)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Other income (expense):			
Interest income	263	408	67
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	(201,339)	(193,444)	(157,228)
Increase (decrease) in swap fair value	3,829	(4,233)	(4,224)
Loss on extinguishment of debt/exchange offer	—	(70,055)	(3,779)
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates	296	309	(427)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Other income (expense), net	(196,951)	(267,015)	(165,591)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net loss	\$ (95,632)	\$ (348,329)	\$ (309,870)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBER'S EQUITY
(amounts in thousands)

Balance at January 1, 2009	\$ 1,257,563
Net loss	(309,870)
Parent company stock-based compensation	8,370
Contributions from Wynn Resorts, Limited	429,490
	<hr/>
Balance at December 31, 2009	1,385,553
Net loss	(348,329)
Parent company stock-based compensation	11,278
Contributions from Wynn Resorts, Limited	50,000
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Balance at December 31, 2010	1,098,502
Net loss	(95,632)
Parent company stock-based compensation	7,437
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Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 1,010,307
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A WHOLLY OWNED INDIRECT SUBSIDIARY OF WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (95,632)	\$ (348,329)	\$ (309,870)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	263,639	274,305	313,759
Stock-based compensation	7,437	11,278	8,370
Loss from extinguishment of debt	—	64,673	3,779
Amortization and write-offs of deferred financing costs and other	13,822	15,705	19,624
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	93	(309)	794
Provision for doubtful accounts	20,332	15,729	12,438
Property charges and other	14,689	4,068	24,468
(Increase) decrease in swap fair value	(3,829)	4,233	4,224
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:			
Receivables	(35,747)	(29,683)	(25,016)
Inventories and prepaid expenses and other assets	13,237	19,452	180
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,679	41,777	(14,227)
Due to affiliates, net	24,242	31,746	41,879
Net cash provided by operating activities	227,962	104,645	80,402
Cash flows used in investing activities:			
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention	(65,207)	(157,080)	(245,040)
Deposits and other assets	(2,348)	(4,796)	4,278
Due to affiliates, net	13,728	3,597	(8,468)
Proceeds from sale of assets	255	218	42
Net cash used in investing activities	(53,572)	(158,061)	(249,188)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Principal payments on long-term debt	(25,473)	(1,933,238)	(929,909)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	—	1,995,686	649,481
Capital contribution from the Parent	—	50,000	412,951
Payments of deferred financing costs	(58)	(72,846)	(20,698)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(25,531)	39,602	111,825
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	148,859	(13,814)	(56,961)
Balance, beginning of year	52,540	66,354	123,315
Balance, end of year	\$ 201,399	\$ 52,540	\$ 66,354
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:			
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 197,949	\$ 147,542	\$ 138,787
Change in construction payables and retention	(3,479)	(9,599)	(183,842)
Capitalized stock-based compensation	512	525	524
Capital contribution from Parent	—	—	16,539

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Organization

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC was formed on April 17, 2001 as a Nevada limited liability company. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to the “Company” refer to Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company and its consolidated subsidiaries. The sole member of the Company is Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC (“Holdings”). The sole member of Holdings is Wynn Resorts, Limited (“Wynn Resorts”). The Company was organized primarily to construct and operate “Wynn Las Vegas,” a destination resort and casino on the “Strip” in Las Vegas, Nevada. Wynn Las Vegas opened on April 28, 2005. On December 22, 2008, the Company expanded Wynn Las Vegas with the opening of Encore at Wynn Las Vegas (“Encore”).

Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (“Wynn Capital”) is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company incorporated on June 3, 2002, solely for the purpose of obtaining financing for Wynn Las Vegas. Wynn Capital is authorized to issue 2,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01. At December 31, 2011, the Company owned the one share that was issued and outstanding. Wynn Capital has neither any significant net assets nor has had any operating activity. Its sole function is to serve as the co-issuer of the mortgage notes described below. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Capital together are hereinafter referred to as the “Issuers”.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Company’s investment in the 50%-owned joint venture operating the Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership inside Wynn Las Vegas is accounted for under the equity method. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of highly liquid investments with purchase maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Accounts Receivable and Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of casino accounts receivable. The Company issues credit in the form of “markers” to approved casino customers following investigations of creditworthiness. At December 31, 2011 and 2010, approximately 76% and 75%, respectively, of the Company’s markers were due from customers residing outside the United States, primarily in Asia. Business or economic conditions or other significant events in these countries could affect the collectibility of such receivables.

Accounts receivable, including casino and hotel receivables, are typically non-interest bearing and are initially recorded at cost. Accounts are written off when management deems them to be uncollectible. Recoveries

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

of accounts previously written off are recorded when received. An estimated allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained to reduce the Company's receivables to their carrying amount, which approximates fair value. The allowance is estimated based on specific review of customer accounts as well as management's experience with collection trends in the casino industry and current economic and business conditions.

Inventories

Inventories consist of retail merchandise, food and beverage items, which are stated at the lower of cost or market value, and certain operating supplies. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out, average and specific identification methods.

Property and Equipment

Purchases of property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10 to 45 years
Land improvements	10 to 45 years
Airplane	20 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 20 years

Costs related to improvements are capitalized, while costs of building repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. The cost and accumulated depreciation of property and equipment retired or otherwise disposed of are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in operating income (loss).

Capitalized Interest

The interest cost associated with major development and construction projects is capitalized and included in the cost of the project. Interest capitalization ceases once a project is substantially complete or no longer undergoing construction activities to prepare it for its intended use. When no debt is specifically identified as being incurred in connection with a construction project, the Company capitalizes interest on amounts expended on the project at the Company's weighted average cost of borrowed money. No interest was capitalized for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2009. Interest of \$0.6 million was capitalized for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Intangibles

The Company's indefinite-lived intangible assets consist primarily of water rights acquired as part of the overall purchase price of the land on which Wynn Las Vegas is located, and trademarks. Indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized, but are reviewed annually for impairment. The Company's finite-lived intangible assets consist of show production rights. Finite-lived intangible assets are amortized over the shorter of their contractual terms or estimated useful lives.

Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, which are not to be disposed of, including intangibles and property and equipment, are periodically reviewed by management for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. For assets to be held and used, the Company reviews these assets for impairment whenever indicators of impairment exist. If an indicator of impairment exists, the Company compares the estimated future cash flows of the asset, on an undiscounted basis, to the carrying value

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

of the asset. If the undiscounted cash flows exceed the carrying value, no impairment is indicated. If the undiscounted cash flows do not exceed the carrying value, then impairment is measured as the difference between fair value and carrying value, with fair value typically based on a discounted cash flow model. If an asset is still under development, future cash flows include remaining construction costs.

Deferred Financing Costs

Direct and incremental costs incurred in obtaining loans or in connection with the issuance of long-term debt are capitalized and amortized to interest expense over the terms of the related debt agreements. Approximately \$6.1 million, \$7.7 million and \$9.3 million, was amortized to interest expense during the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Debt discounts incurred in connection with the issuance of debt have been capitalized and are being amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company seeks to manage its market risk, including interest rate risk associated with variable rate borrowings, through balancing fixed-rate and variable-rate borrowings with the use of derivative financial instruments. The fair value of derivative financial instruments are recognized as assets or liabilities at each balance sheet date, with changes in fair value affecting net income (loss) or comprehensive income (loss) as applicable. The Company's interest rate swaps do not qualify for hedge accounting. Accordingly, changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps are presented as an increase (decrease) in fair value of swaps in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Revenue Recognition and Promotional Allowances

The Company recognizes revenues at the time persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the service is provided or the retail goods are sold, prices are fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

Casino revenues are measured by the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses, with liabilities recognized for funds deposited by customers before gaming play occurs and for chips in the customers' possession. Hotel, food and beverage, entertainment and other operating revenues are recognized when services are performed. Entertainment, retail, and other revenue include rental income which is recognized on a time proportion basis over the lease terms. Contingent rental income is recognized when the right to receive such rental income is established according to the lease agreements. Advance deposits on rooms and advance ticket sales are recorded as customer deposits until services are provided to the customer.

Revenues are recognized net of certain sales incentives which are required to be recorded as a reduction of revenues; consequently, the Company's casino revenues are reduced by discounts and points earned in the player's club loyalty program.

The retail value of accommodations, food and beverage, and other services furnished to guests without charge is included in gross revenues and then deducted as promotional allowances. The estimated cost of providing such promotional allowances is primarily included in casino expenses as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Rooms	\$ 36,160	\$ 40,911	\$ 45,890
Food and beverage	57,420	59,111	60,550
Entertainment, retail and other	15,231	19,515	12,014
Total	\$108,811	\$119,537	\$118,454

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Self-Insurance Reserves

The Company is self-insured up to certain limits for costs of employee health coverage (fully insured for employee health coverage beginning January 1, 2012), workers' compensation and general liability claims. Insurance claims and reserves include accruals of estimated settlements for known claims, as well as accruals of estimates for claims incurred but not yet reported. In estimating these accruals, the Company considers historical loss experience and makes judgments about the expected level of costs per claim. Management believes the estimates of future liability are reasonable based upon its methodology; however, changes in health care costs, accident frequency and severity could materially affect the estimate for these liabilities.

Customer Loyalty Program

The Company offers a slot club program whereby customers may earn points based on their level of play that may be redeemed for free credit that must be replayed in the slot machine. The Company accrues a liability based on the points earned times the redemption value, less an estimate for breakage, and records a related reduction in casino revenue.

Slot Machine Jackpots

With respect to base and progressive jackpots, the Company does not accrue a liability when it has the ability to avoid payment of the base jackpot because the machine can legally be removed from the gaming floor without payment of the base amount. Conversely, if the Company is unable to avoid payment of the jackpot (i.e. the incremental amount on a progressive machine) due to legal requirements, the jackpot is accrued as the obligation becomes unavoidable. This liability is accrued over the time period in which the incremental progressive jackpot amount is generated with a related reduction in casino revenue. No liability is accrued with respect to the base jackpot.

Gaming Taxes

The Company is subject to taxes based on gross gaming revenue in the jurisdictions in which it operates, subject to applicable jurisdictional adjustments. These gaming taxes are an assessment on the Company's gaming revenue and are recorded as an expense within the "Casino" line item in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. These taxes totaled \$43.9 million, \$37.7 million and \$36.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs the first time the advertising takes place. Advertising costs incurred in development periods are included in pre-opening costs. Once a project is completed, advertising costs are included in general and administrative expenses. Total advertising costs were \$16.3 million, \$14.7 million and \$17.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Pre-Opening Costs

Pre-opening costs, consisting primarily of direct salaries and wages, legal and consulting fees, insurance, utilities and advertising, are expensed as incurred. The Company incurred pre-opening costs in connection with the Encore Beach Club and Surrender Nightclub prior to their opening in May 2010.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Income Taxes

The Company is organized as a limited liability company with one member. As a limited liability company, the Company is considered a flow-through entity for U.S. income tax purposes resulting in its owner being obligated for any taxes resulting from its operations. Accordingly, no provision has been made for federal income taxes as such taxes are the responsibility of its owner.

Wynn Resorts' Equity Instruments Issued to Employees

Accounting standards require an entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award and recognize that cost over the service period. The Company uses the Black-Scholes valuation model to determine the estimated fair value for each option grant issued. The Black-Scholes determined fair value net of estimated forfeitures is amortized as compensation cost on a straight line basis over the service period.

Further information on the Company's stock-based compensation arrangements is included in Note 11 "Benefit Plans—Stock-Based Compensation".

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued an accounting standards update that is intended to align the principles for fair value measurements and the related disclosure requirements under GAAP and IFRS. From a GAAP perspective, the updates are largely clarifications and certain additional disclosures. The effective date for this update is for years, and the interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. This update is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued an accounting standards update that will require items of net income, items of other comprehensive income ("OCI") and total comprehensive income to be presented in one continuous statement or two separate but consecutive statements. This will make the presentation of items within OCI more prominent. Companies will no longer be allowed to present OCI in the statement of stockholders' equity. The effective date for this update is for years, and the interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011.

3. Receivables, net

Receivables, net consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2011	2010
Casino	\$175,984	\$166,701
Hotel	19,738	14,561
Retail leases and other	20,799	14,628
	216,521	195,890
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(76,292)	(71,076)
	<u>\$140,229</u>	<u>\$124,814</u>

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

4. Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2011	2010
Land and improvements	\$ 717,156	\$ 719,753
Buildings and improvements	2,617,523	2,591,246
Airplane	44,364	44,349
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,350,525	1,347,601
Construction in progress	6,368	19,281
	4,735,936	4,722,230
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,206,560)	(991,019)
	\$ 3,529,376	\$ 3,731,211

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 was \$257.8 million, \$266 million and \$300.8 million, respectively. The decrease from 2009 to 2010 is primarily due to assets with a 5-year life at Wynn Las Vegas being fully depreciated as of April 2010.

5. Intangibles, net

Intangibles, net consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	Show Production Rights	Water Rights	Trademarks	Total Intangibles, Net
January 1, 2010	\$ 7,076	\$ 6,400	\$ 1,399	\$ 14,875
Amortization	(2,071)	—	—	(2,071)
	5,005	6,400	1,399	12,804
December 31, 2010	5,005	6,400	1,399	12,804
Amortization	(2,071)	—	—	(2,071)
	2,934	6,400	1,399	10,733
December 31, 2011	\$ 2,934	\$ 6,400	\$ 1,399	\$ 10,733

Show production rights represent the amounts paid to purchase the rights to present the “Le Rêve” production show. The Company expects that amortization of show production rights will be \$2.1 million for 2012, and \$0.8 million for 2013.

Water rights reflect the fair value allocation determined in the purchase of the property on which Wynn Las Vegas is located in April 2000. The value of the trademarks primarily represents the costs to acquire the “Le Rêve” name. The water rights and trademarks are indefinite-lived assets and, accordingly, not amortized.

6. Deposits and Other Assets

Deposits and other assets consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2011	2010
Entertainment production costs	\$ 2,196	\$ 6,849
Base stock	17,705	20,082
Deposits and other	16,569	23,139
	\$ 36,470	\$ 50,070

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

7. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2011	2010
7 ⁷ / ₈ % First Mortgage Notes, due November 1, 2017, net of original issue discount of \$8,578 at December 31, 2011 and \$9,678 at December 31, 2010	\$ 491,422	\$ 490,322
7 ⁷ / ₈ % First Mortgage Notes, due May 1, 2020, net of original issue discount of \$2,303 at December 31, 2011 and \$2,489 at December 31, 2010	349,707	349,521
7 ³ / ₄ % First Mortgage Notes, due August 15, 2020	1,320,000	1,320,000
Revolving Credit Facility, due July 15, 2013; interest at LIBOR plus 3.0%	—	3,868
Revolving Credit Facility, due July 17, 2015; interest at LIBOR plus 3.0%	—	16,187
Term Loan Facility, due August 15, 2013; interest at LIBOR plus 1.875%	40,262	44,281
Term Loan Facility, due August 17, 2015; interest at LIBOR plus 3.0%	330,605	330,605
\$42 million Note Payable due April 1, 2017; interest at LIBOR plus 1.25%	35,350	36,750
Payable to Affiliate	30,000	30,000
	2,597,346	2,621,534
Current portion of long-term debt	(89,425)	(1,050)
	\$2,507,921	\$ 2,620,484

7⁷/₈% First Mortgage Notes due 2017

In October 2009, the Issuers issued, in a private offering, \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 7⁷/₈% first mortgage notes due November 1, 2017 (the “2017 Notes”) at a price of 97.823% of the principal amount. The Company pays interest on the 2017 Notes on May 1st and November 1st of each year. Commencing November 1, 2013, the 2017 Notes are redeemable at the Company’s option at a price equal to 103.938% of the principal amount redeemed and the premium over the principal amount declines ratably on November 1st of each year thereafter to zero on or after November 1, 2015. The 2017 Notes are senior secured obligations of the Issuers, guaranteed by certain of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC’s subsidiaries and secured by a first priority lien on substantially all of the existing and future assets of the Issuers and guarantors, and a first priority lien on the equity interests of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, all of which is the same collateral that secures borrowings under Wynn Las Vegas, LLC’s credit facilities. The indenture governing the 2017 Notes contains customary negative covenants and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, negative covenants that restrict Wynn Las Vegas, LLC’s ability to: pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets or create dividend and other payment restriction affecting subsidiaries.

7⁷/₈% First Mortgage Notes due 2020

In April 2010, the Issuers issued, in a private offering, \$352 million aggregate principal amount of 7⁷/₈% first mortgage notes due May 1, 2020 (the “2020 Notes”). The 2020 Notes were issued pursuant to an exchange offer for previously issued notes that were to mature in December 2014. The Company pays interest on the 2020 Notes on May 1st and November 1st of each year. Commencing May 1, 2015, the 2020 Notes are redeemable at the Company’s option at a price equal to 103.938% of the principal amount redeemed and the premium over the principal amount declines ratably on May 1st of each year thereafter to zero on or after May 1, 2018. The 2020 Notes rank pari passu in right of payment with borrowings under Wynn Las Vegas, LLC’s credit

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

facilities and 2017 Notes. The 2020 Notes are senior secured obligations of the Issuers, guaranteed by certain of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's subsidiaries and secured by a first priority lien on substantially all of the existing and future assets of the Issuers and guarantors, and a first priority lien on the equity interests of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, all of which is the same collateral that secures borrowings under Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's credit facilities and the 2017 Notes. The indenture governing the 2020 Notes contains customary negative covenants and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, negative covenants that restrict Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's ability to: pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets or create dividend and other payment restriction affecting subsidiaries.

7³/₄% First Mortgage Notes

In August 2010, the Issuers issued \$1.32 billion aggregate principal amount of 7³/₄% first mortgage notes due August 15, 2020 (the "New 2020 Notes"). The New 2020 Notes were issued at par. The New 2020 Notes refinanced the Company's previous note issue that was to mature in December 2014. The Company pays interest on the New 2020 Notes on February 15th and August 15th of each year. Commencing August 15, 2015, the New 2020 Notes are redeemable at the Company's option at a price equal to 103.875% of the principal amount redeemed and the premium over the principal amount declines ratably on August 15th of each year thereafter to zero on or after August 15, 2018. The New 2020 Notes rank pari passu in right of payment with borrowings under Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's credit facilities, the 2017 Notes and the 2020 Notes. The New 2020 Notes are senior secured obligations of the Issuers, guaranteed by certain of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's subsidiaries and secured on an equal and ratable basis (with certain exceptions) by a first priority lien on substantially all of the existing and future assets of the Issuers and guarantors, and a first priority lien on the equity interests of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, all of which is the same collateral that secures borrowings under Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's credit facilities, the 2017 Notes and the 2020 Notes. The indenture governing the New 2020 Notes contains customary negative covenants and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, negative covenants that restrict Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's ability to: pay dividends or distributions or repurchase equity; incur additional debt; make investments; create liens on assets to secure debt; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; merge or consolidate with another company; transfer and sell assets or create dividend and other payment restriction affecting subsidiaries.

Credit Facilities

As of December 31, 2011, the Wynn Las Vegas Amended and Restated Credit Agreement consisted of a \$108.5 million revolving credit facility due July 2013, a \$258.4 million revolving credit facility due July 2015 (together the "Revolver"), a fully drawn \$40.3 million term loan facility due August 2013 and a fully drawn \$330.6 million term loan facility due August 2015 (together the "Term Loan"). The Revolver and the Term Loan are together referred to as the "Credit Facilities." During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company repaid \$20.1 million of borrowings under the Revolver and \$4 million under the Term Loan. As of December 31, 2011, the Term Loan was fully drawn and we had no borrowings outstanding under the Revolver. The Company also had \$15.8 million of outstanding letters of credit that reduce its availability under the Revolver. The Company had availability of \$351.1 million under the Revolver as of December 31, 2011.

Loans under the Credit Facilities bear interest at fluctuating rates, based on LIBOR or an alternative base rate, plus an applicable margin. As of December 31, 2011, the applicable margin for LIBOR loans under the Revolver and the Term Loan due August 17, 2015 was 3.0%, and the applicable margin for LIBOR loans under the Term Loan due August 15, 2013 was 1.875%. Base Rate Loans bear interest at (a) the greatest of (i) the rate most recently announced by Deutsche Bank as its "prime rate," (ii) the Federal Funds Rate plus 1/2 of 1% per

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

annum, and (iii) in the case of a Revolver loan the one month Eurodollar rate; plus (b) a borrowing margin of 2.0% for Revolver loans and 0.875% for Term Loans. Interest on Base Rate Loans will be payable quarterly in arrears. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC also pays, quarterly in arrears, 1.0% per annum on the daily average of unborrowed amounts under the Revolver.

The Credit Facilities are obligations of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, guaranteed by each of the subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, other than Wynn Completion Guarantor, LLC. Subject to an Intercreditor agreement, and certain exceptions, the obligations of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and each of the guarantors under the Credit Facilities are secured by: (1) a first priority pledge of all member's interests owned by Wynn Las Vegas, LLC in its subsidiaries (other than Wynn Completion Guarantor, LLC) and Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC's 100% member's interest in Wynn Las Vegas, LLC; (2) first mortgages on all real property constituting Wynn Las Vegas, its golf course and Encore at Wynn Las Vegas; and (3) a first priority security interest in substantially all other existing and future assets of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and the guarantors, excluding an aircraft beneficially owned by World Travel, LLC.

The obligations of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and the guarantors under the Credit Facilities rank equal in right of payment with their existing and future senior indebtedness, including indebtedness with respect to the 2017 Notes the 2020 Notes and the New 2020 Notes and ranks senior in right of payment to all of their existing and future subordinated indebtedness.

In addition to scheduled amortization payments, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC is required to make mandatory prepayments of indebtedness under the Credit Facilities from the net proceeds of all debt offerings (other than those constituting certain permitted debt). Wynn Las Vegas, LLC is also required to make mandatory repayments of indebtedness under the Credit Facilities from specified percentages of excess cash flow, which percentages may decrease and/or be eliminated based on Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's leverage ratio. For 2012, the Company expects to make a mandatory repayment of approximately \$88 million in March pursuant to this provision of the Credit Facilities. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC has the option to prepay all or any portion of the indebtedness under the Credit Facilities at any time without premium or penalty.

The Credit Facilities contain customary negative covenants and financial covenants, including negative covenants that restrict Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's ability to: incur additional indebtedness, including guarantees; create, incur, assume or permit to exist liens on property and assets; declare or pay dividends and make distributions or restrict the ability of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's subsidiaries to pay dividends and make distributions; engage in mergers, investments and acquisitions; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; execute modifications to material contracts; engage in sales of assets; make capital expenditures; and make optional prepayments of certain indebtedness. The financial covenants include maintaining a Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio, as defined, not less than 1.00 to 1 as of December 31, 2011. Management believes that the Company was in compliance with all covenants at December 31, 2011. The Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio remains at 1.00 to 1 through June 2013.

\$42 Million Note Payable for Aircraft

On March 30, 2007, World Travel, LLC, a subsidiary of Wynn Las Vegas, entered into a loan agreement with a principal balance of \$42 million. The loan is guaranteed by Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and secured by a first priority security interest in the Company's aircraft. Principal payments of \$350,000 plus interest are made quarterly with a balloon payment of \$28 million due at maturity, April 1, 2017. Interest is calculated at 90-day LIBOR plus 125 basis points.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Fair Value of Long-term Debt

The net book value of the first mortgage notes was \$2.2 billion at both December 31, 2011 and 2010. The estimated fair value of the first mortgage notes based upon most recent trades at December 31, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$2.4 billion and \$2.3 billion, respectively. The net book value of the Company's other debt instruments was \$406.2 million and the fair value of such debt was approximately \$400 million as of December 31, 2011.

Scheduled Maturities of Long-Term Debt

Scheduled maturities of long-term debt including the accretion of debt discounts of \$10.9 million are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Years Ending December 31,	
2012	\$ 89,425
2013	32,069
2014	1,400
2015	253,223
2016	1,400
Thereafter	2,230,710
	<hr/>
	\$ 2,608,227

8. Interest Rate Swap

The Company has entered into floating-for-fixed interest rate swap arrangements in order to manage interest rate risk relating to certain of its debt facilities. These interest rate swap agreements modify the Company's exposure to interest rate risk by converting a portion of the Company's floating-rate debt to a fixed rate. These interest rate swaps essentially fix the interest rate at the percentages noted below; however, changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps for each reporting period have been recorded in the increase/decrease in swap fair value in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations, as the interest rate swaps do not qualify for hedge accounting.

The Company measures the fair value of its interest rate swaps on a recurring basis pursuant to accounting standards for fair value measurements. These standards establish a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The Company categorizes its swap contract as Level 2.

The Company currently has one interest rate swap agreement to hedge a portion of the underlying interest rate risk on borrowings under the Credit Facilities. Under this swap agreement, the Company pays a fixed interest rate of 2.485% on borrowings of \$250 million incurred under the Credit Facilities in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable LIBOR at the time of payment. This interest rate swap fixes the interest rate on \$250 million of borrowings at approximately 5.485%. This interest rate swap agreement matures in November 2012. As of December 31, 2011, the fair value of this interest rate swap was a liability of \$4.6 million and is recorded in current other accrued liabilities. As of December 31, 2010, the fair value of this interest rate swap was \$8.5 million.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

9. Related Party Transactions, net

Amounts Due to Affiliates, net

As of December 31, 2011, the Company's current Due to Affiliates, net was comprised of construction payables of \$8.4 million, construction retention of \$1.7 million and other net amounts due to affiliates totaling \$31 million (including corporate allocations discussed below). The long-term Due to Affiliates is management fees of \$124 million (equal to 1.5% of net revenues and payable upon meeting certain leverage ratios as specified in the documents governing the Credit Facilities and the First Mortgage Notes indentures).

As of December 31, 2010, the Company's current Due to Affiliates, net was comprised of construction payables of \$10.3 million, construction retention of \$3.3 million and other net amounts due to affiliates totaling \$14.7 million (including corporate allocations discussed below). The long-term Due to Affiliates is management fees of \$101.8 million (equal to 1.5% of net revenues and payable upon meeting certain leverage ratios as specified in the documents governing the Credit Facilities and the First Mortgage Notes indentures).

The Company periodically settles amounts Due to Affiliates with cash receipts and payments, except for the management fee, which is payable upon meeting certain leverage ratios specified in the documents governing the Credit Facilities and the First Mortgage Notes indenture.

Corporate Allocations

The accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations include allocations from Wynn Resorts for legal, accounting, human resource, information services, real estate, and other corporate support services. The corporate support service allocations have been determined on a basis that Wynn Resorts and the Company consider to be reasonable estimates of the utilization of service provided or the benefit received by the Company. Wynn Resorts maintains corporate offices at Wynn Las Vegas without charge from the Company. Through September 30, 2008, the Company settled these corporate allocation charges with Wynn Resorts on a periodic basis as discussed in "Amounts Due to Affiliates, net" above. Beginning with the fourth quarter of 2008 and ending with the third quarter of 2009, the Company was unable to and did not intend to settle this corporate allocation and accordingly, such allocations were recorded as a contribution to equity from Wynn Resorts. During the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, \$28.6 million, \$25.9 million, and \$25 million, respectively, was charged to the Company for such corporate allocations.

Amounts due to Officers, net

The Company periodically provides services to Stephen A. Wynn, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and one of the principal stockholders of Wynn Resorts ("Mr. Wynn"), and certain other executive officers and directors of Wynn Resorts. These services include household services, construction work and other personal services. The cost of these services is transferred to Wynn Resorts, Limited on a periodic basis. Mr. Wynn and these other officers and directors have amounts on deposit with Wynn Resorts to prepay any such items, which are replenished on an ongoing basis as needed.

Villa Suite Lease

On March 17, 2010, Elaine P. Wynn, a director of Wynn Resorts, and Wynn Las Vegas entered into an Agreement of Lease (the "EW Lease") for the lease of a villa suite as Elaine P. Wynn's personal residence. The EW Lease was approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company. The term of the lease commenced as of March 1, 2010 and terminated December 31, 2010. The lease was on a month-to-month

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

basis. Pursuant to the terms of the EW Lease, Elaine P. Wynn paid annual rent equal to \$350,000 which amount was determined by the Audit Committee with the assistance of a third-party appraisal. Certain services for, and maintenance of, the villa suite were included in the rental. The lease was extended on a month-to-month basis after December 31, 2010 until terminated effective March 31, 2011.

On March 18, 2010, Mr. Wynn and Wynn Las Vegas entered into an Amended and Restated Agreement of Lease (the “SW Lease”) for a villa suite to serve as Mr. Wynn’s personal residence. The SW Lease amends and restates a prior lease. The SW Lease was approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company. The term of the SW Lease commenced as of March 1, 2010 and runs concurrent with Mr. Wynn’s employment agreement with the Company; provided that either party may terminate on 90 days notice. Pursuant to the SW Lease, the rental value of the villa suite will be treated as imputed income to Mr. Wynn, and will be equal to the fair market value of the accommodations provided. Effective March 1, 2010, and for the first two years of the term of the SW Lease, the rental value will be \$503,831 per year. Effective March 1, 2012, the rental value will be \$440,000 per year based on the current fair market value as established by the Audit Committee of the Company with the assistance of an independent third-party appraisal. The rental value for the villa suite will be re-determined every two years during the term of the lease by the Audit Committee, with the assistance of an independent third-party appraisal. Certain services for, and maintenance of, the villa suite are included in the rental.

The “Wynn” Surname Rights Agreement

On August 6, 2004, Holdings entered into agreements with Mr. Wynn that confirm and clarify Holding’s rights to use the “Wynn” name and Mr. Wynn’s persona in connection with casino resorts. Under the parties’ Surname Rights Agreement, Mr. Wynn granted Holdings an exclusive, fully paid-up, perpetual, worldwide license to use, and to own and register trademarks and service marks incorporating the “Wynn” name for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the right to sublicense the name and marks to its affiliates. Under the parties’ Rights of Publicity License, Mr. Wynn granted Holdings the exclusive, royalty-free, worldwide right to use his full name, persona and related rights of publicity for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the ability to sublicense the persona and publicity rights to its affiliates, until October 24, 2017. Holdings has sub-licensed rights to the “Wynn” name, persona and marks to the Company.

10. Property Charges and Other

Property charges and other for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, were \$16.6 million, \$19 million and \$24.5 million, respectively. In response to the Company’s evaluation of its resort and the reactions of its guests, the Company makes enhancements and refinements to the resort. Costs relating to assets retired as a result of these enhancement and remodel efforts have been expensed as property charges.

Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2011 include the write off of certain off-site golf memberships by Wynn Las Vegas, miscellaneous renovations and abandonments, including modifications of the Encore retail esplanade, closure of the Blush nightclub and the write off of certain costs related to a show that ended its run in Las Vegas in April 2011.

Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2010 include a contract termination payment of \$14.9 million related to a management contract for certain of the nightclubs at Wynn Las Vegas as well as miscellaneous renovations, abandonments and gain/loss on sale of equipment .

Property charges and other for the year ended December 31, 2009 include a \$16.7 million charge for the abandonment of the front porte-cochere at Encore to make way for the Encore Beach Club, a \$5.3 million charge for the write-off of two aircraft deposits, and \$2.5 million related to miscellaneous remodels, abandonments and loss on sale of equipment.

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

11. Benefit Plans*Employee Savings Plan*

Wynn Resorts established a retirement savings plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code covering its non-union employees in July 2000. The plan allows employees to defer, within prescribed limits, a percentage of their income on a pre-tax basis through contributions to this plan. The Company matched the contributions, within prescribed limits, with an amount equal to 100% of the participant's initial 2% tax deferred contribution and 50% of the tax deferred contribution between 2% and 4% of the participant's compensation. Effective March 16, 2009, the Company suspended matching contributions to this plan. No amounts were expensed during the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010. The Company recorded an expense for matching contributions of \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Multi-employer pension plan

Wynn Las Vegas contributes to a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan for certain of its union employees under the terms of the Southern Nevada Culinary and Bartenders Union collective-bargaining agreement. The collective-bargaining agreement that covers these union-represented employees expires in 2016. The legal name of the multi-employer pension plan is the Southern Nevada Culinary and Bartenders Pension Plan (the "Plan") (EIN: 88-6016617 Plan Number: 001). The Company recorded an expense of \$7.6 million, \$6.8 million and \$6.2 million for contributions to the Plan for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. For the 2010 plan year, the most recent for which plan data is available, the Company's contributions were identified by the Plan to exceed 5% of total contributions for that year. Based on the information we received from the Plan, it was certified to be in neither endangered nor critical status for the 2010 plan year. Risks of participating in a multi-employer plan differs from single-employer plans for the following reasons: (1) assets contributed to a multi-employer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers; (2) if a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers; and (3) if a participating employer stops participating, it may be required to pay those plans an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as a withdrawal liability.

Stock-Based Compensation

Wynn Resorts established the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Stock Plan") which provides for the grant of (i) Incentive Stock Options, (ii) compensatory (i.e. nonqualified) stock options, and (iii) nonvested shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock for employees, directors and independent contractors or consultants of Wynn Resorts and its subsidiaries, including the Company. However, only employees are eligible to receive incentive stock options.

The total compensation cost relating both to stock options and nonvested stock for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 is allocated as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Casino	\$4,165	\$ 6,162	\$4,347
Rooms	293	366	374
Food and beverage	429	301	306
Entertainment, retail and other	24	87	16
General and administrative	2,526	4,362	3,327
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$7,437	\$11,278	\$8,370

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

12. Commitments and Contingencies*Leases and other arrangements*

The Company is the lessor under several retail leases and has entered into license and distribution agreements for additional retail outlets. The Company also is a party to joint venture agreements for the operation of one other retail outlet and the Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership at Wynn Las Vegas.

The following represents the future minimum rentals to be received under the operating leases (amounts in thousands):

<u>Years Ending December 31,</u>	
2012	\$ 3,283
2013	2,535
2014	2,287
2015	1,366
2016	1,168
Thereafter	1,165
	<hr/>
	\$ 11,804

In addition, the Company is the lessee under leases for certain land, buildings and office equipment. At December 31, 2011, the Company was obligated under non-cancellable operating leases, to make future minimum lease payments as follows (amounts in thousands):

<u>Years Ending December 31,</u>	
2012	\$ 2,076
2013	1,782
2014	1,740
2015	1,271
2016	1,224
Thereafter	2,821
	<hr/>
	\$ 10,914

Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 was \$16.2 million, \$16.1 million and \$8.0 million, respectively.

Self-insurance

The Company is covered under a self-insured medical plan up to a maximum of \$300,000 per year for each insured person. Amounts in excess of these thresholds are covered by the Company's insurance programs, subject to customary policy limits. Beginning January 2012, the medical plan covering employees of the Company's domestic subsidiaries will be fully insured.

Employment Agreements

The Company has entered into employment agreements with several executive officers, other members of management and certain key employees. These agreements generally have three-to five-year terms and typically indicate a base salary and often contain provisions for discretionary bonuses. Certain of the executives are also

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

entitled to a separation payment if terminated without “cause” or upon voluntary termination of employment for “good reason” following a “change of control” (as these terms are defined in the employment contracts).

Litigation

The Company does not have any material litigation as of December 31, 2011.

Sales and Use Tax on Complimentary Meals

In March 2008, the Nevada Supreme Court ruled, in the matter captioned *Sparks Nugget, Inc. vs. The State of Nevada Ex Rel. Department of Taxation*, that food and non-alcoholic beverages purchased for use in providing complimentary meals to customers and to employees was exempt from sales and use tax. In July 2008, the Court denied the State’s motion for rehearing. Through April 2008, Wynn Las Vegas paid use tax on these items and has filed for refunds for the periods from April 2005 to April 2008. The amount subject to these refunds is \$5.4 million.

In January 2012, the Nevada Tax Commission upheld the decision of an Administrative Law Judge (“ALJ”) who ruled that complimentary meals provided to patrons and employees of a Nevada casino operator were retail sales subject to sales tax. The ruling of the ALJ further held that the use tax already paid on such items and sought as refunds should be credited against the sales tax due. Furthermore, the ALJ held that the Nevada Department of Taxation could not assess additional taxes, penalties or interest because its regulations and policies at the time only required the payment of use tax on such complimentary meals. The Company expects that the Nevada Tax Commission ruling will be appealed through the Nevada courts. As of December 31, 2011, the Company has neither recorded a receivable associated with its \$5.4 million refund claim nor any sales tax liability for complimentary meals provided to customers and employees.

13. Member’s Equity

During the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, Wynn Resorts made cash capital contributions to the Company totaling \$50 million and \$413 million, respectively. The proceeds from these contributions were used to fund construction costs of Encore and to fund paydowns of the Company’s debt.

14. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information of Guarantors and Issuers

The following condensed consolidating financial statements present information related to the Issuers of the First Mortgage Notes and their guarantor subsidiaries (World Travel, LLC; Las Vegas Jet, LLC; Wynn Show Performers, LLC; Wynn Golf, LLC; Kevyn, LLC; and Wynn Sunrise, LLC) and non-guarantor subsidiary (Wynn Completion Guarantor, LLC) as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2011.

The following condensed consolidating financial statements are presented in the provided form because: (i) the guarantor subsidiaries are wholly owned subsidiaries of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC (an issuer of the First Mortgage Notes), and (ii) the guarantee is joint and several; however the guarantee is not full and unconditional as the guarantees may be released under certain circumstances customary for such arrangements. If the Issuers fail to make a scheduled payment, the guarantor subsidiaries are obligated to make the scheduled payment immediately and, if it does not, any holder of the First Mortgage Notes may immediately bring suit directly against the guarantor subsidiaries for payment of all amounts due and payable (iii).

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011
(amounts in thousands)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 201,394	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 201,399
Receivables, net	140,229	—	—	—	140,229
Inventories	48,907	—	—	—	48,907
Prepaid expenses and other	22,870	182	—	—	23,052
Total current assets	413,400	182	5	—	413,587
Property and equipment, net	3,336,516	192,860	—	—	3,529,376
Intangible assets, net	4,589	6,144	—	—	10,733
Deferred financing costs, net	41,256	—	—	—	41,256
Deposits and other assets	35,913	—	—	557	36,470
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	(22,717)	3,976	—	22,717	3,976
Total assets	\$3,808,957	\$ 203,162	\$ 5	\$ 23,274	\$4,035,398
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 88,375	\$ 1,050	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 89,425
Accounts payable	29,535	—	—	—	29,535
Accrued interest	50,086	—	—	—	50,086
Accrued compensation and benefits	42,135	1,333	—	—	43,468
Gaming taxes payable	11,376	—	—	—	11,376
Other accrued liabilities	23,737	32	—	—	23,769
Customer deposits	104,204	—	—	—	104,204
Due to affiliates, net	(148,662)	197,050	(7,881)	557	41,064
Total current liabilities	200,786	199,465	(7,881)	557	392,927
Long-term debt	2,473,621	34,300	—	—	2,507,921
Due to affiliates	124,027	—	—	—	124,027
Other	216	—	—	—	216
Total liabilities	2,798,650	233,765	(7,881)	557	3,025,091
Commitments and contingencies					
Member's equity:					
Contributed capital	1,980,861	12,530	—	(12,530)	1,980,861
Retained earnings (deficit)	(970,554)	(43,133)	7,886	35,247	(970,554)
Total member's equity	1,010,307	(30,603)	7,886	22,717	1,010,307
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$3,808,957	\$ 203,162	\$ 5	\$ 23,274	\$4,035,398

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010
(amounts in thousands)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,535	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 52,540
Receivables, net	124,814	—	—	—	124,814
Inventories	64,520	—	—	—	64,520
Prepaid expenses and other	20,778	410	—	—	21,188
Total current assets	262,647	410	5	—	263,062
Property and equipment, net	3,537,264	193,947	—	—	3,731,211
Intangible assets, net	6,660	6,144	—	—	12,804
Deferred financing costs, net	47,300	—	—	—	47,300
Deposits and other assets	47,437	3	—	2,630	50,070
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	(19,685)	4,069	—	19,685	4,069
Total assets	\$3,881,623	\$ 204,573	\$ 5	\$ 22,315	\$4,108,516
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ —	\$ 1,050	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,050
Accounts payable	35,837	—	—	—	35,837
Accrued interest	54,083	—	—	—	54,083
Accrued compensation and benefits	38,219	1,086	—	—	39,305
Gaming taxes payable	9,963	—	—	—	9,963
Other accrued liabilities	17,361	31	—	—	17,392
Customer deposits	93,355	—	—	—	93,355
Due to affiliates, net	(160,735)	194,277	(7,881)	2,630	28,291
Total current liabilities	88,083	196,444	(7,881)	2,630	279,276
Long-term debt	2,584,784	35,700	—	—	2,620,484
Due to affiliates	101,797	—	—	—	101,797
Interest rate swap	8,457	—	—	—	8,457
Total liabilities	2,783,121	232,144	(7,881)	2,630	3,010,014
Commitments and contingencies					
Member's equity:					
Contributed capital	1,973,424	12,530	—	(12,530)	1,973,424
Retained earnings (deficit)	(874,922)	(40,101)	7,886	32,215	(874,922)
Total member's equity	1,098,502	(27,571)	7,886	19,685	1,098,502
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$3,881,623	\$ 204,573	\$ 5	\$ 22,315	\$4,108,516

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011
(amounts in thousands)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
Operating revenues:					
Casino	\$ 625,207	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 625,207
Rooms	354,040	—	—	—	354,040
Food and beverage	454,712	—	—	—	454,712
Entertainment, retail and other	229,882	—	—	(296)	229,586
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Gross revenues	1,663,841	—	—	(296)	1,663,545
Less: promotional allowances	(181,650)	—	—	—	(181,650)
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Net revenues	1,482,191	—	—	(296)	1,481,895
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Operating costs and expenses:					
Casino	298,229	—	—	—	298,229
Rooms	122,200	—	—	—	122,200
Food and beverage	264,878	—	—	—	264,878
Entertainment, retail and other	146,989	—	—	—	146,989
General and administrative	226,715	(962)	—	(296)	225,457
Provision for doubtful accounts	20,332	—	—	—	20,332
Management fees	22,229	—	—	—	22,229
Pre-opening costs	—	—	—	—	—
Depreciation and amortization	259,929	3,710	—	—	263,639
Property charges and other	16,623	—	—	—	16,623
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Total operating costs and expenses	1,378,124	2,748	—	(296)	1,380,576
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Operating income (loss)	104,067	(2,748)	—	—	101,319
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Other income (expense):					
Interest and other income	263	—	—	—	263
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	(200,759)	(580)	—	—	(201,339)
Increase in swap fair value	3,829	—	—	—	3,829
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates	(3,032)	296	—	3,032	296
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Other income (expense), net	(199,699)	(284)	—	3,032	(196,951)
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Net (loss) income	\$ (95,632)	\$ (3,032)	\$ —	\$ 3,032	\$ (95,632)

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010
(amounts in thousands)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
Operating revenues:					
Casino	\$ 534,286	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 534,286
Rooms	308,368	42	—	—	308,410
Food and beverage	417,240	—	—	—	417,240
Entertainment, retail and other	214,312	—	—	(309)	214,003
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Gross revenues	1,474,206	42	—	(309)	1,473,939
Less: promotional allowances	(177,383)	—	—	—	(177,383)
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Net revenues	1,296,823	42	—	(309)	1,296,556
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Operating costs and expenses:					
Casino	288,263	—	—	—	288,263
Rooms	119,381	41	—	—	119,422
Food and beverage	256,234	—	—	—	256,234
Entertainment, retail and other	145,284	—	—	—	145,284
General and administrative	239,105	(1,118)	—	(309)	237,678
Provision for doubtful accounts	15,729	—	—	—	15,729
Management fees	19,459	—	—	—	19,459
Pre-opening costs	2,479	—	—	—	2,479
Depreciation and amortization	270,280	4,025	—	—	274,305
Property charges and other	19,017	—	—	—	19,017
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Total operating costs and expenses	1,375,231	2,948	—	(309)	1,377,870
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Operating loss	(78,408)	(2,906)	—	—	(81,314)
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Other income (expense):					
Interest and other income	408	—	—	—	408
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	(192,806)	(638)	—	—	(193,444)
Decrease in swap fair value	(4,233)	—	—	—	(4,233)
Loss on extinguishment of debt/exchange offer	(70,055)	—	—	—	(70,055)
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates	(3,235)	309	—	3,235	309
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Other income (expense), net	(269,921)	(329)	—	3,235	(267,015)
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Net (loss) income	\$ (348,329)	\$ (3,235)	\$ —	\$ 3,235	\$ (348,329)
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WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009
(amounts in thousands)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiary	Eliminating Entries	Total
Operating revenues:					
Casino	\$ 505,779	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 505,779
Rooms	321,075	75	—	—	321,150
Food and beverage	385,774	—	—	—	385,774
Entertainment, retail and other	202,972	—	—	427	203,399
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Gross revenues	1,415,600	75	—	427	1,416,102
Less: promotional allowances	(185,982)	—	—	—	(185,982)
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Net revenues	1,229,618	75	—	427	1,230,120
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Operating costs and expenses:					
Casino	275,341	—	—	—	275,341
Rooms	109,171	75	—	—	109,246
Food and beverage	239,767	—	—	—	239,767
Entertainment, retail and other	133,824	—	—	—	133,824
General and administrative	248,566	(2,217)	—	427	246,776
Provision for doubtful accounts	12,438	—	—	—	12,438
Management fees	18,434	—	—	—	18,434
Pre-opening costs	346	—	—	—	346
Depreciation and amortization	309,012	4,747	—	—	313,759
Property charges and other	19,206	5,262	—	—	24,468
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total operating costs and expenses	1,366,105	7,867	—	427	1,374,399
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Operating loss	(136,487)	(7,792)	—	—	(144,279)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Other income (expense):					
Interest and other income	46	21	—	—	67
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	(156,262)	(966)	—	—	(157,228)
Decrease in swap fair value	(4,224)	—	—	—	(4,224)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(3,779)	—	—	—	(3,779)
Equity in income (loss) from unconsolidated affiliates	(9,164)	(427)	—	9,164	(427)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Other income (expense), net	(173,383)	(1,372)	—	9,164	(165,591)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net (loss) income	\$ (309,870)	\$ (9,164)	\$ —	\$ 9,164	\$ (309,870)
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WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011
(amounts in thousands)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net (loss) income	\$ (95,632)	\$ (3,032)	\$ —	\$ 3,032	\$ (95,632)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	259,929	3,710	—	—	263,639
Stock-based compensation	7,437	—	—	—	7,437
Loss from extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization and writeoff of deferred financing costs and other	13,822	—	—	—	13,822
Equity in (income) loss from unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	3,032	93	—	(3,032)	93
Provision for doubtful accounts	20,332	—	—	—	20,332
Property charges and other	14,689	—	—	—	14,689
Increase in swap fair value	(3,829)	—	—	—	(3,829)
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:					
Receivables	(35,747)	—	—	—	(35,747)
Inventories and prepaid expenses and other assets	13,006	231	—	—	13,237
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,431	248	—	—	5,679
Due to affiliates, net	26,550	(2,308)	—	—	24,242
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	229,020	(1,058)	—	—	227,962
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention	(62,584)	(2,623)	—	—	(65,207)
Deposits and other assets	(2,348)	—	—	—	(2,348)
Due to affiliates, net	8,647	5,081	—	—	13,728
Proceeds from sale of assets	255	—	—	—	255
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(56,030)	2,458	—	—	(53,572)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Principal payments on long-term debt	(24,073)	(1,400)	—	—	(25,473)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	—	—	—	—	—
Capital contribution from the Parent	—	—	—	—	—
Payments of deferred financing costs	(58)	—	—	—	(58)
Net cash used in financing activities	(24,131)	(1,400)	—	—	(25,531)
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	148,859	—	—	—	148,859
Balance, beginning of period	52,535	—	5	—	52,540
Balance, end of period	\$ 201,394	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 201,399

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010
(amounts in thousands)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net (loss) income	\$ (348,329)	\$ (3,235)	\$ —	\$ 3,235	\$ (348,329)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	270,280	4,025	—	—	274,305
Stock-based compensation	11,278	—	—	—	11,278
Loss from extinguishment of debt	64,673	—	—	—	64,673
Amortization and writeoff of deferred financing costs and other	15,705	—	—	—	15,705
Equity in (income) loss from unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	3,235	(309)	—	(3,235)	(309)
Provision for doubtful accounts	15,729	—	—	—	15,729
Property charges and other	4,068	—	—	—	4,068
Decrease in swap fair value	4,233	—	—	—	4,233
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:					
Receivables	(29,683)	—	—	—	(29,683)
Inventories and prepaid expenses and other assets	19,538	(86)	—	—	19,452
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	42,051	(274)	—	—	41,777
Due to affiliates, net	36,645	(4,899)	—	—	31,746
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	109,423	(4,778)	—	—	104,645
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention	(156,987)	(93)	—	—	(157,080)
Deposits and other assets	(4,796)	—	—	—	(4,796)
Due to affiliates, net	(2,323)	5,920	—	—	3,597
Proceeds from sale of assets	218	—	—	—	218
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(163,888)	5,827	—	—	(158,061)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,931,838)	(1,400)	—	—	(1,933,238)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	1,995,686	—	—	—	1,995,686
Capital contribution from the Parent	50,000	—	—	—	50,000
Payments of deferred financing costs	(72,846)	—	—	—	(72,846)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	41,002	(1,400)	—	—	39,602
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(13,463)	(351)	—	—	(13,814)
Balance, beginning of period	65,998	351	5	—	66,354
Balance, end of period	\$ 52,535	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 52,540

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009
(amounts in thousands)

	Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net (loss) income	\$(309,870)	\$ (9,164)	\$ —	\$ 9,164	\$(309,870)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	309,012	4,747	—	—	313,759
Stock-based compensation	8,370	—	—	—	8,370
Loss from extinguishment of debt	3,779	—	—	—	3,779
Amortization and writeoff of deferred financing costs and other	19,624	—	—	—	19,624
Equity in (income) loss from unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions	9,164	794	—	(9,164)	794
Provision for doubtful accounts	12,438	—	—	—	12,438
Property charges and other	19,206	5,262	—	—	24,468
Decrease in swap fair value	4,224	—	—	—	4,224
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:					
Receivables	(25,021)	—	5	—	(25,016)
Inventories and prepaid expenses and other assets	320	(140)	—	—	180
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(14,274)	47	—	—	(14,227)
Due to affiliates, net	48,765	(6,886)	—	—	41,879
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	85,737	(5,340)	5	—	80,402
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention	(244,904)	(136)	—	—	(245,040)
Deposits and other assets	(3,810)	8,088	—	—	4,278
Due to affiliates, net	(7,607)	(861)	—	—	(8,468)
Proceeds from sale of assets	42	—	—	—	42
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(256,279)	7,091	—	—	(249,188)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Principal payments on long-term debt	(928,509)	(1,400)	—	—	(929,909)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	649,481	—	—	—	649,481
Capital contribution from the Parent	412,951	—	—	—	412,951
Payments of deferred financing costs	(20,698)	—	—	—	(20,698)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	113,225	(1,400)	—	—	111,825
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(57,317)	351	5	—	(56,961)
Balance, beginning of period	123,315	—	—	—	123,315
Balance, end of period	\$ 65,998	\$ 351	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 66,354

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

15. Quarterly Financial Information (Unaudited)

The following table presents selected quarterly financial information for 2011 and 2010 (amounts in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31, 2011				
	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Year
Net revenues	\$395,037	\$391,014	\$347,254	\$348,590	\$1,481,895
Operating income (loss)	49,174	48,609	(415)	3,951	101,319
Net income (loss)	434	(1,517)	(49,509)	(45,040)	(95,632)
	Year Ended December 31, 2010				
	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Year
Net revenues	\$318,607	\$318,321	\$334,503	\$325,125	\$1,296,556
Operating loss	(34,485)	(17,222)	(16,195)	(13,412)	(81,314)
Net loss	(81,692)	(68,747)	(134,981)	(62,909)	(348,329)

16. Subsequent Events (Unaudited)***Determination of Unsuitability and Redemption of Aruze USA, Inc. and Affiliates and Related Matters***

On February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee concluded a year-long investigation after receiving an independent report by Freeh, Sporkin & Sullivan, LLP (the "Freeh Report") detailing numerous prima facie violations of the FCPA by Aruze USA, Inc., at the time a stockholder of Wynn Resorts, Universal Entertainment Corporation, Aruze USA, Inc.'s parent company, and Kazuo Okada, the majority shareholder of Universal Entertainment Corporation, who is also a member of Wynn Resorts' Board of Directors and was at the time a director of Wynn Macau, Limited.

Based on the Freeh Report, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts determined that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Okada are "unsuitable" under Article VII of the Wynn Resorts articles of incorporation. The Wynn Resorts board of directors was unanimous (other than Mr. Okada) in its determination. The Wynn Resorts board of directors also requested that Mr. Okada resign as a director of Wynn Resorts and recommended that Mr. Okada be removed as a member of the board of directors of Wynn Macau, Limited. On February 18, 2012, Mr. Okada was removed from the board of directors of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts.

Based on the Wynn Resorts Board of Directors' finding of "unsuitability," on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed Aruze USA, Inc.'s 24,549,222 shares of Wynn Resorts' Common Stock. Following a finding of "unsuitability," Wynn Resorts' articles authorize redemption at "fair value" of the shares held by unsuitable persons. Wynn Resorts engaged an independent financial advisor to assist in the fair value calculation and concluded that a discount to the current trading price was appropriate because of, among other things, restrictions on most of the shares which are subject to the terms of an existing stockholder agreement. Pursuant to Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation, Wynn Resorts issued a Redemption Price Promissory Note to Aruze USA, Inc. in redemption of the shares. The Redemption Price Promissory Note has a principal amount of approximately \$1.9 billion, matures on February 18, 2022 and bears interest at the rate of 2% per annum, payable annually in arrears on each anniversary of the date of the Redemption Price Promissory Note. Wynn Resorts may, in its sole and absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time, and without penalty or premium, prepay the whole or any portion of the principal or interest due under the Redemption Price Promissory Note. In no instance shall any payment obligation under the Redemption Price Promissory Note be accelerated except in the sole and absolute discretion of Wynn Resorts or as specifically mandated by law. The indebtedness evidenced by the Redemption

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

Price Promissory Note is and shall be subordinated in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner provided in the Redemption Price Promissory Note, to the prior payment in full of all existing and future obligations of Wynn Resorts or any of its affiliates in respect of indebtedness for borrowed money of any kind or nature.

On February 19, 2012, Wynn Resorts filed a complaint in the District Court of Clark County, Nevada against Mr. Okada, alleging breaches of fiduciary duty and related claims.

On February 24, 2012, the board of directors of Wynn Macau, Limited removed Mr. Kazuo Okada from the board.

Wynn Resorts has provided the Freeh Report to applicable regulators and intends to cooperate with any related investigation that such regulators may undertake. The conduct of Mr. Okada and his affiliates and any resulting regulatory investigations could have adverse consequences to the Company. A finding by regulatory authorities that Mr. Okada violated the FCPA on property of Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries and/or otherwise involved Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries in criminal or civil violations could result in actions by regulatory authorities against Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries. Relatedly, regulators could pursue separate investigations into Wynn Resorts' and its subsidiaries' compliance with applicable laws, including in response to litigation filed by Mr. Okada suggesting improprieties in connection with the donation by Wynn Resorts' subsidiary to the University of Macau and a related informal inquiry by the SEC into this donation. While the Company believes that it is in full compliance with all applicable laws, any such investigations could result in actions by regulators against Wynn Resorts or its subsidiaries.

Litigation Commenced by Mr. Okada and Related Matters

In May 2011, Wynn Macau, a majority owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, made a commitment to the University of Macau Development Foundation in support of the new Asia-Pacific Academy of Economics and Management. This contribution consists of a \$25 million payment made in May 2011 and a commitment for additional donations of \$10 million each year for the calendar years 2012 through 2022 inclusive. The pledge was consistent with Wynn Resorts' long-standing practice of providing philanthropic support for deserving institutions in the markets in which it operates. The pledge was made following an extensive analysis which concluded that the gift was made in accordance with all applicable laws. The pledge was considered by the Boards of Directors of both Wynn Resorts and Wynn Macau and approved by 15 of the 16 directors who serve on those boards. The sole dissenting vote was Mr. Kazuo Okada whose stated objection was to the length of time over which the donation would occur, not its propriety.

Mr. Okada commenced litigation on January 11, 2012, in Nevada seeking to compel Wynn Resorts to produce information relating to the donation to the University of Macau, among other things.

On February 8, 2012, following Mr. Okada's lawsuit, Wynn Resorts received a letter from the Salt Lake Regional Office of the SEC requesting that, in connection with an informal inquiry by the SEC, Wynn Resorts preserve information relating to, but not limited to, the donation to the University of Macau, any donations by Wynn Resorts to any other educational charitable institutions, including the University of Macau Development Foundation, and Wynn Resorts' casino or concession gaming licenses or renewals in Macau. Wynn Resorts has informed the Salt Lake Regional Office that it intends to fully comply with the SEC's request.

SCHEDULE II—VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS
(amounts in thousands)

<u>Description</u>	<u>Balance at January 1, 2011</u>	<u>Provisions for Doubtful Accounts</u>	<u>Write-offs, Net of Recoveries</u>	<u>Balance at December 31, 2011</u>
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 71,076	20,332	(15,116)	\$ 76,292

<u>Description</u>	<u>Balance at January 1, 2010</u>	<u>Provisions for Doubtful Accounts</u>	<u>Write-offs, Net of Recoveries</u>	<u>Balance at December 31, 2010</u>
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 67,406	15,729	(12,059)	\$ 71,076

<u>Description</u>	<u>Balance at January 1, 2009</u>	<u>Provisions for Doubtful Accounts</u>	<u>Write-offs, Net of Recoveries</u>	<u>Balance at December 31, 2009</u>
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 65,414	12,438	(10,446)	\$ 67,406

**Wynn Las Vegas, LLC
Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.**

Offer to Exchange \$900,000,000 of their outstanding

**5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIPs 983130 AS4 and U98347 AH7)**

for

**5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIP 983130 AT2)**

that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended

PROSPECTUS

, 2012

Until _____, 2012, all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

PART II
INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN THE PROSPECTUS

Item 20. Indemnification of Directors, Officers, Managers and Members

Section 78.7502 of the Nevada Revised Statutes (the “NRS”) permits a corporation to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (except an action by or in the right of the corporation), by reason of being or having been an officer, director, employee or agent of the corporation or serving or having served in certain capacities at the request of the corporation. Indemnification may include attorneys’ fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person to be indemnified in connection with the action, suit or proceeding. A corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of being or having been an officer, director, employee or agent of the corporation or serving or having served in certain capacities at the request of the corporation except that indemnification may not be made for any claim, issue or matter as to which such a person has been finally adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction to be liable to the corporation or for amounts paid in settlement to the corporation, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought or other court of competent jurisdiction determines upon application that, in view of all the circumstances, the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses as the court deems proper. However, to be entitled to indemnification, the person to be indemnified in either case must not be found to have breached his or her fiduciary duties with such breach involving intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of the law or must have acted in good faith and in a manner which he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, such person must have had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful.

Section 78.7502 of the NRS also provides that to the extent a director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any such action, suit or proceeding he or she must be indemnified by the corporation against expenses, including attorneys’ fees actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the defense.

Section 78.751 of the NRS permits a corporation, in its articles of incorporation, bylaws or other agreement, to provide for the payment of expenses incurred by an officer or director in defending any civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding as they are incurred and in advance of the final disposition of the action, suit or proceeding, upon receipt of an undertaking to repay the amount if it is ultimately determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that the person is not entitled to indemnification by the corporation.

Section 78.752 of the NRS permits a corporation to purchase and maintain insurance or make other financial arrangements on behalf of the corporation’s current and former officers, directors, employees or agents, or any persons serving or who have served in certain capacities at the request of the corporation, for any liability and expenses incurred by them in their capacities as officers, directors, employees or agents or arising out of their status as such, whether or not the corporation has the authority to indemnify him, her or them against such liability and expenses.

Wynn Resorts’ bylaws provide that it will indemnify its directors and officers to the maximum extent permitted by Nevada law, including in certain circumstances in which indemnification would be otherwise discretionary under Section 78.7502 of the NRS. The bylaws provide further that no director or officer may be indemnified for expenses incurred in defending any threatened, pending, or completed action, suit or proceeding (including without limitation, an action, suit or proceeding by or in the right of the corporation), whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, that such director or officer incurred in his or her capacity as a stockholder of Wynn Resorts, including, without limitation, in connection with such individual being deemed an Unsuitable Person under Wynn Resorts’ articles of incorporation. In addition, Wynn Resorts has entered into

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separate indemnification agreements with certain of its directors and officers that require Wynn Resorts, among other things, to indemnify such directors and officers against certain liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service other than liabilities arising from certain willful misconduct of a culpable or fraudulent nature. Such agreements also do not require Wynn Resorts to indemnify a director or officer on account of any proceeding by Wynn Resorts to enforce against such director or officer (or any of his or her affiliates) the provisions of Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation or bylaws regarding compliance with gaming laws, including any provisions relating to removal of such individual as a director of Wynn Resorts or the redemption of any securities owned by such individual or their affiliates. Wynn Resorts also maintains director and officer liability insurance.

Section 86.411 of the NRS permits a limited liability company to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (except an action by or in the right of the limited liability company), by reason of being or having been a manager, member, employee or agent of the limited liability company or serving or having served in certain capacities at the request of the limited liability company. As with corporations, indemnification may include attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person to be indemnified in connection with the action, suit or proceeding. Section 86.421 of the NRS permits a limited liability company to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the limited liability company to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of being or having been a manager, member, employee or agent of the limited liability company or serving or having served in certain capacities at the request of the limited liability company except that indemnification may not be made for any claim, issue or matter as to which such a person has been finally adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction to be liable to the limited liability company or for amounts paid in settlement to the limited liability company, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought or other court of competent jurisdiction determines upon application that, in view of all the circumstances, the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses as the court deems proper. However, to be entitled to indemnification, the person to be indemnified in either case must have acted in good faith and in a manner which he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the limited liability company and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, such person must have had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful.

Section 86.431 of the NRS also provides that to the extent a manager, member, employee or agent of a limited liability has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any such action, he or she must be indemnified by the limited liability company against expenses, including attorneys' fees actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the defense.

Section 86.441 of the NRS permits a limited liability company, in its articles of organization, operating agreement or other agreement, to provide for the payment of expenses incurred by members or managers in defending any civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding as they are incurred and in advance of the final disposition of the action, suit or proceeding, upon receipt of an undertaking to repay the amount if it is ultimately determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that the person is not entitled to indemnification by the company.

Section 86.461 of the NRS permits a limited liability to purchase and maintain insurance or make other financial arrangements on behalf of the limited liability company's current and former managers, members employees or agents, or any persons serving or who have served in certain capacities at the request of the limited liability company, for any liability and expenses incurred by them in their capacities as managers, members, employees or agents or arising out of their status as such, whether or not the limited liability company has the authority to indemnify him, her or them against such liability and expenses.

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Item 21. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

Item 21(a). Exhibits

Exhibit	Description
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Articles of Organization of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. (1)
3.2	Second Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. (1)
3.3	First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
3.4	Certificate of Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
3.5	First Amended and Restated Bylaws of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
3.6	First Amendment to the First Amended and Restated Bylaws of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
3.7	Second Amendment to the First Amended and Restated Bylaws of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
4.1	Indenture, dated as of October 19, 2009, among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (11)
4.2	Indenture, dated as of April 28, 2010, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (13)
4.3	Indenture, dated as of August 4, 2010, among Wynn Las Vegas LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (15)
4.4	Indenture, dated as of March 12, 2012, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (17)
5.1	Opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP. (20)
5.2	Opinion of Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP. (20)
10.1	Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated as of October 25, 2007, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the initial Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company America, as the initial Disbursement Agent. (10)
10.2	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2007, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the initial Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company America, as the initial Disbursement Agent. (8)
10.3	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated as of November 6, 2007, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Disbursement Agent. (9)
10.4	Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated October 19, 2009, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Disbursement Agent. (11)
10.5	Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated April 28, 2010, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Disbursement Agent. (13)
10.6	Sixth Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated March 12, 2012, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Disbursement Agent. (17)
10.7	Promissory Note and Agreement, dated May 24, 2005, by Wells Fargo Northwest, National Association, not in its individual capacity but solely as owner trustee, and World Travel, LLC; and accepted and agreed to by Bank of America, N.A., as lender and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, not in its individual capacity but solely as collateral agent. (6)
10.8	Promissory Note and Agreement, dated May 24, 2005, by Wells Fargo Northwest, National Association, not in its individual capacity but solely as owner trustee, and World Travel, LLC; and accepted and agreed to by The CIT Group / Equipment Financing, Inc., as lender and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, not in its individual capacity but solely as collateral agent. (6)
10.9	Aircraft Security Agreement, dated May 24, 2005, between Wells Fargo Northwest, National Association, not in its individual capacity but solely as owner trustee, World Travel, LLC and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, not in its individual capacity but solely as collateral agent. (6)
10.10	Guaranty, dated May 24, 2005, by Wynn Las Vegas, LLC in favor of The CIT Group / Equipment Financing, Inc., Bank of America, N.A. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, not in its individual capacity but solely as collateral agent. (6)

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10.13	Lump Sum Agreement, by and between Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wadsworth Golf Construction Company, effective as of February 18, 2003. (4)
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10.19	Management Agreement, made as of December 14, 2004, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Show Performers, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., Wynn Golf, LLC, World Travel, LLC, Las Vegas Jet, LLC, Wynn Sunrise, LLC, and Wynn Resorts, Limited. (3)
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10.25	Employment Agreement, dated as of May 5, 2009, by and between Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Scott Peterson. (12)
10.26	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of October 19, 2009, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC. (11)
10.27	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of April 28, 2010, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. (13)
10.28	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of August 4, 2010, by and among the Issuers, the Guarantors, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, RBS Securities Inc. and UBS Securities LLC. (15)
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23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP. (20)

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23.3	Consent of Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP (included in Exhibit 5.2). (20)
24.1	Powers of Attorney. (20)
25.1	Statement of Eligibility and Qualification on Form T-1 of U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee under the Indenture for Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.'s 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022. (20)
99.1	Form of Letter of Transmittal. (20)
99.2	Form of Notice of Guaranteed Delivery. (20)
99.3	Form of Letter to Clients. (20)
99.4	Form of Letter to Brokers, Dealers, Commercial Banks, Trust Companies and Other Nominees. (20)
99.5	Consent of J. Edward Virtue. (21)
101	The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2012, filed with the SEC on August 9, 2012 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, and (iv) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and the following financial information from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, filed with the SEC on February 29, 2012 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, (ii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2011 and 2010, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Member's Equity at December 31, 2011 and 2010, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. (22)

- (1) Previously filed with the Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-124052) filed by the registrant on April 13, 2005.
- (2) Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Wynn Resorts on November 18, 2002.
- (3) Incorporated by reference from the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed by Wynn Resorts on March 15, 2005.
- (4) Incorporated by reference from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed by Wynn Resorts on May 15, 2003.
- (5) Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Wynn Resorts on September 8, 2004.
- (6) Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on May 25, 2005.
- (7) Incorporated by reference from the Periodic Report on form 10-Q filed by Wynn Resorts, Limited on August 2, 2005.
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- (15) Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on August 5, 2010.
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- (17) Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on March 13, 2012.
- (18) Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on April 12, 2012.
- (19) Incorporated by reference from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed by the Registrant on August 9, 2012.
- (20) Filed herewith.
- (21) To be filed by amendment.
- (22) Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 to this Registration Statement on Form S-4 shall be deemed to be not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be deemed part of a registration statement, prospectus or other document filed under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filings.

Item 21(b). Financial Statement Schedules.

None. We have omitted financial statement schedules because they are not required or are not applicable, or the required information is shown in the financial statements or notes to the financial statements.

Item 22. Undertakings

- (1) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:
 - (a) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act;
 - (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
 - (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.
 - (b) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.
 - (c) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
 - (d) That, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser, each prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) shall be deemed to be part of the registration statement as of the date the filed prospectus was deemed part of and included in the registration statement; and each prospectus required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) as part of a registration statement in reliance on Rule 430B relating to an offering made pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(i), (vii) or (x) for the purpose of providing the information required by section 10(a) of the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the earlier of the date such form of prospectus is first used after effectiveness or the date of the first

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contract of sale of securities in the offering described in the prospectus. As provided in Rule 430B, for liability purposes of the issuer and any person that is at that date an underwriter, such date shall be deemed to be a new effective date of the registration statement relating to the securities in the registration statement to which that prospectus relates, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such effective date, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such effective date; and

- (e) That, for the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, the undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:
- (i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
 - (ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
 - (iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
 - (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.
- (2) The undersigned registrants hereby undertake that:
- (a) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
 - (b) The undersigned registrants hereby undertake to respond to requests for information that is incorporated by reference into the prospectus pursuant to Item 4, 10(b), 11, or 13 of this form, within one business day of receipt of such request, and to send the incorporated documents by first class mail or other equally prompt means. This includes information contained in documents filed subsequent to the effective date of the registration statement through the date of responding to the request.
 - (c) The undersigned registrants hereby undertake to supply by means of a post-effective amendment all information concerning a transaction, and the company being acquired involved therein, that was not the subject of and included in the registration statement when it became effective.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit	Description
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Articles of Organization of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. (1)
3.2	Second Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. (1)
3.3	First Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
3.4	Certificate of Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
3.5	First Amended and Restated Bylaws of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
3.6	First Amendment to the First Amended and Restated Bylaws of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (1)
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4.1	Indenture, dated as of October 19, 2009, among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (11)
4.2	Indenture, dated as of April 28, 2010, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (13)
4.3	Indenture, dated as of August 4, 2010, among Wynn Las Vegas LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (15)
4.4	Indenture, dated as of March 12, 2012, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., the Guarantors set forth therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (17)
5.1	Opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP. (20)
5.2	Opinion of Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP. (20)
10.1	Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated as of October 25, 2007, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the initial Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company America, as the initial Disbursement Agent. (10)
10.2	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2007, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the initial Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company America, as the initial Disbursement Agent. (8)
10.3	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated as of November 6, 2007, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Disbursement Agent. (9)
10.4	Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated October 19, 2009, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Disbursement Agent. (11)
10.5	Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Disbursement Agreement, dated April 28, 2010, by and among Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Bank Agent, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as the Disbursement Agent. (13)
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 SHANGHAI
 SINGAPORE
 SYDNEY
 TOKYO

September 26, 2012

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC
 Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.
 3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South
 Las Vegas, Nevada 89109

Re: Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.
Registration Statement on Form S-4

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special counsel to Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., a Nevada corporation (together, the "Issuers"), in connection with the public offering of up to \$900,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Issuers' 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 (the "Exchange Notes"). The Exchange Notes will be issued under that certain Indenture, dated as of March 12, 2012 (the "Indenture"), among the Issuers, U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"), and the other parties thereto. The Exchange Notes are to be offered (the "Exchange Offer") in exchange for a like principal amount of the issued and outstanding 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 of the Issuers issued on March 12, 2012 (the "Original Notes"), as contemplated by the Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of March 12, 2012 (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), by and among the Issuers, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, as representatives of the several initial purchasers named therein, and the other parties thereto.

This opinion is being furnished in accordance with the requirements of Item 601(b)(5) of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

In rendering the opinion stated herein, we have examined and relied upon the following:

- (a) the registration statement on Form S-4 of the Issuers relating to the Exchange Notes to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") on the date hereof under the Securities Act (such registration statement being hereinafter referred to as the "Registration Statement");
- (b) an executed copy of the Indenture;
- (c) an executed copy of the Registration Rights Agreement;
- (d) the global certificates evidencing the Original Notes (the "Original Note Certificates");
- (e) the form of global certificates to be used to evidence the Exchange Notes included in the Indenture (the "Exchange Note Certificates"); and
- (f) the documents delivered at the closing of the issuance of the Original Notes.

We have also examined originals or copies, certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of such records of the Issuers and such agreements, certificates and receipts of public officials, certificates of officers or other representatives of the Issuers and others, and such other documents as we have deemed necessary or appropriate as a basis for the opinion stated below.

In our examination, we have assumed the genuineness of all signatures, including endorsements, the legal capacity and competency of all natural persons, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the conformity to original documents of all documents submitted to us as facsimile, electronic, certified or photostatic copies, and the authenticity of the originals of such copies. As to any facts relevant to the opinion stated herein that we did not independently establish or verify, we have relied upon statements and representations of officers and other representatives of the Issuers and others and of public officials.

We do not express any opinion with respect to the laws of any jurisdiction other than the laws of the State of New York (the foregoing being referred to as "Opined on Law"), or as to the effect of any such law (other than Opined on Law) on the opinion stated herein.

To the extent that the opinion expressed herein relates to matters governed by the laws of the State of Nevada, we have relied, without independent verification or investigation of any kind, on the opinion of Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP, special counsel to the Issuers, dated the date hereof, which is being filed as Exhibit 5.2 to the Registration Statement

(the "Nevada Opinion"), and the opinion herein stated is subject to the assumptions and qualifications contained in the Nevada Opinion.

The Indenture, the Registration Rights Agreement, the Original Note Certificates and the Exchange Note Certificates are referred to herein collectively as the "Transaction Agreements."

Based upon the foregoing and subject to the limitations, qualifications, exceptions and assumptions stated herein, we are of the opinion that when the Exchange Note Certificates have been duly executed, authenticated, issued and delivered in exchange for the Original Note Certificates in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the Registration Rights Agreement and the Exchange Offer, the Exchange Note Certificates will constitute valid and binding obligations of each of the Issuers, enforceable against each of the Issuers in accordance with their terms under the laws of the State of New York.

The opinion stated herein is subject to the following qualifications:

(a) the opinion stated herein is limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, fraudulent transfer, preference and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, and by general principles of equity (regardless of whether enforcement is sought in equity or at law);

(b) except to the extent expressly stated in the opinion contained herein with respect to the Issuers, we do not express any opinion with respect to the effect on the opinion stated herein of (i) the compliance or non-compliance of any party to any of the Transaction Agreements with any laws, rules or regulations applicable to such party or (ii) the legal status or legal capacity of any such party to any of the Transaction Agreements;

(c) except to the extent expressly stated in the opinion contained herein with respect to the Issuers, we have assumed that each of the Transaction Agreements constitutes the valid and binding obligation of each party to such Transaction Agreement, enforceable against such party in accordance with its terms;

(d) we have assumed that the Trustee's certificates of authentication of the Exchange Note Certificates will have been manually signed by one of the Trustee's authorized officers and that the Exchange Note Certificates conform to the form thereof included in the Indenture and examined by us; and

(e) to the extent that the opinion stated herein relates to the enforceability of the choice of New York law and choice of New York forum provisions contained in any Transaction Agreement, the opinion stated therein is rendered solely in reliance upon New York General Obligations Law sections 5-1401 and 5-1402 and Rule 327(b) of New York Civil Practice Law and Rules and is subject to the qualification that such enforceability may be limited

by, in each case, the terms of such sections 5-1401 and 5-1402, as well as by principles of public policy, comity or constitutionality.

In addition, in rendering the foregoing opinion we have assumed that, except to the extent expressly stated in the opinion contained herein with respect to the Issuers, neither the execution and delivery by the Issuers of the Transaction Documents to which the Issuers is a party nor the performance by the Issuers of their respective obligations under the Transaction Documents to which the Issuers are a party: (i) constitutes or will constitute a violation of, or a default under, any lease, indenture, instrument or other agreement to which either of the Issuers or their respective property is subject, except that we do not make this assumption with respect to any lease, indenture, instrument or other agreement which has been identified to us by either of the Issuers as being material to it and which are listed as exhibits in Part II of the Registration Statement, (ii) contravenes or will contravene any order or decree of any governmental authority to which either of the Issuers or their respective property is subject, (iii) violates or will violate any law, rule or regulation to which either of the Issuers or their respective property is subject or (iv) requires the consent, approval, licensing or authorization of, or any filing, recording or registration with, any governmental authority under any law, rule or regulation of any jurisdiction.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion with the Commission as an exhibit to the Registration Statement. We also hereby consent to the use of our name under the heading "Legal Matters" in the prospectus forming a part of the Registration Statement. In giving this consent, we do not thereby admit that we are within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act or the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP

Brownstein | Hyatt
Farber | Schreck

September 26, 2012

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC
Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.
3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South
Las Vegas, Nevada 89109

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Nevada counsel to Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (the “Company”), and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., a Nevada corporation (“Capital Corp.” and, together with the Company, the “Issuers”), in connection with the filing of a Registration Statement on Form S-4 (the “Registration Statement”) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Act”), relating to the registration of \$900,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Issuers’ 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 (the “Securities”), to be issued in exchange for a like principal amount of the Issuers’ outstanding 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022. The Securities are to be issued under that certain Indenture, dated as of March 12, 2012 (the “Indenture”), by and among the Issuers, U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and the other parties thereto.

In our capacity as such counsel, we are familiar with the proceedings taken and proposed to be taken by the Issuers in connection with the authorization and issuance of the Securities, all as referenced in the Registration Statement. For purposes of this opinion letter, we have assumed all such proceedings will be timely completed in the manner presently proposed and, except to the extent set forth in the opinion expressed below, that the terms of such issuance will be in compliance with applicable laws.

For purposes of rendering this opinion letter, we have made such legal and factual examinations and inquiries, including an examination of originals or copies certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction as being true copies of the Registration Statement, the Indenture, the forms of the Securities, the articles of incorporation and bylaws, or articles of organization and operating agreement, as applicable, of the Issuers, and such other agreements, instruments, corporate and limited liability company records and documents as we have deemed necessary or appropriate, and we have obtained from officers and other representatives and agents of the Issuers and from public officials, and have relied upon, such certificates, representations and assurances as we have deemed necessary or appropriate.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in rendering this opinion letter we have, with your permission, assumed without independent verification that (i) each natural person executing a document has sufficient legal capacity to do so; (ii) all documents submitted to us as originals are authentic, the signatures on all documents that we have examined are genuine, and all documents submitted to us as certified, conformed, photostatic, electronic or facsimile copies conform to the original documents; and (iii) all corporate and limited liability company records made available to us by the Issuers, and all public records we have reviewed, are accurate and complete.

100 North City Parkway, Suite 1600 | Las Vegas, NV 89106-4614 | 702.382.2101 *tel*
Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP | bhfs.com | 702.382.8135 *fax*

We are qualified to practice law in the State of Nevada. The opinion set forth herein is expressly limited to and based exclusively on the general corporate and limited liability company laws of the State of Nevada, and we do not purport to be experts on, or to express any opinion with respect to the applicability or effect of, the laws of any other jurisdiction. We express no opinion herein concerning, and we assume no responsibility as to laws or judicial decisions related to, or any orders, consents or other authorizations or approvals as may be required by, any federal laws, rules or regulations, including, without limitation, any federal securities laws, rules or regulations, or any state securities or "blue sky" laws, rules or regulations.

Based on the foregoing and in reliance thereon, and having regard to legal considerations and other information that we deem relevant, we are of the opinion that the Securities have been duly authorized by the Issuers.

The opinion expressed herein is based upon the applicable laws of the State of Nevada and the facts in existence on the date hereof. In delivering this opinion letter to you, we disclaim any obligation to update or supplement the opinion set forth herein or to apprise you of any changes in such laws or facts after such time as the Registration Statement is declared effective. No opinion is offered or implied as to any matter, and no inference may be drawn, beyond the strict scope of the specific issues expressly addressed by the opinion set forth herein.

We consent to your filing this opinion letter as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference to our firm therein under the heading "Legal Matters". In giving such consent, we do not admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act or the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder. Subject to all of the qualifications, limitations, exceptions, restrictions and assumptions set forth herein, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP may rely on this opinion letter as if it were an addressee hereof on this date for the sole purpose of rendering its opinion letter to the Issuers relating to the Securities, as filed with the Commission as Exhibit 5.1 to the Registration Statement.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC
Calculation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2012	Year ended December 31,				
		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Add:						
Pretax income from continuing operations before adjustment for minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries or income or loss from equity investees	\$ (88,848)	\$ (95,928)	\$ (348,638)	\$ (309,443)	\$ (130,060)	\$ 123,423
Fixed charges	113,323	206,690	199,338	159,359	158,499	121,143
Amortization of capitalized interest	7,863	16,070	17,883	24,131	13,908	13,908
Distributed income of equity investees	368	390	—	368	788	1,227
Subtract:						
Interest capitalized	—	—	596	—	80,398	33,592
Total Earnings	<u>\$ 32,706</u>	<u>\$ 127,222</u>	<u>\$ (132,013)</u>	<u>\$ (125,585)</u>	<u>\$ (37,263)</u>	<u>\$ 226,109</u>
Interest expensed	\$ 110,640	\$ 201,339	\$ 193,444	\$ 157,228	\$ 75,855	\$ 86,090
Interest capitalized	—	—	596	—	80,398	33,592
Interest in rental expense	2,683	5,351	5,298	2,131	2,246	1,461
Total Fixed Charges	<u>\$ 113,323</u>	<u>\$ 206,690</u>	<u>\$ 199,338</u>	<u>\$ 159,359</u>	<u>\$ 158,499</u>	<u>\$ 121,143</u>
Earnings to Fixed Charges	—	—	—	—	—	1.87x
Deficiency Amount	\$ (80,617)	\$ (79,468)	\$ (331,351)	\$ (284,944)	\$ (195,762)	—

SUBSIDIARIES OF WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC

- Las Vegas Jet, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company
- Kevyn, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company
- World Travel, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company
- Wynn Completion Guarantor, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company
- Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp, a Nevada corporation
- Wynn Show Performers, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company
- Wynn Sunrise, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company

All subsidiaries are wholly-owned by Wynn Las Vegas, LLC.

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts" and to the use of our report dated February 29, 2012, in the Registration Statement (Form S-4) and related Prospectus of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC for the registration of \$900 million of 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP
Las Vegas, Nevada
September 20, 2012

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Each person whose signature to this registration statement appears below is an officer and/or a member of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts, Limited (“WRL”) and/or of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (“WLVCC”), or, in the case of Marilyn Spiegel and Scott Peterson, an officer of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC as indicated by the title set forth opposite his or her name, and hereby severally constitutes and appoints Stephen A. Wynn, Matt Maddox, John Strzemp and Kim Sinatra, and each of them singly, as his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent with full power of substitution and resubstitution for him and in his name, place and stead, and in any and all capacities to sign any and all amendments (including pre-effective and post-effective amendments) to this registration statement, and to file the same with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and hereby grants to each such attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or his substitute or substitutes may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof. Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
<u>/s/ Stephen A. Wynn</u> Stephen A. Wynn	Chairman of the Board of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ Linda Chen</u> Linda Chen	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ Russell Goldsmith</u> Russell Goldsmith	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ Dr. Ray R. Irani</u> Dr. Ray R. Irani	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ Robert J. Miller</u> Robert J. Miller	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ John A. Moran</u> John A. Moran	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ Alvin V. Shoemaker</u> Alvin V. Shoemaker	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ D. Boone Wayson</u> D. Boone Wayson	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ Elaine P. Wynn</u> Elaine P. Wynn	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ Allan Zeman</u> Allan Zeman	Director of WRL and WLVCC	September 26, 2012
<u>/s/ March D. Schorr</u> Marc D. Schorr	Director of WRL and Chief Operating Officer of WLVCC	September 26, 2012

Signature	Title	Date
<hr/> /s/ Matt Maddox Matt Maddox	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of WLCC	September 26, 2012
<hr/> /s/ Marilyn Spiegel Marilyn Spiegel	President of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC	September 26, 2012
<hr/> /s/ Scott Peterson Scott Peterson	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC	September 26, 2012

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM T-1

**STATEMENT OF ELIGIBILITY
UNDER THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT OF 1939 OF A
CORPORATION DESIGNATED TO ACT AS TRUSTEE**

Check if an Application to Determine Eligibility of a Trustee Pursuant to Section 305(b)(2)

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

(Exact name of Trustee as specified in its charter)

31-0841368

I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

800 Nicollet Mall
Minneapolis, Minnesota
(Address of principal executive offices)

55402
(Zip Code)

Raymond S. Haverstock
U.S. Bank National Association
60 Livingston Avenue
St. Paul, MN 55107
(651) 466-6299
(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC
Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp *
(Issuer with respect to the Securities)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

88-0494875
46-0484992
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South
Las Vegas, Nevada
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

89109
(Zip Code)

5.375% First Mortgage Notes Due 2022
Guarantees related to the 5.375% First Mortgage Notes Due 2022
(Title of the Indenture Securities)

FORM T-1

Item 1. GENERAL INFORMATION. Furnish the following information as to the Trustee.

- a) *Name and address of each examining or supervising authority to which it is subject.*
Comptroller of the Currency
Washington, D.C.
- b) *Whether it is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.*
Yes

Item 2. AFFILIATIONS WITH OBLIGOR. *If the obligor is an affiliate of the Trustee, describe each such affiliation.*

None

Items 3-15 *Items 3-15 are not applicable because to the best of the Trustee's knowledge, the obligor is not in default under any Indenture for which the Trustee acts as Trustee.*

Item 16. LIST OF EXHIBITS: *List below all exhibits filed as a part of this statement of eligibility and qualification.*

- 1. A copy of the Articles of Association of the Trustee.*
- 2. A copy of the certificate of authority of the Trustee to commence business, attached as Exhibit 2.
- 3. A copy of the certificate of authority of the Trustee to exercise corporate trust powers, attached as Exhibit 3.
- 4. A copy of the existing bylaws of the Trustee.**
- 5. A copy of each Indenture referred to in Item 4. Not applicable.
- 6. The consent of the Trustee required by Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, attached as Exhibit 6.
- 7. Report of Condition of the Trustee as of June 30, 2012 published pursuant to law or the requirements of its supervising or examining authority, attached as Exhibit 7.

* Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 25.1 to Amendment No. 2 to registration statement on S-4, Registration Number 333-128217 filed on November 15, 2005.

** Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 25.1 to registration statement on S-4, Registration Number 333-166527 filed on May 5, 2010.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, the Trustee, U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a national banking association organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, has duly caused this statement of eligibility and qualification to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, all in the City of St. Paul, State of Minnesota on the 15th of September, 2012.

By: /s/ Raymond S. Haverstock

Raymond S. Haverstock
Vice President



Comptroller of the Currency
Administrator of National Banks

Washington, DC 20219

CERTIFICATE OF CORPORATE EXISTENCE

I, Thomas J. Curry, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that:

1. The Comptroller of the Currency, pursuant to Revised Statutes 324, et seq, as amended, and 12 USC 1, et seq, as amended, has possession, custody, and control of all records pertaining to the chartering, regulation, and supervision of all national banking associations.
2. "U.S. Bank National Association," Cincinnati, Ohio (Charter No. 24), is a national banking association formed under the laws of the United States and is authorized thereunder to transact the business of banking on the date of this certificate.



IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, today, May 9, 2012, I have hereunto subscribed my name and caused my seal of office to be affixed to these presents at the U.S. Department of the Treasury, in the City of Washington, District of Columbia.

Comptroller of the Currency



Comptroller of the Currency
Administrator of National Banks

Washington, DC 20219

CERTIFICATION OF FIDUCIARY POWERS

I, John Walsh, Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that:

1. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, pursuant to Revised Statutes 324, et seq, as amended, and 12 USC 1, et seq, as amended, has possession, custody, and control of all records pertaining to the chartering, regulation, and supervision of all national banking associations.
2. "U.S. Bank National Association," Cincinnati, Ohio (Charter No. 24), was granted, under the hand and seal of the Comptroller, the right to act in all fiduciary capacities authorized under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved September 28, 1962, 76 Stat. 668, 12 USC 92a, and that the authority so granted remains in full force and effect on the date of this certificate.



IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, today, September 14, 2011, I have hereunto subscribed my name and caused my seal of office to be affixed to these presents at the U.S. Department of the Treasury, in the City of Washington, District of Columbia.

Handwritten signature of John Walsh in cursive.

Acting Comptroller of the Currency

Exhibit 6

CONSENT

In accordance with Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, the undersigned, U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION hereby consents that reports of examination of the undersigned by Federal, State, Territorial or District authorities may be furnished by such authorities to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request therefor.

Dated: September 15, 2012

By: /s/ Raymond S. Haverstock
Raymond S. Haverstock
Vice President

Exhibit 7
U.S. Bank National Association
Statement of Financial Condition
As of 6/30/2012

(\$000's)

	6/30/2012
Assets	
Cash and Balances Due From Depository Institutions	\$ 15,399,893
Securities	72,720,824
Federal Funds	75,584
Loans & Lease Financing Receivables	211,830,660
Fixed Assets	5,286,747
Intangible Assets	12,383,063
Other Assets	25,125,941
Total Assets	\$342,822,712
Liabilities	
Deposits	\$245,043,009
Fed Funds	6,587,299
Treasury Demand Notes	0
Trading Liabilities	937,898
Other Borrowed Money	35,563,317
Acceptances	0
Subordinated Notes and Debentures	5,829,815
Other Liabilities	11,359,611
Total Liabilities	\$305,320,949
Equity	
Minority Interest in Subsidiaries	\$ 2,015,054
Common and Preferred Stock	18,200
Surplus	14,133,323
Undivided Profits	21,335,186
Total Equity Capital	\$ 37,501,763
Total Liabilities and Equity Capital	\$342,822,712

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC
WYNN LAS VEGAS CAPITAL CORP.

Offer to Exchange
\$900,000,000 of their outstanding
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIPs 983130 AS4 and U98347 AH7)
Issued on March 12, 2012
for
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIP 983130 AT2)
That Have Been Registered Under
the Securities Act of 1933, as Amended,
Pursuant to the Prospectus, dated _____, 2012

<p>THE EXCHANGE OFFER WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M. NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON _____, 2012, UNLESS EXTENDED BY THE ISSUERS (THE "EXPIRATION DATE"). TENDERS MAY BE WITHDRAWN PRIOR TO 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON THE EXPIRATION DATE.</p>
--

Delivery To: U.S. Bank National Association, Exchange Agent

By Hand, Overnight Delivery or by Mail:

60 Livingston Avenue St. Paul, Minnesota 55107-1419 Attention: Specialized Finance Dept.

By Facsimile Transmission:

651-466-6299

Confirm by Telephone:

800-934-6802

DELIVERY OF THIS INSTRUMENT TO AN ADDRESS OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, OR TRANSMISSION OF INSTRUCTIONS VIA FACSIMILE OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A VALID DELIVERY.

The undersigned acknowledges that he or she has received the Prospectus, dated _____, 2012 (the "Prospectus"), of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., a Nevada corporation (together, the "Issuers"), and this Letter of Transmittal (the "Letter"), which together constitute the Issuers' offer (the "Exchange Offer") to exchange an aggregate principal amount of up to \$900,000,000 of the Issuers' 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 (the "New Notes") that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), for a like principal amount of the Issuers' issued and outstanding 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 issued on March 12, 2012 (the "Old Notes") from the registered holders thereof (the "Holders").

For each \$2,000 aggregate principal amount and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000 of Old Notes properly tendered and not withdrawn prior to the Expiration Date, the Holder will receive \$2,000 principal amount and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000 of New Notes.

The New Notes will bear interest from the date of original issuance of the Old Notes or, if interest has already been paid, from the date it was most recently paid on the New Notes (or the Old Notes surrendered in exchange for the New Notes). Accordingly, registered Holders of New Notes on the relevant record date for the first interest payment date following the consummation of the Exchange Offer will receive interest accruing from the most recent date to which interest has been paid, or if interest has not been paid on the New Notes (or the Old Notes surrendered in exchange for the New Notes), from the date of original issuance of the Old Notes. Old Notes accepted for exchange will cease to accrue interest from and after the date of consummation of the Exchange Offer. Holders of Old Notes whose Old Notes are accepted for exchange will not receive any payment in respect of accrued interest on such Old Notes otherwise payable on any interest payment date the record date for which occurs on or after consummation of the Exchange Offer, except as described above with respect to the New Notes issued in exchange for such Old Notes.

This Letter is to be completed by a holder of Old Notes either if certificates are to be forwarded herewith or if a tender of Old Notes is to be made by book-entry transfer to the account maintained by the Exchange Agent at The Depository Trust Company (the “Book-Entry Transfer Facility”) pursuant to the procedures set forth in “The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers” section of the Prospectus and an Agent’s Message is not delivered. Tenders by book-entry transfer may also be made by delivering an Agent’s Message in lieu of this Letter. The term “Agent’s Message” means a message, transmitted by the Book-Entry Transfer Facility to, and received by, the Exchange Agent and forming a part of a Book-Entry Confirmation (as defined below), which states that the Book-Entry Transfer Facility has received an express acknowledgment from the tendering participant, which acknowledgment states that such participant has received and agrees to be bound by this Letter and that the Issuers may enforce this Letter against such participant. Holders of Old Notes whose certificates are not immediately available, or who are unable to deliver their certificates or confirmation of the book-entry tender of their Old Notes into the Exchange Agent’s account at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility (a “Book-Entry Confirmation”) and all other documents required by this Letter to the Exchange Agent prior to the Expiration Date, must tender their Old Notes according to the guaranteed delivery procedures set forth in “The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures” section of the Prospectus. See Instruction 1.

DELIVERY OF DOCUMENTS TO THE BOOK-ENTRY TRANSFER FACILITY DOES NOT CONSTITUTE DELIVERY TO THE EXCHANGE AGENT.

The undersigned has completed the appropriate boxes below and signed this Letter to indicate the action the undersigned desires to take with respect to the Exchange Offer.

List below the Old Notes to which this Letter relates. If the space provided below is inadequate, the certificate numbers, if applicable, and principal amount of Old Notes should be listed on a separate signed schedule affixed hereto.

DESCRIPTION OF OLD NOTES	1	2	3
Name(s) and Address(es) of Registered Holder(s) (Please fill in, if blank)	Certificate Number(s)*	Aggregate Principal Amount of Old Note(s)	Principal Amount Tendered**
	Total		

* Need not be completed if Old Notes are being tendered by book-entry transfer.

** Unless otherwise indicated in this column, a holder will be deemed to have tendered ALL of the Old Notes represented by the Old Notes indicated in column 2. See Instruction 2. Old Notes tendered hereby must be in denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000. See Instruction 1.

CHECK HERE IF TENDERED OLD NOTES ARE BEING DELIVERED BY BOOK-ENTRY TRANSFER MADE TO THE ACCOUNT MAINTAINED BY THE EXCHANGE AGENT WITH THE BOOK-ENTRY TRANSFER FACILITY AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Name of Tendering Institution _____
Account Number _____ Transaction Code Number _____

By crediting the Old Notes to the Exchange Agent's account at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility's Automated Tender Offer Program ("ATOP") and by complying with applicable ATOP procedures with respect to the Exchange Offer, including transmitting to the Exchange Agent a computer-generated Agent's Message in which the holder of the Old Notes acknowledges and agrees to be bound by the terms of, and makes the representations and warranties contained in, this Letter, the participant in the Book-Entry Transfer Facility confirms on behalf of itself and the beneficial owners of such Old Notes all provisions of this Letter (including all representations and warranties) applicable to it and such beneficial owner as fully as if it had completed the information required herein and executed and transmitted this Letter to the Exchange Agent.

CHECK HERE IF TENDERED OLD NOTES ARE BEING DELIVERED PURSUANT TO A NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY PREVIOUSLY SENT TO THE EXCHANGE AGENT AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Name(s) of Registered Holder(s) _____
Window Ticket Number (if any) _____
Date of Execution of Notice of Guaranteed Delivery _____
Name of Institution Which Guaranteed Delivery _____

If Delivered by Book-Entry Transfer, Complete the Following:

Account Number _____ Transaction Code Number _____
Name: _____
Address: _____

The undersigned represents that it is not an "affiliate" of the Issuers as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act, that it acquired the New Notes in the ordinary course of its business, and that at the time of the commencement of the Exchange Offer, neither the undersigned nor, to the knowledge of the undersigned, anyone receiving New Notes from the undersigned, has any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution, as defined in the Securities Act, of the New Notes in violation of the Securities Act. If the undersigned is not a broker-dealer, the undersigned represents that it is not engaged in, and does not intend to engage in, a distribution of the New Notes and it has no arrangements or understandings with any person to participate in a distribution of the New Notes, as defined in the Securities Act. If the undersigned is a broker-dealer, it represents that it will receive the New Notes for its own account in exchange for the Old Notes that were acquired by it as a result of its market-making or other trading activities and it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of such New Notes; however, by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, the undersigned will not be deemed to admit that it is an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act.

PLEASE READ THE ACCOMPANYING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the Exchange Offer, the undersigned hereby tenders to the Issuers the aggregate principal amount of Old Notes indicated above. Subject to, and effective upon, the acceptance for exchange of the Old Notes tendered hereby, the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers to, or upon the order of, the Issuers all right, title and interest in and to such Old Notes as are being tendered hereby.

The undersigned hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints the Exchange Agent as the undersigned's true and lawful agent and attorney-in-fact with respect to such tendered Old Notes, with full power of substitution, among other things, to cause the Old Notes to be assigned, transferred and exchanged. The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned has full power and authority to tender, sell, assign and transfer the Old Notes, and to acquire New Notes issuable upon the exchange of such tendered Old Notes, and that, when the same are accepted for exchange, the Issuers will acquire good and unencumbered title thereto, free and clear of all liens, restrictions, charges and encumbrances and not subject to any adverse claim when the same are accepted by the Issuers. The undersigned hereby further represents that: (i) any New Notes received by the undersigned will be received in the ordinary course of business, (ii) the undersigned will have no arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the Old Notes or the New Notes within the meaning of the Securities Act, (iii) the undersigned is not an "affiliate" (as such term is defined in Rule 501(b) of Regulation D of the Securities Act) of the Issuers or the guarantors, or if the undersigned is an affiliate, then the undersigned will comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act to the extent applicable, (iv) if the undersigned is not a broker-dealer, then it is not engaged in, and does not intend to engage in, the distribution of the New Notes, and (v) if the undersigned is a broker-dealer, then it will receive the New Notes for its own account in exchange for the Old Notes that were acquired as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities and that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the New Notes.

The undersigned acknowledges that this Exchange Offer is being made in reliance on interpretations by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), as set forth in no-action letters issued to third parties, that the New Notes issued pursuant to the Exchange Offer in exchange for the Old Notes may be offered for resale, resold and otherwise transferred by Holders thereof (other than any such Holder that is an "affiliate" of the Issuers or the guarantors within the meaning of Rule 501(b) of Regulation D of the Securities Act), without compliance with the registration and prospectus delivery provisions of the Securities Act, provided that such New Notes are acquired in the ordinary course of such Holders' business and such Holders have no arrangement with any person to participate in the distribution of such New Notes. However, the SEC has not considered the Exchange Offer in the context of a no-action letter and there can be no assurance that the staff of the SEC would make a similar determination with respect to the Exchange Offer as in other circumstances. If the undersigned is not a broker-dealer, the undersigned represents that it is not engaged in, and does not intend to engage in, a distribution of New Notes and has no arrangement or understanding to participate in a distribution of New Notes. If any Holder is an affiliate of the Issuers or is engaged in or intends to engage in or has any arrangement or understanding with respect to the distribution of the New Notes to be acquired pursuant to the Exchange Offer, such Holder (i) could not rely on the applicable interpretations of the staff of the SEC and (ii) must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction. If the undersigned is a broker-dealer that will receive New Notes for its own account in exchange for Old Notes, it represents that the Old Notes to be exchanged for the New Notes were acquired by it as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities and acknowledges that it will deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of such New Notes; however, by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, the undersigned will not be deemed to admit that it is an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act.

The undersigned will, upon request, execute and deliver any additional documents deemed by the Issuers to be necessary or desirable to complete the sale, assignment and transfer of the Old Notes tendered hereby. All authority conferred or agreed to be conferred in this Letter and every obligation of the undersigned hereunder shall be binding upon the successors, assigns, heirs, executors, administrators, trustees in bankruptcy and legal representatives of the undersigned and

shall not be affected by, and shall survive, the death or incapacity of the undersigned. The Exchange Offer may be withdrawn in accordance with the procedures set forth in “The Exchange Offer—Withdrawal Rights” section of the Prospectus.

Unless otherwise indicated herein in the box entitled “Special Issuance Instructions” below, please deliver the New Notes (and, if applicable, substitute certificates representing Old Notes for any Old Notes not exchanged) in the name of the undersigned or, in the case of a book-entry delivery of Old Notes, please credit the account indicated above maintained at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility. Similarly, unless otherwise indicated under the box entitled “Special Delivery Instructions” below, please send the New Notes (and, if applicable, substitute certificates representing Old Notes for any Old Notes not exchanged) to the undersigned at the address shown above in the boxes entitled “Description of Old Notes.”

THE UNDERSIGNED, BY COMPLETING THE BOX AND/OR BOXES ENTITLED "DESCRIPTION OF OLD NOTES" ABOVE AND SIGNING THIS LETTER, WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE TENDERED THE OLD NOTES AS SET FORTH IN SUCH BOX AND/OR BOXES ABOVE.

SPECIAL ISSUANCE INSTRUCTIONS
(See Instructions 3 and 4)

To be completed ONLY if certificates for Old Notes not exchanged and/or New Notes are to be issued in the name of and sent to someone other than the person or persons whose signature(s) appear(s) on this Letter below, or if Old Notes delivered by book-entry transfer which are not accepted for exchange are to be returned by credit to an account maintained at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility other than the account indicated above.

Issue New Notes and/or Old Notes to:

Name(s) _____
(Please Type or Print)

(Please Type or Print)

(Address)

(Zip Code)

(Complete Substitute Form W-9)

Credit unexchanged Old Notes delivered by book-entry transfer to the Book-Entry Transfer Facility account set forth below.

(Book-Entry Transfer Facility Account Number, if applicable)

SPECIAL DELIVERY ISSUANCE INSTRUCTIONS
(See Instructions 3 and 4)

To be completed ONLY if certificates for Old Notes not exchanged and/or New Notes are to be sent to someone other than the person or persons whose signature(s) appear(s) on this Letter below or to such person or persons at an address other than shown in the box entitled "Description of Old Notes" on this Letter above.

Mail New Notes and/or Old Notes to:

Name(s) _____
(Please Type or Print)

(Please Type or Print)

(Address)

(Zip Code)

IMPORTANT: THIS LETTER OR A FACSIMILE HEREOF OR AN AGENT'S MESSAGE IN LIEU HEREOF (TOGETHER WITH THE CERTIFICATES FOR OLD NOTES OR A BOOK-ENTRY CONFIRMATION AND ALL OTHER REQUIRED DOCUMENTS OR THE NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY) MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE EXCHANGE AGENT PRIOR TO 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON THE EXPIRATION DATE.

PLEASE READ THIS ENTIRE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING ANY BOX ABOVE.

**PLEASE SIGN HERE
(TO BE COMPLETED BY ALL TENDERING HOLDERS)
(Complete Accompanying Substitute Form W-9 Below)**

X _____, 2012
X _____, 2012

(Signature(s) of Owner)
Area Code and Telephone Number _____

If a holder is tendering any Old Notes, this Letter must be signed by the registered holder(s) as the name(s) appear(s) on the certificate(s) for the Old Notes or by any person(s) authorized to become registered holder(s) by endorsements and documents transmitted herewith. If signature is by a trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, officer or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, please set forth full title. See Instruction 3.

Name(s): _____
(Please Type or Print)

Capacity: _____

Address: _____

(Including Zip Code)

Tax Identification No.: _____

**SIGNATURE GUARANTEE
(If required by Instruction 3)**

Signature(s) Guaranteed by
an Eligible Institution: _____
(Authorized Signature)

(Title)

(Name and Firm)

Dated: _____, 2012

INSTRUCTIONS

**Forming Part of the Terms and Conditions of the Exchange Offer for the
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 (CUSIPs 983130 AS4 and U98347 AH7) Issued on March 12, 2012 of
Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.**

**in Exchange for the
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 (CUSIP 983130 AT2) of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. That Have Been Registered
Under the Securities Act of 1933, as Amended**

1. Delivery of this Letter and Old Notes; Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.

This Letter is to be completed by holders of Old Notes either if certificates are to be forwarded herewith or if tenders are to be made pursuant to the procedures for delivery by book-entry transfer set forth in “The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers” section of the Prospectus and an Agent’s Message is not delivered. Tenders by book-entry transfer may also be made by delivering an Agent’s Message in lieu of this Letter. The term “Agent’s Message” means a message, transmitted by the Book-Entry Transfer Facility to and received by the Exchange Agent and forming a part of a Book-Entry Confirmation, which states that the Book-Entry Transfer Facility has received an express acknowledgment from the tendering participant, which acknowledgment states that such participant has received and agrees to be bound by the Letter of Transmittal and that the Issuers may enforce the Letter of Transmittal against such participant. Certificates for all physically tendered Old Notes, or Book-Entry Confirmation, as the case may be, as well as a properly completed and duly executed Letter (or manually signed facsimile hereof or Agent’s Message in lieu thereof) and any other documents required by this Letter, must be received by the Exchange Agent at the address set forth herein prior to the Expiration Date, or the tendering holder must comply with the guaranteed delivery procedures referred to below and set forth in “The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures” section of the Prospectus. Old Notes tendered hereby must be in denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000.

Holders whose certificates for Old Notes are not immediately available or who cannot deliver their certificates and all other required documents to the Exchange Agent prior to the Expiration Date, or who cannot complete the procedure for book-entry transfer on a timely basis, may tender their Old Notes pursuant to the guaranteed delivery procedures set forth in “The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures” section of the Prospectus. Pursuant to such procedures, (i) such tender must be made through an Eligible Institution, (ii) prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Expiration Date, the Exchange Agent must receive from such Eligible Institution a properly completed and duly executed Notice of Guaranteed Delivery, substantially in the form provided by the Issuers (by telegram, facsimile transmission, mail or hand delivery), setting forth the name and address of the Holder and the amount of Old Notes tendered, stating that the tender is being made thereby and guaranteeing that within three New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) trading days after the date of execution of the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery, the certificates for all physically tendered Old Notes, in proper form for transfer, or a Book-Entry Confirmation, as the case may be, together with this Letter properly completed and duly executed (or facsimile hereof or Agent’s Message in lieu hereof) with any required signature guarantees and any other documents required by this Letter will be deposited by the Eligible Institution with the Exchange Agent, and (iii) the certificates for all physically tendered Old Notes, in proper form for transfer, or a Book-Entry Confirmation, as the case may be, together with this Letter properly completed and duly executed (or facsimile hereof or Agent’s Message in lieu hereof) with any required signature guarantees and all other documents required by this Letter, are received by the Exchange Agent within three NYSE trading days after the date of execution of the Notice of Guaranteed Delivery.

The method of delivery of this Letter, the Old Notes and all other required documents is at the election and risk of the tendering holders, but the delivery will be deemed made only when actually received or confirmed by the Exchange Agent. If Old Notes are sent by mail, it is suggested that the mailing be registered mail, properly insured, with return receipt requested, made sufficiently in advance of the Expiration Date to permit delivery to the Exchange Agent prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Expiration Date.

See “The Exchange Offer” section of the Prospectus.

2. Partial Tenders (not applicable to noteholders who tender by book-entry transfer).

If less than all of the Old Notes evidenced by a submitted certificate are to be tendered, the tendering holder(s) should fill in the aggregate principal amount of Old Notes to be tendered in the box or boxes above entitled “Description of Old Notes—Principal Amount Tendered.” A reissued certificate representing the balance of nontendered Old Notes will be sent to such tendering holder, unless otherwise provided in the appropriate box on this Letter, promptly after the Expiration Date. **All of the Old Notes delivered to the Exchange Agent will be deemed to have been tendered unless otherwise indicated.**

3. Signatures on this Letter; Bond Powers and Endorsements; Guarantee of Signatures.

If this Letter is signed by the registered holder of the Old Notes tendered hereby, the signature must correspond exactly with the name as written on the face of the certificates without any change whatsoever.

If any tendered Old Notes are owned of record by two or more joint owners, all of such owners must sign this Letter.

If any tendered Old Notes are registered in different names on several certificates, it will be necessary to complete, sign and submit as many separate copies of this Letter as there are different registrations of certificates.

When this Letter is signed by the registered holder or holders of the Old Notes specified herein and tendered hereby, no endorsements of certificates or separate bond powers are required. If, however, the New Notes are to be issued, or any untendered Old Notes are to be reissued, to a person other than the registered holder, then endorsements of any certificates transmitted hereby or separate bond powers are required. Signatures on such certificate(s) must be guaranteed by an Eligible Institution.

If this Letter is signed by a person other than the registered holder or holders of any certificate(s) specified herein, such certificate(s) must be endorsed or accompanied by appropriate bond powers, in either case signed exactly as the name or names of the registered holder or holders appear(s) on the certificate(s) and signatures on such certificate(s) must be guaranteed by an Eligible Institution.

If this Letter or any certificates or bond powers are signed by trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, attorneys-in-fact, officers of corporations or others acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, such persons should so indicate when signing, and, unless waived by the Issuers, proper evidence satisfactory to the Issuers of their authority to so act must be submitted.

Endorsements on certificates for Old Notes or signatures on bond powers required by this Instruction 3 must be guaranteed by a firm that is a financial institution (including most banks, savings and loan associations and brokerage houses) that is a participant in the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program, the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program or the Stock Exchanges Medallion Program (each an “Eligible Institution”).

Signatures on this Letter need not be guaranteed by an Eligible Institution, provided the Old Notes are tendered: (i) by a registered holder (which term, for purposes of the Exchange Offer, includes any participant in the Book-Entry Transfer Facility system whose name appears on a security position listing as the holder of such Old Notes) who has not completed the box entitled “Special Issuance Instructions” or “Special Delivery Instructions” on this Letter, or (ii) for the account of an Eligible Institution.

4. Special Issuance and Delivery Instructions.

Tendering holders of Old Notes should indicate in the applicable box the name and address to which New Notes issued pursuant to the Exchange Offer and/or substitute certificates evidencing Old Notes not exchanged are to be issued or sent, if different from the name or address of the person signing this Letter. In the case of issuance in a different name, the employer identification or social security number of the person named must also be indicated. Noteholders tendering Old Notes by

book-entry transfer may request that Old Notes not exchanged be credited to such account maintained at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility as such noteholder may designate hereon. If no such instructions are given, such Old Notes not exchanged will be returned to the name and address of the person signing this Letter.

5. Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification of Foreign Status.

Federal income tax law generally requires that a tendering holder whose Old Notes are accepted for exchange must provide the Issuers (as payors) with such holder's correct Taxpayer Identification Number ("TIN") on the Substitute Form W-9 below, which generally is such holder's social security number or employer identification number, or otherwise establish an exemption. If the Issuers are not provided with the current TIN or an adequate basis for an exemption from backup withholding, such tendering holder may be subject to a \$50 penalty imposed by the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") and backup withholding at the then applicable rate on the amount of any reportable payments made after the exchange to such tendering holder of New Notes. If withholding results in an overpayment of taxes, a refund may be obtained provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

Exempt holders of Old Notes (including, among others, all corporations and certain foreign individuals) are not subject to these backup withholding and reporting requirements. To prevent possible backup withholding an exempt holder that is a U.S. person should write "Exempt" in Part 3 of Substitute Form W-9. See the enclosed Guidelines of Certification of Taxpayer Identification Number on Substitute Form W-9 (the "W-9 Guidelines") for additional instructions.

To prevent backup withholding, each tendering holder of Old Notes must provide its correct TIN by completing the Substitute Form W-9 set forth below, certifying, under penalties of perjury, that (A) the TIN provided is correct (or that such holder is awaiting a TIN), (B) the holder is a U.S. person, and (C) (i) the holder is exempt from backup withholding, (ii) the holder has not been notified by the IRS that such holder is subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends or (iii) the IRS has notified the holder that such holder is no longer subject to backup withholding.

If a holder that is a U.S. person does not have a TIN, such holder should consult the W-9 Guidelines for instructions on applying for a TIN, check the box in Part 2 of the Substitute Form W-9 and write "applied for" in the space for the TIN in Part 3 of the Substitute Form W-9. Note: Checking this box and writing "applied for" on the form means that such holder has already applied for a TIN or that such holder intends to apply for one in the near future. If the box in Part 2 of the Substitute Form W-9 is checked, and the Exchange Agent is not provided with a TIN by the time of payment, the Exchange Agent may withhold a portion of all reportable payments to the holder thereafter until such holder furnishes its TIN to the Exchange Agent.

If the tendering holder of Old Notes is a nonresident alien or foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, such holder must give the Exchange Agent a completed Form W-8BEN, Certificate of Foreign Status. These forms may be obtained from the Exchange Agent. If the Old Notes are in more than one name or are not in the name of the actual owner, such holder should consult the W-9 Guidelines for information on which TIN to report.

6. Transfer Taxes.

The Issuers will pay or cause to be paid all transfer taxes, if any, applicable to the transfer of Old Notes to them or their order pursuant to the Exchange Offer. If, however, New Notes are to be delivered to, or are to be registered or issued in the name of, any person other than the registered holder of the Old Notes tendered hereby, or if tendered Old Notes are registered in the name of any person other than the person signing this Letter, or if a transfer tax is imposed for any reason other than the transfer of Old Notes to the Issuers or their order pursuant to the Exchange Offer, the amount of any such transfer taxes (whether imposed on the registered holder or any other persons) will be payable by the tendering holder. If satisfactory evidence of payment of such taxes or exemption therefrom is not submitted herewith, the amount of such transfer taxes will be billed directly to such tendering holder.

Except as provided in this Instruction 6, it will not be necessary for transfer tax stamps to be affixed to the Old Notes specified in this Letter.

7. Waiver of Conditions.

The Issuers reserve the absolute right to waive satisfaction of any or all conditions enumerated in the Prospectus.

8. No Conditional Tenders.

No alternative, conditional, irregular or contingent tenders will be accepted. All tendering holders of Old Notes, by execution of this Letter, shall waive any right to receive notice of the acceptance of their Old Notes for exchange.

None of the Issuers, the Exchange Agent nor any other person is obligated to give notice of any defect or irregularity with respect to any tender of Old Notes nor shall any of them incur any liability for failure to give any such notice.

9. Mutilated, Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Old Notes.

Any holder whose Old Notes have been mutilated, lost, stolen or destroyed should contact the Exchange Agent at the address indicated above for further instructions.

10. Withdrawal Rights.

Tenders of Old Notes may be withdrawn at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Expiration Date.

For a withdrawal of a tender of Old Notes to be effective, a written notice of withdrawal must be received by the Exchange Agent at the address set forth above prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Expiration Date. Any such notice of withdrawal must (i) specify the name of the person having tendered the Old Notes to be withdrawn (the "Depositor"), (ii) identify the Old Notes to be withdrawn (including certificate number or numbers, if certificated, and the name and number of the account at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility to be credited with the withdrawn Old Notes, if tendered pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer, and the principal amount of such Old Notes), (iii) contain a statement that such Holder is withdrawing its election to have such Old Notes exchanged, (iv) be signed by the Holder in the same manner as the original signature on the Letter by which such Old Notes were tendered (including any required signature guarantees) or be accompanied by documents of transfer to have the Trustee with respect to the Old Notes register the transfer of such Old Notes in the name of the person withdrawing the tender and (v) specify the name in which such Old Notes are registered, if different from that of the Depositor. If Old Notes have been tendered pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer set forth in "The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers" section of the Prospectus, any notice of withdrawal must specify the name and number of the account at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility to be credited with the withdrawn Old Notes and otherwise comply with the procedures of such facility. All questions as to the validity, form and eligibility (including time of receipt) of such notices will be determined by the Issuers, whose determination shall be final and binding on all parties. Any Old Notes so withdrawn will be deemed not to have been validly tendered for exchange for purposes of the Exchange Offer and no New Notes will be issued with respect thereto unless the Old Notes so withdrawn are validly retendered prior to the Expiration Date. Any Old Notes that have been tendered for exchange but which are not exchanged for any reason will be returned to the Holder thereof without cost to such Holder (or, in the case of Old Notes tendered by book-entry transfer into the Exchange Agent's account at the Book-Entry Transfer Facility pursuant to the book-entry transfer procedures set forth in "The Exchange Offer—Book-Entry Transfers" section of the Prospectus, such Old Notes will be credited to an account maintained with the Book-Entry Transfer Facility for the Old Notes) as soon as practicable after withdrawal, rejection of tender or termination of the Exchange Offer. Properly withdrawn Old Notes may be retendered by following the procedures described above at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Expiration Date.

11. Requests for Assistance or Additional Copies.

Questions relating to the procedure for tendering, as well as requests for additional copies of the Prospectus and this Letter, and requests for Notices of Guaranteed Delivery and other related documents may be directed to the Exchange Agent, at the address and telephone number indicated above.

TO BE COMPLETED BY ALL TENDERING HOLDERS

(See Instruction 5)

PAYOR'S NAME: U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

<p>SUBSTITUTE</p> <p>Form W-9</p> <p>Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service</p> <p>Payor's Request for Taxpayer Identification Number ("TIN") and Certification</p>	<p>Please fill in your name and address below.</p> <hr/> <p>Name</p> <hr/> <p>Name</p> <hr/> <p>Business Name (if different from above)</p> <hr/> <p>Address (number and street)</p> <hr/> <p>City, State and Zip Code</p> <p>Check appropriate box: <input type="checkbox"/> Disregarded Entity <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/Sole Proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____</p> <p>(If you are an LLC, check the box marked "Other," write "LLC," and also check one of the other boxes to indicate your tax status (e.g., disregarded entity, individual/sole proprietor, corporation, partnership).)</p>	<p>Part 1—PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR TIN IN THE BOX BELOW AND CERTIFY BY SIGNING AND DATING BELOW.</p> <p>TIN: _____</p> <p align="center">Social Security Number or Employer Identification Number</p>
<p>Part 2—Awaiting TIN <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>Part 3—CERTIFICATION: UNDER THE PENALTIES OF PERJURY, I CERTIFY THAT:</p> <p>(1) the number shown on this form is my correct TIN (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me),</p> <p>(2) I am not subject to backup withholding either because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and</p> <p>(3) I am a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien).</p> <p>For U.S. Payees Exempt from Backup Withholding (write "Exempt" in this space): _____</p> <p>SIGNATURE OF U.S. PERSON _____</p> <p>DATE _____</p>		

You must cross out item (2) of the above certification if you have been notified by the IRS that you are subject to backup withholding because of underreporting of interest or dividends on your tax return and you have not been notified by the IRS that you are no longer subject to backup withholding. (Also see instructions in the enclosed Guidelines for Certification of Taxpayer Identification Number on Substitute Form W-9.)

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATE IF YOU CHECKED THE BOX IN PART 2 OF SUBSTITUTE FORM W-9

<p>CERTIFICATE OF AWAITING TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER</p>
<p>I certify under penalties of perjury that a Taxpayer Identification Number has not been issued to me, and either (a) I have mailed or delivered an application to receive a Taxpayer Identification Number to the appropriate Internal Revenue Service Center or Social Security Administration Office or (b) I intend to mail or deliver an application in the near future. I understand that if I do not provide a Taxpayer Identification Number by the time of the exchange, an amount equal to the then applicable backup withholding rate on all reportable payments made to me thereafter will be withheld until I provide a number.</p>
<p>Signature _____ Date _____</p>

**GUIDELINES FOR CERTIFICATION OF TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
ON SUBSTITUTE FORM W-9**

GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING THE PROPER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER TO GIVE THE PAYOR—Social security numbers have nine digits separated by two hyphens, *e.g.*, 000-00-0000. Employer identification numbers have nine digits separated by only one hyphen, *e.g.*, 00-0000000. The table below will help determine the number to give the payor.

For this type of account:		Give the name* and SOCIAL SECURITY number of—	For this type of account:		Give the name and EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION number of—
1.	Individual	The individual	6.	Sole proprietorship or single-owner LLC	The owner(3)
2.	Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account(1)	7.	A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity(4)
3.	Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor(2)	8.	Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832	The corporation
4.	a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee(1)	9.	Association, club, religious, charitable, educational or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
	b. So-called "trust" account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner(1)	10.	Partnership or Multi-Member LLC	The partnership
5.	Sole proprietorship or single-owner LLC	The owner(3)	11.	A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
			12.	Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity

* If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your social security card. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage, without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

- (1) List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has a social security number, that person's number must be furnished.
- (2) Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's social security number.
- (3) You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the second name line. You may use either your social security number or employer identification number (if you have one). If you are a sole proprietor, the Internal Revenue Service encourages you to use your social security number.
- (4) List first and circle the name of the legal trust, estate or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

**GUIDELINES FOR CERTIFICATION OF TAXPAYER
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ON SUBSTITUTE FORM W-9**

Obtaining a TIN

If you do not have a TIN or you do not know your number, obtain **Form SS-5**, Application for a Social Security Card (for resident individuals), **Form SS-4**, Application for Employer Identification Number (for businesses and all other entities), **Form W-7**, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (for resident alien individuals required to file U.S. tax returns). You may obtain Form SS-5 from your local Social Security Administration Office and Forms SS-4 and W-7 from the IRS by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) or from the IRS's Internet Web Site at www.irs.gov.

To complete Substitute Form W-9 if you do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN in Part 1, sign and date the form, and give it to the payor. Generally, you will then have 60 days to obtain a TIN and furnish it to the payor. If the payor does not receive your TIN within 60 days, backup withholding, if applicable, will begin and will continue until you furnish your TIN to the payor. **Note:** Writing "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN **OR** that you intend to apply for one soon.

Payees Exempt from Backup Withholding

Unless otherwise noted herein, all references below to section numbers or to regulations are references to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Payees specifically exempted from backup withholding on ALL payments include the following:

- A corporation.
- An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).
- The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies or instrumentalities.
- An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Exempt payees described above should file a Substitute Form W-9 to avoid possible backup withholding. FURNISH YOUR TIN IN PART 1, WRITE "EXEMPT" IN PART 3, SIGN AND DATE THE FORM AND RETURN IT TO THE PAYOR.

Certain payments not subject to information reporting also are not subject to backup withholding. For details, see sections 6041, 6041A(a), 6042, 6044, 6045, 6049, 6050A, and 6050N, and their regulations.

Privacy Act Notice. Section 6109 requires you to give your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends and certain other payments. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS also may provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states and the District of Columbia to carry out their tax laws.

You must provide your TIN to the payor whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payors must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividends, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payor. Certain penalties also may apply.

Penalties

(1) **Penalty for Failure to Furnish a TIN**—If you fail to furnish your TIN to a payor, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

(2) **Civil Penalty for False Statements With Respect to Withholding**—If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis which results in no imposition of backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

(3) **Criminal Penalty for Falsifying Information**—Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT YOUR TAX CONSULTANT OR THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE.

NOTICE OF GUARANTEED DELIVERY
WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC
WYNN LAS VEGAS CAPITAL CORP.

Offer to Exchange
\$900,000,000 of their outstanding
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIPs 983130 AS4 and U98347 AH7)
Issued on March 12, 2012
for
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIP 983130 AT2)
That Have Been Registered Under
the Securities Act of 1933, as Amended,
Pursuant to the Prospectus, dated , 2012

<p>THE EXCHANGE OFFER WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M. NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON , 2012, UNLESS EXTENDED BY THE ISSUERS (THE "EXPIRATION DATE"). TENDERS MAY BE WITHDRAWN PRIOR TO 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON THE EXPIRATION DATE.</p>

This form or one substantially equivalent hereto must be used to accept the offer (the "Exchange Offer") of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (together, the "Issuers") to exchange an aggregate principal amount of up to \$900,000,000 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 of the Issuers issued on March 12, 2012 (the "Old Notes") for 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 of the Issuers that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "New Notes"), upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Prospectus, dated , 2012 (the "Prospectus") and the related Letter of Transmittal (the "Letter of Transmittal"), if certificates for the Old Notes are not immediately available or if the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis or time will not permit all required documents to reach U.S. Bank National Association, as exchange agent (the "Exchange Agent"), prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Expiration Date. Such form may be delivered or transmitted by facsimile transmission, mail or hand delivery to the Exchange Agent as set forth below. In addition, in order to utilize the guaranteed delivery procedure to tender Old Notes pursuant to the Exchange Offer, a completed, signed and dated Letter of Transmittal, or facsimile thereof or Agent's Message in lieu thereof, must also be received by the Exchange Agent prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Expiration Date. Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the respective meanings set forth in the Prospectus.

Delivery To: U.S. Bank National Association, Exchange Agent

By Hand, Overnight Delivery or by Mail:

60 Livingston Avenue
St. Paul, Minnesota 55107-1419
Attention: Specialized Finance Dept.

By Facsimile Transmission
(for Eligible Institutions only):

651-466-6299

Confirm by Telephone:
800-934-6802

DELIVERY OF THIS INSTRUMENT TO AN ADDRESS OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, OR TRANSMISSION OF THIS INSTRUMENT VIA FACSIMILE OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE, WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A VALID DELIVERY.

This Notice is not to be used to guarantee signatures. If a signature on a Letter of Transmittal is required to be guaranteed by a "Medallion Signature Guarantor" under the instructions thereto, such signature guarantee must appear in the applicable space provided in the signature box on the Letter of Transmittal.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Prospectus and the accompanying Letter of Transmittal, receipt of which the undersigned hereby acknowledges, the undersigned hereby tenders to the Issuers the aggregate principal amount of Old Notes set forth below pursuant to the guaranteed delivery procedures described in "The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures" section of the Prospectus.

Aggregate Principal Amount of Old Notes Tendered (must be in denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000)

Name(s) of Holders

Name of Eligible Guarantor Institution Guaranteeing Delivery

Provide the following information for Old Notes certificates to be delivered to the Exchange Agent:

Name of Tendering Institution

DTC Account Number

ALL AUTHORITY HEREIN CONFERRED OR AGREED TO BE CONFERRED SHALL SURVIVE THE DEATH OR INCAPACITY OF THE UNDERSIGNED AND EVERY OBLIGATION OF THE UNDERSIGNED HEREUNDER SHALL BE BINDING UPON THE HEIRS, PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES, SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

PLEASE SIGN HERE

X _____ Date _____

X _____ Date _____

Signature(s) of Owner(s)
or Authorized Signatory

Area Code and Telephone Number

The Notice of Guaranteed Delivery must be signed by the registered holder(s) of the Old Notes certificate(s), or if signed by a person other than the registered holder(s) of any certificate(s), such certificate(s) must be endorsed or accompanied by appropriate bond powers, in either case, signed exactly as its (their) name(s) appear(s) on certificate(s) or on a security position listing, and such certificate(s) must be guaranteed by an Eligible Institution. If signature is by a trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, attorney-in-fact, officer of a corporation or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, such person must set forth his or her full title below and, unless waived by the Issuers, submit proper evidence satisfactory to the Issuers of such person's authority to so act. Please print name(s) and address(es).

Name(s)

Capacity

Address(es)

GUARANTEE

(Not to be Used for Signature Guarantees)

The undersigned, a financial institution (including most banks, savings and loan associations and brokerage houses) that is a participant in the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program, the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program or the Stock Exchange Medallion Program, hereby guarantees that the certificates representing the principal amount of Old Notes tendered hereby in proper form for transfer, or timely confirmation of the book-entry transfer of such Old Notes into the Exchange Agent's account at The Depository Trust Company pursuant to the procedures set forth in "The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures" section of the Prospectus, together with one or more properly and duly executed Letters of Transmittal, or facsimile thereof or Agent's Message in lieu thereof, and any required signature guarantee and any other documents required by the Letter of Transmittal, will be received by the Exchange Agent at the address set forth above, no later than three New York Stock Exchange trading days after the Expiration Date.

_____	_____
Name of Firm	Authorized Signature
_____	_____
Address	Title
_____	Name: _____
Zip Code	(Please Type or Print)
Area Code and Tel. No: _____	Dated: _____

NOTE: DO NOT SEND THE PHYSICAL CERTIFICATES REPRESENTING OLD NOTES WITH THIS NOTICE. SUCH PHYSICAL CERTIFICATES SHOULD BE SENT TO THE EXCHANGE AGENT, TOGETHER WITH A COPY OF YOUR PREVIOUSLY EXECUTED LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

**WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC
WYNN LAS VEGAS CAPITAL CORP.**

**Offer to Exchange
\$900,000,000 of their outstanding
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIPs 983130 AS4 and U98347 AH7)
Issued on March 12, 2012
for
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIP 983130 AT2)
That Have Been Registered Under
the Securities Act of 1933, as Amended,
Pursuant to the Prospectus, dated , 2012**

To Our Clients:

Enclosed for your consideration is a Prospectus, dated , 2012 (the "Prospectus"), and the related Letter of Transmittal (the "Letter of Transmittal"), relating to the offer (the "Exchange Offer") of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (together, the "Issuers") to exchange an aggregate principal amount of up to \$900,000,000 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 of the Issuers issued on March 12, 2012 (the "Old Notes") for 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 of the Issuers that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "New Notes"), upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Prospectus and the Letter of Transmittal. The Exchange Offer is being made to satisfy certain obligations of the Issuers contained in the Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of March 12, 2012, by and among the Issuers, the guarantors referred to therein and the initial purchasers referred to therein.

This material is being forwarded to you as the beneficial owner of the Old Notes held by us for your account but not registered in your name. A TENDER OF SUCH OLD NOTES MAY ONLY BE MADE BY US AS THE HOLDER OF RECORD AND PURSUANT TO YOUR INSTRUCTIONS.

Accordingly, we request instructions as to whether you wish us to tender on your behalf the Old Notes held by us for your account, pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in the enclosed Prospectus and Letter of Transmittal.

Your instructions should be forwarded to us as promptly as possible in order to permit us to tender the Old Notes on your behalf in accordance with the provisions of the Exchange Offer. The Exchange Offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on , 2012, unless extended by the Issuers. Any Old Notes tendered pursuant to the Exchange Offer may be withdrawn at any time before the Expiration Date.

Your attention is directed to the following:

1. The Exchange Offer is for any and all Old Notes.
2. The Exchange Offer is subject to certain conditions set forth in the Prospectus in the section captioned "The Exchange Offer—Conditions to the Exchange Offer."
3. Any transfer taxes incident to the transfer of Old Notes from the holder to the Issuers will be paid by the Issuers, except as otherwise provided in the Instructions in the Letter of Transmittal.
4. The Exchange Offer expires at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on , 2012, unless extended by the Issuers.

If you wish to have us tender your Old Notes, please so instruct us by completing, executing and returning to us the instruction form on the back of this letter. THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL IS FURNISHED TO YOU FOR INFORMATION ONLY AND MAY NOT BE USED DIRECTLY BY YOU TO TENDER OLD NOTES.

**INSTRUCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
THE EXCHANGE OFFER**

The undersigned acknowledge(s) receipt of your letter and the enclosed material referred to therein relating to the Exchange Offer made by Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. with respect to the Old Notes.

This will instruct you to tender the Old Notes held by you for the account of the undersigned, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Prospectus and the related Letter of Transmittal.

The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned has full power and authority to tender, sell, assign and transfer all right, title and interest in the Old Notes and to acquire the New Notes, issuable upon the exchange of such Old Notes, and that, when such validly tendered Old Notes are accepted by the Issuers for exchange, the Issuers will acquire good and unencumbered title thereto, free and clear of all liens, restrictions, charges and encumbrances and not subject to any adverse claim.

By completing, executing and delivering these Instructions, the undersigned hereby (i) makes the acknowledgments, representations and warranties referred to above, (ii) instructs you to tender the Old Notes held by you for the account of the undersigned, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Prospectus and Letter of Transmittal and (iii) expressly agrees to be bound by the Letter of Transmittal and that such Letter of Transmittal may be enforced against the undersigned.

Please tender the **Old Notes** held by you for my account as indicated below:

5.375% FIRST MORTGAGE NOTES DUE 2022		
Certificate Numbers*	Principal Amount**	Old Notes are to be Tendered ("Yes" or "No")***

* Need not be completed if Old Notes are being tendered by book-entry transfer.
 ** Unless otherwise indicated in this column, a holder will be deemed to have tendered ALL of the Old Notes represented by the Old Notes indicated in column 2. See Instruction 2 of the Letter of Transmittal. Old Notes tendered hereby must be in denominations of principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess of \$2,000. See Instruction 1 of the Letter of Transmittal.
 *** Unless otherwise indicated, "yes" will be assumed.

Please do not tender any Old Notes held by you for my account.

Signature(s): _____

Print Name(s) here: _____

Print Address(es): _____

Area Code and Telephone Number(s): _____

Tax Identification or Social Security Number(s): _____

My Account Number With You: _____

Dated: _____, 2012

(Must be signed by the registered holder(s) of the Old Notes, or if signed by a person other than the registered holder(s) of any certificate(s), such certificate(s) must be endorsed or accompanied by appropriate bond powers, in either case, signed exactly as its (their) name(s) appear(s) on certificate(s) or on a security position listing, and such certificate(s) must be guaranteed by an Eligible Institution (as defined in the Letter of Transmittal). If signature is by a trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, attorney-in-fact, officer of a corporation or other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, such person must set forth his or her full title next to his or her name above and, unless waived by the Issuers, submit proper evidence satisfactory to the Issuers of such person's authority to so act. See Instruction 3 to the Letter of Transmittal.)

None of the Old Notes held by us for your account will be tendered unless we receive written instructions from you to do so. Unless a specific contrary instruction is given in the space provided, your signature(s) hereon shall constitute an instruction to us to tender all the Old Notes held by us for your account.

**WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC
WYNN LAS VEGAS CAPITAL CORP.**

**Offer to Exchange
\$900,000,000 of their outstanding
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIPs 983130 AS4 and U98347 AH7)
Issued on March 12, 2012
for
5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022
(CUSIP 983130 AT2)
That Have Been Registered Under
the Securities Act of 1933, as Amended,
Pursuant to the Prospectus, dated , 2012**

THE EXCHANGE OFFER WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M. NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON , 2012, UNLESS EXTENDED BY THE ISSUERS (THE "EXPIRATION DATE"). TENDERS MAY BE WITHDRAWN PRIOR TO 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON THE EXPIRATION DATE.

To: BROKERS, DEALERS, COMMERCIAL BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES AND OTHER NOMINEES:

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp. (together, the "Issuers") are offering to exchange an aggregate principal amount of up to \$900,000,000 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 of the Issuers issued on March 12, 2012 (the "Old Notes") for 5.375% First Mortgage Notes due 2022 of the Issuers that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "New Notes"), upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Prospectus, dated , 2012 (the "Prospectus") and the enclosed Letter of Transmittal (the "Letter of Transmittal"). The Exchange Offer is being made to satisfy certain obligations of the Issuers contained in the Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of March 12, 2012, by and among the Issuers, the guarantors referred to therein and the initial purchasers referred to therein.

We are requesting that you contact your clients for whom you hold Old Notes regarding the Exchange Offer. For your information and for forwarding to your clients for whom you hold Old Notes registered in your name or in the name of your nominee, or who hold Old Notes registered in their own names, we are enclosing the following documents:

1. Prospectus dated , 2012;
2. The Letter of Transmittal for your use and for the information of your clients;
3. A Notice of Guaranteed Delivery to be used to accept the Exchange Offer if certificates for Old Notes are not immediately available or time will not permit all required documents to reach the Exchange Agent prior to the Expiration Date or if the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis;
4. A form of letter which may be sent to your clients for whose account you hold Old Notes registered in your name or the name of your nominee, with space provided for obtaining such clients' instructions with regard to the Exchange Offer;
5. Guidelines for Certification of Taxpayer Identification Number on Substitute Form W-9; and
6. Return envelopes addressed to U.S. Bank National Association, the Exchange Agent for the Exchange Offer.

YOUR PROMPT ACTION IS REQUESTED. THE EXCHANGE OFFER WILL EXPIRE AT 5:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON , 2012, UNLESS EXTENDED BY THE ISSUERS. OLD NOTES TENDERED PURSUANT TO THE EXCHANGE OFFER MAY BE WITHDRAWN AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE.

To participate in the Exchange Offer, a duly executed and properly completed Letter of Transmittal (or facsimile thereof or Agent's Message (as defined in the Letter of Transmittal) in lieu thereof), with any required signature guarantees and any other required documents, should be sent to the Exchange Agent and certificates representing the Old Notes should be delivered to the Exchange Agent, all in accordance with the instructions set forth in the Letter of Transmittal and the Prospectus.

If a registered holder of Old Notes desires to tender Old Notes, but such Old Notes are not immediately available, or time will not permit such holder's Old Notes or other required documents to reach the Exchange Agent before the Expiration Date, or the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on a timely basis, a tender may be effected by following the guaranteed delivery procedures described in the Prospectus under the caption "The Exchange Offer—Guaranteed Delivery Procedures."

The Issuers will, upon request, reimburse brokers, dealers, commercial banks and trust companies for reasonable and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in forwarding the Prospectus and the related documents to the beneficial owners of Old Notes held by them as nominee or in a fiduciary capacity. The Issuers will pay or cause to be paid all stock transfer taxes applicable to the exchange of Old Notes pursuant to the Exchange Offer, except as set forth in Instruction 6 of the Letter of Transmittal.

Any inquiries you may have with respect to the procedure for tendering Old Notes pursuant to the Exchange Offer, or requests for additional copies of the enclosed materials, should be directed to U.S. Bank National Association, the Exchange Agent for the Exchange Offer, at its address and telephone number set forth on the front of the Letter of Transmittal.

Very truly yours,

WYNN LAS VEGAS, LLC
WYNN LAS VEGAS CAPITAL CORP.

NOTHING HEREIN OR IN THE ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS SHALL CONSTITUTE YOU OR ANY PERSON AS AN AGENT OF THE ISSUERS OR THE EXCHANGE AGENT, OR AUTHORIZE YOU OR ANY OTHER PERSON TO USE ANY DOCUMENT OR MAKE ANY STATEMENTS ON BEHALF OF ANY OF THEM WITH RESPECT TO THE EXCHANGE OFFER, EXCEPT FOR STATEMENTS EXPRESSLY MADE IN THE PROSPECTUS OR THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

Enclosures